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## NIA Project Annual Progress Report Document

### Date of Submission

Jul 2024

### Project Reference Number

NIA2\_NGESO048

## Project Progress

### Project Title

GB Inertia Forecasting with Regional Extrapolation

### Project Reference Number

NIA2\_NGESO048

### Project Start Date

December 2023

### Project Duration

0 years and 6 months

### Nominated Project Contact(s)

Anna Blackwell (ESO)

## Scope

This project will focus on two potential solution areas:

1. Explore enhancements that can be applied outside the existing machine learning algorithms, including normalisation of data in and out of the machine learning model.
2. Evaluate alternative approaches and enhancements to the existing machine learning algorithm.

If these solutions are successful, the project will also consider an implementation plan for the chosen enhancements into operational inertia tools. Implementation of any recommendations to the existing solution will be made through a separate investment.

## Objectives

- To establish if it is possible to use a model based on Scottish inertia metering data to forecast the inertia of England and Wales, and therefore the whole GB inertia.
- If successful, provide a proposal for implementing the enhancements into the relevant operational inertia tools.

## Success Criteria

The following will be considered when assessing whether the project is successful:

- The project delivers against objectives, timescales and budgets as defined in the proposal.
- Improvements made to existing inertia forecasting algorithms are demonstrated.
- GB inertia forecast method(s) developed using normalised data from installed metering and validated against both relevant events across England and Wales and other available inertia tools.

## Performance Compared to the Original Project Aims, Objectives and Success Criteria

National Grid Electricity System Operator ("NGESO") has endeavoured to prepare the published report ("Report") in respect of GB Inertia Forecasting with Regional Extrapolation, NIA2\_NGESO048 ("Project") in a manner which is, as far as possible, objective, using information collected and compiled by NG and its Project partners ("Publishers"). Any intellectual property rights developed in the

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The project is currently ongoing and nearing completion, with the development phase completed and the final report due soon. We have demonstrated an improvement in inertia forecasting exclusively for the region of Scotland. Our neural network model, TSMixer (Time Series Mixer), has shown superior performance compared to the gradient boosting tree model (LGBM-Light Gradient-Boosting Machine). The percentage improvement in both root mean squared error (RMSE), at 74.67%, and mean absolute percentage error (MAPE), at 75.79%, is significant. The additional appendix illustrates that the inertia forecast tightly follows the expected inertia over a 24 hour period processed.

As the TSMixer model input was also provided with the historical 6 hours of Scotland inertia metering values alongside the predictors (the input forecasts for synchronous inertia, demand and renewable generation) this model is not suitable for the extrapolation task to other regions.

For the extrapolation of the model to other areas, we trained several different types of neural network models, including transformer-based, MLP-based, and recurrent-based models. These models showed a slight improvement compared to LGBM in the region of Scotland.

After applying the predictors from Wales and England to the Scottish model, we could observe that the process did not generalize well to the unseen regions, with the forecast inertia falling significantly below that observed. Graphs showing the forecasting results with expected inertia values provided by ESO (linear combination of sum of rotating inertia and demand) are provided in the available appendix document "NIA2\_NGESO048 Progress Report Additional Material".

We identified two potential reasons for this:

- the relationships between the predictors across regions are not sufficiently similar,
- the length of the training data is insufficient to train models with adequate generalization capabilities.

To build more evidence for this investigation, we will re-train the models on an increased length of data.

We have also outlined steps for further investigation of the problem, including domain adaptation via adversarial training and hierarchical reconciliation.

## Required Modifications to the Planned Approach During the Course of the Project

No modifications to the planned deliverables, timelines, or cost are planned or required at this stage of the project.

## Lessons Learnt for Future Projects

- Regional behaviour differences between Inertia & predictors have been highlighted during the process
- Dataset: at the time this progress report was done, data availability was limited. Having access to a more extended dataset (12-15 months) would be more beneficial for this type of analysis
- It would be beneficial to obtain any amount of labels (actual inertia values) data for the other regions. Even a very small amount (a couple hours/a day/an event) of inertia values for a given region can significantly reduce the magnitude of problem.

Note: The following sections are only required for those projects which have been completed since 1st April 2013, or since the previous Project Progress information was reported.

## The Outcomes of the Project

Training new models on Scotland area highlighted potential improvement for inertia forecasting of Scotland area inertia, especially when using TSMixer model. More investigation and refinement of the technique might be beneficial in future, especially as PMUs will become more available in other areas.

Extending the inertia forecasting to England and Wales by using a model build with Scottish data did not prove yet to be performing

well.

## **Data Access**

Details on how network or consumption data arising in the course of NIA funded projects can be requested by interested parties, and the terms on which such data will be made available by National Grid can be found in our publicly available “Data sharing policy related to NIC/NIA projects” and [www.nationalgrideso.com/innovation](http://www.nationalgrideso.com/innovation).

National Grid Electricity System Operator already publishes much of the data arising from our NIC/NIA projects at [www.smarternetworks.org](http://www.smarternetworks.org). You may wish to check this website before making an application under this policy, in case the data which you are seeking has already been published.

## **Foreground IPR**

Expected foreground IPR from this project will consist of the NIA project close down report.