

All Recipients of the Serviced Grid Code

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THE SERVICED GRID CODE – ISSUE 6 REVISION 19

GC0165: “Typographical and formatting changes to the Grid Code” has been approved by the Grid Code Review Panel for implementation on **4 December 2023**.

To ensure your copy of the Grid Code remains up to date, you will need to replace the section affected with the revised version available on the [National Grid Electricity System Operator website](#).

The revisions document provides an overview of the changes made to the Grid Code since the previous issue.

Many thanks,

Code Administrator

National Grid Electricity System Operator

THE GRID CODE – ISSUE 6 REVISION 19

INCLUSION OF REVISED SECTION

- European Connection Conditions
- Operating Code 12
- Data Registration Code
- Governance Rules

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

The changes arise from the implementation of modifications proposed in the GC0165 Final Modification Fast Track Report:

GC0165: “Typographical and formatting changes to the Grid Code”

Summary of GC0165 and Impact:

This Grid Code modification makes minor typographical and formatting amendments to sections of the Grid Code.

This modification has a low Impact on the ESO and Grid Code parties.

THE GRID CODE

ISSUE 6

REVISION 19

4 December 2023

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**EUROPEAN CONNECTION CONDITIONS
(ECC)**

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ECC.1

INTRODUCTION

ECC.1.1

The **European Connection Conditions** ("**ECC**") specify both:

- (a) the minimum technical, design and operational criteria which must be complied with by:
 - (i) any **EU Code User** connected to or seeking connection with the **National Electricity Transmission System**, or
 - (ii) **EU Generators** or **HVDC System Owners** connected to or seeking connection to a **User's System** which is located in **Great Britain** or **Offshore**, or
 - (iii) **Network Operators** who are **EU Code Users**
 - (iv) **Network Operators** who are **GB Code Users** but only in respect of:-
 - (a) Their obligations in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** for whom the requirements of ECC.3.1(b)(iii) apply alone; and/or
 - (b) The requirements of this **ECC** only in relation to each **EU Grid Supply Point. Network Operators** in respect of all other **Grid Supply Points** should continue to satisfy the requirements as specified in the **CCs**.
 - (v) **Non-Embedded Customers** who are **EU Code Users**
- (b) the minimum technical, design and operational criteria with which **The Company** will comply in relation to the part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** at the **Connection Site** with **Users**. In the case of any **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, the **ECC** also specify the minimum technical, design and operational criteria which must be complied with by the **User** when undertaking **OTSDUW**.
- (c) The requirements of **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631) shall not apply to
 - (i) **Power Generating Modules** that are installed to provide backup power and operate in parallel with the **Total System** for less than 5 minutes per calendar month while the **System** is in normal state. Parallel operation during maintenance or commissioning of tests of that **Power Generating Module** shall not count towards that five minute limit.
 - (ii) **Power Generating Modules** connected to the **Transmission System** or **Network Operators System** which are not operated in synchronism with a **Synchronous Area**.
 - (iii) **Power Generating Modules** that do not have a permanent **Connection Point** or **User System Entry Point** and used by **The Company** to temporarily provide power when normal **System** capacity is partly or completely unavailable.
 - (iv) **Electricity Storage Modules**.
- (d) **Storage Users** are required to comply with the entirety of the **ECC** but are not subject to the requirements of **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631, Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1388 and Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1485). The requirements of the **ECC** shall therefore be enforceable against **Storage Users** under the Grid Code only (and not under any of the aforementioned **Retained EU Law**) and any derogation sought by a **Storage User** in respect of the **ECC** shall be deemed a derogation from the Grid Code only (and not from the aforementioned **Retained EU Law**).

ECC.2 OBJECTIVE

ECC.2.1 The objective of the **ECC** is to ensure that by specifying minimum technical, design and operational criteria the basic rules for connection to the **National Electricity Transmission System** and (for certain **Users**) to a **User's System** are similar for all **Users** of an equivalent category and will enable **The Company** to comply with its statutory and **Transmission Licence** obligations and the applicable **Retained EU Law**.

ECC.2.2 In the case of any **OTSDUW** the objective of the **ECC** is to ensure that by specifying the minimum technical, design and operational criteria the basic rules relating to an **Offshore Transmission System** designed and constructed by an **Offshore Transmission Licensee** and designed and/or constructed by a **User** under the **OTSDUW Arrangements** are equivalent.

ECC.2.3 Provisions of the **ECC** which apply in relation to **OTSDUW** and **OTSUA**, and/or a **Transmission Interface Site**, shall (in any particular case) apply up to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, whereupon such provisions shall (without prejudice to any prior non-compliance) cease to apply, without prejudice to the continuing application of provisions of the **ECC** applying in relation to the relevant **Offshore Transmission System** and/or **Connection Site**. It is the case therefore that in cases where the **OTSUA** becomes operational prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time** that a **EU Generator** is required to comply with this **ECC** both as it applies to its **Plant** and **Apparatus** at a **Connection Site/Connection Point** and the **OTSUA** at the **Transmission Interface Site/Transmission Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time** and this **ECC** shall be construed accordingly.

ECC.2.4 In relation to **OTSDUW**, provisions otherwise to be contained in a **Bilateral Agreement** may be contained in the **Construction Agreement**, and accordingly a reference in the **ECC** to a relevant **Bilateral Agreement** includes the relevant **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.3 SCOPE

ECC.3.1 The **ECC** applies to **The Company** and to **Users**, which in the **ECC** means:

- (a) **EU Generators** (other than those which only have **Embedded Small Power Stations**), including those undertaking **OTSDUW** including **Power Generating Modules**, and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**. For the avoidance of doubt, **Electricity Storage Modules** are included within the definition of **Power Generating Modules** for which the requirements of the **ECC** would be equally applicable.
- (b) **Network Operators** but only in respect of:-
 - (i) **Network Operators** who are **EU Code Users**
 - (ii) **Network Operators** who only have **EU Grid Supply Points**
 - (iii) **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** as provided for in ECC.3.2, ECC.3.3, EC3.4, EC3.5, ECC5.1, ECC.6.4.4 and ECA.3.4;
 - (iv) Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC3.1(b)(i)(ii) and (iii) , **Network Operators** who own and/or operate **EU Grid Supply Points**, are only required to satisfy the requirements of this **ECC** in relation to each **EU Grid Supply Point**. **Network Operators** in respect of all other **Grid Supply Points** should continue to satisfy the requirements as specified in the **CCs**.
- (c) **Non-Embedded Customers** who are also **EU Code Users** ;
- (d) **HVDC System Owners** who are also **EU Code Users**; and
- (e) **BM Participants** and **Externally Interconnected System Operators** who are also **EU Code Users** in respect of ECC.6.5, ECC.7.9 and ECC.7.10 only.

ECC.3.2 The above categories of **User** will become bound by the applicable sections of the **ECC** prior to them generating, distributing, storing, supplying or consuming, as the case may be, and references to the various categories should, therefore, be taken as referring to them in that prospective role.

ECC.3.3 **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** Provisions.

The following provisions apply in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.3.3.1 The obligations within the **ECC** that are expressed to be applicable to **EU Generators** in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **HVDC System Owners** in respect of **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** (where the obligations are in each case listed in ECC.3.3.2) shall be read and construed as obligations that the **Network Operator** within whose **System** any such **Medium Power Station** or **HVDC System** is **Embedded** must ensure are performed and discharged by the **EU Generator** or the **HVDC Owner**. **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** which are located **Offshore** and which are connected to an **Onshore User System** will be required to meet the applicable requirements of the Grid Code as though they are an **Onshore Generator** or **Onshore HVDC System Owner** connected to an **Onshore User System Entry Point**.

ECC.3.3.2 The **Network Operator** within whose **System** a **Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** is **Embedded** or a **HVDC System** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** is **Embedded** must ensure that the following obligations in the **ECC** are performed and discharged by the **EU Generator** in respect of each such **Embedded Medium Power Station** or the **HVDC System Owner** in the case of an **Embedded HVDC System**:

ECC.5.1

ECC.5.2.2

ECC.5.3

ECC.6.1.3

ECC.6.1.5 (b)

ECC.6.3.2, ECC.6.3.3, ECC.6.3.4, ECC.6.3.6, ECC.6.3.7, ECC.6.3.8, ECC.6.3.9, ECC.6.3.10, ECC.6.3.12, ECC.6.3.13, ECC.6.3.15, ECC.6.3.16

ECC.6.4.4

ECC.6.5.6 (where required by ECC.6.4.4)

In respect of ECC.6.2.2.2, ECC.6.2.2.3, ECC.6.2.2.5, ECC.6.1.5(a), ECC.6.1.5(b) and ECC.6.3.11 equivalent provisions as co-ordinated and agreed with the **Network Operator** and **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** may be required. Details of any such requirements will be notified to the **Network Operator** in accordance with ECC.3.5.

ECC.3.3.3 In the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** the requirements in:

ECC.6.1.6

ECC.6.3.8

ECC.6.3.12

ECC.6.3.15

ECC.6.3.16

ECC.6.3.17

that would otherwise have been specified in a **Bilateral Agreement** will be notified to the relevant **Network Operator** in writing in accordance with the provisions of the **CUSC** and the **Network Operator** must ensure such requirements are performed and discharged by the **Generator** or the **HVDC System** owner.

ECC.3.4 In the case of **Offshore Embedded Power Generating Modules** connected to an **Offshore User's System** which directly connects to an **Offshore Transmission System**, any additional requirements in respect of such **Offshore Embedded Power Generating Modules** may be specified in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement** with the **Network Operator** or in any **Bilateral Agreement** between **The Company** and such **Offshore Generator**.

ECC.3.5 In the case of a **Generator** undertaking **OTSDUW** connecting to an **Onshore Network Operator's System**, any additional requirements in respect of such **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** will be specified in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement** with the **EU Generator**. For the avoidance of doubt, requirements applicable to **EU Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW** and connecting to a **Network Operator's User System**, shall be consistent with those applicable requirements of **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW** and connecting to a **Transmission Interface Point**.

ECC.3.6 The requirements of this **ECC** shall apply to **EU Code Users** in respect of **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** and **Electricity Storage Modules**) and **HVDC Systems**.

ECC.4 PROCEDURE

ECC.4.1 The **CUSC** contains certain provisions relating to the procedure for connection to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or, in the case of **Embedded Power Stations** or **Embedded HVDC Systems**, becoming operational and includes provisions relating to certain conditions to be complied with by **EU Code Users** prior to and during the course of **The Company** notifying the **User** that it has the right to become operational. The procedure for an **EU Code User** to become connected is set out in the **Compliance Processes**.

ECC.5 CONNECTION

ECC.5.1 The provisions relating to connecting to the **National Electricity Transmission System** (or to a **User's System** in the case of a connection of an **Embedded Large Power Station** or **Embedded Medium Power Stations** or **Embedded HVDC System**) are contained in:

- (a) the **CUSC** and/or **CUSC Contract** (or in the relevant application form or offer for a **CUSC Contract**);
- (b) or, in the case of an **Embedded Development**, the relevant **Distribution Code** and/or the **Embedded Development Agreement** for the connection (or in the relevant application form or offer for an **Embedded Development Agreement**),

and include provisions relating to both the submission of information and reports relating to compliance with the relevant **European Connection Conditions** for that **EU Code User**, **Safety Rules**, commissioning programmes, **Operation Diagrams** and approval to connect (and their equivalents in the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**). References in the **ECC** to the "**Bilateral Agreement**" and/or "**Construction Agreement**" and/or "**Embedded Development Agreement**" shall be deemed to include references to the application form or offer therefor.

ECC.5.2 Items For Submission

ECC.5.2.1

Prior to the **Completion Date** (or, where the **EU Generator** is undertaking **OTSDUW**, any later date specified) under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, the following is submitted pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**:

- (a) updated **Planning Code** data (both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**;
- (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in ECC.6;
- (c) copies of all **Safety Rules** and **Local Safety Instructions** applicable at **Users' Sites** which will be used at the **Transmission/User** interface (which, for the purpose of **OC8**, must be to **The Company's** satisfaction regarding the procedures for **Isolation** and **Earthing**. **The Company** will consult the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** when determining whether the procedures for **Isolation** and **Earthing** are satisfactory);
- (d) information to enable the preparation of the **Site Responsibility Schedules** on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix 1;
- (e) an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **User** side of the **Connection Point** as described in ECC.7;
- (f) the proposed name of the **User Site** (which shall not be the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of any **Transmission Site** or of any other **User Site**);
- (g) written confirmation that **Safety Co-ordinators** acting on behalf of the **User** are authorised and competent pursuant to the requirements of **OC8**;
- (h) Such **RISSP** prefixes pursuant to the requirements of **OC8**. Such **RISSP** prefixes shall be circulated utilising a proforma in accordance with **OC8**;
- (i) a list of the telephone numbers for **Joint System Incidents** at which senior management representatives nominated for the purpose can be contacted and confirmation that they are fully authorised to make binding decisions on behalf of the **User**, pursuant to **OC9**;
- (j) a list of managers who have been duly authorised to sign **Site Responsibility Schedules** on behalf of the **User**;
- (k) information to enable the preparation of the **Site Common Drawings** as described in ECC.7;
- (l) a list of the telephone numbers for the **Users** facsimile machines referred to in ECC.6.5.9; and
- (m) for **Sites** in Scotland and **Offshore** a list of persons appointed by the **User** to undertake operational duties on the **User's System** (including any **OTSDUW** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**) and to issue and receive operational messages and instructions in relation to the **User's System** (including any **OTSDUW** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**); and an appointed person or persons responsible for the maintenance and testing of **User's Plant** and **Apparatus**.

ECC.5.2.2

Prior to the **Completion Date** the following must be submitted to **The Company** by the **Network Operator** in respect of an **Embedded Development**:

- (a) updated **Planning Code** data (both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**;
- (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in ECC.6;

- (c) the proposed name of the **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded HVDC System** (which shall be agreed with **The Company** unless it is the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of other **Transmission Site** or **User Site**);
- ECC.5.2.3 Prior to the **Completion Date** contained within an **Offshore Transmission Distribution Connection Agreement** the following must be submitted to **The Company** by the **Network Operator** in respect of a proposed new **Interface Point** within its **User System**:
- (a) updated **Planning Code** data (both **Standard Planning Data** and **Detailed Planning Data**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**;
- (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in ECC.6;
- (c) the proposed name of the **Interface Point** (which shall not be the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of any **Transmission Site** or of any other **User Site**);
- ECC.5.2.4 In the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** (in addition to items under ECC.5.2.1 in respect of the **Connection Site**), prior to the **Completion Date** (or any later date specified) under the **Construction Agreement** the following must be submitted to **The Company** by the **User** in respect of the proposed new **Connection Point** and **Interface Point**:
- (a) updated **Planning Code** data (**Standard Planning Data**, **Detailed Planning Data** and **OTSDUW Data and Information**), with any estimated values assumed for planning purposes confirmed or, where practical, replaced by validated actual values and by updated estimates for the future and by updated forecasts for **Forecast Data** items such as **Demand**, pursuant to the requirements of the **Planning Code**;
- (b) details of the **Protection** arrangements and settings referred to in ECC.6;
- (c) information to enable preparation of the **Site Responsibility Schedules** at the **Transmission Interface Site** on the basis of the provisions set out in Appendix E1.
- (d) the proposed name of the **Interface Point** (which shall not be the same as, or confusingly similar to, the name of any **Transmission Site** or of any other **User Site**);
- ECC.5.3
- (a) Of the items ECC.5.2.1 (c), (e), (g), (h), (k) and (m) need not be supplied in respect of **Embedded Power Stations** or **Embedded HVDC Systems**,
- (b) item ECC.5.2.1(i) need not be supplied in respect of **Embedded Small Power Stations** and **Embedded Medium Power Stations** or **Embedded HVDC Systems** with a **Registered Capacity** of less than 100MW, and
- (c) items ECC.5.2.1(d) and (j) are only needed in the case where the **Embedded Power Station** or the **Embedded HVDC System** is within a **Connection Site** with another **User**.

ECC.6 TECHNICAL, DESIGN AND OPERATIONAL CRITERIA

ECC.6.1 National Electricity Transmission System Performance Characteristics

ECC.6.1.1 **The Company** shall ensure that, subject as provided in the **Grid Code**, the **National Electricity Transmission System** complies with the following technical, design and operational criteria in relation to the part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** at the **Connection Site** with a **User** and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, a **Transmission Interface Point** (unless otherwise specified in ECC.6) although in relation to operational criteria **The Company** may be unable (and will not be required) to comply with this obligation to the extent that there are insufficient **Power Stations** or **User Systems** are not available or **Users** do not comply with **The Company's** instructions or otherwise do not comply with the **Grid Code** and each **User** shall ensure that its **Plant** and **Apparatus** complies with the criteria set out in ECC.6.1.5.

ECC.6.1.2 Grid Frequency Variations

ECC.6.1.2.1 Grid Frequency Variations

ECC.6.1.2.1.1 The **Frequency** of the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall be nominally 50Hz and shall be controlled within the limits of 49.5 - 50.5Hz unless exceptional circumstances prevail.

ECC.6.1.2.1.2 The **System Frequency** could rise to 52Hz or fall to 47Hz in exceptional circumstances. Design of **User's Plant and Apparatus** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** must enable operation of that **Plant and Apparatus** within that range in accordance with the following:

<u>Frequency Range</u>	<u>Requirement</u>
51.5Hz - 52Hz	Operation for a period of at least 15 minutes is required each time the Frequency is above 51.5Hz.
51Hz - 51.5Hz	Operation for a period of at least 90 minutes is required each time the Frequency is above 51Hz.
49.0Hz - 51Hz	Continuous operation is required
47.5Hz - 49.0Hz	Operation for a period of at least 90 minutes is required each time the Frequency is below 49.0Hz.
47Hz - 47.5Hz	Operation for a period of at least 20 seconds is required each time the Frequency is below 47.5Hz.

ECC.6.1.2.1.3 For the avoidance of doubt, disconnection, by frequency or speed based relays is not permitted within the frequency range 47.5Hz to 51.5Hz. **EU Generators** should however be aware of the combined voltage and frequency operating ranges as defined in ECC.6.3.12 and ECC.6.3.13.

ECC.6.1.2.1.4 **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and/or **Network Operator** and a **User** may agree on wider variations in frequency or longer minimum operating times to those set out in ECC.6.1.2.1.2 or specific requirements for combined frequency and voltage deviations. Any such requirements in relation to **Power Generating Modules** shall be in accordance with ECC.6.3.12 and ECC.6.3.13. A **User** shall not unreasonably withhold consent to apply wider frequency ranges or longer minimum times for operation taking account of their economic and technical feasibility.

ECC.6.1.2.2 Grid Frequency variations for HVDC Systems and Remote End HVDC Converter Stations

ECC.6.1.2.2.1 **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** shall be capable of staying connected to the **System** and remaining operable within the frequency ranges and time periods specified in Table ECC.6.1.2.2 below. This requirement shall continue to apply during the **Fault Ride Through** conditions defined in ECC.6.3.15

Frequency Range (Hz)	Time Period for Operation (s)
47.0 – 47.5Hz	60 seconds
47.5 – 49.0Hz	90 minutes and 30 seconds
49.0 – 51.0Hz	Unlimited
51.0 – 51.5Hz	90 minutes and 30 seconds
51.5Hz – 52 Hz	20 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.2.2 – Minimum time periods **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** shall be able to operate for different frequencies deviating from a nominal value without disconnecting from the **National Electricity Transmission System**

ECC.6.1.2.2.2 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and a **HVDC System Owner** may agree wider frequency ranges or longer minimum operating times if required to preserve or restore system security. If wider frequency ranges or longer minimum times for operation are economically and technically feasible, the **HVDC System Owner** shall not unreasonably withhold consent.

ECC.6.1.2.2.3 Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC.6.1.2.2.1, an **HVDC System** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** shall be capable of automatic disconnection at frequencies specified by **The Company** and/or **Relevant Network Operator**.

ECC.6.1.2.2.4 In the case of **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** where the **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** is operating at either nominal frequency other than 50Hz or a variable frequency, the requirements defined in ECC6.1.2.2.1 to ECC.6.1.2.2.3 shall apply to the **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** other than in respect of the frequency ranges and time periods.

ECC.6.1.2.3 Grid Frequency Variations for DC Connected Power Park Modules

ECC.6.1.2.3.1 **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of staying connected to the **Remote End DC Converter** network at the HVDC Interface Point and operating within the **Frequency** ranges and time periods specified in Table ECC.6.1.2.3 below. Where a nominal frequency other than 50Hz, or a **Frequency** variable by design is used as agreed with **The Company** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** the applicable **Frequency** ranges and time periods shall be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** which shall (where applicable) reflect the requirements in Table ECC.6.1.2.3 .

Frequency Range (Hz)	Time Period for Operation (s)
47.0 – 47.5Hz	20 seconds
47.5 – 49.0Hz	90 minutes
49.0 – 51.0Hz	Unlimited
51.0 – 51.5Hz	90 minutes
51.5Hz – 52 Hz	15 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.2.3 – Minimum time periods a **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be able to operate for different frequencies deviating from a nominal value without disconnecting from the **System**

ECC.6.1.2.3.2 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and a **Generator** may agree wider frequency ranges or longer minimum operating times if required to preserve or restore system security and to ensure the optimum capability of the **DC Connected Power Park Module**. If wider frequency ranges or longer minimum times for operation are economically and technically feasible, the **EU Generator** shall not unreasonably withhold consent.

ECC.6.1.3 Not used

ECC.6.1.4 Grid Voltage Variations

ECC.6.1.4.1 Grid Voltage Variations for Users excluding DC Connected Power Park Modules and Remote End HVDC Converters

The voltage on part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** operating at nominal voltages of greater than 300kV at each **Connection Site** with a **User** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, a Transmission Interface Point, excluding DC Connected Power Park Modules and Remote End HVDC Converters**) will normally remain within $\pm 5\%$ of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. The minimum voltage is -10% and the maximum voltage is $+10\%$ unless abnormal conditions prevail, but voltages between $+5\%$ and $+10\%$ will not last longer than 15 minutes unless abnormal conditions prevail. For nominal voltages of 110kV and up to and including 300kV voltages on the parts of the **National Electricity Transmission System** at each **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, a Transmission Interface Point**) will normally remain within the limits $\pm 10\%$ of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. At nominal **System** voltages below 110kV the voltage of the **National Electricity Transmission System** at each **Connection Site** with a **User** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, a Transmission Interface Point**), excluding **Connection Sites for DC Connected Power Park Modules and Remote End HVDC Converters**) will normally remain within the limits $\pm 6\%$ of the nominal value unless abnormal conditions prevail. Under fault conditions, the voltage may collapse transiently to zero at the point of fault until the fault is cleared. The normal operating ranges of the **National Electricity Transmission System** are summarised below:

National Electricity Transmission System Nominal Voltage	Normal Operating Range		Time period for Operation
	Voltage (percentage of Nominal Voltage)	Pu (1pu relates to the Nominal Voltage)	
Greater than 300kV	V -10% to +5%	0.90pu- 1.05pu	Unlimited
	V +5% to +10%	1.05pu- 1.10pu	15 minutes
110kV up to 300kV	V $\pm 10\%$	0.90- 1.10pu	Unlimited
Below 110kV	$\pm 6\%$	0.94pu- 1.06pu	Unlimited

The Company and a **User** may agree greater variations or longer minimum time periods of operation in voltage to those set out above in relation to a particular **Connection Site**, and insofar as a greater variation is agreed, the relevant figure set out above shall, in relation to that **User** at the particular **Connection Site**, be replaced by the figure agreed.

ECC.6.1.4.2 Grid Voltage Variations for all DC Connected Power Park Modules

ECC.6.1.4.2.1 All **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of staying connected to the **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** at the **HVDC Interface Point** and operating within the voltage ranges and time periods specified in Tables ECC.6.1.4.2(a) and ECC.6.1.4.2(b) below. The applicable voltage range and time periods specified are selected based on the reference 1pu voltage.

Voltage Range (pu)	Time Period for Operation (s)
0.85pu – 0.9pu	60 minutes
0.9pu – 1.1pu	Unlimited
1.1pu – 1.15pu	15 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.4.2(a) – Minimum time periods for which **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of operating for different voltages deviating from reference 1pu without disconnecting from the network where the nominal voltage base is 110kV or above and less than 300kV.

Voltage Range (pu)	Time Period for Operation (s)
--------------------	-------------------------------

0.85pu – 0.9pu	60 minutes
0.9pu – 1.05pu	Unlimited
1.05pu – 1.15pu	15 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.4.2(b) – Minimum time periods for which **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of operating for different voltages deviating from reference 1pu without disconnecting from the network where the nominal voltage base is from 300kV up to and including 400kV.

ECC.6.1.4.2.2 **The Company** and a **EU Generator** in respect of a **DC Connected Power Park Module** may agree greater voltage ranges or longer minimum operating times. If greater voltage ranges or longer minimum times for operation are economically and technically feasible, the **EU Generator** shall not unreasonably withhold any agreement.

ECC.6.1.4.2.3 For **DC Connected Power Park Modules** which have an **HVDC Interface Point** to the **Remote End HVDC Converter Station**, **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may specify voltage limits at the **HVDC Interface Point** at which the **DC Connected Power Park Module** is capable of automatic disconnection.

ECC.6.1.4.2.4 For **HVDC Interface Points** which fall outside the scope of ECC.6.1.4.2.1, ECC.6.1.4.2.2 and ECC.6.1.4.2.3, **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify any applicable requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**.

ECC.6.1.4.2.5 Where the nominal frequency of the AC collector **System** which is connected to an **HVDC Interface Point** is at a value other than 50Hz, the voltage ranges and time periods specified by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall be proportional to the values specified in Table ECC.6.1.4.2(a) and Table ECC.6.1.4.2(b)

ECC.6.1.4.3 Grid Voltage Variations for all Remote End HVDC Converters

ECC.6.1.4.3.1 All **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** shall be capable of staying connected to the **HVDC Interface Point** and operating within the voltage ranges and time periods specified in Tables ECC.6.1.4.3(a) and ECC.6.1.4.3(b) below. The applicable voltage range and time periods specified are selected based on the reference 1pu voltage.

Voltage Range (pu)	Time Period for Operation (s)
0.85pu – 0.9pu	60 minutes
0.9pu – 1.1pu	Unlimited
1.1pu – 1.15pu	15 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.4.3(a) – Minimum time periods for which a **Remote End HVDC Converter** shall be capable of operating for different voltages deviating from reference 1pu without disconnecting from the network where the nominal voltage base is 110kV or above and less than 300kV.

Voltage Range (pu)	Time Period for Operation (s)
0.85pu – 0.9pu	60 minutes
0.9pu – 1.05pu	Unlimited
1.05pu – 1.15pu	15 minutes

Table ECC.6.1.4.3(b) – Minimum time periods for which a **Remote End HVDC Converter** shall be capable of operating for different voltages deviating from reference 1pu without disconnecting from the network where the nominal voltage base is from 300kV up to and including 400kV.

- ECC.6.1.4.3.2 **The Company** and a **HVDC System Owner** may agree greater voltage ranges or longer minimum operating times which shall be in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.1.4.2.
- ECC.6.1.4.3.4 For **HVDC Interface Points** which fall outside the scope of ECC.6.1.4.3.1 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify any applicable requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**.
- ECC.6.1.4.3.5 Where the nominal frequency of the AC collector **System** which is connected to an **HVDC Interface Point** is at a value other than 50Hz, the voltage ranges and time periods specified by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall be proportional to the values specified in Table ECC.6.1.4.3(a) and Table ECC.6.1.4.3(b)

Voltage Waveform Quality

- ECC.6.1.5 All **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, and that part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** at each **Connection Site** or, in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, at each **Interface Point**, should be capable of withstanding the following distortions of the voltage waveform in respect of harmonic content and phase unbalance:

(a) Harmonic Content

The **Electromagnetic Compatibility Levels** for harmonic distortion on the **Onshore Transmission System** from all sources under both **Planned Outage** and fault outage conditions, (unless abnormal conditions prevail) shall comply with **Engineering Recommendation G5**. The **Electromagnetic Compatibility Levels** for harmonic distortion on an **Offshore Transmission System** will be defined in relevant **Bilateral Agreements**.

Engineering Recommendation G5 contains planning criteria which **The Company** will apply to the connection of non-linear **Load** to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, which may result in harmonic emission limits being specified for these **Loads** in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement**. The application of the planning criteria will take into account the position of existing **GB Code User's** and **EU Code Users' Plant and Apparatus** (and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) in relation to harmonic emissions. **EU Code Users** must ensure that connection of distorting loads to their **User Systems** do not cause any harmonic emission limits specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, or where no such limits are specified, the relevant planning levels specified in **Engineering Recommendation G5** to be exceeded.

(b) Phase Unbalance

Under **Planned Outage** conditions, the weekly 95 percentile of **Phase (Voltage) Unbalance**, calculated in accordance with IEC 61000-4-30 and IEC 61000-3-13, on the **National Electricity Transmission System** for voltages above 150kV should remain, in England and Wales, below 1.5%, and in Scotland, below 2%, and for voltages of 150kV and below, across GB below 2%, unless abnormal conditions prevail and **Offshore** (or in the case of **OTSDUW, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) will be defined in relevant **Bilateral Agreements**.

The Phase Unbalance is calculated from the ratio of root mean square (rms) of negative phase sequence voltage to rms of positive phase sequence voltage, based on 10-minute average values, in accordance with IEC 61000-4-30.

- ECC.6.1.6 Across GB, under the **Planned Outage** conditions stated in ECC.6.1.5(b) infrequent short duration peaks with a maximum value of 2% are permitted for **Phase (Voltage) Unbalance**, for voltages above 150kV, subject to the prior agreement of **The Company** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and in relation to **OTSDUW**, the **Construction Agreement**. **The Company** will only agree following a specific assessment of the impact of these levels on **Transmission Apparatus** and other **Users Apparatus** with which it is satisfied.

Voltage Fluctuations

ECC.6.1.7 Voltage changes at a **Point of Common Coupling** on the **Onshore Transmission System** shall not exceed:

(a) The limits specified in Table ECC.6.1.7(a) with the stated frequency of occurrence, where:

(i)

$$\% \Delta V_{\text{steadystate}} = \left| 100 \times \frac{\Delta V_{\text{steadystate}}}{V_n} \right| \quad \text{and}$$

$$\% \Delta V_{\text{max}} = 100 \times \frac{\Delta V_{\text{max}}}{V_n} ;$$

- (ii) V_n is the nominal system voltage;
- (iii) $V_{\text{steadystate}}$ is the voltage at the end of a period of 1 s during which the rate of change of system voltage over time is $\leq 0.5\%$;
- (iv) $\Delta V_{\text{steadystate}}$ is the difference in voltage between the initial steady state voltage prior to the RVC (V_0) and the final steady state voltage after the RVC (V_0');
- (v) ΔV_{max} is the absolute change in the system voltage relative to the initial steady state system voltage (V_0);
- (vi) All voltages are the r.m.s. of the voltage measured over one cycle refreshed every half a cycle as per BS EN 61000-4-30; and
- (vii) The applications in the 'Example Applicability' column are examples only and are not definitive.

Cat-egory	Title	Maximum number of occurrence	Limits %ΔV_{max} & %$\Delta V_{\text{steadystate}}$	Example Applicability
1	Frequent events	(see NOTE 1)	As per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (1)	Any single or repetitive RVC that falls inside Figure ECC.6.1.7 (1)
2	Infrequent events	4 events in 1 calendar month (see NOTE 2)	As per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (2) $ \% \Delta V_{\text{steadystate}} \leq 3\%$ For decrease in voltage: $ \% \Delta V_{\text{max}} \leq 10\%$ (see NOTE 3) For increase in voltage: $ \% \Delta V_{\text{max}} \leq 6\%$ (see NOTE 4)	Infrequent motor starting, transformer energisation, re-energisation (see NOTE 7)

3	Very infrequent events	1 event in 3 calendar months (see NOTE 2)	As per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (3) $ \% \Delta V_{\text{steadystate}} \leq 3\%$ For decrease in voltage: $ \% \Delta V_{\text{max}} \leq 12\%$ (see NOTE 5) For increase in voltage: $ \% \Delta V_{\text{max}} \leq 6\%$ (see NOTE 6)	Commissioning, maintenance & post fault switching (see NOTE 7)
<p>NOTE 1: $\pm 6\%$ is permissible for 100 ms reduced to $\pm 3\%$ thereafter as per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (1) . If the profile of repetitive voltage change(s) falls within the envelope given in Figure ECC.6.1.7 (1) , the assessment of such voltage change(s) shall be undertaken according to the recommendations for assessment of flicker <u>and</u> shall conform to the planning levels provided for flicker. If any part of the voltage change(s) falls outside the envelope given in Figure ECC.6.1.7(1), the assessment of such voltage changes, repetitive or not, shall be done according to the guidance and limits for RVCs.</p> <p>NOTE 2: No more than 1 event is permitted per day, consisting of up to 4 RVCs, each separated by at least 10 minutes with all switching completed within a two-hour window.</p> <p>NOTE 3: -10% is permissible for 100 ms reduced to -6% until 2 s then reduced to -3% thereafter as per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (2).</p> <p>NOTE 4: $+6\%$ is permissible for 0.8 s from the instant the event begins then reduced to $+3\%$ thereafter as per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (2).</p> <p>NOTE 5: -12% is permissible for 100 ms reduced to -10% until 2 s then reduced to -3% thereafter as per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (3).</p> <p>NOTE 6: $+6\%$ is permissible for 0.8 s from the instant the event begins then reduced to $+3\%$ thereafter as per Figure ECC.6.1.7 (3).</p> <p>NOTE 7: These are examples only. Customers may opt to conform to the limits of another category providing the frequency of occurrence is not expected to exceed the 'Maximum number of occurrence' for the chosen category.</p>				

Table ECC.6.1.7 (a) – Planning levels for RVC

- (b) The voltage change limit is the absolute maximum allowed of either the phase-to-earth voltage change or the phase-to-phase voltage change, whichever is the highest. The limits do not apply to single phasor equivalent voltages, e.g. positive phase sequence (PPS) voltages. For high impedance earthed systems, the maximum phase-to-phase, i.e. line voltage, should be used for assessment.
- (c) The RVCs in Category 2 and 3 should not exceed the limits depicted in the time dependent characteristic shown in Figure ECC.6.1.7 (2) and Figure ECC.6.1.7 (3) respectively. These limits do not apply to: 1) fault clearance operations; or 2) immediate operations in response to fault conditions; or 3) operations relating to post fault system restoration (for the avoidance of doubt this third exception pertains to a fault that is external to the **Users** plant and apparatus).
- (d) Any RVCs permitted in Category 2 and Category 3 should be at least 10 minutes apart.
- (e) The value of $V_{\text{steadystate}}$ should be established immediately prior to the start of a RVC. Following a RVC, the voltage should remain within the relevant envelope, as shown in Figures ECC.6.1.7 (1), ECC.6.1.7 (2), ECC.6.1.7 (3), until a $V_{\text{steadystate}}$ condition has been satisfied.

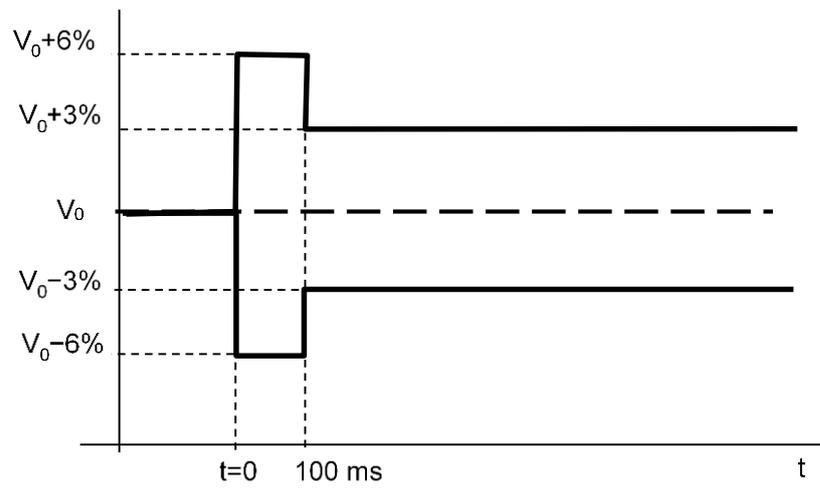


Figure ECC.6.1.7 (1) — Voltage characteristic for frequent events

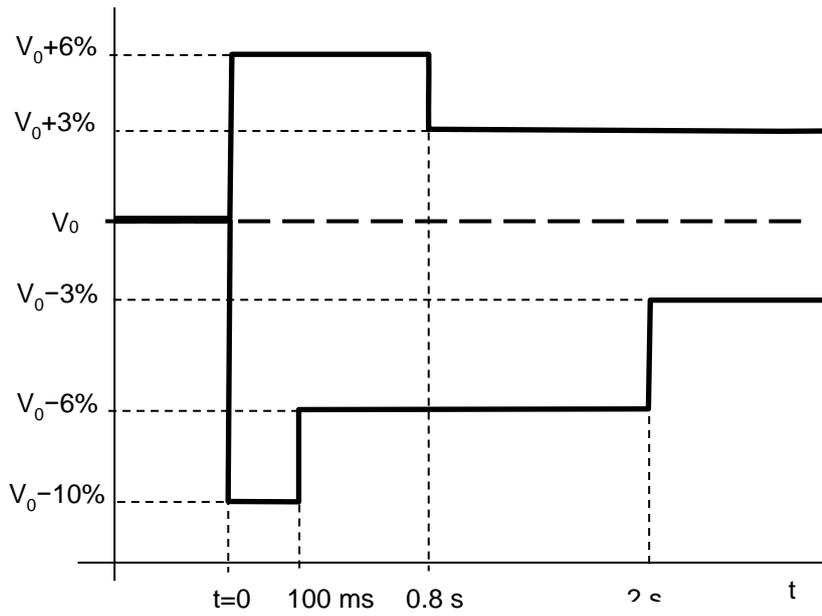


Figure ECC.6.1.7 (2) — Voltage characteristic for infrequent events

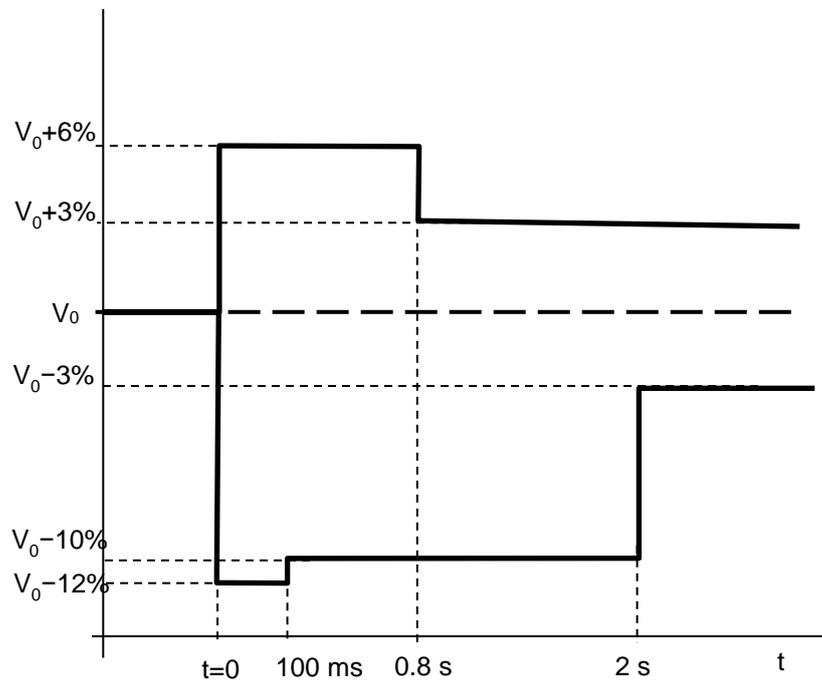


Figure ECC.6.1.7 (3) — Voltage characteristic for very infrequent events

- (f) The voltage change between two steady state voltage conditions should not exceed 3%. (The limit is based on 3% of the nominal voltage of the system (V_n) as measured at the PCC. The step voltage change as measured at the customer's supply terminals or equipment terminals could be greater. For example: The step voltage change limit stated in BS EN 61000-3-3 and BS EN 61000-3-11 is 3.3% when measured at the equipment terminals.)
- (g) The limits apply to voltage changes measured at the **Point of Common Coupling**.
- (h) Category 3 events that are planned should be notified to the Company in advance.
- (i) For connections where voltage changes would constitute a risk to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or, in **The Company's** view, the **System** of any **GB Code User, Bilateral Agreements** may include provision for **The Company** to reasonably limit the number of voltage changes in Category 2 or 3 to a lower number than specified in Table ECC.6.1.7(a) to ensure that the total number of voltage changes at the **Point of Common Coupling** across multiple **Users** remains within the limits of Table ECC.6.1.7(a).
- (j) The planning levels applicable to Flicker Severity Short Term (Pst) and Flicker Severity Long Term (Plt) are set out in Table ECC.6.1.7(b).

Supply system Nominal voltage	Planning level	
	Flicker Severity Short Term (Pst)	Flicker Severity Long Term (Plt)
Up to and including 33 kV	0.9	0.7
66kV and greater	0.8	0.6

NOTE 1: The magnitude of Pst is linear with respect to the magnitude of the voltage changes giving rise to it.
NOTE 2: Extreme caution is advised in allowing any excursions of Pst and Plt above the planning level.

Table ECC.6.7.1(b) — Planning levels for flicker

The values and figures referred to in this paragraph ECC.6.1.7 are derived from Engineering Recommendation P28 Issue 2.

ECC.6.1.8 Voltage fluctuations at a **Point of Common Coupling** with a fluctuating **Load** directly connected to an **Offshore Transmission System** (or in the case of **OTSDUW, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) shall not exceed the limits set out in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

Sub-Synchronous Resonance and Sub-Synchronous Torsional Interaction (SSTI)

ECC.6.1.9 **The Company** shall ensure that **Users' Plant and Apparatus** will not be subject to unacceptable Sub-Synchronous Oscillation conditions as specified in the relevant **License Standards**.

ECC.6.1.10 **The Company** shall ensure where necessary, and in consultation with **Relevant Transmission Licensees** where required, that any relevant site specific conditions applicable at a **User's Connection Site**, including a description of the Sub-Synchronous Oscillation conditions considered in the application of the relevant **License Standards**, are set out in the **User's Bilateral Agreement**.

7

ECC.6.2 Plant and Apparatus relating to Connection Sites and Interface Points and HVDC Interface Points

The following requirements apply to **Plant** and **Apparatus** relating to the **Connection Point** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** relating to the **Interface Point** (until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**), **HVDC Interface Points** relating to **Remote End HVDC Converters** and **Connection Points** which (except as otherwise provided in the relevant paragraph) each **EU Code User** must ensure are complied with in relation to its **Plant** and **Apparatus** and which in the case of ECC.6.2.2.2.2, ECC.6.2.3.1.1 and ECC.6.2.1.1(b) only, **The Company** must ensure are complied with in relation to **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus**, as provided in those paragraphs.

ECC.6.2.1 General Requirements

- ECC.6.2.1.1 (a) The design of connections between the **National Electricity Transmission System** and:
- (i) any **Power Generating Module Generating Unit** (other than a **CCGT Unit** or **Power Park Unit**) **HVDC Equipment, Power Park Module** or **CCGT Module**, or
 - (ii) any **Network Operator's User System**, or
 - (iii) **Non-Embedded Customers** equipment;
- will be consistent with the **Licence Standards**.

In the case of **OTSDUW**, the design of the **OTSUA's** connections at the **Interface Point** and **Connection Point** will be consistent with **Licence Standards**.

- (b) The **National Electricity Transmission System** (and any **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) at nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above is/shall be designed to be earthed with an **Earth Fault Factor** of, in England and Wales or **Offshore**, below 1.4 and in Scotland, below 1.5. Under fault conditions the rated **Frequency** component of voltage could fall transiently to zero on one or more phases or, in England and Wales, rise to 140% phase-to-earth voltage, or in Scotland, rise to 150% phase-to-earth voltage. The voltage rise would last only for the time that the fault conditions exist. The fault conditions referred to here are those existing when the type of fault is single or two phase-to-earth.
- (c) For connections to the **National Electricity Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of below 132kV the earthing requirements and voltage rise conditions will be advised by **The Company** as soon as practicable prior to connection and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** shall be advised to **The Company** by the **EU Code User**.

ECC.6.2.1.2 Substation Plant and Apparatus

- (a) The following provisions shall apply to all **Plant** and **Apparatus** which is connected at the voltage of the **Connection Point** (and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point**) and which is contained in equipment bays that are within the **Transmission** busbar **Protection** zone at the **Connection Point**. This includes circuit breakers, switch disconnectors, disconnectors, **Earthing Devices**, power transformers, voltage transformers, reactors, current transformers, surge arresters, bushings, neutral equipment, capacitors, line traps, coupling devices, external insulation and insulation co-ordination devices. Where necessary, this is as more precisely defined in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (i) Plant and/or Apparatus in respect of EU Code Users connecting to a new Connection Point (including OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus at the Interface Point)

Each item of such **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** installed in relation to a new **Connection Point** (or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** at the **HVDC Interface Point**) shall comply with the relevant **Technical Specifications** and any further requirements identified by **The Company**, acting reasonably, to reflect the options to be followed within the **Technical Specifications** and/or to complement if necessary the **Technical**

Specifications so as to enable **The Company** to comply with its obligations in relation to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to comply with its obligations in relation to its **Transmission System**. This information, including the application dates of the relevant **Technical Specifications**, will be as specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

- (ii) EU Code User's Plant and/or Apparatus connecting to an existing Connection Point (including OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus at the Interface Point)

Each new additional and/or replacement item of such **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** installed in relation to a change to an existing **Connection Point** (or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point** and **Connection Point** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** at the **HVDC Interface Point**)—shall comply with the standards/specifications applicable when the change was designed, or such other standards/specifications as necessary to ensure that the item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** is reasonably fit for its intended purpose having due regard to the obligations of **The Company**, the relevant **User** the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** under their respective **Licences**. Where appropriate this information, including the application dates of the relevant standards/specifications, will be as specified in the varied **Bilateral Agreement**.

- (iii) Used Plant and/or Apparatus being moved, re-used or modified

If, after its installation, any such item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** is subsequently:

- moved to a new location; or
- used for a different purpose; or
- otherwise modified;

then the standards/specifications as described in (i) or (ii) above as applicable will apply as appropriate to such **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, which must be reasonably fit for its intended purpose having due regard to the obligations of **The Company**, the relevant **User** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** under their respective **Licences**.

- (b) **The Company** shall at all times maintain a list of those **Technical Specifications** and additional requirements which might be applicable under this ECC.6.2.1.2 and which may be referenced by **The Company** in the **Bilateral Agreement**. **The Company** shall provide a copy of the list upon request to any **EU Code User**. **The Company** shall also provide a copy of the list to any **EU Code User** upon receipt of an application form for a **Bilateral Agreement** for a new **Connection Point**.
- (c) Where the **EU Code User** provides **The Company** with information and/or test reports in respect of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** which the **EU Code User** reasonably believes demonstrate the compliance of such items with the provisions of a **Technical Specification** then **The Company** shall promptly and without unreasonable delay give due and proper consideration to such information.
- (d) **Plant** and **Apparatus** shall be designed, manufactured and tested in premises with an accredited certificate in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of the relevant standard in the BS EN ISO 9000 series (or equivalent as reasonably approved by **The Company**) or in respect of test premises which do not include a manufacturing facility premises with an accredited certificate in accordance with BS EN 45001.
- (e) Each connection between a **User** and the **National Electricity Transmission System** must be controlled by a circuit-breaker (or circuit breakers) capable of interrupting the maximum short circuit current at the point of connection. The **Seven Year Statement** gives values of short circuit current and the rating of **Transmission** circuit breakers at existing and committed **Connection Points** for future years.

- (f) Each connection between a **Generator** undertaking **OTSDUW** or an **Onshore Transmission Licensee**, must be controlled by a circuit breaker (or circuit breakers) capable of interrupting the maximum short circuit current at the **Transmission Interface Point**. The **Seven Year Statement** gives values of short circuit current and the rating of **Transmission** circuit breakers at existing and committed **Transmission Interface Points** for future years.

ECC.6.2.2 Requirements at **Connection Points** or, in the case of **OTSDUW** at **Interface Points** that relate to **Generators** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**

ECC.6.2.2.1 Not Used.

ECC.6.2.2.2 **Power Generating Module, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, HVDC Equipment and Power Station Protection Arrangements**

ECC.6.2.2.2.1 Minimum Requirements

Protection of Power Generating Modules (other than **Power Park Units**), **HVDC Equipment, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and their connections to the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall meet the requirements given below. These are necessary to reduce the impact on the **National Electricity Transmission System** of faults on **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** circuits or circuits owned by **Generators** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System Owners**.

ECC.6.2.2.2.2 Fault Clearance Times

- (a) The required fault clearance time for faults on the **Generator's** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System Owner's** equipment directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System** directly connected to the **EU Generator** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System Owner's** equipment or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in the **Bilateral Agreement**. The fault clearance time specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:

- (i) 80ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 300kV
- (ii) 100ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV and up to 300kV
- (iii) 120ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the **User** or **The Company** or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or the **EU Generator** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on their own **Plant** and **Apparatus** provided **Discrimination** is achieved.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner's** equipment or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements, in **The Company's** view, permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault, must be less than 2%.

- (b) In the event that the required fault clearance time is not met as a result of failure to operate on the **Main Protection System(s)** provided, the **Generators** or **HVDC System Owners** or **Generators** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** shall, except as specified below provide **Independent Back-Up Protection**. The **Relevant Transmission Licensee** will also provide **Back-Up Protection** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** and the **User's Back-Up Protections** will be co-ordinated so as to provide **Discrimination**.

On a **Power Generating Module** (other than a **Power Park Unit**), **HVDC Equipment** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV and where two **Independent Main Protections** are provided to clear faults on the **HV Connections** within the required fault clearance time, the **Back-Up Protection** provided by **EU Generators** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC System Owners** shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the **HV Connections**. Where two **Independent Main Protections** are installed the **Back-Up Protection** may be integrated into one (or both) of the **Independent Main Protection** relays.

On a **Power Generating Module** (other than a **Power Park Unit**), **HVDC Equipment** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** at 132 kV and below and where only one **Main Protection** is provided to clear faults on the **HV Connections** within the required fault clearance time, the **Independent Back-Up Protection** provided by the **Generator** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and the **HVDC System Owner** shall operate to give a fault clearance time of no longer than 300ms at the minimum infeed for normal operation for faults on the **HV Connections**.

A Power Generating Module (other than a **Power Park Unit**), **HVDC Equipment** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) with **Back-Up Protection** or **Independent Back-Up Protection** will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the **National Electricity Transmission System** by breaker fail **Protection** at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV or of a fault cleared by **Back-Up Protection** where the **EU Generator** (including in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **DC Connected Power Park Module**) or **HVDC System** is connected at 132kV and below. This will permit **Discrimination** between the **Generator** in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **HVDC System Owners' Back-Up Protection** or **Independent Back-Up Protection** and the **Back-Up Protection** provided on the **National Electricity Transmission System** and other **Users' Systems**.

- (c) When the **Power Generating Module** (other than **Power Park Units**), or the **HVDC Equipment** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV, and in Scotland and **Offshore** also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the **Generator** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or the **HVDC System** owner, or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be, to interrupt fault current interchange with the **National Electricity Transmission System**, or **Generator's System**, or **HVDC System Owner's System**, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail **Protection** shall be provided by the **Generator** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System-Owner**, or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker. In the event, following operation of a **Protection** system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the **Fault Current Interruption Time**, the circuit breaker fail **Protection** is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the **System Fault Dependability Index** shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of **Protection** to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty item of **Apparatus**.

ECC.6.2.2.3 Equipment including **Protection** equipment to be provided

The **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify the **Protection** schemes and settings necessary to protect the **National Electricity Transmission System**, taking into account the characteristics of the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment**.

The protection schemes needed for the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** and the **National Electricity Transmission System** as well as the settings relevant to the **Power Generating Module** and/or **HVDC Equipment** shall be coordinated and agreed between **The Company** and the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**. The agreed **Protection** schemes and settings will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

The protection schemes and settings for internal electrical faults must not prevent the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** from satisfying the requirements of the Grid Code although **EU Generators** should be aware of the requirements of ECC.6.3.13.1. ;

~~electrical~~ **Protection** of the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall take precedence over operational controls, taking into account the security of the **National Electricity Transmission System** and the health and safety of personnel, as well as mitigating any damage to the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment**.

ECC.6.2.2.3.1 Protection of Interconnecting Connections

The requirements for the provision of **Protection** equipment for interconnecting connections will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. In this **ECC** the term "interconnecting connections" means the primary conductors from the current transformer accommodation on the circuit side of the circuit breaker to the **Connection Point** or the primary conductors from the current transformer accommodation on the circuit side of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** of the circuit breaker to the **Transmission Interface Point**.

ECC.6.2.2.3.2 Circuit-breaker fail Protection

The **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** will install circuit breaker fail **Protection** equipment in accordance with the requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement**. The **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** will also provide a back-trip signal in the event of loss of air from its pressurised head circuit breakers, during the **Power Generating Module** (other than a **CCGT Unit** or **Power Park Unit**) or **HVDC Equipment** run-up sequence, where these circuit breakers are installed.

ECC.6.2.2.3.3 Loss of Excitation

The **EU Generator** must provide **Protection** to detect loss of excitation in respect of each of its **Generating Units** within a **Synchronous Power Generating Module** to initiate a **Generating Unit** trip.

ECC.6.2.2.3.4 Pole-Slipping Protection

Where, in **The Company's** reasonable opinion, **System** requirements dictate, **The Company** will specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** a requirement for **EU Generators** to fit pole-slipping **Protection** on their **Generating Units** within each **Synchronous Power Generating Module**.

ECC.6.2.2.3.5 Signals for Tariff Metering

EU Generators and **HVDC System Owners** will install current and voltage transformers supplying all tariff meters at a voltage to be specified in, and in accordance with, the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.2.3.6 Commissioning of Protection Systems

No **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** equipment shall be energised until the **Protection** settings have been finalised. The **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** shall agree with **The Company** (in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**) and carry out a combined commissioning programme for the **Protection** systems, and generally, to a minimum standard as specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.2.4 Work on Protection Equipment

No busbar **Protection**, mesh corner **Protection**, circuit-breaker fail **Protection** relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the **Power Generating Module, HVDC Equipment** itself) may be worked upon or altered by the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** personnel in the absence of a representative of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or written authority from the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.6.2.2.5 Relay Settings

Protection and relay settings will be co-ordinated (both on connection and subsequently) across the **Connection Point** in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** and in relation to **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, across the **Interface Point** in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** to ensure effective disconnection of faulty **Apparatus**.

ECC.6.2.2.6 Changes to Protection Schemes and HVDC System Control Modes

ECC.6.2.2.6.1 Any subsequent alterations to the protection settings (whether by **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **EU Generator** or the **HVDC System Owner**) shall be agreed between **The Company** (in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**) and the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** in accordance with the Grid Code (ECC.6.2.2.5). No alterations are to be made to any protection schemes unless agreement has been reached between **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**.

ECC.6.2.2.6.2 The parameters of different control modes of the **HVDC System** shall be able to be changed in the **HVDC Converter Station**, if required by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and in accordance with ECC.6.2.2.6.4.

ECC.6.2.2.6.3 Any change to the schemes or settings of parameters of the different control modes and protection of the **HVDC System** including the procedure shall be agreed with **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **HVDC System Owner**.

ECC.6.2.2.6.4 The control modes and associated set points shall be capable of being changed remotely, as specified by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.6.2.2.7 Control Schemes and Settings

ECC.6.2.2.7.1 The schemes and settings of the different control devices on the **Power Generating Module** and **HVDC Equipment** that are necessary for **Transmission System** stability and for taking emergency action shall be agreed with **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**.

ECC.6.2.2.7.2 Subject to the requirements of ECC.6.2.2.7.1 any changes to the schemes and settings, defined in ECC.6.2.2.7.1, of the different control devices of the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be coordinated and agreed between , the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **EU Generator** and **HVDC System Owner**.

ECC.6.2.2.8 Ranking of Protection and Control

ECC.6.2.2.8.1 **The Company** in coordination with **Relevant Transmission Licensees**, shall agree and coordinate the protection and control devices of **EU Generators Plant and Apparatus** in accordance with the following general priority ranking (from highest to lowest):

- (i) The interface between the **National Electricity Transmission System** and the **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment Protection** equipment;
- (ii) frequency control (active power adjustment);
- (iii) power restriction; and
- (iv) power gradient constraint;

- ECC.6.2.2.8.2 A control scheme, specified by the **HVDC System Owner** consisting of different control modes, including the settings of the specific parameters, shall be coordinated and agreed between **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **HVDC System Owner**. These details would be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.2.2.8.3 **The Company** in coordination with **Relevant Transmission Licensees**, shall agree and coordinate the protection and control devices of **HVDC System Owners Plant and Apparatus** in accordance with the following general priority ranking (from highest to lowest)
- (i) The interface between the **National Electricity Transmission System** and **HVDC System Protection** equipment;
 - (ii) **Active Power** control for emergency assistance
 - (iii) automatic remedial actions as specified in ECC.6.3.6.1.2.5
 - (iv) **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode (LFSM)** of operation;
 - (v) **Frequency Sensitive Mode** of operation and **Frequency** control; and
 - (vi) power gradient constraint.
- ECC.6.2.2.9 Synchronising
- ECC.6.2.2.9.1 For any **Power Generating Module** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or **Type D Power Generating Module**, synchronisation shall be performed by the **EU Generator** only after instruction by **The Company** in accordance with the requirements of BC.2.5.2.
- ECC.6.2.2.9.2 Each **Power Generating Module** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or **Type D Power Generating Module** shall be equipped with the necessary synchronisation facilities. Synchronisation shall be possible within the range of frequencies specified in ECC.6.1.2.
- ECC.6.2.2.9.3 The requirements for synchronising equipment shall be specified in accordance with the requirements in the **Electrical Standards** listed in the annex to the **General Conditions**. The synchronisation settings shall include the following elements below. Any variation to these requirements shall be pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (a) voltage
 - (b) **Frequency**
 - (c) phase angle range
 - (d) phase sequence
 - (e) deviation of voltage and **Frequency**
- ECC.6.2.2.9.4 **HVDC Equipment** shall be required to satisfy the requirements of ECC.6.2.2.9.1 – ECC.6.2.2.9.3. In addition, unless otherwise specified by **The Company**, during the synchronisation of a **DC Connected Power Park Module** to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, any **HVDC Equipment** shall have the capability to limit any steady state voltage changes to the limits specified within ECC.6.1.7 or ECC.6.1.8 (as applicable) which shall not exceed 5% of the pre-synchronisation voltage. **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify any additional requirements for the maximum magnitude, duration and measurement of the voltage transients over and above those defined in ECC.6.1.7 and ECC.6.1.8 in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.2.2.9.5 **EU Generators** in respect of **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall also provide output synchronisation signals specified by **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.6.2.2.9.6 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.2.2.9.1 to ECC.6.2.2.9.5, **EU Generators** and **HVDC System Owners** should also be aware of the requirements of ECC.6.5.10 relating to busbar voltage

ECC.6.2.2.9.10 HVDC Parameters and Settings

ECC.6.2.2.9.10.1 The parameters and settings of the main control functions of an **HVDC System** shall be agreed between the **HVDC System** owner and **The Company**, in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**. The parameters and settings shall be implemented within such a control hierarchy that makes their modification possible if necessary. Those main control functions are at least:

- (b) **Frequency Sensitive Modes** (FSM, LFSM-O, LFSM-U);
- (c) **Frequency** control, if applicable;
- (d) **Reactive Power** control mode, if applicable;
- (e) power oscillation damping capability;
- (f) subsynchronous torsional interaction damping capability,.

ECC.6.2.2.11 Automatic Reconnection

ECC.6.2.2.11.1 **EU Generators** in respect of **Type A, Type B, Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) which have signed a **CUSC Contract** with **The Company** are not permitted to automatically reconnect to the **Total System** without instruction from **The Company**. **The Company** will issue instructions for reconnection or re-synchronisation in accordance with the requirements of BC2.5.2. Where synchronising is permitted in accordance with BC2.5.2, the voltage and frequency at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** shall be within the limits defined in ECC.6.1.2 and ECC.6.1.4 and the ramp rate limits pursuant to BC1.A.1.1. For the avoidance of doubt this requirement does not apply to **EU Generators** who are not required to satisfy the requirements of the Balancing Codes.

ECC.6.2.2.12 Automatic Disconnection

ECC.6.2.2.12.1 No **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall disconnect within the frequency range or voltage range defined in ECC.6.1.2 and ECC.6.1.4.

ECC.6.2.2.13 Special Provisions relating to Power Generating Modules embedded within Industrial Sites which supply electricity as a bi-product of their industrial process

ECC.6.2.2.13.1 **Generators** in respect of **Power Generating Modules** which form part of an industrial network, where the **Power Generating Module** is used to supply critical loads within the industrial process shall be permitted to operate isolated from the **Total System** if agreed with **The Company** in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.2.13.2 Except for the requirements of ECC.6.3.3 and ECC.6.3.7.1, **Power Generating Modules** which are embedded within industrial sites are not required to satisfy the requirements of ECC.6.3.6.2.1 and ECC.6.3.9. In this case this exception would only apply to **Power Generating Modules** on industrial sites used for combined heat and power production which are embedded in the network of an industrial site where all the following criteria are met.

- (a) The primary purpose of these sites is to produce heat for production processes of the industrial site concerned,
- (b) Heat and power generation is inextricably interlinked, that is to say any change to heat generation results inadvertently in a change of active power generating and visa versa.
- (c) The **Power Generating Modules** are of **Type A, Type B** or **Type C**.
- (d) Combined heat and power generating facilities shall be assessed on the basis of their electrical **Maximum Capacity**.

ECC.6.2.3 Requirements at EU Grid Supply Points relating to Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers

ECC.6.2.3.1 Protection Arrangements for EU Code Users in respect of Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers

ECC.6.2.3.1.1 **Protection** arrangements for **EU Code Users** in respect of **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers User Systems** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, shall meet the requirements given below:

Fault Clearance Times

(a) The required fault clearance time for faults on **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customer** equipment directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, and for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System** directly connected to the **Network Operator's** or **Non-Embedded Customer's equipment**, from fault inception to the circuit breaker arc extinction, shall be set out in each **Bilateral Agreement**. The fault clearance time specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** shall not be shorter than the durations specified below:

- (i) 80ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 300kV
- (ii) 100ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV and up to 300kV
- (iii) 120ms for connections operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV and below

but this shall not prevent the **User** or **The Company** or **Relevant Transmission Licensee** from selecting a shorter fault clearance time on its own **Plant** and **Apparatus** provided **Discrimination** is achieved.

For the purpose of establishing the **Protection** requirements in accordance with ECC.6.2.3.1.1 only, the point of connection of the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** equipment to the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall be deemed to be the low voltage busbars at an **EU Grid Supply Point**, irrespective of the ownership of the equipment at the **EU Grid Supply Point**.

A longer fault clearance time may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** for faults on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. A longer fault clearance time for faults on the **Network Operator** and **Non-Embedded Customers** equipment may be agreed with **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** but only if **System** requirements in **The Company's** view permit. The probability that the fault clearance time stated in the **Bilateral Agreement** will be exceeded by any given fault must be less than 2%.

- (b) (i) For the event of failure of the **Protection** systems provided to meet the above fault clearance time requirements, **Back-Up Protection** shall be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** as the case may be.
- (ii) The **Relevant Transmission Licensee** will also provide **Back-Up Protection**, which will result in a fault clearance time longer than that specified for the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer Back-Up Protection** so as to provide **Discrimination**.
- (iii) For connections with the **National Electricity Transmission System** at 132kV and below, it is normally required that the **Back-Up Protection** on the **National Electricity Transmission System** shall discriminate with the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection**.
- (iv) For connections with the **National Electricity Transmission System** operating at a nominal voltage greater than 132kV, the **Back-Up Protection** will be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer**, as the case may be, with a fault clearance time not longer than 300ms for faults on the **Network Operator's** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus**.

- (v) Such **Protection** will also be required to withstand, without tripping, the loading incurred during the clearance of a fault on the **National Electricity Transmission System** by breaker fail **Protection** operating at a nominal voltage of greater than 132kV. This will permit **Discrimination** between **Network Operator's Back-Up Protection** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Back-Up Protection**, as the case may be, and **Back-Up Protection** provided on the **National Electricity Transmission System** and other **User Systems**. The requirement for and level of **Discrimination** required will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (c) (i) Where the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** is connected to part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** operating at a nominal voltage greater than 132kV and in Scotland also at 132kV, and a circuit breaker is provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer**, or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be, to interrupt the interchange of fault current with the **National Electricity Transmission System** or the **System** of the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer**, as the case may be, circuit breaker fail **Protection** will be provided by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer**, or the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be, on this circuit breaker.
 - (ii) In the event, following operation of a **Protection** system, of a failure to interrupt fault current by these circuit-breakers within the **Fault Current Interruption Time**, the circuit breaker fail **Protection** is required to initiate tripping of all the necessary electrically adjacent circuit-breakers so as to interrupt the fault current within the next 200ms.
- (d) The target performance for the **System Fault Dependability Index** shall be not less than 99%. This is a measure of the ability of **Protection** to initiate successful tripping of circuit breakers which are associated with the faulty items of **Apparatus**.

ECC.6.2.3.2 Fault Disconnection Facilities

- (a) Where no **Transmission** circuit breaker is provided at the **User's** connection voltage, the **User** must provide **The Company** with the means of tripping all the **User's** circuit breakers necessary to isolate faults or **System** abnormalities on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. In these circumstances, for faults on the **User's System**, the **User's Protection** should also trip higher voltage **Transmission** circuit breakers. These tripping facilities shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (b) **The Company** may require the installation of a **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** in order to enable the timely restoration of circuits following power **System** fault(s). These requirements shall be set out in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.3.3 Automatic Switching Equipment

Where automatic reclosure of **Transmission** circuit breakers is required following faults on the **User's System**, automatic switching equipment shall be provided in accordance with the requirements specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.3.4 Relay Settings

Protection and relay settings will be co-ordinated (both on connection and subsequently) across the **Connection Point** in accordance with the **Bilateral Agreement** to ensure effective disconnection of faulty **Apparatus**.

ECC.6.2.3.5 Work on Protection equipment

Where a **Transmission Licensee** owns the busbar at the **Connection Point**, no busbar **Protection**, mesh corner **Protection** relays, AC or DC wiring (other than power supplies or DC tripping associated with the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer's Apparatus** itself) may be worked upon or altered by the **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** personnel in the absence of a representative of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or written authority from the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to perform such work or alterations in the absence of a representative of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.6.2.3.6 Equipment including Protection equipment to be provided

The Company in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify and agree the **Protection** schemes and settings at each **EU Grid Supply Point** required to protect the **National Electricity Transmission System** in accordance with the characteristics of the **Network Operator's** or **Non Embedded Customer's System**. **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** shall agree on the protection schemes and settings in respect of the busbar protection zone in respect of each **EU Grid Supply Point**.

Protection of the **Network Operator's** or **Non Embedded Customer's System** shall take precedence over operational controls whilst respecting the security of the **National Electricity Transmission System** and the health and safety of staff and the public.

ECC.6.2.3.6.1 Protection of Interconnecting Connections

The requirements for the provision of **Protection** equipment for interconnecting connections will be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.3.7 Changes to Protection Schemes at EU Grid Supply Points

Any subsequent alterations to the busbar protection settings at the **EU Grid Supply Point** (whether by **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **Network Operator** or the **Non Embedded Customer**) shall be agreed between **The Company** (in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**) and the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** in accordance with the Grid Code (ECC.6.2.3.4). No alterations are to be made to any busbar protection schemes unless agreement has been reached between **The Company**,

the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer**.

No **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** equipment shall be energised until the **Protection** settings have been agreed prior to commissioning. The **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** shall agree with **The Company** (in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**) and carry out a combined commissioning programme for the **Protection** systems, and generally, to a minimum standard as specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.2.3.8 Control Requirements

ECC.6.2.3.8.1 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** shall agree on the control schemes and settings at each **EU Grid Supply Point** of the different control devices of the **Network Operator's** or **Non Embedded Customer's System** relevant for security of the **National Electricity Transmission System**. Such requirements would be pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement** which shall also cover at least the following elements:

- (a) Isolated (**National Electricity Transmission System**) operation;
- (b) Damping of oscillations;
- (c) Disturbances to the **National Electricity Transmission System**;
- (d) Automatic switching to emergency supply and restoration to normal topology;
- (e) Automatic circuit breaker re-closure (on 1-phase faults).

ECC.6.2.3.8.2 Subject to the requirements of ECC.6.2.3.8.1 any changes to the schemes and settings, defined in ECC.6.2.3.8.1 of the different control devices of the **Network Operator's** or **Non-Embedded Customer's System** at the **EU Grid Supply Point** shall be coordinated and agreed between **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer**.

ECC.6.2.3.9 Ranking of Protection and Control

ECC.6.2.3.9.1 The **Network Operator** or the **Non Embedded Customer** who owns or operates an **EU Grid Supply Point** shall set the **Protection** and control devices of its **System**, in compliance with the following priority ranking, organised in decreasing order of importance:

- (a) **National Electricity Transmission System Protection**;
- (b) **Protection** equipment at each **EU Grid Supply Point**;
- (c) **Frequency** control (**Active Power** adjustment);
- (d) **Power** restriction.

ECC.6.2.3.10 Synchronising

ECC.6.2.3.10.1 Each **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** at each **EU Grid Supply Point** shall be capable of synchronisation within the range of frequencies specified in ECC.6.1.2 unless otherwise agreed with **The Company**.

ECC.6.2.3.10.2 **The Company** and the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** shall agree on the settings of the synchronisation equipment at each **EU Grid Supply Point** prior to the **Completion Date**. **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** shall agree the synchronisation settings which shall include the following elements.

- (a) Voltage;
- (b) **Frequency**;
- (c) phase angle range;
- (d) deviation of voltage and **Frequency**.

ECC.6.3 GENERAL POWER GENERATING MODULE, OTSDUW AND HVDC EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

ECC.6.3.1 This section sets out the technical and design criteria and performance requirements for **Power Generating Modules** (which includes **Electricity Storage Modules**) and **HVDC Equipment** (whether directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or **Embedded**) and (where provided in this section) **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** which each **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** must ensure are complied with in relation to its **Power Generating Modules**, **HVDC Equipment** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**. References to **Power Generating Modules**, **HVDC Equipment** in this ECC.6.3 should be read accordingly. For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements applicable to **Synchronous Power Generating Modules** also apply to **Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules** and the requirements applicable to **Power Park Modules** apply to **Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules**. In addition, the requirements applicable to **Electricity Storage Modules** also apply irrespective of whether the **Electricity Storage Module** operates in such a mode as to import or export power from the **Total System**.

Plant Performance Requirements

ECC.6.3.2 REACTIVE CAPABILITY

ECC.6.3.2.1 Reactive Capability for Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules

ECC.6.3.2.1.1 When operating at **Maximum Capacity**, all **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules** must be capable of continuous operation at any points between the limits of 0.95 **Power Factor** lagging and 0.95 **Power Factor** leading at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or relevant **Network Operator**. At **Active Power** output levels other than **Maximum Capacity**, all **Generating Units** within a **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Module** must be capable of continuous operation at any point between the **Reactive Power** capability limits identified on the **HV Generator Performance Chart** unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or relevant **Network Operator**.

ECC.6.3.2.2 Reactive Capability for Type B Power Park Modules

ECC.6.3.2.2.1 When operating at **Maximum Capacity** all **Type B Power Park Modules** must be capable of continuous operation at any points between the limits of 0.95 **Power Factor** lagging and 0.95 **Power Factor** leading at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or relevant **Network Operator**. At **Active Power** output levels other than **Maximum Capacity**, each **Power Park Module** must be capable of continuous operation at any point between the **Reactive Power** capability limits identified on the **HV Generator Performance Chart** unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or **Network Operator**.

ECC.6.3.2.3 Reactive Capability for Type C and D Synchronous Power Generating Modules

ECC.6.3.2.3.1 In addition to meeting the requirements of ECC.6.3.2.3.2 – ECC.6.3.2.3.5, **EU Generators** which connect a **Type C** or **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Module(s)** to a **Non Embedded Customers System** or private network, may be required to meet additional reactive compensation requirements at the point of connection between the **System** and the **Non Embedded Customer** or private network where this is required for **System** reasons.

ECC.6.3.2.3.2 All **Type C** and **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** shall be capable of satisfying the **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.3 when operating at **Maximum Capacity**.

ECC.6.3.2.3.3 At **Active Power** output levels other than **Maximum Capacity**, all **Generating Units** within a **Synchronous Power Generating Module** must be capable of continuous operation at any point between the **Reactive Power** capability limit identified on the **HV Generator Performance Chart** at least down to the **Minimum Stable Operating Level**. At reduced **Active Power** output, **Reactive Power** supplied at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point if Embedded**) shall correspond to the **HV Generator Performance Chart** of the **Synchronous Power Generating Module**, taking the auxiliary supplies and the **Active Power** and **Reactive Power** losses of the **Generating Unit** transformer or **Station Transformer** into account.

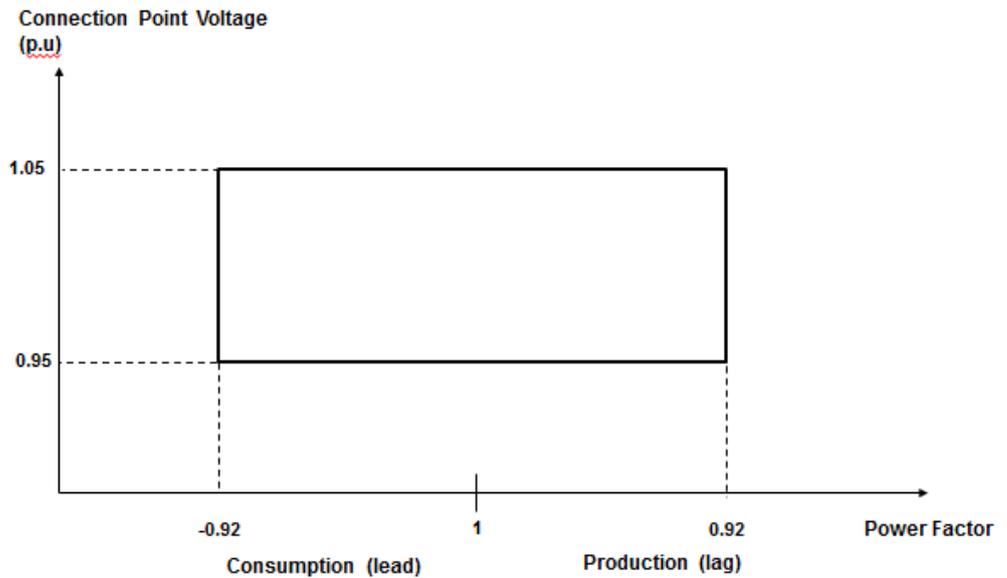


Figure ECC.6.3.2.3

ECC.6.3.2.3.4 In addition, to the requirements of ECC.6.3.2.3.1 – ECC.6.3.2.3.3 the short circuit ratio of all **Onshore Synchronous Generating Units** with an **Apparent Power** rating of less than 1600MVA shall not be less than 0.5. The short circuit ratio of **Onshore Synchronous Generating Units** with a rated **Apparent Power** of 1600MVA or above shall be not less than 0.4.

ECC.6.3.2.4 Reactive Capability for Type C and D Power Park Modules, HVDC Equipment and OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus at the Interface Point

ECC.6.3.2.4.1 **EU Generators** or **HVDC System Owners** which connect an **Onshore Type C** or **Onshore Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** to a **Non Embedded Customers System** or private network, may be required to meet additional reactive compensation requirements at the point of connection between the **System** and the **Non Embedded Customer** or private network where this is required for **System** reasons.

ECC.6.3.2.4.2

All **Onshore Type C Power Park Modules** and **Onshore Type D Power Park Modules** or **HVDC Converters** at an **HVDC Converter Station** with a **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** voltage above 33kV, or **Remote End HVDC Converters** with an **HVDC Interface Point** voltage above 33kV, or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** with an **Interface Point** voltage above 33kV shall be capable of satisfying the **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of a **Remote End HVDC Converter Station**) as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(a) when operating at **Maximum Capacity** (or **Interface Point Capacity** in the case of **OTSUW Plant and Apparatus**). In the case of **Remote End HVDC Converters** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**, **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may agree to alternative reactive capability requirements to those specified in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(a), where it is demonstrated that it is uneconomic and inefficient to do so, for example in the case of new technologies or advanced control strategies. For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements for **Offshore Power Park Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules** are defined in ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.3.2.6.

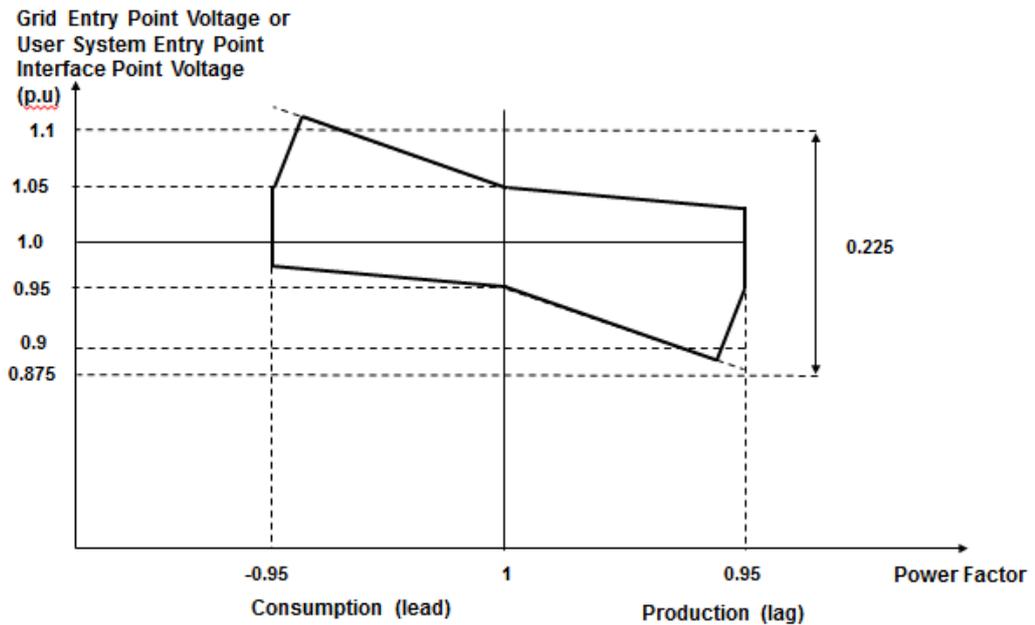


Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(a)

ECC.6.3.2.4.3

All **Onshore Type C** or **Type D Power Park Modules** or **HVDC Converters** at a **HVDC Converter Station** with a **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** voltage at or below 33kV or **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** with an **HVDC Interface Point Voltage** at or below 33kV shall be capable of satisfying the **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(b) when operating at **Maximum Capacity**. In the case of **Remote End HVDC Converters** **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may agree to alternative reactive capability requirements to those specified in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(b), where it is demonstrated that it is uneconomic and inefficient to do so, for example in the case of new technologies or advanced control strategies. For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements for **Offshore Power Park Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules** are defined in ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.3.2.6.

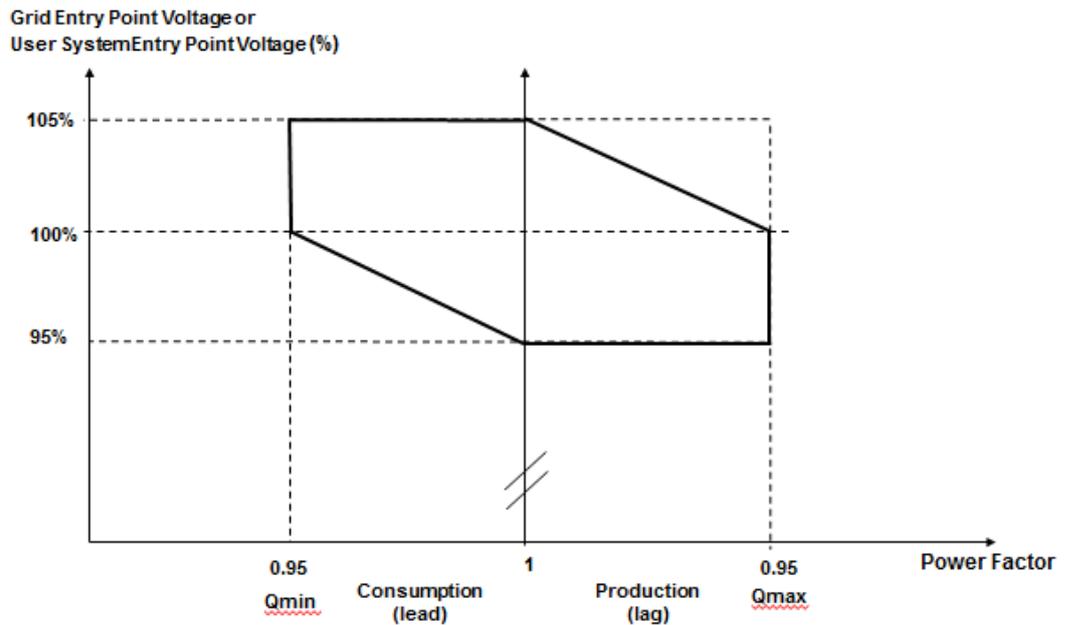


Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(b)

ECC.6.3.2.4.4 All **Type C** and **Type D Power Park Modules, HVDC Converters** at a **HVDC Converter Station** including **Remote End HVDC Converters** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, shall be capable of satisfying the **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **Interface Point Capacity** in the case of **OTSUW Plant and Apparatus** or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**) as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(c) when operating below **Maximum Capacity**. With all **Plant** in service, the **Reactive Power** limits will reduce linearly below 50% **Active Power** output as shown in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(c) unless the requirement to maintain the **Reactive Power** limits defined at **Maximum Capacity** (or **Interface Point Capacity** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) under absorbing **Reactive Power** conditions down to 20% **Active Power** output has been specified by **The Company**. These **Reactive Power** limits will be reduced pro rata to the amount of **Plant** in service. In the case of **Remote End HVDC Converters**, **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may agree to alternative reactive capability requirements to those specified in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(a), where it is demonstrated that it is uneconomic and inefficient to do so, for example in the case of new technologies or advanced control strategies. For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements for **Offshore Power Park Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules** are defined in ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.3.2.6.

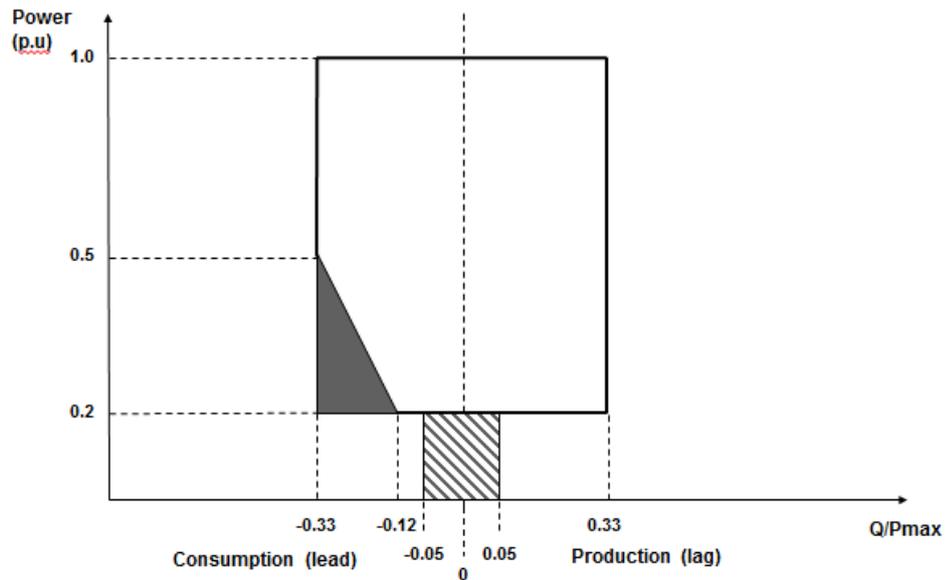


Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(c)

ECC.6.3.2.5 Reactive Capability for Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules, Configuration 1 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules and Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Modules.

ECC.6.3.2.5.1 The short circuit ratio of any **Offshore Synchronous Generating Units** within a **Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall not be less than 0.5. All **Offshore Synchronous Generating Units, Configuration 1 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules or Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Modules** must be capable of maintaining zero transfer of **Reactive Power** at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point**. The steady state tolerance on **Reactive Power** transfer to and from an **Offshore Transmission System** expressed in **MVar** shall be no greater than 5% of the **Maximum Capacity**.

ECC.6.3.2.5.2 For the avoidance of doubt if an **EU Generator** (including those in respect of **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) wishes to provide a **Reactive Power** capability in excess of the minimum requirements defined in ECC.6.3.2.5.1 then such capability (including steady state tolerance) shall be agreed between the **Generator, Offshore Transmission Licensee and The Company** and/or the relevant **Network Operator**.

ECC.6.3.2.6 Reactive Capability for Configuration 2 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Modules and Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules.

ECC.6.3.2.6.1 All **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules and Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of satisfying the minimum **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(a) when operating at **Maximum Capacity**. **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may agree to alternative reactive capability requirements to those specified in Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(a), where it is demonstrated that it is uneconomic and inefficient to do so, for example in the case of new technologies or advanced control strategies.

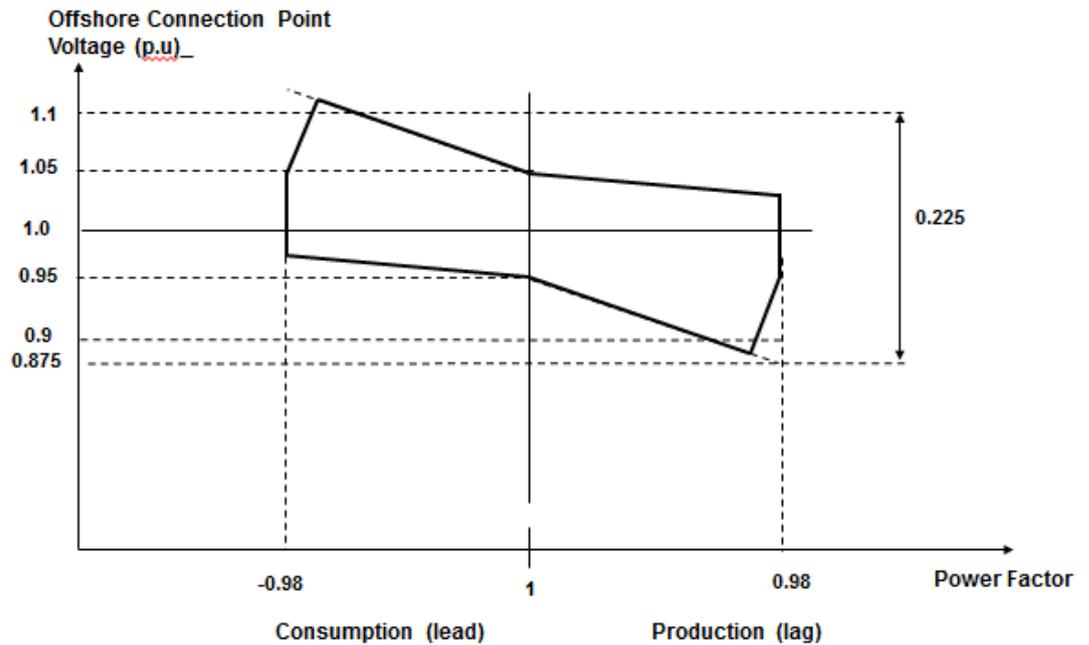


Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(a)

ECC.6.3.2.6.2 All **AC Connected Configuration 2 Offshore Power Park Modules** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of satisfying the **Reactive Power** capability requirements at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** as defined in Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(b) when operating below **Maximum Capacity**. With all **Plant** in service, the **Reactive Power** limits will reduce linearly below 50% **Active Power** output as shown in Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(b) unless the requirement to maintain the **Reactive Power** limits defined at **Maximum Capacity** (or **Interface Point Capacity** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) under absorbing **Reactive Power** conditions down to 20% **Active Power** output has been specified with **The Company**. These **Reactive Power** limits will be reduced pro rata to the amount of **Plant** in service. **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may agree to alternative reactive capability requirements to those specified in Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(b), where it is demonstrated that it is uneconomic and inefficient to do so, for example in the case of new technologies or advanced control strategies.

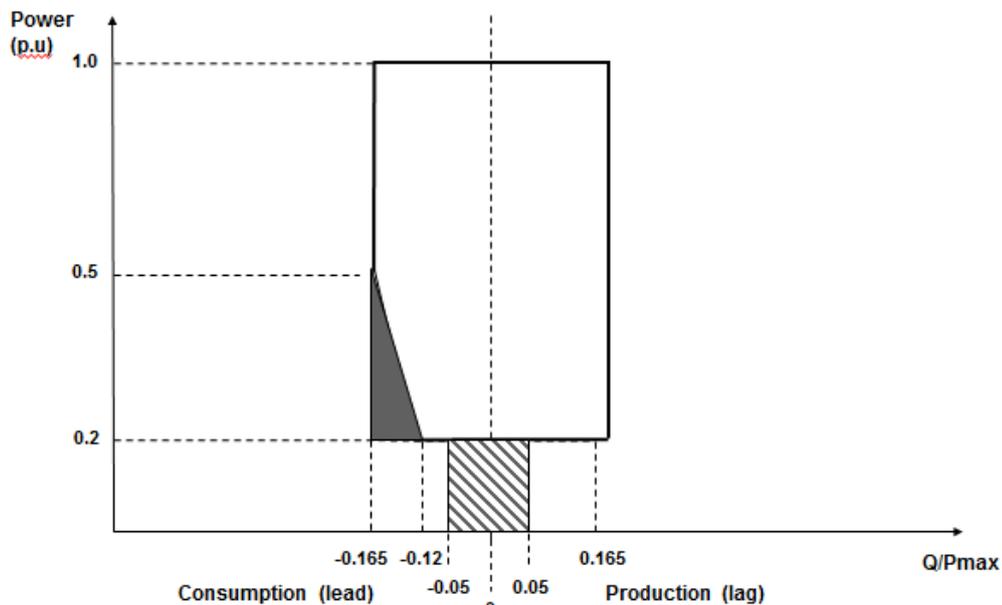


Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(b)

ECC.6.3.2.6.3 For the avoidance of doubt if an **EU Generator** (including **Generators** in respect of **DC Connected Power Park Modules** referred to in ECC.6.3.2.6.2) wishes to provide a **Reactive Power** capability in excess of the minimum requirements defined in ECC.6.3.2.6.1 then such capability (including any steady state tolerance) shall be between the **EU Generator, Offshore Transmission Licensee** and **The Company** and/or the relevant **Network Operator**.

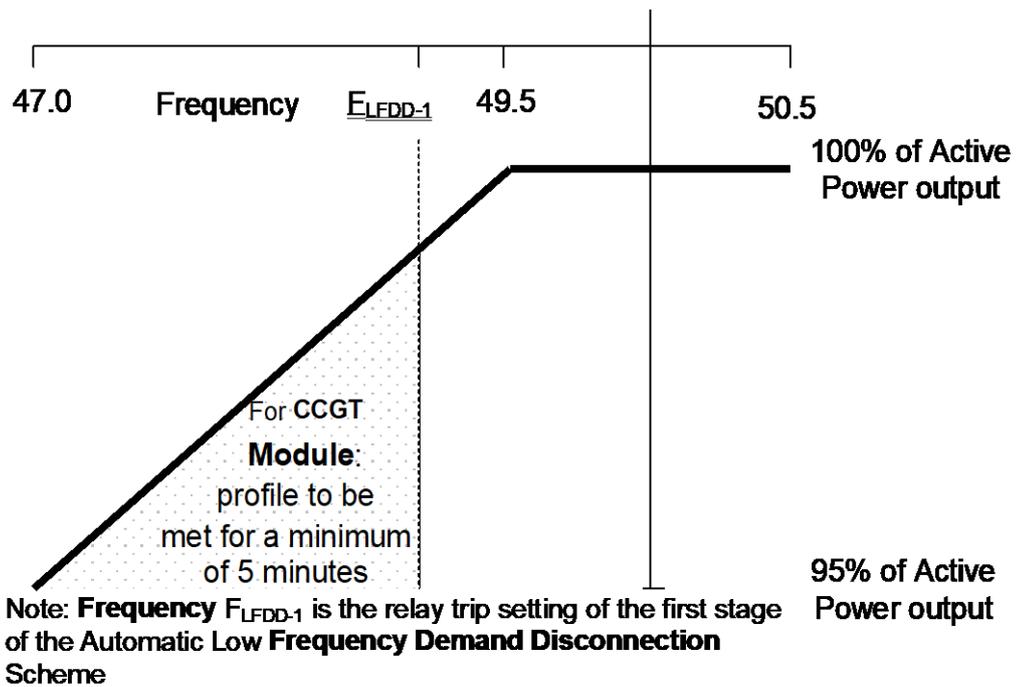
ECC.6.3.3 OUTPUT POWER WITH FALLING FREQUENCY

ECC.6.3.3.1 Output power with falling frequency for **Power Generating Modules** and **HVDC Equipment**

ECC.6.3.3.1.1 Each **Power Generating Module** and **HVDC Equipment** must be capable of:

- (a) continuously maintaining constant **Active Power** output for **System Frequency** changes within the range 50.5 to 49.5 Hz; and
- (b) (subject to the provisions of ECC.6.1.2) maintaining its **Active Power** output at a level not lower than the figure determined by the linear relationship shown in Figure ECC.6.3.3(a) for **System Frequency** changes within the range 49.5 to 47 Hz for all ambient temperatures up to and including 25⁰C, such that if the **System Frequency** drops to 47 Hz the **Active Power** output does not decrease by more than 5%. In the case of a **CCGT Module**, the above requirement shall be retained down to the **Low Frequency Relay** trip setting of 48.8 Hz, which reflects the first stage of the **Automatic Low Frequency Demand Disconnection** scheme notified to **Network Operators** under OC6.6.2. For **System Frequency** below that setting, the existing requirement shall be retained for a minimum period of 5 minutes while **System Frequency** remains below that setting, and special measure(s) that may be required to meet this requirement shall be kept in service during this period. After that 5 minutes period, if **System Frequency** remains below that setting, the special measure(s) must be discontinued if there is a materially increased risk of the **Gas Turbine** tripping. The need for special measure(s) is linked to the inherent **Gas Turbine Active Power** output reduction caused by reduced shaft speed due to falling **System Frequency**. Where the need for special measures is identified in order to maintain output in line with the level identified in Figure ECC.6.3.3(a) these measures should be still continued at ambient temperatures above 25⁰C maintaining as much of the **Active Power** achievable within the capability of the plant. For the avoidance of doubt, **Generators** in respect of **Pumped Storage** shall also be required to satisfy the requirements of OC6.6.6.

Figure ECC.6.3.3(a) **Active Power** Output with falling frequency for **Power Generating Modules** and **HVDC Systems** and **Electricity Storage Modules** when operating in an exporting mode of operation



- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a **Power Generating Module** including a **DC Connected Power Park Module** using an **Intermittent Power Source** where the mechanical power input will not be constant over time, the requirement is that the **Active Power** output shall be independent of **System Frequency** under (a) above and should not drop with **System Frequency** by greater than the amount specified in (b) above.
- (d) An **HVDC System** must be capable of maintaining its **Active Power** input (i.e. when operating in a mode analogous to **Demand**) from the **National Electricity Transmission System** (or **User System** in the case of an **Embedded HVDC System**) at a level not greater than the figure determined by the linear relationship shown in Figure ECC.6.3.3(b) for **System Frequency** changes within the range 49.5 to 47 Hz, such that if the **System Frequency** drops to 47.8 Hz the **Active Power** input decreases by more than 60%.

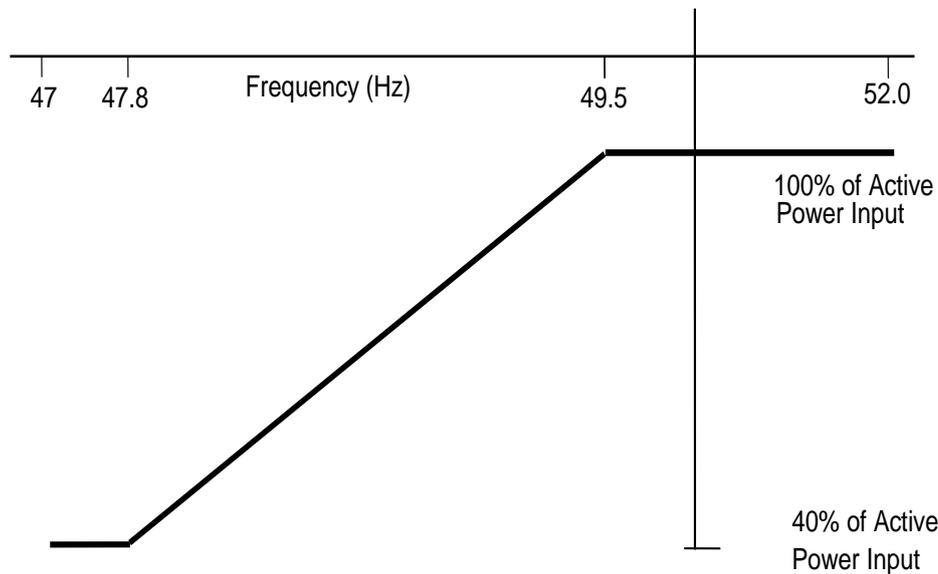


Figure ECC.6.3.3(b) **Active Power** input with falling frequency for **HVDC Systems**

- (e) In the case of an **Offshore Generating Unit** or **Offshore Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** or **Remote End HVDC Converter** or **Transmission DC Converter**, the **EU Generator** shall comply with the requirements of ECC.6.3.3. **EU Generators** should be aware that Section K of the **STC** places requirements on **Offshore Transmission Licensees** which utilise a **Transmission DC Converter** as part of their **Offshore Transmission System** to make appropriate provisions to enable **EU Generators** to fulfil their obligations.
- (f) **Transmission DC Converters** and **Remote End HVDC Converters** shall provide a continuous signal indicating the real time frequency measured at the **Interface Point** to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** for the purpose of **Offshore Generators** or **DC Connected Power Park Modules** to respond to changes in **System Frequency** on the Main Interconnected **Transmission System**. A **DC Connected Power Park Module** or **Offshore Power Generating Module** shall be capable of receiving and processing this signal within 100ms.

ECC.6.3.4 ACTIVE POWER OUTPUT UNDER SYSTEM VOLTAGE VARIATIONS

ECC.6.3.4.1 At the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**, the **Active Power** output under steady state conditions of any **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or in the case of **OTSDUW**, the **Active Power** transfer at the **Interface Point**, under steady state conditions of any **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** should not be affected by voltage changes in the normal operating range specified in paragraph ECC.6.1.4 by more than the change in **Active Power** losses at reduced or increased voltage.

ECC.6.3.5 BLACK START

ECC.6.3.5.1 **Black Start** is not a mandatory requirement, however **EU Code Users** may wish to notify **The Company** of their ability to provide a **Black Start** facility and the cost of the service. **The Company** will then consider whether it wishes to contract with the **EU Code User** for the provision of a **Black Start** service which would be specified via a **Black Start Contract**. Where an **EU Code User** does not offer to provide a cost for the provision of a **Black Start Capability**, **The Company** may make such a request if it considers **System** security to be at risk due to a lack of **Black Start** capability.

ECC.6.3.5.2 It is an essential requirement that the **National Electricity Transmission System** must incorporate a **Black Start Capability**. This will be achieved by agreeing a **Black Start Capability** at a number of strategically located **Power Stations** and **HVDC Systems**. For each **Power Station** or **HVDC System**, **The Company** will state in the **Bilateral Agreement** whether or not a **Black Start Capability** is required.

ECC.6.3.5.3 Where an **EU Code User** has entered into a **Black Start Contract** to provide a **Black Start Capability** in respect of a **Type C Power Generating Module** or **Type D Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) the following requirements shall apply.

- (i) The **Power-Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be capable of starting from shutdown without any external electrical energy supply within a time frame specified by **The Company** in the **Black Start Contract**.
- (ii) Each **Power Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be able to synchronise within the frequency limits defined in ECC.6.1. and, where applicable, voltage limits specified in ECC.6.1.4;
- (iii) The **Power Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be capable of connecting on to an unenergised **System**.
- (iv) The **Power-Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be capable of automatically regulating dips in voltage caused by connection of demand;
- (v) The **Power Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall:
 - be capable of **Block Load Capability**,

be capable of operating in **LFSM-O** and **LFSM-U**, as specified in ECC.6.3.7.1 and ECC.6.3.7.2

control **Frequency** in case of overfrequency and underfrequency within the whole **Active Power** output range between the **Minimum Regulating Level** and **Maximum Capacity** as well as at houseload operation levels

be capable of parallel operation of a few **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** within an isolated part of the **Total System** that is still supplying **Customers**, and control voltage automatically during the system restoration phase;

- (vi) **Power Park Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC Equipment** which provide a **Black Start Capability**, shall also be capable of satisfying the **Grid Forming Capability** requirements defined in ECC.6.3.19.

ECC.6.3.5.4 Each **HVDC System** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** which has a **Black Start Capability** shall be capable of energising the busbar of an AC substation to which the another **HVDC Converter Station** is connected. The timeframe after shutdown of the **HVDC System** prior to energisation of the AC substation shall be pursuant to the terms of the **Black Start Contract**. The **HVDC System** shall be able to synchronise within the **Frequency** limits defined in ECC.6.1.2.1.2 and voltage limits defined in ECC.6.1.4.1 unless otherwise specified in the **Black Start Contract**. Wider **Frequency** and voltage ranges can be specified in the **Black Start Contract** in order to restore **System** security.

ECC.6.3.5.5 With regard to the capability to take part in operation of an isolated part of the **Total System** that is still supplying **Customers**:

(b)**Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of taking part in island operation if specified in the **Black Start Contract** required by **The Company** and:

the **Frequency** limits for island operation shall be those specified in ECC.6.1.2,

the voltage limits for island operation shall be those defined in ECC.6.1.4;

- (i) **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be able to operate in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** during island operation, as specified in ECC.6.3.7.3. In the event of a power surplus, **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of reducing the **Active Power** output from a previous operating point to any new operating point within the **Power Generating Module Performance Chart**. **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of reducing **Active Power** output as much as inherently technically feasible, but to at least 55 % of **Maximum Capacity**;
- (iii) The method for detecting a change from interconnected system operation to island operation shall be agreed between the **EU Generator**, **The Company** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**. The agreed method of detection must not rely solely on **The Company**, **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** or **Network Operators** switchgear position signals;
- (iv) **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be able to operate in **LFSM-O** and **LFSM-U** during island operation, as specified in ECC.6.3.7.1 and ECC.6.3.7.2;

ECC.6.3.5.6 With regard to quick re-synchronisation capability:

- (b) In case of disconnection of the **Power Generating Module** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** from the **System**, the **Power Generating Module** shall be capable of quick re-synchronisation in line with the **Protection** strategy agreed between **The Company** and/or **Network Operator** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **Generator**;

- (i) A **Power Generating Module** including a **DC Connected Power Park Module** with a minimum re-synchronisation time greater than 15 minutes after its disconnection from any external power supply must be capable of **Houseload Operation** from any operating point on its **Power Generating Module Performance Chart**. In this case, the identification of **Houseload Operation** must not be based solely on the **Total System's** switchgear position signals;
- (ii) **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of **Houseload Operation**, irrespective of any auxiliary connection to the **Total System**. The minimum operation time shall be specified by **The Company**, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of prime mover technology.

ECC.6.3.6 CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS

ECC.6.3.6.1 ACTIVE POWER CONTROL

ECC.6.3.6.1.1 Active Power control in respect of Power Generating Modules including DC Connected Power Park Modules

ECC.6.3.6.1.1.1 **Type A Power Generating Modules** shall be equipped with a logic interface (input port) in order to cease **Active Power** output within five seconds following receipt of a signal from **The Company**. **The Company** shall specify the requirements for such facilities, including the need for remote operation, in the **Bilateral Agreement** where they are necessary for **System** reasons .

ECC.6.3.6.1.1.2 **Type B Power Generating Modules** shall be equipped with an interface (input port) in order to be able to reduce **Active Power** output following receipt of a signal from **The Company**. **The Company** shall specify the requirements for such facilities, including the need for remote operation, in the **Bilateral Agreement** where they are necessary for **System** reasons.

ECC.6.3.6.1.1.3 **Type C and Type D Power Generating Modules and DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of adjusting the **Active Power** setpoint in accordance with instructions issued by **The Company**.

ECC.6.3.6.1.2 Active Power control in respect of HVDC Systems and Remote End HVDC Converter Stations

ECC.6.3.6.1.2.1 **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of adjusting the transmitted **Active Power** upon receipt of an instruction from **The Company** which shall be in accordance with the requirements of BC2.6.1.

ECC.6.3.6.1.2.2 The requirements for fast **Active Power** reversal (if required) shall be specified by **The Company**. Where **Active Power** reversal is specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, each **HVDC System** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** shall be capable of operating from maximum import to maximum export in a time which is as fast as technically feasible or in a time that is no greater than 2 seconds except where a **HVDC Converter Station Owner** has justified to **The Company** that a longer reversal time is required.

ECC.6.3.6.1.2.3 Where an **HVDC System** connects various **Control Areas** or **Synchronous Areas**, each **HVDC System** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** shall be capable of responding to instructions issued by **The Company** under the **Balancing Code** to modify the transmitted **Active Power** for the purposes of cross-border balancing.

ECC.6.3.6.1.2.4 An **HVDC System** shall be capable of adjusting the ramping rate of **Active Power** variations within its technical capabilities in accordance with instructions issued by **The Company** . In case of modification of **Active Power** according to ECC.6.3.15 and ECC.6.3.6.1.2.2, there shall be no adjustment of ramping rate.

ECC.6.3.6.1.2.5 If specified by **The Company**, in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensees**, the control functions of an **HVDC System** shall be capable of taking automatic remedial actions including, but not limited to, stopping the ramping and blocking FSM, LFSM-O, LFSM-U and **Frequency** control. The triggering and blocking criteria shall be specified by **The Company**.

ECC.6.3.6.2 MODULATION OF ACTIVE POWER

ECC.6.3.6.2.1 Each **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **Onshore HVDC Converters** at an **Onshore HVDC Converter Station** must be capable of contributing to **Frequency** control by continuous modulation of **Active Power** supplied to the **National Electricity Transmission System**. For the avoidance of doubt each **Onshore HVDC Converter** at an **Onshore HVDC Converter Station** and/or **OTSDUW DC Converter** shall provide each **EU Code User** in respect of its **Offshore Power Stations** connected to and/or using an **Offshore Transmission System** a continuous signal indicating the real time **Frequency** measured at the **Transmission Interface Point**. A **DC Connected Power Park Module** or **Offshore Power Generating Module** shall be capable of receiving and processing this signal within 100ms.

ECC.6.3.6.3 MODULATION OF REACTIVE POWER

ECC.6.3.6.3.1 Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC.6.3.2, each **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** (and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at a **Transmission Interface Point** and **Remote End HVDC Converter** at an **HVDC Interface Point**) (as applicable) must be capable of contributing to voltage control by continuous changes to the **Reactive Power** supplied to the **National Electricity Transmission System** or the **User System** in which it is **Embedded**.

ECC.6.3.7 FREQUENCY RESPONSE

ECC.6.3.7.1 Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Overfrequency (LFSM-O)

ECC.6.3.7.1.1 Each **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of reducing **Active Power** output in response to **Frequency** on the **Total System** when this rises above 50.4Hz. For the avoidance of doubt, the provision of this reduction in **Active Power** output is not an **Ancillary Service**. Such provision is known as **Limited High Frequency Response**. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of operating stably during **LFSM-O** operation. However for a **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** operating in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** the requirements of **LFSM-O** shall apply when the frequency exceeds 50.5Hz.

- ECC.6.3.7.1.2 (i) The rate of change of **Active Power** output must be at a minimum a rate of 2 percent of output per 0.1 Hz deviation of **System Frequency** above 50.4Hz (ie a **Droop** of 10%) as shown in Figure ECC.6.3.7.1 below. This would not preclude a **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** from designing their **Power Generating Module** with a **Droop** of less than 10% but in all cases the **Droop** should be 2% or greater.
- (ii) The reduction in **Active Power** output must be continuously and linearly proportional, as far as is practicable, to the excess of **Frequency** above 50.4 Hz and must be provided increasingly with time over the period specified in (iii) below.
- (iii) As much as possible of the proportional reduction in **Active Power** output must result from the frequency control device (or speed governor) action and must be achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the **Frequency** increase above 50.4 Hz. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of initiating a power **Frequency** response with an initial delay that is as short as possible. If the delay exceeds 2 seconds the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** shall justify the variation, providing technical evidence to **The Company**.
- (iii) The residue of the proportional reduction in **Active Power** output which results from automatic action of the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power**

Park Modules) or **HVDC System** output control devices other than the frequency control devices (or speed governors) must be achieved within 3 minutes for the time of the **Frequency** increase above 50.4Hz.

- (iv) For the avoidance of doubt, the **LFSM-O** response must be reduced when the **Frequency** falls again and, when to a value less than 50.4Hz, as much as possible of the increase in **Active Power** must be achieved within 10 seconds.
- (v) For **Type A** and **Type B Power Generating Modules** which are not required to have **Frequency Sensitive Mode (FSM)** as described in ECC.6.3.7.3 for deviations in **Frequency** up to 50.9Hz at least half of the proportional reduction in **Active Power** output must be achieved in 10 seconds of the time of the **Frequency** increase above 50.4Hz. For deviations in **Frequency** beyond 50.9Hz the measured rate of change of **Active Power** reduction must exceed 0.5%/sec of the initial output. The **LFSM-O** response must be reduced when the **Frequency** subsequently falls again and when to a value less than 50.4Hz, at least half the increase in **Active Power** must be achieved in 10 seconds. For a **Frequency** excursion returning from beyond 50.9Hz the measured rate of change of **Active Power** increase must exceed 0.5%/second.

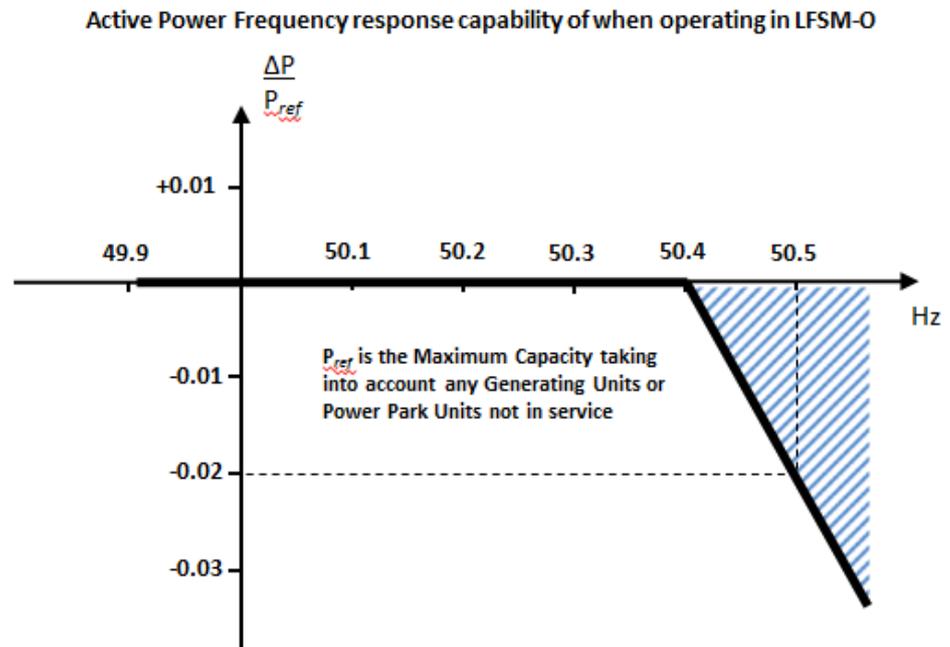


Figure ECC.6.3.7.1 – P_{ref} is the reference **Active Power** to which ΔP is related and ΔP is the change in **Active Power** output from the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System**. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **HVDC Systems**) has to provide a negative **Active Power** output change with a droop of 10% or less based on P_{ref} .

ECC.6.3.7.1.3 Each **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** which is providing **Limited High Frequency Response (LFSM-O)** must continue to provide it until the **Frequency** has returned to or below 50.4Hz or until otherwise instructed by **The Company**. **EU Generators** in respect of **Gensets** and **HVDC Converter Station Owners** in respect of an **HVDC System** should also be aware of the requirements in BC.3.7.2.2.

ECC.6.3.7.1.4 Steady state operation below the **Minimum Stable Operating Level** in the case of **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity** in the case of **HVDC Systems** is not expected but if **System** operating conditions cause operation below the **Minimum Stable Operating Level** or **Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity** which could give rise to operational

difficulties for the **Power Generating Module** including a **DC Connected Power Park Module** or **HVDC Systems** then the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** shall be able to return the output of the **Power Generating Module** including a **DC Connected Power Park Module** to an output of not less than the **Minimum Stable Operating Level** or **HVDC System** to an output of not less than the **Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity**.

ECC.6.3.7.1.5 All reasonable efforts should in the event be made by the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** to avoid such tripping provided that the **System Frequency** is below 52Hz in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.1.2. If the **System Frequency** is at or above 52Hz, the requirement to make all reasonable efforts to avoid tripping does not apply and the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** is required to take action to protect its **Power Generating Modules** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **HVDC Converter Stations**.

ECC.6.3.7.2 Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Underfrequency (LFSM-U)

ECC.6.3.7.2.1 Each **Type C Power Generating Module** and **Type D Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** operating in **Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode** shall be capable of increasing **Active Power** output in response to **System Frequency** when this falls below 49.5Hz. For the avoidance of doubt, the provision of this increase in **Active Power** output is not a mandatory **Ancillary Service** and it is not anticipated **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** are operated in an inefficient mode to facilitate delivery of **LFSM-U** response, but any inherent capability (where available) should be made without undue delay. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of stable operation during **LFSM-U Mode**. For example, a **EU Generator** which is operating with no headroom (eg it is operating at maximum output or is de-loading as part of a run down sequence and has no headroom) would not be required to provide **LFSM-U**.

ECC.6.3.7.2.2 (i) The rate of change of **Active Power** output must be at a minimum a rate of 2 percent of output per 0.1 Hz deviation of **System Frequency** below 49.5Hz (ie a **Droop** of 10%) as shown in Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.2 below. This requirement only applies if the **Power Generating Module** has headroom and the ability to increase **Active Power** output. In the case of a **Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** the requirements of Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.2 shall be reduced pro-rata to the amount of **Power Park Units** in service and available to generate. For the avoidance of doubt, this would not preclude an **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** from designing their **Power Generating Module** with a lower **Droop** setting, for example between 3 – 5%.

(ii) As much as possible of the proportional increase in **Active Power** output must result from the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) action and must be achieved for **Frequencies** below 49.5 Hz. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of initiating a power **Frequency** response with minimal delay. If the delay exceeds 2 seconds the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** shall justify the delay, providing technical evidence to **The Company**).

(iii) The actual delivery of **Active Power Frequency Response** in **LFSM-U** mode shall take into account

The ambient conditions when the response is to be triggered

The operating conditions of the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** in particular limitations on operation near **Maximum Capacity** or **Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity** at low frequencies and the respective impact of ambient conditions as detailed in ECC.6.3.3.

The availability of primary energy sources.

- (iv) In **LFSM_U Mode**, the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC Systems**, shall be capable of providing a power increase up to its **Maximum Capacity** or **Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity** (as applicable).

Active Power Frequency response capability of when operating in LFSM-U

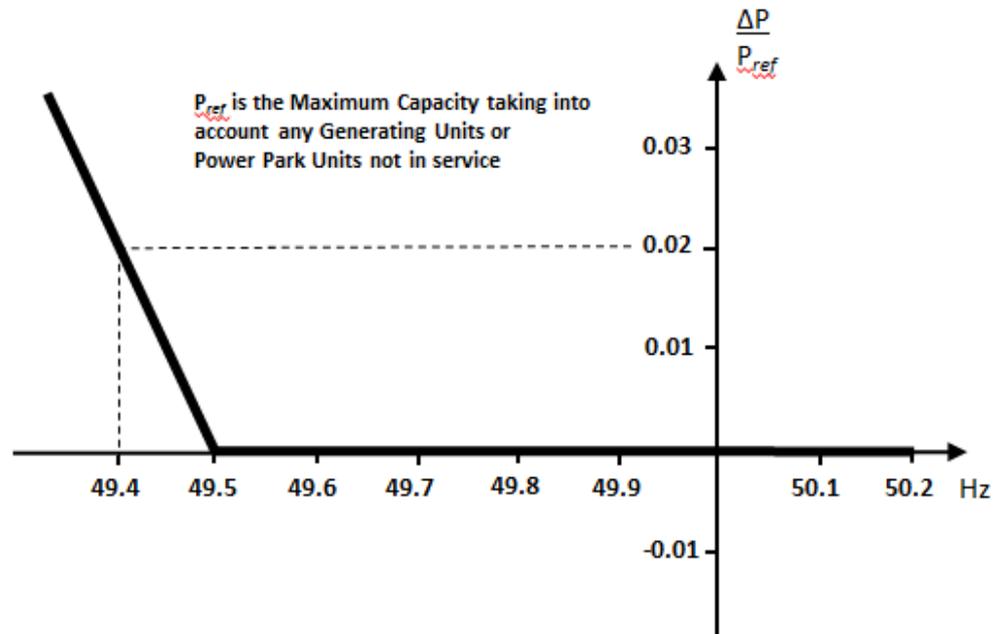


Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.2 – P_{ref} is the reference **Active Power** to which ΔP is related and ΔP is the change in **Active Power** output from the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System**. The **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **HVDC Systems**) has to provide a positive **Active Power** output change with a droop of 10% or less based on P_{ref} .

ECC.6.3.7.2.3 Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode Electricity Storage Modules when operating in an importing mode of operation

ECC.6.3.7.2.3.1 Each **Generator** or **Defence Service Provider** or **Restoration Service Provider** or **Non-Embedded Customer** in respect of an **Electricity Storage Module** is required to meet the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.2.3.1 (a) – (f) except where it has been agreed with **The Company** that such an **Electricity Storage Module** is unable to meet these requirements in which case the requirements of OC6.6.6 shall apply:-

- (a) Be capable of automatically maintaining its **Active Power** output within the shaded operating region shown in Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(a) until the stored energy has been depleted, except in the case where the **Black Start Service Provider** or **Restoration Service Provider** has a **Black Start Contract** in which case the stored energy shall not be depleted below the level required to meet the contractual obligations of their **Black Start Contract**. The **Electricity Storage Module** could initially be operating at any level of import between zero **Active Power** and the **Maximum Import Power** within a **System Frequency** range of 50Hz and 49.5Hz as shown in Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(a). For the avoidance of doubt, the **Electricity Storage Module** would only be required to reach its **Maximum Capacity** if the **Electricity Storage Module** has headroom and the ability to increase **Active Power** output. A typical value of the **Droop** would be 0.6% where this does not result in control system instability or plant difficulties. In all cases the **Droop** shall be between 0.6% and 1.2% and shall be agreed with **The Company**.

- (b) Automatically respond in accordance with the characteristic of Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(a) when the **System Frequency** falls to 49.5Hz and below.
- (c) The reduction in **Active Power** import (during an import mode of operation), and the transition to the final value of **Active Power** output shall be continuously and linearly proportional, as far as is practicable, to the reduction in **Frequency** below 49.5 Hz. **Active Power** output must be provided increasingly with time as required by ECC.6.3.7.2.3.1 (d) below.
- (d) As much as possible of the proportional reduction in **Active Power** import (when the **Electricity Storage Module** is in a mode analogous to **Demand**) must result from the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) action and must be achieved within 10 seconds of the time of the **Frequency** decreases below 49.5 Hz. The **Electricity Storage Module** shall be capable of initiating a power **Frequency** response with an initial delay that is as short as possible. Delays that exceed 2 seconds shall be justified by the **Generator** or **Defence Service Provider** or **Restoration Service Provider** or **Non-Embedded Customer** providing technical evidence to **The Company** and in any event as much as possible of the proportional reduction in **Active Power** import shall be achieved within 10 seconds. This performance requirement is to be maintained when the **Electricity Storage Module** makes the transition to an **Active Power** export mode of operation unless the energy store is depleted, in which case it shall be required to operate at zero **Active Power** output.
- (e) Where the **Electricity Storage Module** is not capable of making a transition from import operation to export operation within 20 seconds of the **System Frequency** falling to 49.2Hz, then it shall then immediately reduce its **Active Power** import to zero.
- (f) If the **Electricity Storage Module** has not achieved at least a zero **Active Power** import when the **System Frequency** has reached 48.9Hz, it shall be instantaneously tripped. Where a **Electricity Storage Module** trips, it shall not be permitted to reconnect to the **System** until instructed by **The Company** in accordance with BC2.5.2 and as provided for in ECC.6.2.2.11.

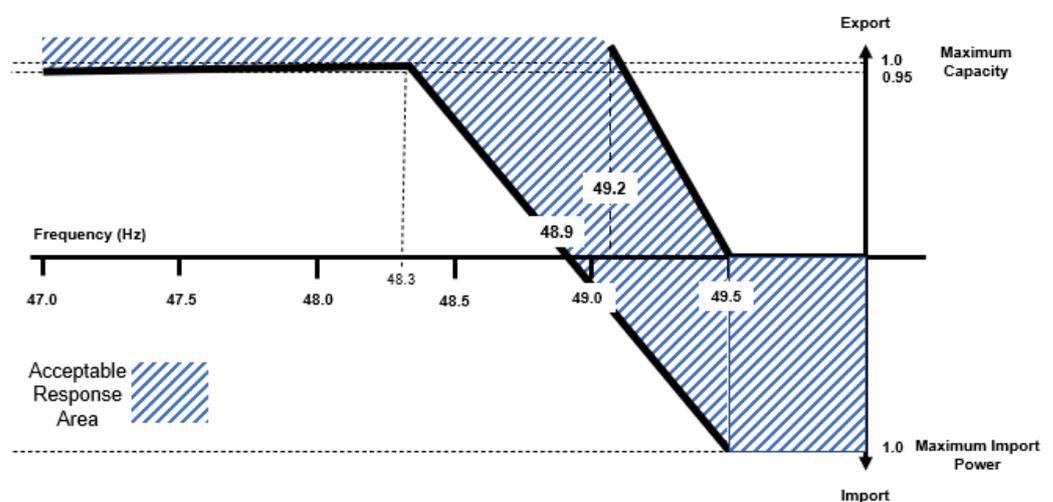


Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(a) **Active Power** performance with falling frequency

ECC.6.3.7.2.3.2 Where an **Electricity Storage Module** has been importing and has responded in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.2.3.1, its performance, once the **System Frequency** starts to rise above the minimum reached, shall be in accordance with Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(b) in respect of the **Active Power** output and **Active Power** import. For example, Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(b), illustrates the four operating points W, X, Y and Z. If points W, X, Y and Z denotes the minimum frequency that the **Total System** reached during a particular low **System Frequency** event, as the **System Frequency** starts to rise, the **Active Power** output of the **Electricity Storage Module** should remain at a constant level (where the energy source has not been depleted) until 49.5Hz is reached as denoted by the dashed black lines. Once the **System Frequency** has risen above 49.5Hz the **Electricity Storage Module** is permitted to reduce **Active Power** output so long as it operates within the shaded area above 49.5Hz shown in Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(b), unless the **Electricity Storage Module** has insufficient capability in which case it shall operate at zero **Active Power**.

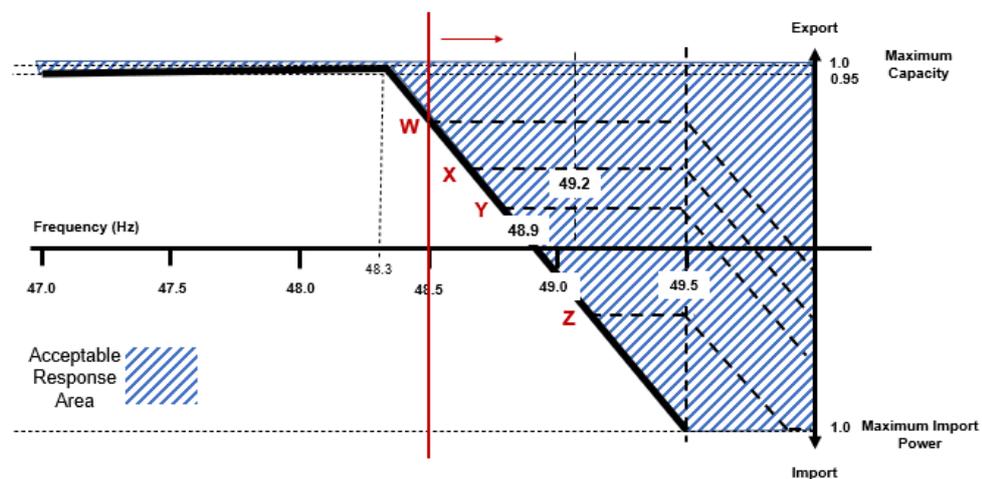


Figure ECC.6.3.7.2.3(b) **Active Power** performance with increasing frequency

ECC.6.3.7.2.3.3 Where an **Electricity Storage Module** is exporting **Active Power** to the **Total System** (including zero) and the **System Frequency** falls below 49.5Hz the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.2.1 and ECC.6.3.7.2.2 shall apply.

ECC.6.3.7.3 Frequency Sensitive Mode – (FSM)

ECC.6.3.7.3.1 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.1 and ECC.6.3.7.2 each **Type C Power Generating Module** and **Type D Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** must be fitted with a fast acting proportional **Frequency** control device (or turbine speed governor) and unit load controller or equivalent control device to provide **Frequency** response under normal operational conditions in accordance with **Balancing Code 3 (BC3)**. In the case of a **Power Park Module** including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**, the **Frequency** or speed control device(s) may be on the **Power Park Module** (including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) or on each individual **Power Park Unit** (including a **Power Park Unit** within a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) or be a combination of both. The **Frequency** control device(s) (or speed governor(s)) must be designed and operated to the appropriate:

- (i) **European Specification:** or

- (ii) in the absence of a relevant **European Specification**, such other standard which is in common use within the European Community (which may include a manufacturer specification);

as at the time when the installation of which it forms part was designed or (in the case of modification or alteration to the **Frequency** control device (or turbine speed governor)) when the modification or alteration was designed.

The **European Specification** or other standard utilised in accordance with sub paragraph ECC.6.3.7.3.1 (a) (ii) will be notified to **The Company** by the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**:

- (i) as part of the application for a **Bilateral Agreement**; or
- (ii) as part of the application for a varied **Bilateral Agreement**; or
- (iii) in the case of an Embedded Development, within 28 days of entry into the Embedded Development Agreement (or such later time as agreed with **The Company**) or
- (iv) as soon as possible prior to any modification or alteration to the **Frequency** control device (or governor); and

ECC.6.3.7.3.2 The **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) in co-ordination with other control devices must control each **Type C Power Generating Module** and **Type D Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems Active Power Output** or **Active Power** transfer capability with stability over the entire operating range of the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC Systems** ; and

ECC.6.3.7.3.3 **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall also meet the following minimum requirements:

- (i) capable of providing **Active Power Frequency** response in accordance with the performance characteristic shown in Figure 6.3.7.3.3(a) and parameters in Table 6.3.7.3.3(a)

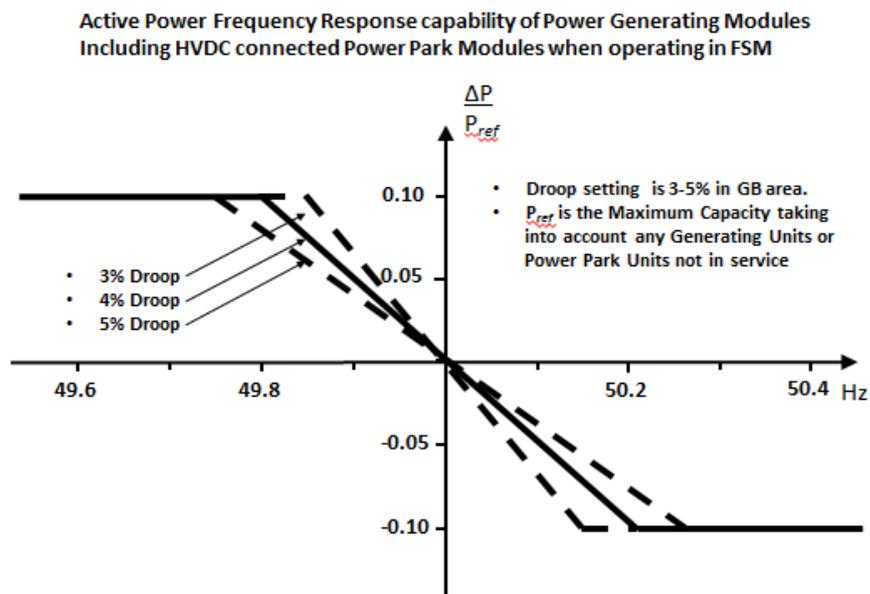


Figure 6.3.7.3.3(a) – **Frequency Sensitive Mode** capability of **Power Generating Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**

Parameter	Setting
Nominal System Frequency	50Hz

Active Power as a percentage of Maximum Capacity ($\frac{ \Delta P_1 }{P_{max}}$)	10%
Frequency Response Insensitivity in mHz ($ \Delta f_i $)	±15mHz
Frequency Response Insensitivity as a percentage of nominal frequency ($\frac{ \Delta f_i }{f_n}$)	±0.03%
Frequency Response Deadband in mHz	0 (mHz)
Droop (%)	3 – 5%

Table 6.3.7.3.3(a) – Parameters for **Active Power Frequency** response in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** including the mathematical expressions in Figure 6.3.7.3.3(a).

- (ii) In satisfying the performance requirements specified in ECC.6.3.7.3(i) **EU Generators** in respect of each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules and DC Connected Power Park Module** should be aware:-

in the case of overfrequency, the **Active Power Frequency** response is limited by the **Minimum Regulating Level**,

in the case of underfrequency, the **Active Power Frequency** response is limited by the **Maximum Capacity**,

the actual delivery of **Active Power** frequency response depends on the operating and ambient conditions of the **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) when this response is triggered, in particular limitations on operation near **Maximum Capacity** at low **Frequencies** as specified in ECC.6.3.3 and available primary energy sources.

The frequency control device (or speed governor) must also be capable of being set so that it operates with an overall speed **Droop** of between 3 – 5%. The **Frequency Response Deadband** and **Droop** must be able to be reselected repeatedly. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of a **Power Park Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) the speed **Droop** should be equivalent of a fixed setting between 3% and 5% applied to each **Power Park Unit** in service.

- (iii) In the event of a **Frequency** step change, each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** and **DC Connected Power Park Module** shall be capable of activating full and stable **Active Power Frequency** response (without undue power oscillations), in accordance with the performance characteristic shown in Figure 6.3.7.3.3(b) and parameters in Table 6.3.7.3.3(b).

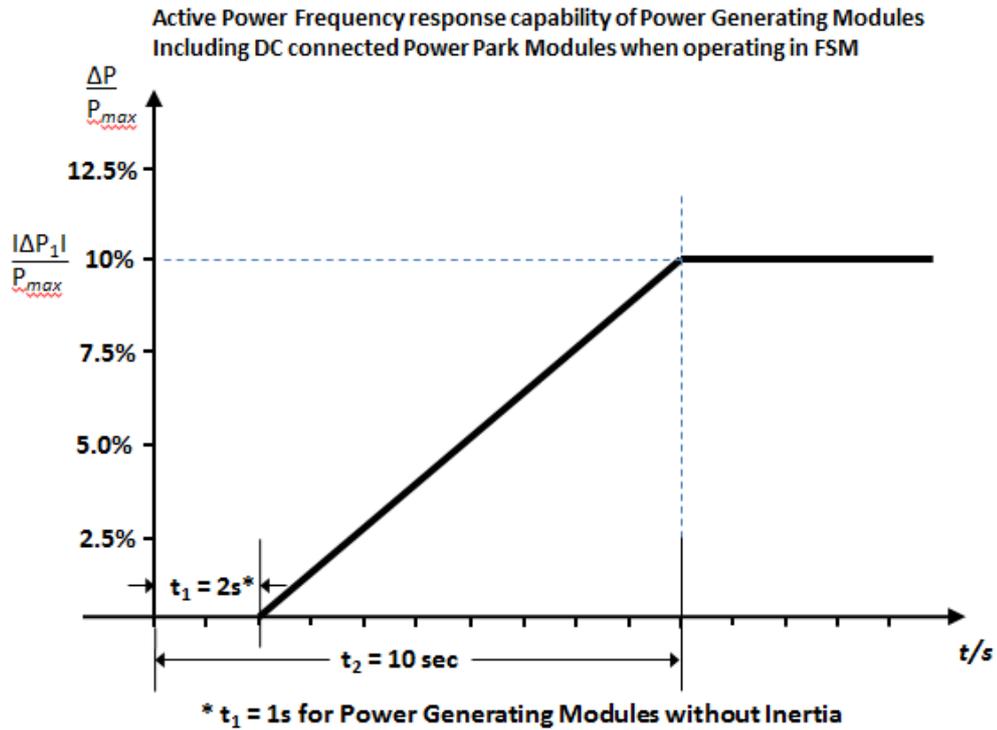


Figure 6.3.7.3.3(b) **Active Power Frequency Response** capability.

Parameter	Setting
Active Power as a percentage of Maximum Capacity (frequency response range) $(\frac{ \Delta P_1 }{P_{max}})$	10%
Maximum admissible initial delay t_1 for Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) with inertia unless justified as specified in ECC.6.3.7.3.3 (iv)	2 seconds
Maximum admissible initial delay t_1 for Power Generating Modules (including DC Connected Power Park Modules) which do not contribute to System inertia unless justified as specified in ECC.6.3.7.3.3 (iv)	1 second
Activation time t_2	10 seconds

Table 6.3.7.3.3(b) – Parameters for full activation of **Active Power Frequency** response resulting from a **Frequency** step change. Table 6.3.7.3.3(b) also includes the mathematical expressions used in Figure 6.3.7.3.3(b).

- (iv) The initial activation of **Active Power Primary Frequency** response shall not be unduly delayed. For **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) with inertia the delay in initial **Active Power Frequency** response shall not be greater than 2 seconds. For **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) without inertia, the delay in initial **Active Power Frequency** response shall not be greater than 1 second. If the **Generator** cannot meet this requirement they shall provide technical evidence to **The Company** demonstrating why a longer time is needed for the initial activation of **Active Power Frequency** response.
- (v) in the case of **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) other than the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module** the combined effect of the **Frequency Response Insensitivity** and **Frequency Response Deadband** of the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) should be no greater than 0.03Hz (for the avoidance of doubt, $\pm 0.015\text{Hz}$). In the case of the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module**, the **Frequency Response Deadband** should be set to an appropriate value consistent with the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.3.5(ii) and the requirements of BC3.7.2.2 for the provision of **LFSM-O** taking account of any **Frequency Response Insensitivity** of the Frequency control device (or speed governor);

ECC.6.3.7.3.4 **HVDC Systems** shall also meet the following minimum requirements:

- (i) **HVDC Systems** shall be capable of responding to **Frequency** deviations in each connected **AC System** by adjusting their **Active Power** import or export as shown in Figure 6.3.7.3.4(a) with the corresponding parameters in Table 6.3.7.3.4(a).

Active Power Frequency response capability of HVDC systems when operating in FSI

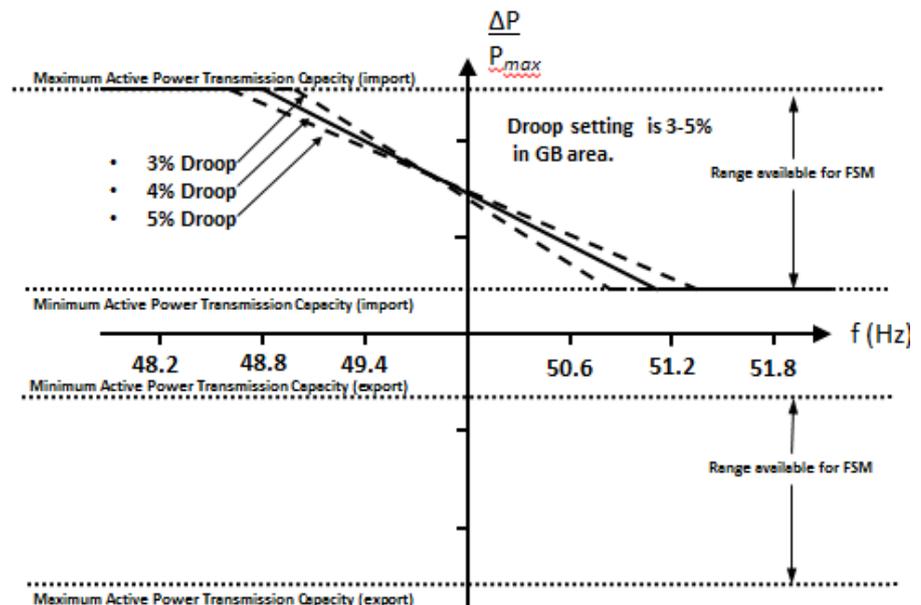


Figure 6.3.7.3.4(a) – **Active Power** frequency response capability of a **HVDC System** operating in **Frequency Sensitive Mode (FSM)**. ΔP is the change in active power output from the **HVDC System**.

Parameter	Setting
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Frequency Response Deadband	0
Droop S1 and S2 (upward and downward regulation) where S1=S2.	3 – 5%
Frequency Response Insensitivity	±15mHz

Table 6.3.7.3.4(a) – Parameters for **Active Power Frequency** response in **FSM** including the mathematical expressions in Figure 6.3.7.3.4.

- (ii) Each **HVDC System** shall be capable of adjusting the **Droop** for both upward and downward regulation and the **Active Power** range over which **Frequency Sensitive Mode** of operation is available as defined in ECC.6.3.7.3.4.
- (iii) In addition to the requirements in ECC.6.3.7.4(i) and ECC.6.3.7.4(ii) each **HVDC System** shall be capable of:-

delivering the response as soon as technically feasible

delivering the response on or above the solid line in Figure 6.3.7.3.4(b) in accordance with the parameters shown in Table 6.3.7.3.4(b)

initiating the delivery of **Primary Response** in no less than 0.5 seconds unless otherwise agreed with **The Company**. Where the initial delay time (t_1 – as shown in Figure 6.3.7.3.4(b)) is longer than 0.5 seconds the **HVDC Converter Station Owner** shall reasonably justify it to **The Company**.

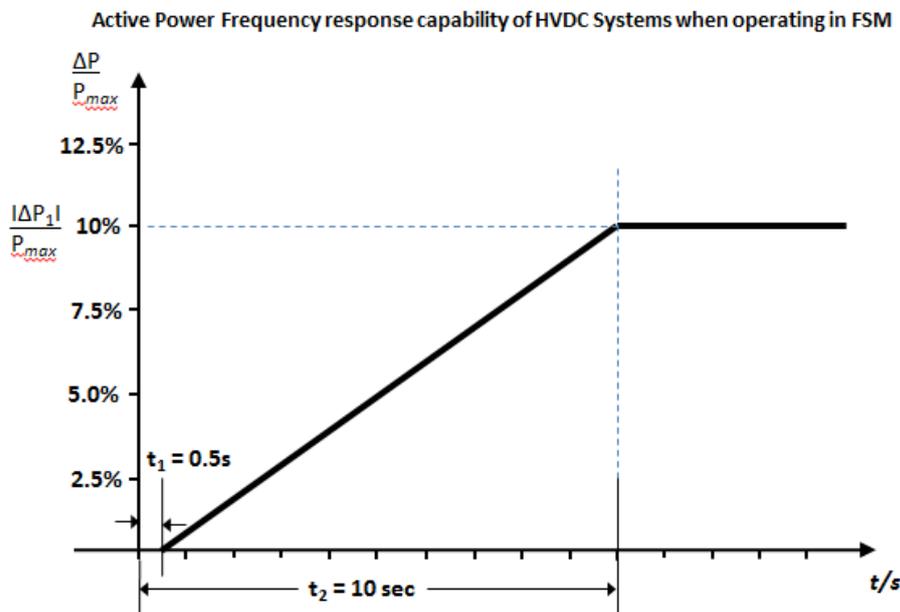


Figure 6.3.7.3.4(b) **Active Power Frequency Response** capability of a **HVDC System**. ΔP is the change in **Active Power** triggered by the step change in frequency

Parameter	Setting
Active Power as a percentage of Maximum Capacity (frequency response range) ($\frac{\Delta P_1}{P_{max}}$)	10%
Maximum admissible delay t_1	0.5 seconds

Maximum admissible time for full activation t_2 , unless longer activation times are agreed with The Company	10 seconds
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Table 6.3.7.3.4(b) – Parameters for full activation of **Active Power Frequency** response resulting from a **Frequency** step change.

- (iv) For **HVDC Systems** connecting various **Synchronous Areas**, each **HVDC System** shall be capable of adjusting the full **Active Power Frequency Response** when operating in **Frequency Sensitive Mode** at any time and for a continuous time period. In addition, the **Active Power** controller of each **HVDC System** shall not have any adverse impact on the delivery of frequency response.
- ECC.6.3.7.3.5 For **HVDC Systems** and **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**), other than the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module** the combined effect of the **Frequency Response Insensitivity** and **Frequency Response Deadband** of the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) should be no greater than 0.03Hz (for the avoidance of doubt, $\pm 0.015\text{Hz}$). In the case of the **Steam Unit** within a **CCGT Module**, the **Frequency Response Deadband** should be set to an appropriate value consistent with the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.3.5(ii) and the requirements of BC3.7.2.2 for the provision of **LFSM-O** taking account of any **Frequency Response Insensitivity** of the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor);
- (i) With regard to disconnection due to underfrequency, **EU Generators** responsible for **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) capable of acting as a load, including but not limited to **Pumped Storage** and tidal **Power Generating Modules**, **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**, shall be capable of disconnecting their load in case of underfrequency which will be agreed with **The Company**. For the avoidance of doubt this requirement does not apply to station auxiliary supplies; **EU Generators** in respect of **Type C** and **Type D Pumped Storage Power Generating Modules** should also be aware of the requirements in OC.6.6.6.
- (ii) Where a **Type C** or **Type D Power Generating Module**, **DC Connected Power Park Module** or **HVDC System** becomes isolated from the rest of the **Total System** but is still supplying **Customers**, the **Frequency** control device (or speed governor) must also be able to control **System Frequency** below 52Hz unless this causes the **Type C** or **Type D Power Generating Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** to operate below its **Minimum Regulating Level** or **Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity** when it is possible that it may, as detailed in BC 3.7.3, trip after a time. For the avoidance of doubt **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC Systems** are only required to operate within the **System Frequency** range 47 - 52 Hz as defined in ECC.6.1.2 and for converter based technologies, the remaining island contains sufficient fault level for effective commutation;
- (iii) Each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** and **HVDC Systems** shall have the facility to modify the **Target Frequency** setting either continuously or in a maximum of 0.05Hz steps over at least the range $50 \pm 0.1\text{Hz}$ should be provided in the unit load controller or equivalent device.
- ECC.6.3.7.3.6 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.7.3 each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** and **HVDC System** shall be capable of meeting the minimum **Frequency** response requirement profile subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Appendix A3.
- ECC.6.3.7.3.7 For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of Appendix A3 do not apply to **Type A** and **Type B Power Generating Modules**.

- ECC.6.3.8 EXCITATION AND VOLTAGE CONTROL PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
- ECC.6.3.8.1 Excitation Performance Requirements for Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules
- ECC.6.3.8.1.1 Each **Synchronous Generating Unit** within a **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall be equipped with a permanent automatic excitation control system that shall have the capability to provide constant terminal voltage control at a selectable setpoint without instability over the entire operating range of the **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Module**.
- ECC.6.3.8.1.2 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.8.1.1, **The Company** or the relevant **Network Operator** will specify if the control system of the **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall contribute to voltage control or **Reactive Power** control or **Power Factor** control at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or other defined busbar). The performance requirements of the control system including slope (where applicable) shall be agreed between **The Company** and/or the relevant **Network Operator** and the **EU Generator**.
- ECC.6.3.8.2 Voltage Control Requirements for Type B Power Park Modules
- ECC.6.3.8.2.1 **The Company** or the relevant **Network Operator** will specify if the control system of the **Type B Power Park Module** shall contribute to voltage control or **Reactive Power** control or **Power Factor** control at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or other defined busbar). The performance requirements of the control system including slope (where applicable) shall be agreed between **The Company** and/or the relevant **Network Operator** and the **EU Generator**.
- ECC.6.3.8.3 Excitation Performance Requirements for Type C and Type D Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules
- ECC.6.3.8.3.1 Each **Synchronous Generating Unit** within a **Type C** and **Type D Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules** shall be equipped with a permanent automatic excitation control system that shall have the capability to provide constant terminal voltage control at a selectable setpoint without instability over the entire operating range of the **Synchronous Power Generating Module**.
- ECC.6.3.8.3.2 The requirements for excitation control facilities are specified in ECC.A.6. Any site specific requirements shall be specified by **The Company** or the relevant **Network Operator**.
- ECC.6.3.8.3.3 Unless otherwise required for testing in accordance with OC5.A.2, the automatic excitation control system of an **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall always be operated such that it controls the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage to a value that is
- equal to its rated value: or
 - only where provisions have been made in the **Bilateral Agreement**, greater than its rated value.
- ECC.6.3.8.3.4 In particular, other control facilities including constant **Reactive Power** output control modes and constant **Power Factor** control modes (but excluding VAR limiters) are not required. However if present in the excitation or voltage control system they will be disabled unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or the relevant **Network Operator**. Operation of such control facilities will be in accordance with the provisions contained in **BC2**.
- ECC.6.3.8.3.5 The excitation performance requirements for **Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules** with an **Offshore Grid Entry Point** shall be specified by **The Company**.
- ECC.6.3.8.4 Voltage Control Performance Requirements for Type C and Type D Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore HVDC Converters and OTSUW Plant and Apparatus at the Interface Point

- ECC.6.3.8.4.1 Each **Type C** and **Type D Onshore Power Park Module, Onshore HVDC Converter** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** shall be fitted with a continuously acting automatic control system to provide control of the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) without instability over the entire operating range of the **Onshore Power Park Module, or Onshore HVDC Converter** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**. Any **Plant** or **Apparatus** used in the provisions of such voltage control within an **Onshore Power Park Module** may be located at the **Power Park Unit** terminals, an appropriate intermediate busbar or the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**. In the case of an **Onshore HVDC Converter** at a **HVDC Converter Station** any **Plant** or **Apparatus** used in the provisions of such voltage control may be located at any point within the **User's Plant and Apparatus** including the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**. **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** used in the provision of such voltage control may be located at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** an appropriate intermediate busbar or at the **Interface Point**. When operating below 20% **Maximum Capacity** the automatic control system may continue to provide voltage control using any available reactive capability. If voltage control is not being provided, the automatic control system shall be designed to ensure a smooth transition between the shaded area below 20% of **Active Power** output and the non-shaded area above 20% of **Active Power** output in Figure ECC.6.3.2.4(c) and Figure ECC.6.3.2.6(b) The performance requirements for a continuously acting automatic voltage control system that shall be complied with by the **User** in respect of **Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore HVDC Converters** at an **Onshore HVDC Converter Station, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point** are defined in ECC.A.7.
- ECC.6.3.8.4.3 In particular, other control facilities, including constant **Reactive Power** output control modes and constant **Power Factor** control modes (but excluding VAR limiters) are not required. However if present in the voltage control system they will be disabled unless otherwise agreed with **The Company** or the relevant **Network Operator**. Operation of such control facilities will be in accordance with the provisions contained in BC2. Where **Reactive Power** output control modes and constant **Power Factor** control modes have been fitted within the voltage control system they shall be required to satisfy the requirements of ECC.A.7.3 and ECC.A.7.4.
- ECC.6.3.8.5 Excitation Control Performance requirements applicable to AC Connected **Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules** and voltage control performance requirements applicable to AC connected **Offshore Power Park Modules, DC Connected Power Park Modules** and **Remote End HVDC Converters**
- ECC.6.3.8.5.1 A continuously acting automatic control system is required to provide control of **Reactive Power** (as specified in ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.3.2.6) at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** (or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of **Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Modules** and **Remote End HVDC Converters**) without instability over the entire operating range of the AC connected **Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** or **Configuration 1 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Modules** or **Remote End HVDC Converter**. The performance requirements for this automatic control system will be specified by **The Company** which would be consistent with the requirements of ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.3.2.6.
- ECC.6.3.8.5.2 A continuously acting automatic control system is required to provide control of **Reactive Power** (as specified in ECC.6.3.2.8) at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** (or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules**) without instability over the entire operating range of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules**. otherwise the requirements of ECC.6.3.2.6 shall apply. The performance requirements for this automatic control system are specified in ECC.A.8
- ECC.6.3.8.5.3 In addition to ECC.6.3.8.5.1 and ECC.6.3.8.5.2 the requirements for excitation or voltage control facilities, including **Power System Stabilisers**, where these are necessary for system reasons, will be specified by **The Company**. Reference is made to on-load commissioning witnessed by **The Company** in BC2.11.2.

ECC.6.3.9 STEADY STATE LOAD INACCURACIES

ECC.6.3.9.1 The standard deviation of **Load** error at steady state **Load** over a 30 minute period must not exceed 2.5 per cent of a **Type C** or **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) **Maximum Capacity**. Where a **Type C** or **Type D Power Generating Module** (including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) is instructed to **Frequency** sensitive operation, allowance will be made in determining whether there has been an error according to the governor droop characteristic registered under the **PC**.

For the avoidance of doubt in the case of a **Power Park Module** (excluding a **Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Module**) an allowance will be made for the full variation of mechanical power output.

In the case of an **Electricity Storage Module**, an allowance will be made for the storage reserve capability of the **Electricity Storage Module**.

ECC.6.3.10 NEGATIVE PHASE SEQUENCE LOADINGS

ECC.6.3.10.1 In addition to meeting the conditions specified in ECC.6.1.5(b), each **Synchronous Power Generating Module** will be required to withstand, without tripping, the negative phase sequence loading incurred by clearance of a close-up phase-to-phase fault, by **System Back-Up Protection** on the **National Electricity Transmission System** or **User System** located **Onshore** in which it is **Embedded**.

ECC.6.3.11 NEUTRAL EARTHING

ECC.6.3.11 At nominal **System** voltages of 110kV and above the higher voltage windings of a transformer of a **Power Generating Module** or **HVDC Equipment** or transformer resulting from **OTSDUW** must be star connected with the star point suitable for connection to earth. The earthing and lower voltage winding arrangement shall be such as to ensure that the **Earth Fault Factor** requirement of paragraph ECC.6.2.1.1 (b) will be met on the **National Electricity Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of 110kV and above.

ECC.6.3.12 FREQUENCY AND VOLTAGE DEVIATIONS

ECC.6.3.12.1 As stated in ECC.6.1.2, the **System Frequency** could rise to 52Hz or fall to 47Hz. Each **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) must continue to operate within this **Frequency** range for at least the periods of time given in ECC.6.1.2 unless **The Company** has specified any requirements for combined **Frequency** and voltage deviations which are required to ensure the best use of technical capabilities of **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) if required to preserve or restore system security.- Notwithstanding this requirement, **EU Generators** should also be aware of the requirements of ECC.6.3.13.

ECC.6.3.13 FREQUENCY, RATE OF CHANGE OF FREQUENCY AND VOLTAGE PROTECTION SETTING ARRANGEMENTS

ECC.6.3.13.1 **EU Generators** (including in respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) and **HVDC System Owners** will be responsible for protecting all their **Power Generating Modules** (and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) or **HVDC Equipment** against damage should **Frequency** excursions outside the range 52Hz to 47Hz ever occur. Should such excursions occur, it is up to the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** to decide whether to disconnect their **Apparatus** for reasons of safety of **Apparatus, Plant** and/or personnel.

ECC.6.3.13.2 Each **Power Park Module** with a **Grid Forming Capability** as provided for in ECC.6.3.19, when connected and synchronised to the **System**, is required to be capable of withstanding without tripping a rate of change of **Frequency** up to and including 2 Hz per second as measured over a rolling 500 milliseconds period. All other **Power Generating Modules** when connected and synchronised to the **System**, shall be capable of withstanding without tripping a rate of change of **Frequency** up to and including 1 Hz per second as measured over a rolling 500 milliseconds period. Voltage dips may cause localised rate of change of **Frequency** values in excess of 1 Hz per second (or 2Hz/s in the case of **Power Park Modules** with a **Grid Forming Capability**) for short periods, and in these cases, the requirements under

ECC.6.3.15 (fault ride through) supersedes this clause. For the avoidance of doubt, this requirement relates to the capabilities of **Power Generating Modules** only and does not impose the need for rate of change of **Frequency** protection nor does it impose a specific setting for anti-islanding or loss-of-mains protection relays.

ECC.6.3.13.3 Each **HVDC System** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Station** when connected and synchronised to the **System**, shall be capable of withstanding without tripping a rate of change of **Frequency** up to and including ± 2.5 Hz per second as measured over the previous 1 second period. Voltage dips may cause localised rate of change of **Frequency** values in excess of ± 2.5 Hz per second for short periods, and in these cases, the requirements under ECC.6.3.15 (fault ride through) supersedes this clause. For the avoidance of doubt, this requirement relates to the capabilities of **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** only and does not impose the need for rate of change of **Frequency** protection nor does it impose a specific setting for anti-islanding or loss-of-mains protection relays.

ECC.6.3.13.4 Each **DC Connected Power Park Module** when connected to the **System**, shall be capable of withstanding without tripping a rate of change of **Frequency** up to and including ± 2.0 Hz per second as measured over the previous 1 second period. **Voltage** dips may cause localised rate of change of **Frequency** values in excess of ± 2.0 Hz per second for short periods, and in these cases, the requirements under ECC.6.3.15 (fault ride through) supersedes this clause. For the avoidance of doubt, this requirement relates to the capabilities of **DC Connected Power Park Modules** only and does not impose the need for rate of change of **Frequency** protection nor does it impose a specific setting for anti-islanding or loss-of-mains protection relays.

ECC.6.3.13.5 As stated in ECC.6.1.2, the **System Frequency** could rise to 52Hz or fall to 47Hz and the **System** voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** could rise or fall within the values outlined in ECC.6.1.4. Each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or any constituent element must continue to operate within this **Frequency** range for at least the periods of time given in ECC.6.1.2 and voltage range as defined in ECC.6.1.4 unless **The Company** has agreed to any simultaneous overvoltage and underfrequency relays and/or simultaneous undervoltage and over frequency relays which will trip such **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**), and any constituent element within this **Frequency** or voltage range. In the case of **Grid Forming Plant**, **Grid Forming Plant Owners** are also required to satisfy the **System Frequency** and **System** voltage requirements as defined in ECC.6.3.19.

ECC.6.3.14 FAST START CAPABILITY

ECC.6.3.14.1 It may be agreed in the **Bilateral Agreement** that a **Genset** shall have a **Fast-Start Capability**. Such **Gensets** may be used for **Operating Reserve** and their **Start-Up** may be initiated by **Frequency**-level relays with settings in the range 49Hz to 50Hz as specified pursuant to **OC2**.

ECC.6.3.15 FAULT RIDE THROUGH

ECC.6.3.15.1 General **Fault Ride Through** requirements, principles and concepts applicable to **Type B**, **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** subject to faults up to 140ms in duration

ECC.6.3.15.1.1 ECC.6.3.15.1 – ECC.6.3.15.8 section sets out the **Fault Ride Through** requirements on **Type B**, **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules**, **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and **HVDC Equipment** that shall apply in the event of a fault lasting up to 140ms in duration.

ECC.6.3.15.1.2 Each **Power Generating Module, Power Park Module, HVDC Equipment and OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is required to remain connected and stable for any balanced and unbalanced fault where the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** or (**HVDC Interface Point** in the case of **Remote End DC Converter Stations** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) remains on or above the heavy black line defined in sections ECC.6.3.15.2 – ECC.6.3.15.7 below. For up to 30 minutes following such a fault event each **Power Generating Module, Power Park Module, HVDC Equipment and OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is required to remain connected and stable provided **System** operating conditions have returned within those specified in ECC.6.1.

ECC.6.3.15.1.3 The voltage against time curves defined in ECC.6.3.15.2 – ECC.6.3.15.7 expresses the lower limit (expressed as the ratio of its actual value and its reference 1pu) of the actual course of the phase to phase voltage (or phase to earth voltage in the case of asymmetrical/unbalanced faults) on the **System** voltage level at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) during a symmetrical or asymmetrical/unbalanced fault, as a function of time before, during and after the fault.

ECC.6.3.15.2 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules**

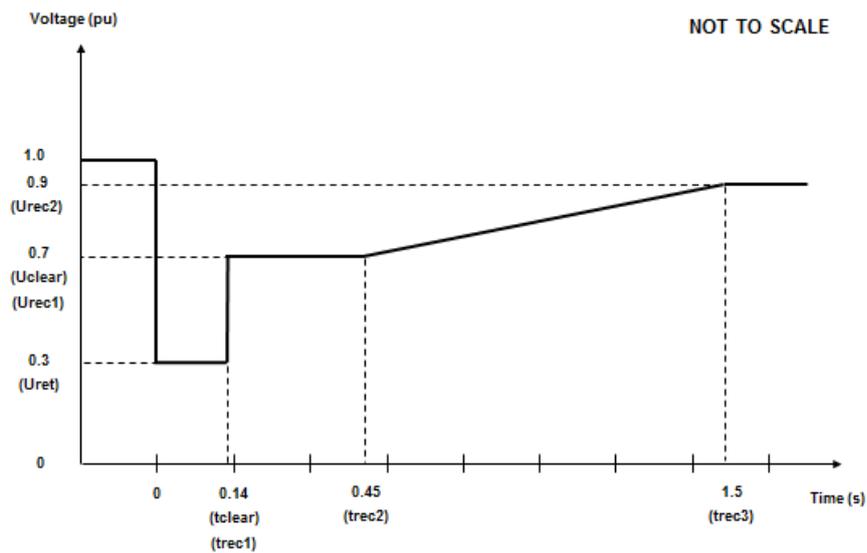


Figure ECC.6.3.15.2 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules**

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0.3	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0.7	trec1	0.14
Urec1	0.7	trec2	0.45
Urec2	0.9	trec3	1.5

Table ECC.6.3.15.2 Voltage against time parameters applicable to **Type B Synchronous Power Generating Modules**

ECC.6.3.15.3 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to **Type C and D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected below 110kV

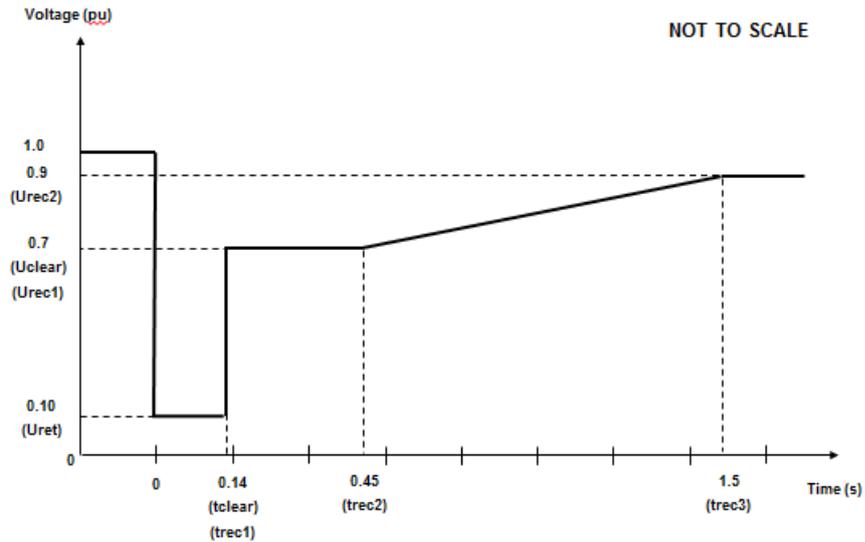


Figure ECC.6.3.15.3 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **Type C and D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected below 110kV

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0.1	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0.7	trec1	0.14
Urec1	0.7	trec2	0.45
Urec2	0.9	trec3	1.5

Table ECC.6.3.15.3 Voltage against time parameters applicable to **Type C and D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected below 110kV

ECC.6.3.15.4 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected at or above 110kV

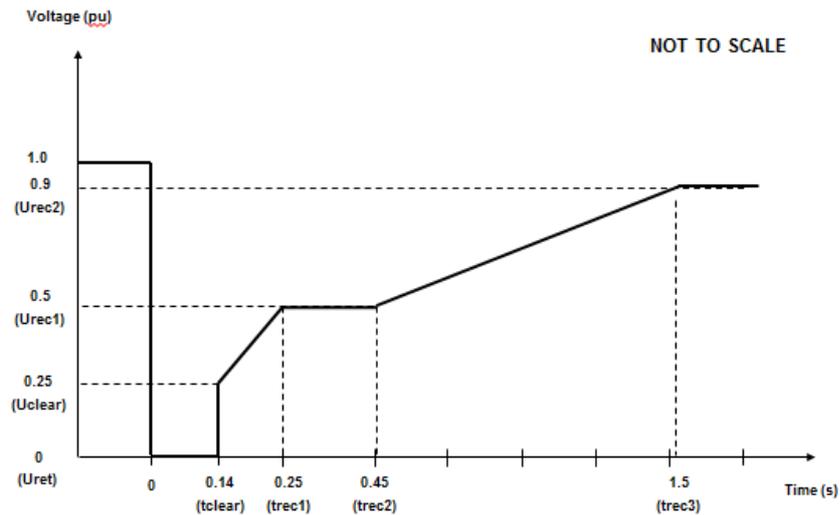


Figure ECC.6.3.15.4 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected at or above 110kV

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0.25	trec1	0.25
Urec1	0.5	trec2	0.45
Urec2	0.9	trec3	1.5

Table ECC.6.3.15.4 Voltage against time parameters applicable to **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** connected at or above 110kV

ECC.6.3.15.5 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to **Type B, C and D Power Park Modules** connected below 110kV

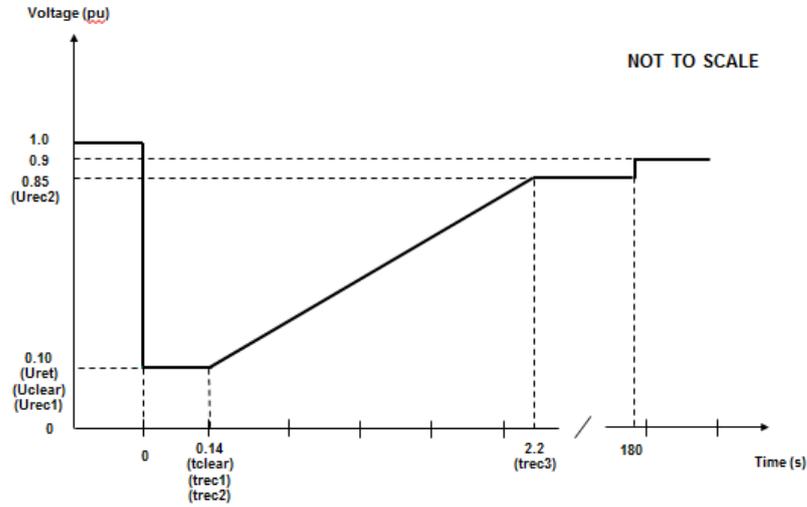


Figure ECC.6.3.15.5 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **Type B, C and D Power Park Modules** connected below 110kV

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0.10	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0.10	trec1	0.14
Urec1	0.10	trec2	0.14
Urec2	0.85	trec3	2.2

Table ECC.6.3.15.5 Voltage against time parameters applicable to **Type B, C and D Power Park Modules** connected below 110kV

ECC.6.3.15.6 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to **Type D Power Park Modules** with a **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** at or above 110kV, **DC Connected Power Park Modules** at the **HVDC Interface Point** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point**.

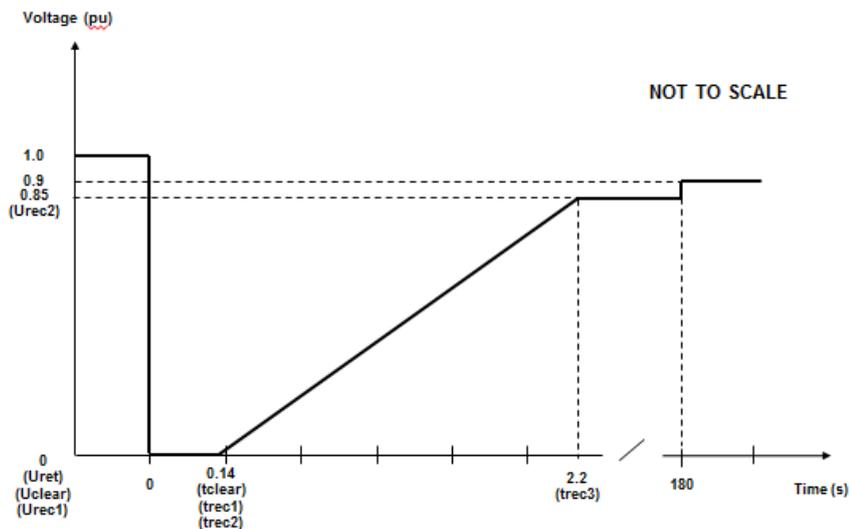


Figure ECC.6.3.15.6 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **Type D Power Park Modules** with a **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** at or above 110kV, **DC Connected Power Park Modules** at the **HVDC Interface Point** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point**.

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0	trec1	0.14
Urec1	0	trec2	0.14
Urec2	0.85	trec3	2.2

Table ECC.6.3.15.6 Voltage against time parameters applicable to a **Type D Power Park Modules** with a **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** at or above 110kV, **DC Connected Power Park Modules** at the **HVDC Interface Point** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point**.

ECC.6.3.15.7 Voltage against time curve and parameters applicable to HVDC Systems and Remote End HVDC Converter Stations

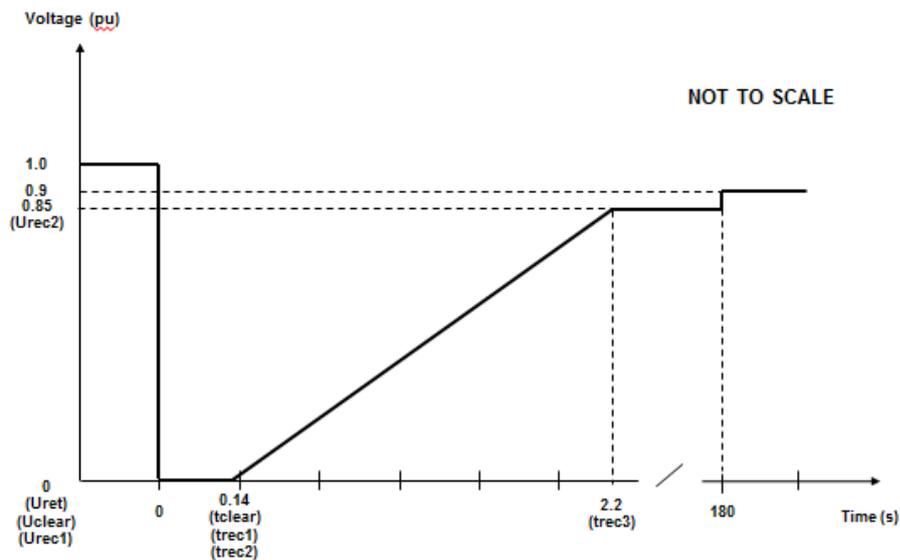


Figure ECC.6.3.15.7 - Voltage against time curve applicable to **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**

Voltage parameters (pu)		Time parameters (seconds)	
Uret	0	tclear	0.14
Uclear	0	trec1	0.14
Urec1	0	trec2	0.14
Urec2	0.85	trec3	2.2

Table ECC.6.3.15.7 Voltage against time parameters applicable to **HVDC Systems** and **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**

ECC.6.3.15.8 In addition to the requirements in ECC.6.3.15.1 – ECC.6.3.15.7:

- (i) Each **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Generating Module** at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**, **HVDC Equipment** (or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point**) shall be capable of satisfying the above requirements when operating at **Rated MW** output and maximum leading **Power Factor**.
- (ii) **The Company** will specify upon request by the **User** the pre-fault and post fault short circuit capacity (in MVA) at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of a remote end **HVDC Converter Stations** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**).
- (iii) The pre-fault voltage shall be taken to be 1.0pu and the post fault voltage shall not be less than 0.9pu.
- (iv) To allow a **User** to model the **Fault Ride Through** performance of its **Type B, Type C and/or Type D Power Generating Modules** or **HVDC Equipment**, **The Company** will provide additional network data as may reasonably be required by the **EU Code User** to undertake such study work in accordance with PC.A.8. Alternatively, **The Company** may provide generic values derived from typical cases.
- (v) **The Company** will publish fault level data under maximum and minimum demand conditions in the **Electricity Ten Year Statement**.
- (vi) Each **EU Generator** (in respect of **Type B, Type C, Type D Power Generating Modules** and **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **HVDC System Owners** (in respect of **HVDC Systems**) shall satisfy the requirements in ECC.6.3.15.8(i) – (vii) unless the protection schemes and settings for internal electrical faults trips the **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Generating Module, HVDC Equipment** (or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) from the **System**. The protection schemes and settings should not jeopardise **Fault Ride Through** performance as specified in ECC.6.3.15.8(i) – (vii). The undervoltage protection at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of a **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) shall be set by the **EU Generator** (or **HVDC System Owner** or **OTSDUA** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) according to the widest possible range unless **The Company** and the **EU Code User** have agreed to narrower settings. All protection settings associated with undervoltage protection shall be agreed between the **EU Generator** and/or **HVDC System Owner** with **The Company** and **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** and relevant **Network Operator** (as applicable).
- (vii) Each **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Generating Module, HVDC System** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point** shall be designed such that upon clearance of the fault on the **Onshore Transmission System** and within 0.5 seconds of restoration of the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** in the case of a **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** to 90% of nominal voltage or greater, **Active Power** output (or **Active Power** transfer capability in the case of **OTSDW Plant and Apparatus** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**) shall be restored to at least 90% of the level immediately before the fault. Once **Active Power** output (or **Active Power** transfer capability in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Remote End HVDC Converter Stations**) has been restored to the required level, **Active Power** oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:
 - The total **Active Energy** delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the **Active Power** was constant
 - The oscillations are adequately damped.
 - In the event of power oscillations, **Power Generating Modules** shall retain steady state stability when operating at any point on the **Power Generating Module Performance Chart**.

For AC Connected **Onshore** and **Offshore Power Park Modules** comprising switched reactive compensation equipment (such as mechanically switched capacitors and reactors), such switched reactive compensation equipment shall be controlled such that it is not switched in or out of service during the fault but may act to assist in post fault voltage recovery.

ECC.6.3.15.9 General Fault Ride Through requirements for faults in excess of 140ms in duration.

ECC.6.3.15.9.1 General Fault Ride Through requirements applicable to HVDC Equipment and OTSDUW DC Converters subject to faults and voltage dips in excess of 140ms.

ECC.6.3.15.9.1.1 The requirements applicable to **HVDC Equipment** including **OTSDUW DC Converters** subject to faults and voltage disturbances at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** or **Interface Point** or **HVDC Interface Point**, including **Active Power** transfer capability shall be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.3.15.9.2 Fault Ride Through requirements for Type C and Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules and Type C and Type D Power Park Modules and OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus subject to faults and voltage disturbances on the Onshore Transmission System in excess of 140ms

ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1 The **Fault Ride Through** requirements for **Type C** and **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** subject to faults and voltage disturbances on the Onshore Transmission System in excess of 140ms are defined in ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1(a) and the **Fault Ride Through Requirements for Type C and Type D Power Park Modules and OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** subject to faults and voltage disturbances on the Onshore Transmission System greater than 140ms in duration are defined in ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1(b).

(a) Requirements applicable to **Synchronous Power Generating Modules** subject to **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** greater than 140ms in duration.

In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.15.1 – ECC.6.3.15.8 each **Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall:

(i) remain transiently stable and connected to the **System** without tripping of any **Synchronous Power Generating Module** for balanced **Supergrid Voltage** dips and associated durations on the **Onshore Transmission System** (which could be at the **Interface Point**) anywhere on or above the heavy black line shown in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a) Appendix 4 and Figures EA.4.3.2(a), (b) and (c) provide an explanation and illustrations of Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a); and,

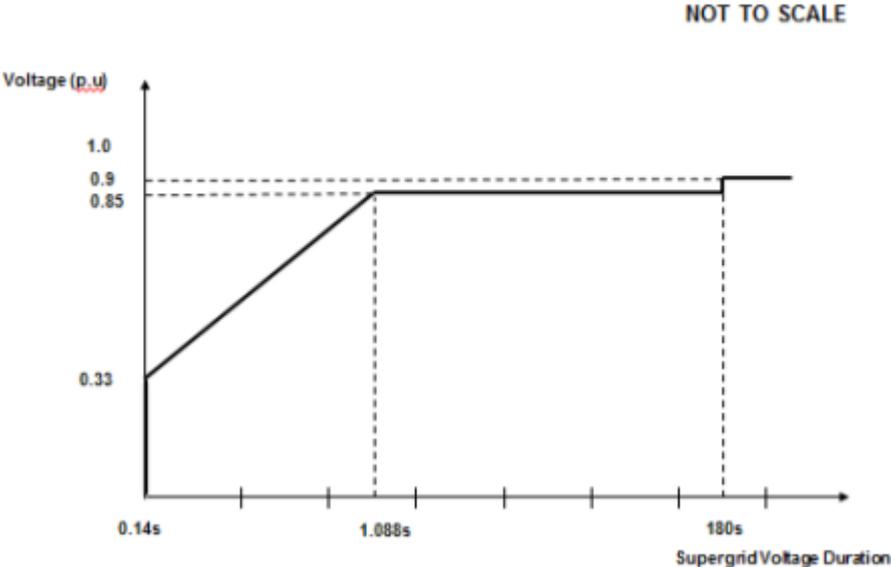


Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a)

- (ii) provide **Active Power** output at the **Grid Entry Point**, during **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** as described in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a), at least in proportion to the retained balanced voltage at the **Onshore Grid Entry Point** (for **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules**) or **Interface Point** (for **Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules**) (or the retained balanced voltage at the **User System Entry Point if Embedded**) and shall generate maximum reactive current (where the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** is outside the limits specified in ECC.6.1.4) without exceeding the transient rating limits of the **Synchronous Power Generating Module** and,
- (iii) restore **Active Power** output following **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** as described in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a), within 1 second of restoration of the voltage to 1.0pu of the nominal voltage at the:

Onshore Grid Entry Point for directly connected **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules** or,

Interface Point for **Offshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules**

or,

User System Entry Point for **Embedded Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules**

or,

User System Entry Point for **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** which comprise **Synchronous Generating Units** and with an **Onshore User System Entry Point** (irrespective of whether they are located **Onshore** or **Offshore**)

to at least 90% of the level available immediately before the occurrence of the dip. Once the **Active Power** output has been restored to the required level, **Active Power** oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:

- the total **Active Energy** delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the **Active Power** was constant
- the oscillations are adequately damped.

For the avoidance of doubt a balanced **Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage** meets the requirements of ECC.6.1.5 (b) and ECC.6.1.6.

(iv) For up to 30 minutes following such a **Supergrid Voltage** dip on the **Onshore Transmission System** each **Synchronous Power Generating Module** is required to remain connected and stable provided **System** operating conditions have returned within those specified in ECC.6.1

- (b) Requirements applicable to **Type C** and **Type D Power Park Modules** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** (excluding **OTSDUW DC Converters**) subject to **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** greater than 140ms in duration.

In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.15.5, ECC.6.3.15.6 and ECC.6.3.15.8 (as applicable) each **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or each **Power Park Module** and / or any constituent **Power Park Unit**, shall:

- (i) remain transiently stable and connected to the **System** without tripping of any **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, or **Power Park Module** and / or any constituent **Power Park Unit**, for balanced **Supergrid Voltage** dips and associated durations on the **Onshore Transmission System** (which could be at the **Interface Point**) anywhere on or above the heavy black line shown in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b). Appendix 4 and Figures EA.4.3.4 (a), (b) and (c) provide an explanation and illustrations of Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b) ; and,

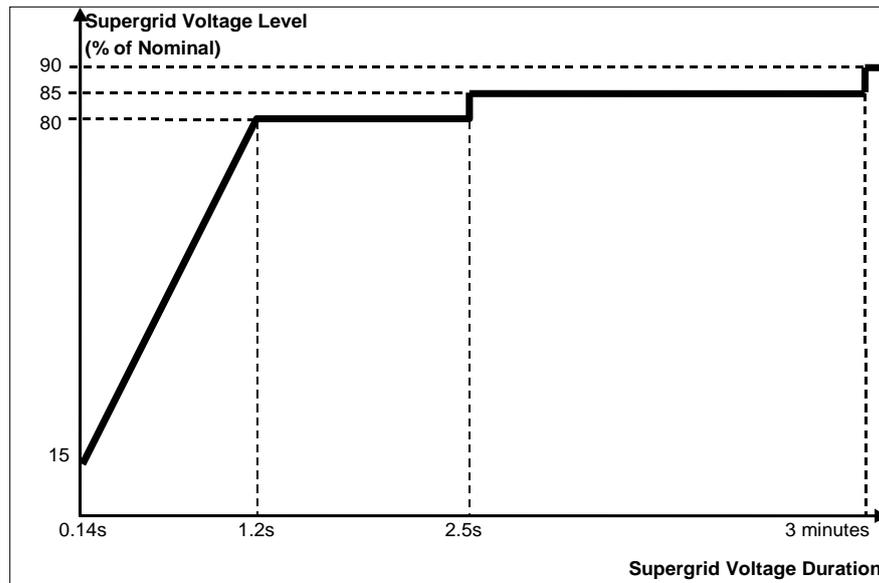


Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b)

- (ii) be required to satisfy the requirements of ECC.6.3.16. In the case of a **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Power Park Module** where there has been a reduction in the **Intermittent Power Source** or in the case of **OTSDUW Active Power** transfer capability in the time range in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b) an allowance shall be made for the fall in input power and the corresponding reduction of real and reactive current.
- (iii) restore **Active Power** output (or, in the case of **OTSDUW, Active Power** transfer capability), following **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** as described in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b), within 1 second of restoration of the voltage to 0.9 pu of the nominal voltage at the:

Onshore Grid Entry Point for directly connected **Onshore Power Park Modules** or,

Interface Point for **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** and **Offshore Power Park Modules** or,

User System Entry Point for **Embedded Onshore Power Park Modules** or ,

User System Entry Point for **Embedded Medium Power Stations** which comprise **Power Park Modules** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** and with an **Onshore User System Entry Point** (irrespective of whether they are located **Onshore** or **Offshore**)

to at least 90% of the level available immediately before the occurrence of the dip except in the case of a **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit, OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Power Park Module** where there has been a reduction in the **Intermittent Power Source** in the time range in Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b) that restricts the **Active Power** output or, in the case of **OTSDUW, Active Power** transfer capability below this level. Once the **Active Power** output or, in the case of **OTSDUW, Active Power** transfer capability has been restored to the required level, **Active Power** oscillations shall be acceptable provided that:

- the total **Active Energy** delivered during the period of the oscillations is at least that which would have been delivered if the **Active Power** was constant
- the oscillations are adequately damped.

For the avoidance of doubt a balanced **Onshore Transmission System Supergrid Voltage** meets the requirements of ECC.6.1.5 (b) and ECC.6.1.6.

- (iv) For up to 30 minutes following such a **Supergrid Voltage** dip on the **Onshore Transmission System** each **Power Park Module** and / or any constituent **Power Park Unit** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is required to remain connected and stable provided **System** operating conditions have returned within those specified in ECC.6.1.

ECC.6.3.15.10 Other Fault Ride Through Requirements

- (i) In the case of a **Power Park Module** (excluding **Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules**), the requirements in ECC.6.3.15.9 do not apply when the **Power Park Module** (excluding **Non-Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules**) is operating at less than 5% of its **Rated MW** or during very high primary energy source conditions when more than 50% of the **Power Park Units** in a **Power Park Module** have been shut down or disconnected under an emergency shutdown sequence to protect **User's Plant and Apparatus**.
- (ii) In addition to meeting the conditions specified in ECC.6.1.5(b) and ECC.6.1.6, each **Non-Synchronous Generating Unit**, **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Power Park Module** and any constituent **Power Park Unit** thereof will be required to withstand, without tripping, the negative phase sequence loading incurred by clearance of a close-up phase-to-phase fault, by **System Back-Up Protection** on the **Onshore Transmission System** operating at **Supergrid Voltage**.
- (iii) **Generators** in respect of **Type B**, **Type C** and **Type D Power Park Modules** and **HVDC System Owners** are required to confirm to **The Company**, their repeated ability to operate through balanced and unbalanced faults and **System** disturbances each time the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** falls outside the limits specified in ECC.6.1.4. Demonstration of this capability would be satisfied by **EU Generators** and **HVDC System Owners** supplying the protection settings of their plant, informing **The Company** of the maximum number of repeated operations that can be performed under such conditions and any limiting factors to repeated operation such as protection or thermal rating; and
- (iv) Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC.6.3.15(v), **Power Generating Modules** shall be capable of remaining connected during single phase or three phase auto-reclosures to the **National Electricity Transmission System** and operating without power reduction as long as the voltage and frequency remain within the limits defined in ECC.6.1.4 and ECC.6.1.2; and
- (v) For the avoidance of doubt the requirements specified in ECC.6.3.15 do not apply to **Power Generating Modules** connected to either an unhealthy circuit and/or islanded from the **Transmission System** even for delayed auto reclosure times.
- (vi) To avoid unwanted island operation, **Non-Synchronous Generating Units** in Scotland (and those directly connected to a **Scottish Offshore Transmission System**), **Power Park Modules** in Scotland (and those directly connected to a **Scottish Offshore Transmission System**), or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** with an **Interface Point** in Scotland shall be tripped for the following conditions:
 - (1) **Frequency** above 52Hz for more than 2 seconds
 - (2) **Frequency** below 47Hz for more than 2 seconds
 - (3) Voltage as measured at the **Onshore Connection Point** or **Onshore User System Entry Point** or **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is below 80% for more than 2.5 seconds

Voltage as measured at the **Onshore Connection Point** or **Onshore User System Entry Point** or **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is above 120% (115% for 275kV) for more than 1 second. The times in sections (1) and (2) are maximum trip times. Shorter times may be used to protect the **Non-Synchronous Generating Units**, or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**.

ECC.6.3.15.11 HVDC System Robustness

- ECC.6.3.15.11.1 The **HVDC System** shall be capable of finding stable operation points with a minimum change in **Active Power** flow and voltage level, during and after any planned or unplanned change in the **HVDC System** or **AC System** to which it is connected. **The Company** shall specify the changes in the System conditions for which the **HVDC Systems** shall remain in stable operation.
- ECC.6.3.15.11.2 The **HVDC System** owner shall ensure that the tripping or disconnection of an **HVDC Converter Station**, as part of any multi-terminal or embedded **HVDC System**, does not result in transients at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** beyond the limit specified by **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.
- ECC.6.3.15.11.3 The **HVDC System** shall withstand transient faults on HVAC lines in the network adjacent or close to the **HVDC System**, and shall not cause any of the equipment in the **HVDC System** to disconnect from the network due to autoreclosure of lines in the **System**.
- ECC.6.3.15.11.4 The **HVDC System Owner** shall provide information to **The Company** on the resilience of the **HVDC System** to **AC System** disturbances.
- ECC.6.3.16 FAST FAULT CURRENT INJECTION
- ECC.6.3.16.1 General Fast Fault Current injection, principles and concepts applicable to Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Modules and HVDC Equipment
- ECC.6.3.16.1.1 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.1.4, ECC.6.3.2, ECC.6.3.8 and ECC.A.7, each **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be required to satisfy the following requirements unless operating in a **Grid Forming Capability** mode in which case the requirements of ECC.6.3.19 shall apply instead. For the purposes of this requirement, current and voltage are assumed to be positive phase sequence values.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.2 For any balanced fault which results in the positive phase sequence voltage falling below the voltage levels specified in ECC.6.1.4 at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (if **Embedded**), each **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall, as a minimum (unless an alternative type registered solution has otherwise been agreed with **The Company**), be required to inject a reactive current above the heavy black line shown in Figure ECC.16.3.16(a)

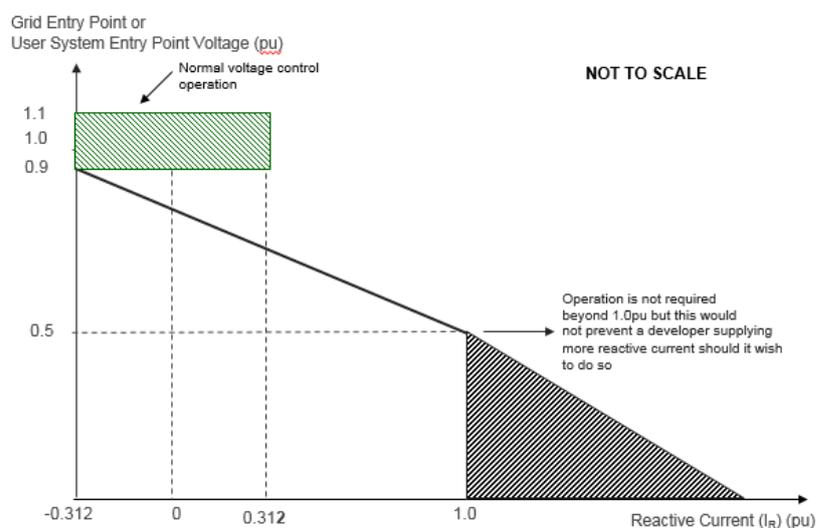


Figure ECC.6.3.16(a)

ECC.6.3.16.1.3 Figure ECC.6.3.16(a) defines the reactive current (I_R) to be supplied under a faulted condition which shall be dependent upon the pre-fault operating condition and the retained voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** voltage. For the avoidance of doubt, each **Power Park Module** (and any constituent element thereof) or **HVDC Equipment**, shall be required to inject a reactive current (I_R) which shall be not less than its pre-fault reactive current and which shall as a minimum increase with the fall in the retained voltage each time the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (if **Embedded**) falls below 0.9pu whilst ensuring the overall rating of the **Power Park Module** (or constituent element thereof) or **HVDC Equipment** shall not be exceeded.

ECC.6.3.16.1.4 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.16.1.2 and ECC.6.3.16.1.3, each **Type B, Type C** and **Type D Power Park Module** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B, Type C** and **Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be required to inject reactive current above the shaded area shown in Figure ECC.6.3.16(b) and Figure ECC.6.3.16(c) which illustrates how the reactive current shall be injected over time from fault inception in which the value of I_R is determined from Figure ECC.6.3.16(a). In figures ECC.6.3.16(b) and ECC.6.3.16(c) ΔI_R is the value of the reactive current (I_R) less the pre-fault current. In this context fault inception is taken to be when the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** falls below 0.9pu.

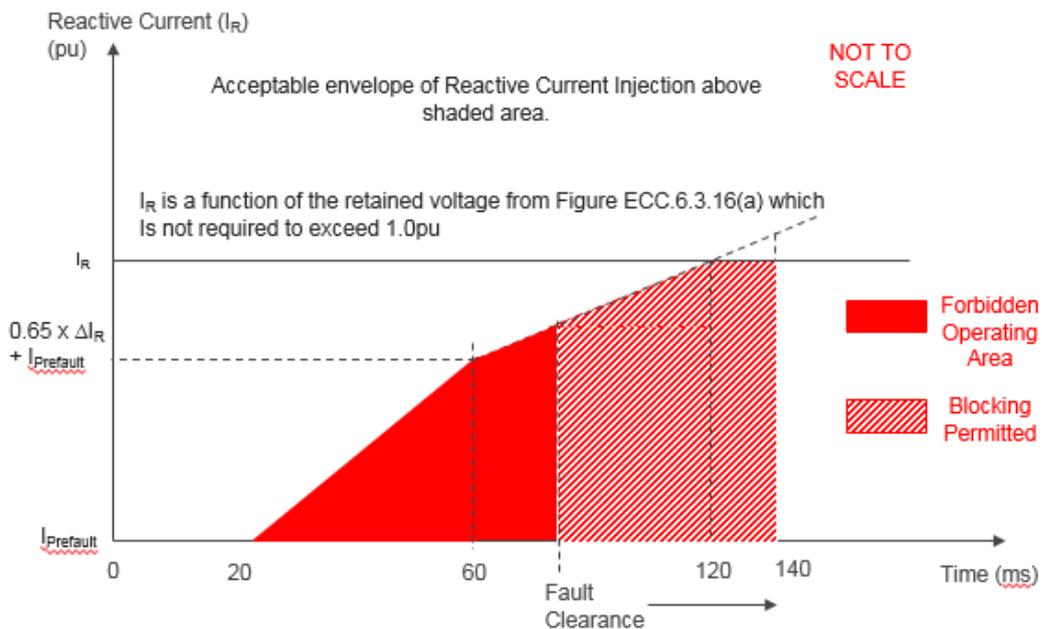


Figure ECC.16.3.16(b)

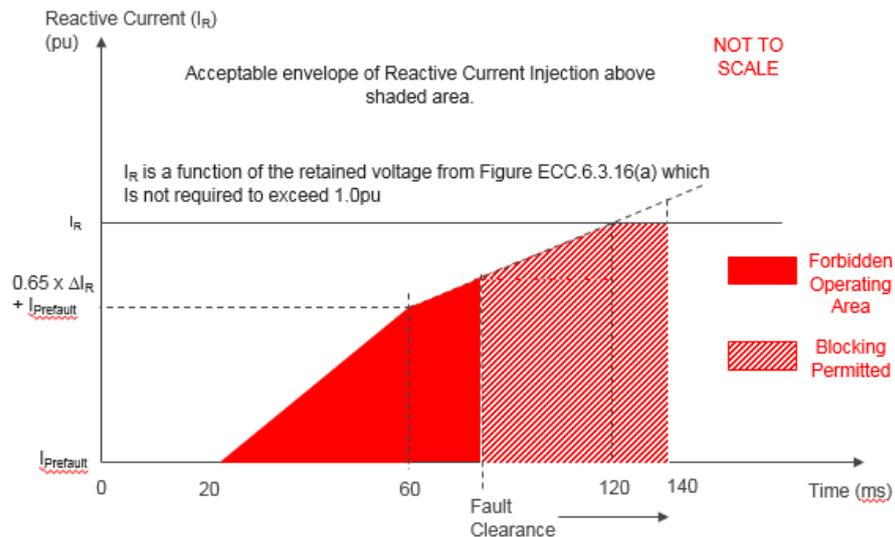


Figure ECC.16.3.16(c)

ECC.6.3.16.1.5 The injected reactive current (I_R) shall be above the shaded area shown in Figure ECC.6.3.16(b) and Figure ECC.6.3.16(c) with priority being given to reactive current injection with any residual capability being supplied as active current. Under any faulted condition, where the voltage falls outside the limits specified in ECC.6.1.4, there would be no requirement for each **Power Park Module** or constituent **Power Park Unit** or **HVDC Equipment** to exceed its transient or steady state rating of 1.0 pu as defined in ECC.6.3.16.1.7.

ECC.6.3.16.1.6 For any planned or switching events (as outlined in ECC.6.1.7 of the Grid Code) or unplanned events which results in temporary power frequency over voltages (TOV's), each **Type B**, **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B**, **Type C** or **Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** will be required to satisfy the transient overvoltage limits specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.3.16.1.7 For the purposes of this requirement, the maximum rated current is taken to be the maximum current each **Power Park Module** (or the sum of the constituent **Power Park Units** which are connected to the **System** at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**) or **HVDC Converter** is capable of supplying. In the case of a **Power Park Module** this would be the maximum rated current at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) when the **Power Park Module** is operating at rated **Active Power** and rated **Reactive Power** (as required under ECC.6.3.2) whilst operating over the nominal voltage range as required under ECC.6.1.4 at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**). In the case of a **Power Park Unit** forming part of a **Type B**, **Type C** and **Type D Power Park Module**, the maximum rated current expected would be the maximum current supplied from each constituent **Power Park Unit** when the **Power Park Module** is operating at rated **Active Power** and rated **Reactive Power** over the nominal voltage operating range as defined in ECC.6.1.4 less the contribution from the reactive compensation equipment.

For example, in the case of a 100MW **Power Park Module** (consisting of 50 x 2MW Power Park Units and +10MVAR reactive compensation equipment) the **Rated Active Power** at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) would be taken as 100MW and the rated **Reactive Power** at the **Grid Entry Point** or (**User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) would be taken as 32.8MVARs (ie **Rated MW** output operating at 0.95 **Power Factor** lead or 0.95 **Power Factor** lag as required under ECC.6.3.2.4). In this example, the maximum rating of each constituent **Power Park Unit** is obtained when the **Power Park Module** is operating at 100MW, and +32.8MVAR less 10MVAR equal to 22.8MVAR or - 32.8MVAR (less the reactive compensation equipment component of 10MVAR (ie - 22.8MVAR) when operating within the normal voltage operating range as defined under ECC.6.1.4 (allowing for any reactive compensation equipment or losses in the **Power Park Module** array network).

For the avoidance of doubt, the total current of 1.0pu would be assumed to be on the MVA rating of the **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** (less losses). Under all normal and abnormal conditions, the steady state or transient rating of the **Power Park Module** (or any constituent element including the **Power Park Units**) or **HVDC Equipment**, would not be required to exceed the locus shown in Figure 16.3.16(d).

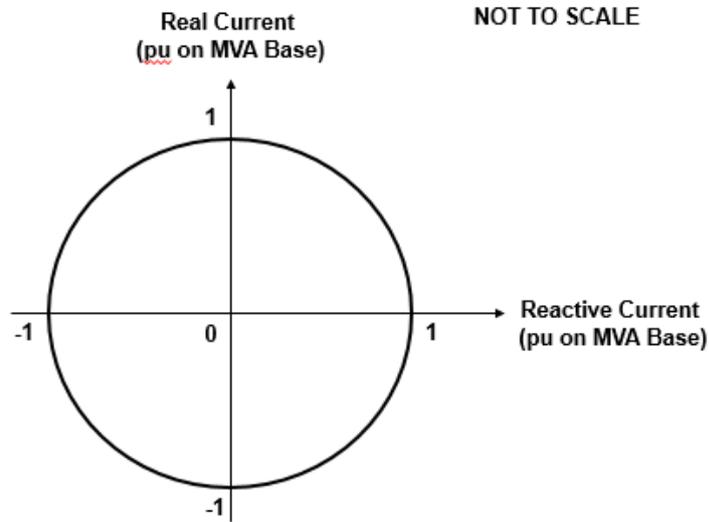


Figure ECC.16.3.16(d)

- ECC.6.3.16.1.7 Each **Type B, Type C** and **Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be designed to ensure a smooth transition between voltage control mode and fault ride through mode in order to prevent the risk of instability which could arise in the transition between the steady state voltage operating range as defined under ECC.6.1.4 and abnormal conditions where the retained voltage falls below 90% of nominal voltage. Such a requirement is necessary to ensure adequate performance between the pre-fault operating condition of the **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** and its subsequent behaviour under faulted conditions. **EU Generators** and **HVDC System Owners** are required to both advise and agree with **The Company** the control strategy employed to mitigate the risk of such instability.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.8 Each **Type B, Type C** and **Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be designed to reduce the risk of transient over voltage levels arising following clearance of the fault and in order to mitigate the risk of any form of instability which could result. **EU Generators** or **HVDC System Owners** shall be permitted to block or employ other means where the anticipated transient overvoltage would otherwise exceed the maximum permitted values specified in ECC.6.1.7. Figure ECC.16.3.16(b) and Figure ECC.16.3.16(c) shows the impact of variations in fault clearance time. For main protection operating times this would not exceed 140ms. The requirements for the maximum transient overvoltage withstand capability and associated time duration, shall be agreed between the **EU Code User** and **The Company** as part of the **Bilateral Agreement**. Where the **EU Code User** is able to demonstrate to **The Company** that blocking or other control strategies are required in order to prevent the risk of transient over voltage excursions as specified in ECC.6.3.16.1.5, **EU Generators** and **HVDC System Owners** are required to both advise and agree with **The Company** the control strategy, which must also include the approach taken to de-blocking

- ECC.6.3.16.1.9 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.15, **Generators** in respect of **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Modules** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Modules** and **HVDC System Owners** in respect of **HVDC Systems** are required to confirm to **The Company**, their repeated ability to supply **Fast Fault Current** to the **System** each time the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** falls outside the limits specified in ECC.6.1.4. **EU Generators** and **HVDC Equipment Owners** should inform **The Company** of the maximum number of repeated operations that can be performed under such conditions and any limiting factors to repeated operation such as protection or thermal rating.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.10 To permit additional flexibility for example from **Power Park Modules** made up of full converter machines, DFIG machines, induction generators or **HVDC Systems** or **Remote End HVDC Converters**, **The Company** will permit transient or marginal deviations below the shaded area shown in Figures ECC.16.3.16(b) or ECC.16.3.16(c) provided the injected reactive current supplied exceeds the area bound in Figure ECC.6.3.16(b) or ECC.6.3.16(c). Such agreement would be confirmed and agreed between **The Company** and **Generator**.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.11 In the case of a **Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module**, where it is not practical to demonstrate the compliance requirements of ECC.6.3.16.1.1 to ECC.6.3.16.1.6 at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**, **The Company** will accept compliance of the above requirements at the **Power Park Unit** terminals.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.12 For the avoidance of doubt, **Generators** in respect of **Type C and Type D Power Park Modules** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** are also required to satisfy the requirements of ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1(b) which specifies the requirements for fault ride through for voltage dips in excess of 140ms.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.13 In the case of an unbalanced fault, each **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or each **Power Park Unit** within a **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** shall be required to inject reactive current (I_R) which shall as a minimum increase with the fall in the retained unbalanced voltage up to its maximum reactive current without exceeding the transient rating of the **Power Park Module** (or constituent element thereof) or **HVDC Equipment**.
- ECC.6.3.16.1.14 In the case of a unbalanced fault, the **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** shall confirm to **The Company** their ability to prevent transient overvoltages arising on the remaining healthy phases and the control strategy employed.
- ECC.6.3.17 SUBSYNCHRONOUS TORSIONAL INTERACTION DAMPING CAPABILITY, POWER OSCILLATION DAMPING CAPABILITY AND CONTROL FACILITIES FOR HVDC SYSTEMS
- ECC.6.3.17.1 Subsynchronous Torsional Interaction Damping Capability
- ECC.6.3.17.1.1 **HVDC System Owners**, or **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW DC Converters** or **Network Operators** in the case of an **Embedded HVDC Systems** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** must ensure that any of their **Onshore HVDC Systems** or **OTSDUW DC Converters** will not cause a sub-synchronous resonance problem on the **Total System**. Each **HVDC System** or **OTSDUW DC Converter** is required to be provided with sub-synchronous resonance damping control facilities. **HVDC System Owners** and **EU Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW DC Converters** should also be aware of the requirements in ECC.6.1.9 and ECC.6.1.10.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.2 Where specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, each **OTSDUW DC Converter** is required to be provided with power oscillation damping or any other identified additional control facilities.

- ECC.6.3.17.1.3 Each **HVDC System** shall be capable of contributing to the damping of power oscillations on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The control system of the **HVDC System** shall not reduce the damping of power oscillations. **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** (as applicable) shall specify a frequency range of oscillations that the control scheme shall positively damp and the **System** conditions when this occurs, at least accounting for any dynamic stability assessment studies undertaken by the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or **The Company** (as applicable) to identify the stability limits and potential stability problems on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The selection of the control parameter settings shall be agreed between **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **HVDC System Owner**.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.4 **The Company** shall specify the necessary extent of SSTI studies and provide input parameters, to the extent available, related to the equipment and relevant system conditions on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The SSTI studies shall be provided by the **HVDC System Owner**. The studies shall identify the conditions, if any, where SSTI exists and propose any necessary mitigation procedure. The responsibility for undertaking the studies in accordance with these requirements lies with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** in co-ordination with **The Company**. All parties shall be informed of the results of the studies.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.5 All parties identified by **The Company** as relevant to each **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (if **Embedded**), including the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, shall contribute to the studies and shall provide all relevant data and models as reasonably required to meet the purposes of the studies. **The Company** shall collect this data and, where applicable, pass it on to the party responsible for the studies in accordance with **Retained EU Law** (Article 10 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1447). Specific information relating to the interface schedules, input/output requirements, timing and submission of any studies or data would be agreed between the **User** and **The Company** and specified (where applicable) in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.6 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall assess the result of the SSTI studies. If necessary for the assessment, **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may request that the **HVDC System Owner** perform further SSTI studies in line with this same scope and extent.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.7 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may review or replicate the study. The **HVDC System Owner** shall provide **The Company** with all relevant data and models that allow such studies to be performed. Submission of this data to **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** shall be in accordance with the requirements of **Retained EU Law** (Article 10 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1447).
- ECC.6.3.17.1.8 Any necessary mitigating actions identified by the studies carried out in accordance with paragraphs ECC.6.3.17.1.4 or ECC.6.3.17.1.6, and reviewed by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensees**, shall be undertaken by the **HVDC System Owner** as part of the connection of the new **HVDC Converter Station**.
- ECC.6.3.17.1.9 As part of the studies and data flow in respect of ECC.6.3.17.1 – ECC.6.3.17.8 the following data exchange would take place with the time scales being pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.

Information supplied by **The Company** and **Relevant Transmission Licensees**

Studies provided by the **User**

User review

The Company review

Changes to studies and agreed updates between **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and **User**

Final review

ECC.6.3.17.2 Interaction between **HVDC Systems** or other **User's Plant and Apparatus**

ECC.6.3.17.2.1 Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC6.1.9 and ECC.6.1.10, when several **HVDC Converter Stations** or other **User's Plant and Apparatus** are within close electrical proximity, **The Company** may specify that a study is required, and the scope and extent of that study, to demonstrate that no adverse interaction will occur. If adverse interaction is identified, the studies shall identify possible mitigating actions to be implemented to ensure compliance with the requirements of ECC.6.1.9

ECC.6.3.17.2.2 The studies shall be carried out by the connecting **HVDC System Owner** with the participation of all other **User's** identified by **The Company** in coordination with **Relevant Transmission Licensees** as relevant to each **Connection Point**.

ECC.6.3.17.2.3 All **User's** identified by **The Company** as relevant to the connection, and where applicable **Relevant Transmission Licensee's**, shall contribute to the studies and shall provide all relevant data and models as reasonably required to meet the purposes of the studies. **The Company** shall collect this input and, where applicable, pass it on to the party responsible for the studies in accordance with **Retained EU Law** (Article 10 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1447). Specific information relating to the interface schedules, input/output requirements, timing and submission of any studies or data would be agreed between the **User** and **The Company** and specified (where applicable) in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.6.3.17.2.4 **The Company** in coordination with **Relevant Transmission Licensees** shall assess the result of the studies based on their scope and extent as specified in accordance with ECC.6.3.17.2.1. If necessary for the assessment, **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may request the **HVDC System Owner** to perform further studies in line with the scope and extent specified in accordance with ECC.6.3.17.2.1.

ECC.6.3.17.2.5 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may review or replicate some or all of the studies. The **HVDC System Owner** shall provide **The Company** all relevant data and models that allow such studies to be performed.

ECC.6.3.17.2.6 The **EU Code User** and **The Company**, in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, shall agree any mitigating actions identified by the studies carried out following the site specific requirements and works, including any transmission reinforcement works and / or **User** works required to ensure that all sub-synchronous oscillations are sufficiently damped.

ECC.6.1.17.3 Fast Recovery from DC faults

ECC.6.1.17.3.1 **HVDC Systems**, including DC overhead lines, shall be capable of fast recovery from transient faults within the **HVDC System**. Details of this capability shall be subject to the **Bilateral Agreement** and the protection requirements specified in ECC.6.2.2 .

ECC.6.1.17.4 Maximum loss of Active Power

ECC.6.1.14.4.1 An **HVDC System** shall be configured in such a way that its loss of **Active Power** injection in the **GB Synchronous Area** shall be in accordance with the requirements of the **SQSS**.

ECC.6.3.18 SYSTEM TO GENERATOR OPERATIONAL INTERTRIPPING SCHEMES

ECC.6.3.18.1 **The Company** may require that a **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** be installed as part of a condition of the connection of the **EU Generator**. Scheme specific details shall be included in the relevant **Bilateral Agreement** and shall, include the following information:

- (1) the relevant category(ies) of the scheme (referred to as **Category 1 Intertripping Scheme, Category 2 Intertripping Scheme, Category 3 Intertripping Scheme** and **Category 4 Intertripping Scheme**);
- (2) the **Power Generating Module** to be either permanently armed or that can be instructed to be armed in accordance with BC2.8;
- (3) the time within which the **Power Generating Module** circuit breaker(s) are to be automatically tripped;

- (4) the location to which the trip signal will be provided by **The Company**. Such location will be provided by **The Company** prior to the commissioning of the **Power Generating Module**.

Where applicable, the **Bilateral Agreement** shall include the conditions on the **National Electricity Transmission System** during which **The Company** may instruct the **System to Generator Operational Intertripping Scheme** to be armed and the conditions that would initiate a trip signal.

ECC.6.3.18.2 The time within which the **Power Generating Module(s)** circuit breaker(s) need to be automatically tripped is determined by the specific conditions local to the **EU Generator**. This 'time to trip' (defined as the time from provision of the trip signal by **The Company** to the specified location, to circuit breaker main contact opening) can typically range from 100ms to 10sec. A longer time to trip may allow the initiation of an automatic reduction in the **Power Generating Module(s)** output prior to the automatic tripping of the **Power Generating Module(s)** circuit breaker. Where applicable **The Company** may provide separate trip signals to allow for either a longer or shorter 'time to trip' to be initiated.

ECC.6.3.19 **GRID FORMING CAPABILITY**

ECC.6.3.19.1 In order for the **National Electricity Transmission System** to satisfy the stability requirements defined in the **National Electricity Transmission System Security and Quality of Supply Standards**, it is an essential requirement that an appropriate volume of **Grid Forming Plant** is available and capable of providing a **Grid Forming Capability**.

ECC.6.3.19.2 **Grid Forming Capability** is not a mandatory requirement but one which will be delivered through market arrangements, the details of which shall be published on **The Company's Website**. **Grid Forming Capability** can be implemented by any technology including **Electronic Power Converters** with a **GBGF- I** ability, rotating **Synchronous Generating Units** or a combination of the two.

ECC.6.3.19.3 As noted in ECC.6.3.19.2, **Grid Forming Capability** is not a mandatory requirement, however where a **User** (be they a **GB Code User** or **EU Code User**) or **Non-CUSC Party** wishes to offer a **Grid Forming Capability**, then they will be required to ensure their **Grid Forming Plant** meets the following requirements.

- (i) The **Grid Forming Plant** must fully comply with the applicable requirements of the Grid Code including but not limited to the **Planning Code (PC)**, **Connection Conditions (CC's)** or **European Connection Conditions (ECC's)** (as applicable), **Compliance Processes (CP's)** or **European Compliance Processes (ECP's)** (as applicable), **Operating Codes (OC's)**, **Balancing Codes (BC's)** and **Data Registration Code (DRC)**.
- (ii) Each **GBGF-I** shall comprise an **Internal Voltage Source** and reactance. For the avoidance of doubt, the reactance between the **Internal Voltage Source** and **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point (if Embedded)** within the **Grid Forming Plant** can only be made by a combination of several physical discrete reactances. This could include the reactance of the **Synchronous Generating Unit** or **Power Park Unit** or **HVDC System** or **Electricity Storage Unit** or **Dynamic Reactive Compensation Equipment** and the electrical **Plant and Apparatus** connecting the **Synchronous Generating Unit** or **Power Park Unit** or **HVDC System** or **Electricity Storage Unit** (such as a transformer) to the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point (if Embedded)**.
- (iii) In addition to meeting the requirements of CC.6.3.15 or ECC.6.3.15, each **Grid Forming Plant** is required to remain in synchronism with the **Total System** and maintain a **Load Angle** whose value can vary between 0 and 90 degrees ($\pi/2$ radians).

- (iv) When subject to a fault or disturbance, or **System Frequency** change, each **Grid Forming Plant** shall be capable of supplying **Active ROCOF Response Power**, **Active Phase Jump Power**, **Active Damping Power**, **Active Control Based Power**, **Control Based Reactive Power**, **Voltage Jump Reactive Power** and **GBGF Fast Fault Current Injection**.
- (v) Each **GBGF-I** shall be capable of:-
 - (a) Providing a symmetrical ability for importing and exporting **Active ROCOF Response Power**, **Active Phase Jump Power**, **Active Damping Power** and **Active Control Based Power** under both rising and falling **System Frequency** conditions. Such requirements will apply over the full **System Frequency** range as detailed in CC.6.1.2 and CC.6.1.3 or ECC.6.1.2 (as applicable). In satisfying these requirements, **User's** and **Non-CUSC Parties** should be aware of (but not limited to) the exclusions in CC.6.3.3, CC.6.3.7 and BC3.7.2.1 (as applicable for **GB Code User's**) or ECC.6.1.2, ECC.6.3.3, ECC.6.3.7 and BC3.7.2.1(b)(i) (as applicable for **EU Code User's** and **Non-CUSC Parties**) during **System Frequencies** between 47Hz – 52Hz, excluding CC.6.1.3 or ECC.6.1.2.1,2 for a **Grid Forming Plant** with time limited output ratings. For the avoidance of doubt, an asymmetrical response is permissible as agreed with **The Company** when required to protect **User's** and **Non-CUSC Parties Plant** and **Apparatus** or asymmetry in energy availability.
 - (b) Operating as a voltage source behind a real reactance.
 - (c) being designed so as not to cause any undue interactions which could cause damage to the **Total System** or other **User's Plant** and **Apparatus**.
 - (d) include an **Active Control Based Power** part of the control system that can respond to changes in the **Grid Forming Plant** or external signals from the **Total System** available at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** but with a bandwidth below 5 Hz to avoid AC **System** resonance problems.
 - (e) meeting the requirements of ECC.6.3.13 irrespective of being owned or operated by a **GB Code User**, **EU Code User** or **Non-CUSC Party**.
 - (f) **GBGF-I** with an importing capability mode of operation such as **DC Converters**, **HVDC Systems** and **Electricity Storage Modules** are required to have a predefined frequency response operating characteristic over the full import and export range which is contained within the envelope defined by the red and blue lines shown in Figure ECC.6.3.19.3. This characteristic shall be submitted to **The Company**. For the avoidance of doubt, **Grid Forming Plants** which are only capable of exporting **Active Power** to the **Total System** are only required to operate over the exporting power region

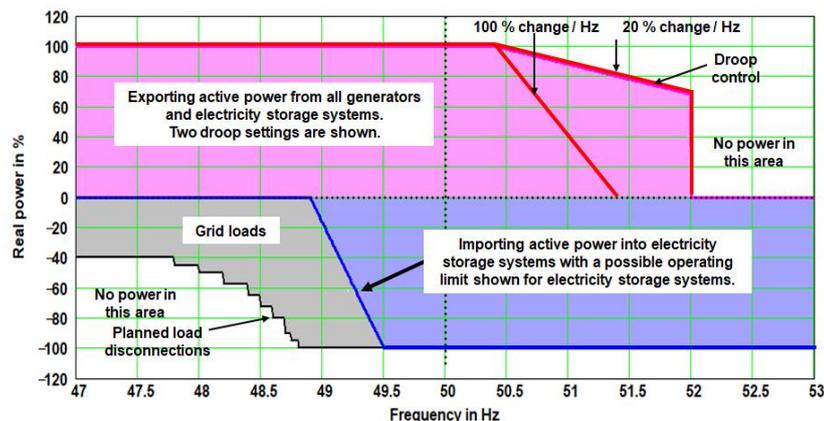


Figure ECC.6.3.19.3

- (vi) Each **User** or **Non-CUSC Party** shall design their **GBGF-I** system with an equivalent **Damping Factor** of between 0.2 and 5.0. It is down to the **User** or **Non-CUSC Party** to determine the **Damping Factor**, whose value shall be agreed with **The Company**. It is typical for the **Damping Factor** to be less than 1.0, though this will be dependent upon the parameters of the **Grid Forming Plant** and the equivalent **System** impedance at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**.

The output of the **Grid Forming Plant** shall be designed such that following a disturbance on the **System**, the **Active Power** output and **Reactive Power** output shall be adequately damped. The damping shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response to a disturbance decays with a response that is in line with the response of second order system that has the same equivalent **Damping Factor**.

- (vii) Each **GBGF-I** shall be designed so as not to interact and affect the operation, performance, safety or capability of other **User's Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **Total System**. To achieve this requirement, each **User** and **Non-CUSC Party** shall be required to submit the data required in PC.A.5.8

ECC.6.3.19.4 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.19.1 – ECC.6.3.19.3 each **Grid Forming Plant** shall also be capable of: -

- (i) satisfying the requirements of ECC.6.3.19.5.
- (ii) operating at a minimum short circuit level of zero MVA at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**.
- (iii) providing any additional quality of supply requirements, including but not limited to reductions in the permitted frequency of Temporary Power **System** Over-voltage events (TOV's) and **System Frequency** bandwidth limitations, as agreed with **The Company**. Such requirements will be pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**. For the avoidance of doubt, this requirement is in addition to the minimum quality of supply requirements detailed in CC.6.1.5, CC.6.1.6 and CC.6.1.7 (as applicable) or ECC.6.1.5, ECC.6.1.6 and ECC.6.1.7 (as applicable),

ECC.6.3.19.5 **GBGF Fast Fault Current Injection**

ECC.6.3.19.5.1 For any balanced fault which results in the positive phase sequence voltage falling below the voltage levels specified in CC.6.1.4 or ECC.6.1.4 (as applicable) at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (if **Embedded**), a **Grid Forming Plant** shall, as a minimum be required to inject a reactive current of at least their **Peak Current Rating** when the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** drops to zero. For intermediate retained voltages at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**, the injected reactive current shall be on or above a line drawn from the bottom left hand corner of the normal voltage control operating zone (shown in the rectangular green shaded area of Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(a)) and the specified **Peak Current Rating** at a voltage of zero at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** as shown in Figure ECC.16.3.19.5(a). Typical examples of limit lines are shown in Figure ECC.16.3.19.5(a) for a **Peak Current Rating** of 1.0pu where the injected reactive current must be on or above the black line and a **Peak Current Rating** of 1.5pu where injected reactive current must be on or above the red line.

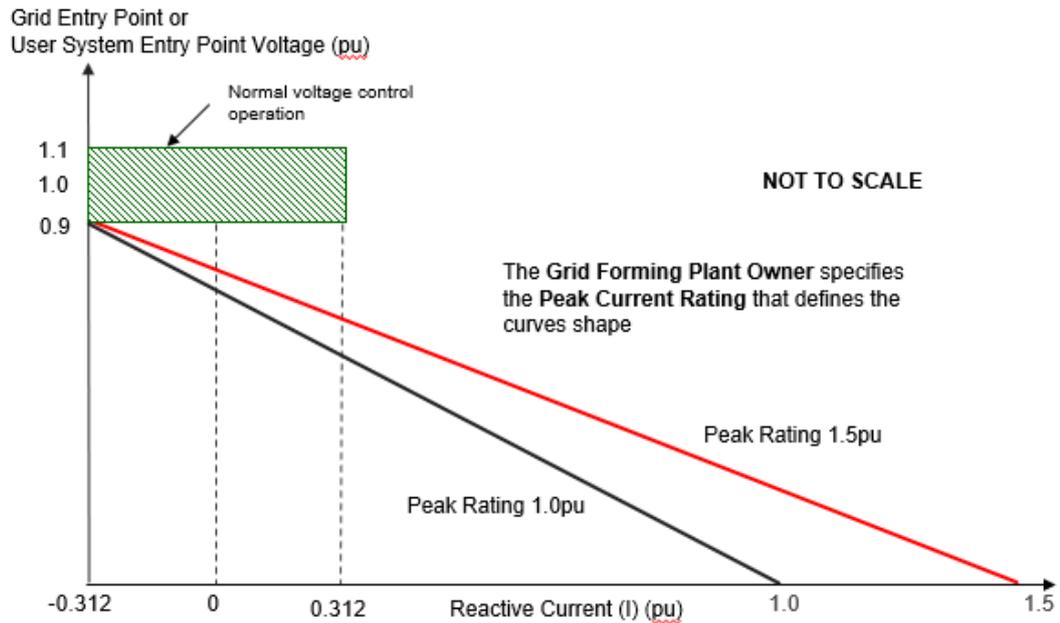


Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(a)

ECC.6.3.19.5.2 Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(a) defines the reactive current to be supplied under a faulted condition which shall be dependent upon the pre-fault operating condition and the retained voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** voltage. For the avoidance of doubt, each **Grid Forming Plant** (and any constituent element thereof), shall be required to inject a reactive current which shall be not less than its pre-fault reactive current and which shall as a minimum, increase each time the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** (if **Embedded**) falls below 0.9pu whilst ensuring the overall rating of the **Grid Forming Plant** (or constituent element thereof) shall not be exceeded.

ECC.6.3.19.5.3 In addition to the requirements of ECC.6.3.19.5.1 and ECC.6.3.19.5.2, each **Grid Forming Plant** shall be required to inject reactive current above the shaded area shown in Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(b) when the retained voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** falls to 0pu. Where the retained voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** is below 0.9pu but above 0pu (for example when significant active current is drawn by loads and/or resistive components arising from both local and remote faults or disturbances from other **Plant** and **Apparatus** connected to the **Total System**) the injected reactive current component shall be in accordance with Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(a).

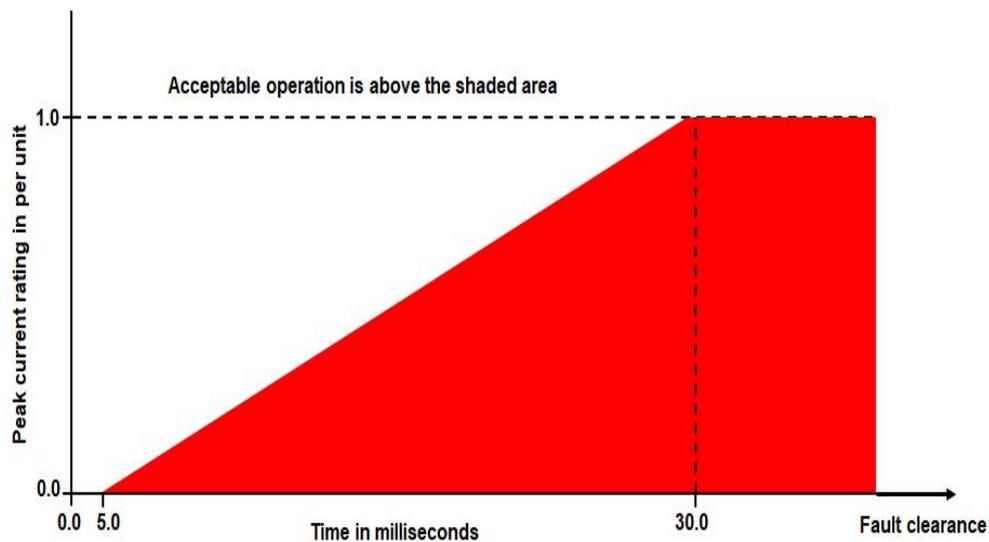


Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(b)

- ECC.6.3.19.5.4 The injected current shall be above the shaded area shown in Figure ECC.6.3.19.5(b) for the duration of the fault clearance time which for faults on the **Transmission System** cleared in **Main Protection** operating times shall be up to 140ms. Under any faulted condition, where the voltage falls outside the limits specified in CC.6.1.4 or ECC.6.1.4 (as applicable), there will be no requirement for each **Grid Forming Plant** or constituent part to exceed its transient or steady state rating as defined in Table PC.A.5.8.2.
- ECC.6.3.19.5.5 For any planned or switching events (as outlined in CC.6.1.7 or ECC.6.1.7 of the Grid Code) or unplanned events which results in Temporary Power **System** Over Voltages (TOV's), each **Grid Forming Plant** will be required to satisfy the transient overvoltage limits specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.3.19.5.6 For the purposes of this requirement, the maximum rated current will be the **Peak Current Rating** declared by the **Grid Forming Plant Owner** in accordance with Table PC.A.5.8.2.
- ECC.6.3.19.5.7 Each **Grid Forming Plant** shall be designed to ensure a smooth transition between voltage control mode and **Fault Ride Through** mode in order to prevent the risk of instability which could arise in the transition between the steady state voltage operating range as defined under CC.6.1.4 or ECC.6.1.4 (as applicable) and abnormal conditions where the retained voltage falls below 90% of nominal voltage. Such a requirement is necessary to ensure adequate performance between the pre-fault operating condition of the **Grid Forming Plant** and its subsequent behaviour under faulted conditions. **Grid Forming Plant Owners** are required to both advise and agree with **The Company** the control strategy employed to mitigate the risk of such instability.
- ECC.6.3.19.5.8. Each **Grid Forming Plant** shall be designed to reduce the risk of transient over voltage levels arising following clearance of the fault and in order to mitigate the risk of any form of instability which could result. The requirements for the maximum transient overvoltage withstand capability and associated time duration, shall be agreed between the **User** or **Non-CUSC Party** and **The Company** as part of the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.3.19.5.9 In addition to the requirements of CC.6.3.15 or ECC.6.3.15, each **Grid Forming Plant Owner** is required to confirm to **The Company**, their repeated ability to supply **GBGF Fast Fault Current Injection** to the **System** each time the voltage at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** falls outside the limits specified in CC.6.1.4 or ECC.6.1.4 (as applicable). **Grid Forming Plant Owners** should inform **The Company** of the maximum number of repeated operations that can be performed under such conditions and any limiting factors to repeated operation such as protection or thermal rating.

ECC.6.3.19.5.10 In the case of a **Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module**, where it is not practical to demonstrate the compliance requirements of ECC.6.3.19.5.1 to ECC.6.3.19.5.5 at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**, **The Company** will accept compliance of the above requirements at the **Power Park Unit** terminals.

ECC.6.3.19.5.11 In the case of an unbalanced fault, each **Grid Forming Plant**, shall be required to inject current which shall as a minimum increase with the fall in the unbalanced voltage without exceeding the transient **Peak Current Rating** of the **Grid Forming Plant** (or constituent element thereof).

ECC.6.3.19.5.12 In the case of an unbalanced fault, the **User** or **Non-CUSC Party** shall confirm to **The Company** their ability to prevent transient overvoltages arising on the remaining healthy phases and the control strategy employed.

ECC.6.4 General Network Operator And Non-Embedded Customer Requirements

ECC.6.4.1 This part of the **Grid Code** describes the technical and design criteria and performance requirements for **Network Operators** and **Non-Embedded Customers**.

Neutral Earthing

- ECC.6.4.2 At nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above the higher voltage windings of three phase transformers and transformer banks connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** must be star connected with the star point suitable for connection to earth. The earthing and lower voltage winding arrangement shall be such as to ensure that the **Earth Fault Factor** requirement of paragraph ECC.6.2.1.1 (b) will be met on the **National Electricity Transmission System** at nominal **System** voltages of 132kV and above.

Frequency Sensitive Relays

- ECC.6.4.3 As explained under **OC6**, each **Network Operator** and **Non Embedded Customer**, will make arrangements that will facilitate automatic low **Frequency Disconnection of Demand** (based on **Annual ACS Conditions**). ECC.A.5.5. of Appendix E5 includes specifications of the local percentage **Demand** that shall be disconnected at specific frequencies. The manner in which **Demand** subject to low **Frequency** disconnection will be split into discrete MW blocks is specified in OC6.6. Technical requirements relating to **Low Frequency Relays** are also listed in Appendix E5.

Operational Metering

- ECC.6.4.4 Where **The Company** can reasonably demonstrate that an **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded HVDC System** has a significant effect on the **National Electricity Transmission System**, it may require the **Network Operator** within whose **System** the **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded HVDC System** is situated to ensure that the operational metering equipment described in ECC.6.5.6 is installed such that **The Company** can receive the data referred to in ECC.6.5.6. In the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** subject to, or proposed to be subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**, **The Company** shall notify such **Network Operator** of the details of such installation in writing within 3 months of being notified of the application to connect under **CUSC** and in the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to, or not proposed to be subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** in writing as a **Site Specific Requirement** in accordance with the timescales in CUSC 6.5.5. In either case the **Network Operator** shall ensure that the data referred to in ECC.6.5.6 is provided to **The Company**.

- ECC.6.4.5 Reactive Power Requirements at each EU Grid Supply Point

- ECC.6.4.5.1 At each **EU Grid Supply Point**, **Non-Embedded Customers** and **Network Operators** who are **EU Code Users** shall ensure their **Systems** are capable of steady state operation within the **Reactive Power** limits as specified in ECC.6.4.5.1(a) and ECC.6.4.5.1(b). Where **The Company** requires a **Reactive Power** range which is broader than the limits defined in ECC.6.4.5.1(a) and ECC.6.4.5.1(b), this will be agreed as a reasonable requirement through joint assessment between the relevant **EU Code User** and **The Company** and justified in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.4.5.1(c), (d), (e) and (f). For **Non-Embedded Customers** who are **EU Code Users**, the **Reactive Power** range at each **EU Grid Supply Point**, under both importing and exporting conditions, shall not exceed 48% of the larger of the **Maximum Import Capability** or **Maximum Export Capability** (0.9 **Power Factor** import or export of **Active Power**), except in situations where either technical or financial system benefits are demonstrated for **Non-Embedded Customers** and accepted by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

- (a) For **Network Operators** who are **EU Code Users** at each **EU Grid Supply Point**, the **Reactive Power** range shall not exceed:
- (i) 48 percent (i.e. 0.9 **Power Factor**) of the larger of the **Maximum Import Capability** or **Maximum Export Capability** during **Reactive Power** import (consumption); and
 - (ii) 48 percent (i.e. 0.9 **Power Factor**) of the larger of the **Maximum Import Capability** or **Maximum Export Capability** during **Reactive Power** export (production);

Except in situations where either technical or financial system benefits are proved by **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the relevant **Network Operator** through joint analysis.

- (b) **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall agree with the **Network Operator** on the scope of the analysis, which shall determine the optimal solution for **Reactive Power** exchange between their **Systems** at each **EU Grid Supply Point**, taking adequately into consideration the specific **System** characteristics, variable structure of power exchange, bidirectional flows and the **Reactive Power** capabilities of the **Network Operator's System**. Any proposed solutions shall take the above issues into account and shall be agreed as a reasonable requirement through joint assessment between the relevant **Network Operator** or **Non-Embedded Customer** and **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**. In the event of a shared site between a **GB Code User** and **EU Code User**, the requirements would generally be allocated to each **User** on the basis of their **Demand** in the case of a **Network Operator** who is a **GB Code User** and applied on the basis of the **Maximum Import Capability** or **Maximum Export Capability** as specified in ECC.6.4.5.1 in the case of a **Network Operator** who is an **EU Code User**.
- (c) **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may specify the **Reactive Power** capability range at the **EU Grid Supply Point** in another form other than **Power Factor**.
- (d) Notwithstanding the ability of **Network Operators** or **Non Embedded Customers** to apply for a derogation from ECC.6.4.5.1 (e), where an **EU Grid Supply Point** is shared between a **Power Generating Module** and a **Non-Embedded Customers System**, the **Reactive Power** range would be apportioned to each **EU Code User** at their **Connection Point**.

ECC.6.4.5.2 Where agreed with the **Network Operator** who is an **EU Code User** and justified through appropriate **System** studies, **The Company** may reasonably require the **Network Operator** not to export **Reactive Power** at the **EU Grid Supply Point** (at nominal voltage) at an **Active Power** flow of less than 25 % of the **Maximum Import Capability**. Where applicable, the **Authority** may require **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to justify its request through a joint analysis with the relevant **Network Operator** and demonstrate that any such requirement is reasonable. If this requirement is not justified based on the joint analysis, **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and the **Network Operator** shall agree on necessary requirements according to the outcomes of a joint analysis.

ECC.6.4.5.3 Notwithstanding the requirements of ECC.6.4.5.1(b) and subject to agreement between **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** there may be a requirement to actively control the exchange of **Reactive Power** at the **EU Grid Supply Point** for the benefit of the **Total System**. **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** shall agree on a method to carry out this control, to ensure the justified level of security of supply for both parties. Any such solution including joint study work and timelines would be agreed between **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** as reasonable, efficient and proportionate.

ECC.6.4.5.4 In accordance with ECC.6.4.5.3, the relevant **Network Operator** may require **The Company** to consider its **Network Operator's System** for **Reactive Power** management. Any such requirement would need to be agreed between **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** and justified by **The Company**.

ECC.6.5 Communications Plant

ECC.6.5.1 In order to ensure control of the **National Electricity Transmission System**, telecommunications between **Users** and **The Company** must (including in respect of any **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **OTSUA Transfer Time**), if required by **The Company**, be established in accordance with the requirements set down below.

- ECC.6.5.2 Control Telephony and System Telephony
- ECC.6.5.2.1 **Control Telephony** provides secure point to point telephony for routine **Control Calls**, priority **Control Calls** and emergency **Control Calls**.
- ECC.6.5.2.2 **System Telephony** uses an appropriate public communications network to provide telephony for **Control Calls**, inclusive of emergency **Control Calls**. For the avoidance of doubt, **System Telephony** could include but shall not be limited to: an analogue or digital telephone line; a mobile telephone or an internet-based voice communication system, all of which would be connected to an appropriate public communications network.
- ECC.6.5.2.3 Calls made and received over **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony** may be recorded and subsequently replayed for commercial and operational reasons.
- ECC.6.5.3 Not Used
- ECC.6.5.4 Obligations in respect of Control Telephony and System Telephony
- ECC.6.5.4.1 Where **The Company** requires **Control Telephony**, **Users** are required to use the **Control Telephony** to communicate with **The Company** and / or the **Transmission Licensees'** in respect of all **Connection Points** with the **National Electricity Transmission System**, all **Embedded Large Power Stations**, **Embedded HVDC Systems** and **Network Operator's Control Centres** as appropriate. **The Company** shall provide **Control Telephony** interface equipment at the **User's Control Point** or the **Network Operators Control Centre** as appropriate. Where the **EU Code User's** or **Network Operators Control Centre** telephony equipment is not capable of providing the required facilities or is otherwise incompatible with the **Transmission Control Telephony**, **The Company** shall provide a **Control Telephony** handset(s). Details of and relating to the **Control Telephony** requirements are contained in the **Bilateral Agreement** with **EU Code User's**.
- ECC.6.5.4.2 Where in **The Company's** sole opinion the installation of **Control Telephony** is not practicable at a **User's Control Point(s)**, **The Company** shall specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** whether **System Telephony** is required. Where **System Telephony** is required by **The Company**, the **User** shall ensure that **System Telephony** is installed.
- ECC.6.5.4.3 Where **System Telephony** is installed, **EU Code Users** are required to use the **System Telephony** for communication with **The Company** and the relevant **Transmission Licensees' Control Engineers** in respect of those **Control Point(s)** for which it has been installed. Details of and relating to the **System Telephony** required are contained in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.5.4.4 Where **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** is installed, routine testing of such facilities may be required by **The Company** (not normally more than once in any calendar month). The **User** and **The Company** shall use reasonable endeavours to agree a test programme and where **The Company** requests the assistance of the **User** in performing the agreed test programme the **User** shall provide such assistance. **The Company** requires the **EU Code User** to test the backup power supplies feeding its **Control Telephony** facilities at least once every 5 years.
- ECC.6.5.4.5 **Control Telephony** and **System Telephony** shall only be used for the purposes of operational voice communication between **The Company** and the relevant **User**.
- ECC.6.5.4.6 **Control Telephony** contains emergency calling functionality to be used for operational communication only under normal and emergency conditions. Functionality enables **The Company** and **Users** to utilise a priority call in the event of an emergency. **The Company** and **EU Code Users** shall only use such priority call functionality for urgent operational communications.
- ECC.6.5.5 Technical Requirements for Control Telephony and System Telephony

- ECC.6.5.5.1 Detailed information on the technical interfaces and support requirements for **Control Telephony** is provided in the **Control Telephony Electrical Standard** identified in the Annex to the **General Conditions**. Where additional information, or information in relation to **Control Telephony** applicable in Scotland, is requested by **Users**, this will be provided, where possible, by **The Company**.
- ECC.6.5.5.2 **System Telephony** shall consist of a dedicated telephone connected to an appropriate public communications network that shall be configured by the relevant **User**. **The Company** shall provide a dedicated free phone number (UK only), for the purposes of receiving incoming calls to **The Company**, which **Users** shall utilise for **System Telephony**. **System Telephony** shall only be utilised by **The Company's Control Engineer** and the **User's Responsible Engineer/Operator** for the purposes of operational communications.
- ECC.6.5.6 Operational Metering
- ECC.6.5.6.1 It is an essential requirement for **The Company** and **Network Operators** to have visibility of the real time output and status of indications of **User's Plant and Apparatus** so they can control the operation of the **System**.
- ECC.6.5.6.2 **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Modules, HVDC Equipment, Network Operators and Non Embedded Customers** are required to be capable of exchanging operational metering data with **The Company** and **Relevant Transmission Licensees** (as applicable) with time stamping. Time stamping would generally be to a sampling rate of 1 second or better unless otherwise specified by **The Company** in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.5.6.3 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify in the **Bilateral Agreement** the operational metering signals to be provided by the **EU Generator, HVDC System Owner, Network Operator or Non-Embedded Customer**. In the case of **Network Operators and Non-Embedded Customers**, detailed specifications relating to the operational metering standards at **EU Grid Supply Points** and the data required are published as **Electrical Standards** in the Annex to the **General Conditions**.
- ECC.6.5.6.4 (a) **The Company** or The **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as applicable, shall provide system control and data acquisition (SCADA) outstation interface equipment., each **EU Code User** shall provide such voltage, current, **Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power** measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the **Transmission SCADA** outstation interface equipment as required by **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**. In the case of **OTSDUW**, the **User** shall provide such SCADA outstation interface equipment and voltage, current, **Frequency, Active Power and Reactive Power** measurement outputs and plant status indications and alarms to the SCADA outstation interface equipment as required by **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (b) For the avoidance of doubt, for **Active Power and Reactive Power** measurements, circuit breaker and disconnecter status indications from:
- (i) **CCGT Modules** from **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Generating Modules**, the outputs and status indications must each be provided to **The Company** on an individual **CCGT Unit** basis. In addition, where identified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, **Active Power and Reactive Power** measurements from **Unit Transformers** and/or **Station Transformers** must be provided.
 - (ii) For **Type B, Type C and Type D Power Park Modules** the outputs and status indications must each be provided to **The Company** on an individual **Power Park Module** basis. In addition, where identified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, **Active Power and Reactive Power** measurements from station transformers must be provided.
 - (iii) In respect of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, the outputs and status indications must be provided to **The Company** for each piece of electrical equipment. In addition, where identified in the **Bilateral Agreement**, **Active Power and Reactive**

Power measurements at the **Interface Point** must be provided.

- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, the requirements of ECC.6.5.6.4(a) in the case of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme** will be provided for each **Generating Unit** forming part of that **Cascade Hydro Scheme**. In the case of **Embedded Generating Units** forming part of a **Cascade Hydro Scheme** the data may be provided by means other than the SCADA outstation located at the **Power Station**, such as, with the agreement of the **Network Operator** in whose system such **Embedded Generating Unit** is located, from the **Network Operator's** SCADA system to **The Company**. Details of such arrangements will be contained in the relevant **Bilateral Agreements** between **The Company** and the **Generator** and the **Network Operator**.
- (d) In the case of a **Power Park Module**, additional energy input signals (e.g. wind speed, and wind direction) may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. A **Power Available** signal will also be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. The signals would be used to establish the potential level of energy input from the **Intermittent Power Source** for monitoring pursuant to ECC.6.6.1 and **Ancillary Services** and will, in the case of a wind farm, be used to provide **The Company** with advanced warning of excess wind speed shutdown and to determine the level of **Headroom** available from **Power Park Modules** for the purposes of calculating response and reserve. For the avoidance of doubt, the **Power Available** signal would be automatically provided to **The Company** and represent the sum of the potential output of all available and operational **Power Park Units** within the **Power Park Module**. The refresh rate of the **Power Available** signal shall be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. In the case of an **Electricity Storage Module**, the requirement to provide a **Power Available Signal** when the **Plant** is in both an importing and exporting mode of operation would be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- (e) In the case of an **Electricity Storage Module**, additional input signals (e.g. state of energy (MWhr, and system availability) may be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. A **Power Available** signal will also be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.5.6.4(d).

ECC.6.5.6.5 In addition to the requirements of the **Balancing Codes**, each **HVDC Converter** unit of an **HVDC system** shall be equipped with an automatic controller capable of receiving instructions from **The Company**. This automatic controller shall be capable of operating the **HVDC Converter** units of the **HVDC System** in a coordinated way. **The Company** shall specify the automatic controller hierarchy per **HVDC Converter** unit.

ECC.6.5.6.6 The automatic controller of the **HVDC System** referred to in paragraph ECC.6.5.6.5 shall be capable of sending the following signal types to **The Company** (where applicable) :

(a) operational metering signals, providing at least the following:

- (i) start-up signals;
- (ii) AC and DC voltage measurements;
- (iii) AC and DC current measurements;
- (iv) **Active and Reactive Power** measurements on the AC side;
- (v) DC power measurements;
- (vi) **HVDC Converter** unit level operation in a multi-pole type **HVDC Converter**;
- (vii) elements and topology status; and
- (viii) **Frequency Sensitive Mode, Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode Overfrequency and Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode Underfrequency Active Power** ranges (where applicable).

(b) alarm signals, providing at least the following:

- (i) emergency blocking;
- (ii) ramp blocking;

(iii) fast **Active Power** reversal (where applicable)

ECC.6.5.6.7 The automatic controller referred to in ECC.6.5.6.5 shall be capable of receiving the following signal types from **The Company** (where applicable) :

(a) operational metering signals, receiving at least the following:

- (i) start-up command;
- (ii) **Active Power** setpoints;
- (iii) **Frequency Sensitive Mode** settings;
- (iv) **Reactive Power**, voltage or similar setpoints;
- (v) **Reactive Power** control modes;
- (vi) power oscillation damping control; and

(b) alarm signals, receiving at least the following:

- (i) emergency blocking command;
- (ii) ramp blocking command;
- (iii) **Active Power** flow direction; and
- (iv) fast **Active Power** reversal command.

ECC.6.5.6.8 With regards to operational metering signals, the resolution and refresh rate required would be 1 second or better unless otherwise agreed with **The Company**

Instructor Facilities

ECC.6.5.7 The **User** shall accommodate **Instructor Facilities** provided by **The Company** for the receipt of operational messages relating to **System** conditions.

Electronic Data Communication Facilities

ECC.6.5.8 (a) All **BM Participants** must ensure that appropriate electronic data communication facilities are in place to permit the submission of data, as required by the **Grid Code**, to **The Company**.

(b) In addition,

(1) any **User** that wishes to participate in the **Balancing Mechanism**;

or

(2) any **BM Participant** in respect of its **BM Units** at a **Power Station** and the **BM Participant** is required to provide all **Part 1 System Ancillary Services** in accordance with ECC.8.1 (unless **The Company** has otherwise agreed)

must ensure that appropriate automatic logging devices are installed at the **Control Points** of its **BM Units** to submit data to and to receive instructions from **The Company**, as required by the **Grid Code**. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of an **Interconnector User** the **Control Point** will be at the **Control Centre** of the appropriate **Externally Interconnected System Operator**.

(c) Detailed specifications of these required electronic facilities will be provided by **The Company** on request and they are listed as **Electrical Standards** in the Annex to the **General Conditions**.

Facsimile Machines

ECC.6.5.9 Each **User** and **The Company** shall provide a facsimile machine or machines:

- (a) in the case of **Generators**, at the **Control Point** of each **Power Station** and at its **Trading Point**;
- (b) in the case of **The Company** and **Network Operators**, at the **Control Centre(s)**; and
- (c) in the case of **Non-Embedded Customers** and **HVDC Equipment** owners at the **Control Point**.

Each **User** shall notify, prior to connection to the **System** of the **User's Plant and Apparatus**, **The Company** of its or their telephone number or numbers, and will notify **The Company** of any changes. Prior to connection to the **System** of the **User's Plant and Apparatus** **The Company** shall notify each **User** of the telephone number or numbers of its facsimile machine or machines and will notify any changes.

ECC.6.5.10 Busbar Voltage

The Relevant Transmission Licensee shall, subject as provided below, provide each **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** at each **Grid Entry Point** where one of its **Power Stations** or **HVDC Systems** is connected with appropriate voltage signals to enable the **Generator** or **HVDC System** owner to obtain the necessary information to permit its **Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **HVDC System** to be **Synchronised** to the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The term "**voltage signal**" shall mean in this context, a point of connection on (or wire or wires from) a relevant part of **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** at the **Grid Entry Point**, to which the **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner**, with **The Company's** agreement (not to be unreasonably withheld) in relation to the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** to be attached, will be able to attach its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** (normally a wire or wires) in order to obtain measurement outputs in relation to the busbar.

ECC.6.5.11 Bilingual Message Facilities

- (a) A Bilingual Message Facility is the method by which the **User's Responsible Engineer/Operator**, the **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and **The Company's Control Engineers** communicate clear and unambiguous information in two languages for the purposes of control of the **Total System** in both normal and emergency operating conditions.
- (b) A Bilingual Message Facility, where required, will provide up to two hundred pre-defined messages with up to five hundred and sixty characters each. A maximum of one minute is allowed for the transmission to, and display of, the selected message at any destination. The standard messages must be capable of being displayed at any combination of locations and can originate from any of these locations. Messages displayed in the UK will be displayed in the English language.
- (c) Detailed information on a Bilingual Message Facility and suitable equipment required for individual **User** applications will be provided by **The Company** upon request.

ECC.6.6 Monitoring

ECC.6.6.1 System Monitoring

ECC.6.6.1.1 Each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be equipped with a facility to provide fault recording and monitoring of dynamic system behaviour. These requirements are necessary to record conditions during **System** faults and detect poorly damped power oscillations. This facility shall record the following parameters:

- voltage,
- **Active Power**,
- **Reactive Power**, and
- **Frequency**.

- ECC.6.6.1.2 Detailed specifications for fault recording and dynamic system monitoring equipment including triggering criteria and sample rates are listed as **Electrical Standards** in the **Annex** to the **General Conditions**. For Dynamic System Monitoring, the specification for the communication protocol and recorded data shall also be included in the **Electrical Standard**.
- ECC.6.6.1.3 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify any requirements for **Power Quality Monitoring** in the **Bilateral Agreement**. The power quality parameters to be monitored, the communication protocols for the recorded data and the time frames for compliance shall be agreed between **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and **EU Generator**.
- ECC.6.6.1.4 **HVDC Systems** shall be equipped with a facility to provide fault recording and dynamic system behaviour monitoring of the following parameters for each of its **HVDC Converter Stations**:
- (a) AC and DC voltage;
 - (b) AC and DC current;
 - (c) **Active Power**;
 - (d) **Reactive Power**; and
 - (e) **Frequency**.
- ECC.6.6.1.5 **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may specify quality of supply parameters to be complied with by the **HVDC System**, provided a reasonable prior notice is given.
- ECC.6.6.1.6 The particulars of the fault recording equipment referred to in ECC.6.6.1.4, including analogue and digital channels, the settings, including triggering criteria and the sampling rates, shall be agreed between the **HVDC System Owner** and **The Company** in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.
- ECC.6.6.1.7 All dynamic system behaviour monitoring equipment shall include an oscillation trigger, specified by **The Company**, in coordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, with the purpose of detecting poorly damped power oscillations.
- ECC.6.6.1.8 The facilities for quality of supply and dynamic system behaviour monitoring shall include arrangements for the **HVDC System Owner** and **The Company** and/or **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to access the information electronically. The communications protocols for recorded data shall be agreed between the **HVDC System Owner**, **The Company** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.
- ECC.6.6.1.9 In order to accurately monitor the performance of a **Grid Forming Plant**, each **Grid Forming Plant** shall be equipped with a facility to accurately record the following parameters at a rate of 10ms : -
- **System Frequency** using a nominated algorithm as defined by **The Company**
 - The **ROCOF** rate using a nominated algorithm as defined by **The Company** based on a 500ms rolling average
 - A technique for recording the **Grid Phase Jump Angle** by using either a nominated algorithm as defined by **The Company** or an algorithm that records the time period of each half cycle with a time resolution of 10 microseconds. For a 50Hz **System**, a 1 degree phase jump is a time period change of 55.6 microseconds.
- ECC.6.6.1.10 Detailed specifications for **Grid Forming Capability Plant** dynamic performance including triggering criteria, sample rates, the communication protocol and recorded data shall be specified by **The Company** in the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.6.6.2 Frequency Response Monitoring
- ECC.6.6.2.1 Each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module** including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be fitted with equipment capable of monitoring the real time **Active Power** output of a **Power Generating Module** when operating in **Frequency Sensitive Mode**.

ECC.6.6.2.2

Detailed specifications of the **Active Power Frequency** response requirements including the communication requirements are listed as **Electrical Standards** in the **Annex** to the **General Conditions**.

ECC.6.6.2.3 **The Company** in co-ordination with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall specify additional signals to be provided by the **EU Generator** by monitoring and recording devices in order to verify the performance of the **Active Power Frequency** response provision of participating **Power Generating Modules**.

ECC.6.6.3 Compliance Monitoring

ECC.6.6.3.1 For all on site monitoring by **The Company** of witnessed tests pursuant to the **CP** or **OC5** or **ECP** the **User** shall provide suitable test signals as outlined in either OC5.A.1 or **ECP.A.4** (as applicable).

ECC.6.6.3.2 The signals which shall be provided by the **User** to **The Company** for onsite monitoring shall be of the following resolution, unless otherwise agreed by **The Company**:

- (i) 1 Hz for reactive range tests
- (ii) 10 Hz for frequency control tests
- (iii) 100 Hz for voltage control tests
- (iv) 1 kHz for **Grid Forming Plant** signals including fast fault current measurements
- (v) 100Hz for the other **Grid Forming Plant** tests carried out in accordance with ECC.6.6.1.9

ECC.6.6.3.3 The **User** will provide all relevant signals for this purpose in the form of d.c. voltages within the range -10V to +10V. In exceptional circumstances some signals may be accepted as d.c. voltages within the range -60V to +60V with prior agreement between the **User** and **The Company**. All signals shall:

- (i) in the case of an **Onshore Power Generating Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter Station**, be suitably terminated in a single accessible location at the **Generator** or **HVDC Converter Station** owner's site.
- (ii) in the case of an **Offshore Power Generating Module** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, be transmitted onshore without attenuation, delay or filtering which would result in the inability to fully demonstrate the objectives of the test, or identify any potential safety or plant instability issues, and be suitably terminated in a single robust location normally located at or near the onshore **Interface Point** of the **Offshore Transmission System** to which it is connected.

ECC.6.6.3.4 All signals shall be suitably scaled across the range. The following scaling would (unless **The Company** notify the **User** otherwise) be acceptable to **The Company**:

- (a) 0MW to **Maximum Capacity** or **Interface Point Capacity** 0-8V dc
- (b) Maximum leading **Reactive Power** to maximum lagging **Reactive Power** -8 to 8V dc
- (c) 48 – 52Hz as -8 to 8V dc
- (d) Nominal terminal or connection point voltage -10% to +10% as -8 to 8V dc

ECC.6.6.3.5 The **User** shall provide to **The Company** a 230V power supply adjacent to the signal terminal location.

ECC.7 SITE RELATED CONDITIONS

ECC.7.1 Not used.

ECC.7.2 Responsibilities For Safety

- ECC.7.2.1 Any **User** entering and working on its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** (including, until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, any **OTSUA**) on a **Transmission Site** will work to the **Safety Rules** of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**, as advised by **The Company**.
- ECC.7.2.2 For **User Sites**, **The Company** shall procure that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** entering and working on **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on a **User Site** will work to the **User's Safety Rules**.
- ECC.7.2.3 A **User** may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to **The Company** for permission to work according to that **Users** own **Safety Rules** when working on its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on a **Transmission Site** rather than those set out in ECC.7.2.1. If **The Company** is of the opinion that the **User's Safety Rules** provide for a level of safety commensurate with those set out in ECC.7.2.1, **The Company** will notify the **User**, in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by the **User**, the **User** may use its own **Safety Rules** when working on its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on the **Transmission Site**. For a **Transmission Site**, in forming its opinion, **The Company** will seek the opinion of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**. Until receipt of such written approval from **The Company**, the **User** will continue to use the **Safety Rules** as set out in ECC.7.2.1.
- ECC.7.2.4 In the case of a **User Site**, **The Company** may, with a minimum of six weeks notice, apply to a **User** for permission for the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** to work according to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules** when working on **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on that **User Site**, rather than the **User's Safety Rules**. If the **User** is of the opinion that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules**, provide for a level of safety commensurate with that of that **User's Safety Rules**, it will notify **The Company**, in writing, that, with effect from the date requested by **The Company**, that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** may use its own **Safety Rules** when working on its **Transmission Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on that **User's Site**. Until receipt of such written approval from the **User**, **The Company** shall procure that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall continue to use the **User's Safety Rules**.
- ECC.7.2.5 For a **Transmission Site**, if **The Company** gives its approval for the **User's Safety Rules** to apply to the **User** when working on its **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, that does not imply that the **User's Safety Rules** will apply to entering the **Transmission Site** and access to the **User's Plant** and/or **Apparatus** on that **Transmission Site**. Bearing in mind the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** responsibility for the whole **Transmission Site**, entry and access will always be in accordance with the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** site access procedures. For a **User Site**, if the **User** gives its approval for **Relevant Transmission Licensee Safety Rules** to apply to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** when working on its **Plant** and **Apparatus**, that does not imply that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Safety Rules** will apply to entering the **User Site**, and access to the **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus** on that **User Site**. Bearing in mind the **User's** responsibility for the whole **User Site**, entry and access will always be in accordance with the **User's** site access procedures.
- ECC.7.2.6 For **User Sites**, **Users** shall notify **The Company** of any **Safety Rules** that apply to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's** staff working on **User Sites**. **The Company** shall procure that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall notify **Users** of any **Safety Rules** that apply to the **User's** staff working on the **Transmission Site**.
- ECC.7.2.7 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** must have recorded on it the **Safety Rules** which apply to each item of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**.
- ECC.7.2.8 In the case of **OTSUA** a **User Site** or **Transmission Site** shall, for the purposes of this ECC.7.2, include a site at which there is an **Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time** when it becomes part of the **National Electricity Transmission System**.
- ECC.7.3 Site Responsibility Schedules

- ECC.7.3.1 In order to inform site operational staff and **The Company's Control Engineers** of agreed responsibilities for **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** at the operational interface, a **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall be produced for **Connection Sites** (and in the case of **OTSUA**, until the **OTSUA Transfer Time, Interface Sites**) for **The Company**, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and **Users** with whom they interface.
- ECC.7.3.2 The format, principles and basic procedure to be used in the preparation of **Site Responsibility Schedules** are set down in Appendix 1.
- ECC.7.4 Operation And Gas Zone Diagrams
- Operation Diagrams
- ECC.7.4.1 An **Operation Diagram** shall be prepared for each **Connection Site** at which a **Connection Point** exists (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, by **User's** for each **Interface Point**) using, where appropriate, the graphical symbols shown in Part 1A of Appendix 2. **Users** should also note that the provisions of **OC11** apply in certain circumstances.
- ECC.7.4.2 The **Operation Diagram** shall include all **HV Apparatus** and the connections to all external circuits and incorporate numbering, nomenclature and labelling, as set out in **OC11**. At those **Connection Sites** (or in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Interface Points**) where gas-insulated metal enclosed switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is installed, those items must be depicted within an area delineated by a chain dotted line which intersects gas-zone boundaries. The nomenclature used shall conform with that used on the relevant **Connection Site** and circuit (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Interface Point** and circuit). The **Operation Diagram** (and the list of technical details) is intended to provide an accurate record of the layout and circuit interconnections, ratings and numbering and nomenclature of **HV Apparatus** and related **Plant**.
- ECC.7.4.3 A non-exhaustive guide to the types of **HV Apparatus** to be shown in the **Operation Diagram** is shown in Part 2 of Appendix 2, together with certain basic principles to be followed unless equivalent principles are approved by **The Company**.
- Gas Zone Diagrams
- ECC.7.4.4 A **Gas Zone Diagram** shall be prepared for each **Connection Site** at which a **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, by **User's** for an **Interface Point**) exists where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised. They shall use, where appropriate, the graphical symbols shown in Part 1B of Appendix 2.
- ECC.7.4.5 The nomenclature used shall conform with that used in the relevant **Connection Site** and circuit (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, relevant **Interface Point** and circuit).
- ECC.7.4.6 The basic principles set out in Part 2 of Appendix 2 shall be followed in the preparation of **Gas Zone Diagrams** unless equivalent principles are approved by **The Company**.
- Preparation of Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams for Users' Sites and Transmission Interface Sites
- ECC.7.4.7 In the case of a **User Site**, the **User** shall prepare and submit to **The Company**, an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **User** side of the **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, on what will be the **Offshore Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** and the **Interface Point**) and **The Company** shall provide the **User** with an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** on what will be the **Onshore Transmission** side of the **Interface Point**, in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** prior to the **Completion Date** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.7.4.8 The **User** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the **User's Operation Diagram** and **The Company's Operation Diagram**, a composite **Operation Diagram** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Interface Point**), also in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** .

ECC.7.4.9 The provisions of ECC.7.4.7 and ECC.7.4.8 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone Diagrams** where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised.

Preparation of Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams for Transmission Sites

ECC.7.4.10 In the case of an **Transmission Site**, the **User** shall prepare and submit to **The Company** an **Operation Diagram** for all **HV Apparatus** on the **User** side of the **Connection Point**, in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.7.4.11 **The Company** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the **User's Operation Diagram**, a composite **Operation Diagram** for the complete **Connection Site**, also in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** .

ECC.7.4.12 The provisions of ECC.7.4.10 and ECC.7.4.11 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone Diagrams** where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is utilised.

Changes to Operation and Gas Zone Diagrams

ECC.7.4.13.1 When **The Company** has decided that it wishes to install new **HV Apparatus** or it wishes to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of **Transmission HV Apparatus** at a **Transmission Site**, **The Company** will (unless it gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, in which case the provisions of the **CUSC** as to the timing apply) one month prior to the installation or change, send to each such **User** a revised **Operation Diagram** of that **Transmission Site**, incorporating the new **Transmission HV Apparatus** to be installed and its numbering and nomenclature or the changes, as the case may be. **OC11** is also relevant to certain **Apparatus**.

ECC.7.4.13.2 When a **User** has decided that it wishes to install new **HV Apparatus**, or it wishes to change the existing numbering or nomenclature of its **HV Apparatus** at its **User Site**, the **User** will (unless it gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, in which case the provisions of the **CUSC** as to the timing apply) one month prior to the installation or change, send to **The Company** a revised **Operation Diagram** of that **User Site** incorporating the **EU Code User HV Apparatus** to be installed and its numbering and nomenclature or the changes as the case may be. **OC11** is also relevant to certain **Apparatus**.

ECC.7.4.13.3 The provisions of ECC.7.4.13.1 and ECC.7.4.13.2 shall apply in relation to **Gas Zone Diagrams** where gas-insulated switchgear and/or other gas-insulated **HV Apparatus** is installed.

Validity

ECC.7.4.14 (a) The composite **Operation Diagram** prepared by **The Company** or the **User**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Operation Diagram** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Connection Site**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the composite **Operation Diagram**, a meeting shall be held at the **Connection Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **The Company** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.

(b) The composite **Operation Diagram** prepared by **The Company** or the **User**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Operation Diagram** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the composite **Operation Diagram** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, a meeting shall be held at the **Interface Point**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **The Company** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.

(c) An equivalent rule shall apply for **Gas Zone Diagrams** where they exist for a **Connection Site**.

ECC.7.4.15 In the case of **OTSUA**, a **User Site** and **Transmission Site** shall, for the purposes of this ECC.7.4, include a site at which there is an **Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time** when it becomes part of the **National Electricity Transmission System** and references to **HV Apparatus** in this ECC.7.4 shall include references to **HV OTSUA**.

ECC.7.5 Site Common Drawings

ECC.7.5.1 **Site Common Drawings** will be prepared for each **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, each **Interface Point**) and will include **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**) layout drawings, electrical layout drawings, common **Protection/control** drawings and common services drawings.

Preparation of Site Common Drawings for a User Site and Transmission Interface Site

ECC.7.5.2 In the case of a **User Site**, **The Company** shall prepare and submit to the **User**, **Site Common Drawings** for the **Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, on what will be the **Onshore Transmission** side of the **Interface Point**), and the **User** shall prepare and submit to **The Company**, **Site Common Drawings** for the **User** side of the **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, on what will be the **Offshore Transmission** side of the **Interface Point**) in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.7.5.3 The **User** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted on the **Transmission Site Common Drawings**, **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**) in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

Preparation of Site Common Drawings for a Transmission Site

ECC.7.5.4 In the case of a **Transmission Site**, the **User** will prepare and submit to **The Company Site Common Drawings** for the **User** side of the **Connection Point** in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.7.5.5 **The Company** will then prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted in the **User's Site Common Drawings**, **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**.

ECC.7.5.6 When a **User** becomes aware that it is necessary to change any aspect of the **Site Common Drawings** at a **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**) it will:

- (a) if it is a **User Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**); and
- (b) if it is a **Transmission Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare and submit to **The Company** revised **Site Common Drawings** for the **User** side of the **Connection Point** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**) and **The Company** will then, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted in the **User's Site Common Drawings**, revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**).

In either case, if in the **User's** reasonable opinion the change can be dealt with by it notifying **The Company** in writing of the change and for each party to amend its copy of the **Site Common Drawings** (or where there is only one set, for the party holding that set to amend it), then it shall so notify and each party shall so amend. If the change gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, the provisions of the **CUSC** as to timing will apply.

ECC.7.5.7 When **The Company** becomes aware that it is necessary to change any aspect of the **Site Common Drawings** at a **Connection Site**(and in the case of **OTSDUW**, **Interface Point**) it will:

- (a) if it is a **Transmission Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW, Interface Point**); and
- (b) if it is a **User Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare and submit to the **User** revised **Site Common Drawings** for the **Transmission** side of the **Connection Point** (in the case of **OTSDUW, Interface Point**) and the **User** will then, as soon as reasonably practicable, prepare, produce and distribute, using the information submitted in the **Transmission Site Common Drawings**, revised **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** (and in the case of **OTSDUW, Interface Point**).

In either case, if in **The Company's** reasonable opinion the change can be dealt with by it notifying the **User** in writing of the change and for each party to amend its copy of the **Site Common Drawings** (or where there is only one set, for the party holding that set to amend it), then it shall so notify and each party shall so amend. If the change gives rise to a **Modification** under the **CUSC**, the provisions of the **CUSC** as to timing will apply.

Validity

- ECC.7.5.8 (a) The **Site Common Drawings** for the complete **Connection Site** prepared by the **User** or **The Company**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Site Common Drawings** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Connection Site**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the **Site Common Drawings**, a meeting shall be held at the **Site**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **The Company** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.
- (b) The **Site Common Drawing** prepared by **The Company** or the **User**, as the case may be, will be the definitive **Site Common Drawing** for all operational and planning activities associated with the **Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**. If a dispute arises as to the accuracy of the composite **Operation Diagram** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, a meeting shall be held at the **Interface Point**, as soon as reasonably practicable, between **The Company** and the **User**, to endeavour to resolve the matters in dispute.
- ECC.7.5.9 In the case of **OTSUA**, a **User Site** and **Transmission Site** shall, for the purposes of this ECC.7.5, include a site at which there is an **Interface Point** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time** when it becomes part of the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

Access

ECC.7.6.1 The provisions relating to access to **Transmission Sites** by **Users**, and to **Users' Sites** by **Relevant Transmission Licensees**, are set out in each **Interface Agreement** (or in the case of **Interfaces Sites** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time** agreements in similar form) with, the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** and each **User**.

ECC.7.6.2 In addition to those provisions, where a **Transmission Site** contains exposed **HV** conductors, unaccompanied access will only be granted to individuals holding an **Authority for Access** issued by the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.7.6.3 The procedure for applying for an **Authority for Access** is contained in the **Interface Agreement**.

Maintenance Standards

ECC.7.7.1 It is the **User's** responsibility to ensure that all its **Plant** and **Apparatus** (including, until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, any **OTSUA**) on a **Transmission Site** is tested and maintained adequately for the purpose for which it is intended, and to ensure that it does not pose a threat to the safety of any **Transmission Plant, Apparatus** or personnel on the **Transmission Site**. **The Company** will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such **Plant** and **Apparatus** at any time

ECC.7.7.2 For **User Sites**, **The Company** shall procure that the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** has a responsibility to ensure that all **Transmission Plant** and **Apparatus** on a **User Site** is tested and maintained adequately for the purposes for which it is intended and to ensure that it does not pose a threat to the safety of any **User's Plant, Apparatus** or personnel on the **User Site**.

The **User** will have the right to inspect the test results and maintenance records relating to such **Plant** and **Apparatus** on its **User Site** at any time.

ECC.7.8 Site Operational Procedures

ECC.7.8.1 Where there is an interface with **National Electricity Transmission System** **The Company** and **Users** must make available staff to take necessary **Safety Precautions** and carry out operational duties as may be required to enable work/testing to be carried out and for the operation of **Plant** and **Apparatus** (including, prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, any **OTSUA**) connected to the **Total System**.

ECC.7.9 **Generators, HVDC System** owners and **BM Participants** (including **Virtual Lead Parties**) shall provide a **Control Point**.

- a) In the case of **EU Generators** and **HVDC System** owners, for each **Power Station** or **HVDC System** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** and for each **Embedded Large Power Station** or **Embedded HVDC System**, the **Control Point** shall receive and act upon instructions pursuant to OC7 and BC2 at all times that **Power Generating Modules** at the **Power Station** are generating or available to generate or **HVDC Systems** are importing or exporting or available to do so. In the case of all **BM Participants**, the **Control Point** shall be continuously staffed except where the **Bilateral Agreement** specifies that compliance with BC2 is not required, in which case the **Control Point** shall be staffed between the hours of 0800 and 1800 each day.
- b) In the case of **BM Participants**, the **BM Participant's Control Point** shall be capable of receiving and acting upon instructions from **The Company** and the relevant **Transmission Licensees' Control Engineers**.

The Company will normally issue instructions via automatic logging devices in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.5.8(b).

Where the **BM Participant's Plant** and **Apparatus** does not respond to an instruction from **The Company** via automatic logging devices, or where it is not possible for **The Company** to issue the instruction via automatic logging devices, **The Company** shall issue the instruction by telephone.

In the case of **BM Participants** who own and/or operate a **Power Station** or **HVDC System** with an aggregated **Registered Capacity** or **BM Participants** with **BM Units** with an aggregated **Demand Capacity** per **Control Point** of less than 50MW, or, where a site is not part of a **Virtual Lead Party** as defined in the **BSC**, a **Registered Capacity** or **Demand Capacity** per site of less than 10MW

- a) where this situation arises, a representative of the **BM Participant** is required to be available to respond to instructions from **The Company** via the **Control Telephony** or **System Telephony** system, as provided for in ECC.6.5.4, between the hours of 0800-1800 each day.
- b) Outside the hours of 0800-1800 each day, the requirements of BC2.9.7 shall apply.

For the avoidance of doubt, **BM Participants** who are unable to provide **Control Telephony** and do not have a continuously staffed **Control Point** may be unable to act as a **Defence Service Provider** and shall be unable to act as a **Restoration Service Provider** or **Black Start Service Provider** where these require **Control Telephony** or a **Control Point** in respect of the specification of any such services falling into these categories.

ECC.7.10 Obligations on Users in respect of Critical Tools and Facilities

ECC.7.10.1 From 04/09/2024 **The Company**, each **Generator, HVDC System Owner, Network Operator, Non-Embedded Customer** and each **Restoration Service Provider** with a continuously staffed **Control Point** or **Control Centre** as provided for in ECC.7.9 shall:-

- (i) Ensure they have the appropriate **Critical Tools and Facilities**, necessary to control their assets for **Black Start**, from their **Control Point** or **Control Centre**, as appropriate, for a minimum period of 72 hours (or such longer period as agreed between the **Generator, HVDC System Owner, Network Operator, Non-Embedded Customer** and/or

Restoration Service Provider and The Company) following a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown.

- (ii) Ensure as far as reasonably practical that they have adequate control equipment redundancy in place so that in the event of a failure of one or more components of the control system its function is unimpaired.
- (iii) Report on the results of their management and testing for their **Critical Tools and Facilities** on request from **The Company**.

ECC.7.10.2 From 04/09/2024 each **BM Participant** including a **Virtual Lead Party** with a continuously staffed **Control Point** as provided for in ECC.7.9 (excluding those **BM Participants** covered by the requirements of ECC.7.10.1), shall:-

- (i) Ensure they have the appropriate **Critical Tools and Facilities** (as defined in clause (c) of the definition of **Critical Tools and Facilities** in the **Grid Code Glossary and Definitions**) for a minimum period of 72 hours (or such longer period as agreed between the **BM Participant** including a **Virtual Lead Party** and **The Company**) following a **Total Shutdown** or **Partial Shutdown**.
- (ii) Ensure as far as reasonably practical that they have adequate control equipment redundancy in place at their **Control Point** so that in the event of a failure of one or more components of their **Critical Tools and Facilities** its function is unimpaired.
- (iii) Report on the results of their management and testing for their **Critical Tools and Facilities** on request by **The Company**.

ECC.7.10.3 In the case of a **BM Participant** or **Virtual Lead Party** which has a **Black Start Contract** in respect of one or more of its aggregated **Plants**, the requirements of ECC.7.10.1 shall only apply between the **Control Point** of the **BM Participant** or **Virtual Lead Party** and that **Plant** with a **Black Start Contract**. For other non-contracted **Plants** under the control of the **BM Participant** or **Virtual Lead Party**, the requirements of ECC.7.10.2 shall continue to apply.

ECC.8 ANCILLARY SERVICES

ECC.8.1 System Ancillary Services

The **ECC** contain requirements for the capability for certain **Ancillary Services**, which are needed for **System** reasons ("**System Ancillary Services**"). There follows a list of these **System Ancillary Services**, together with the paragraph number of the **ECC** (or other part of the **Grid Code**) in which the minimum capability is required or referred to. The list is divided into two categories: Part 1 lists the **System Ancillary Services** which

- (a) **Generators** in respect of **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Modules** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules** and **Electricity Storage Modules**) are obliged to provide; and,
- (b) **HVDC System Owners** are obliged to have the capability to supply;
- (c) **Generators** in respect of **Medium Power Stations** (except **Embedded Medium Power Stations**) are obliged to provide in respect of **Reactive Power** only:

and Part 2 lists the **System Ancillary Services** which **Generators** will provide only if agreement to provide them is reached with **The Company**:

Part 1

- (a) **Reactive Power** supplied (in accordance with ECC.6.3.2)
- (b) **Frequency** Control by means of **Frequency** sensitive generation - ECC.6.3.7 and BC3.5.1

Part 2

- (c) **Frequency** Control by means of **Fast Start** - ECC.6.3.14

- (d) **Black Start Capability** - ECC.6.3.5
- (e) **System to Generator Operational Intertipping**

ECC.8.2 Commercial Ancillary Services

Other **Ancillary Services** are also utilised by **The Company** in operating the **Total System** if these have been agreed to be provided by a **User** (or other person) under an **Ancillary Services Agreement** or under a **Bilateral Agreement**, with payment being dealt with under an **Ancillary Services Agreement** or in the case of **Externally Interconnected System Operators** or **Interconnector Users**, under any other agreement (and in the case of **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and **Interconnector Users** includes ancillary services equivalent to or similar to **System Ancillary Services**) ("**Commercial Ancillary Services**"). The capability for these **Commercial Ancillary Services** is set out in the relevant **Ancillary Services Agreement** or **Bilateral Agreement** (as the case may be).

APPENDIX E1 - SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULES

FORMAT, PRINCIPLES AND BASIC PROCEDURE TO BE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULES

ECC.A.1.1 Principles

Types of Schedules

ECC.A.1.1.1 At all **Complexes** (which in the context of this ECC shall include, **Interface Sites** until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**) the following **Site Responsibility Schedules** shall be drawn up using the relevant proforma attached or with such variations as may be agreed between **The Company** and **Users**, but in the absence of agreement the relevant proforma attached will be used. In addition, in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**, and in readiness for the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, the **User** shall provide **The Company** with the necessary information such that **Site Responsibility Schedules** in this form can be prepared by the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** for the **Transmission Interface Site**:

- (a) Schedule of **HV Apparatus**
- (b) Schedule of **Plant, LV/MV Apparatus**, services and supplies;
- (c) Schedule of telecommunications and measurements **Apparatus**.

Other than at **Power Generating Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) and **Power Station** locations, the schedules referred to in (b) and (c) may be combined.

New Connection Sites

ECC.A.1.1.2 In the case of a new **Connection Site** each **Site Responsibility Schedule** for a **Connection Site** shall be prepared by **The Company** in consultation with relevant **Users** at least 2 weeks prior to the **Completion Date** (or, where the **OTSUA** is to become **Operational** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time**, an alternative date) under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** for that **Connection Site** (which may form part of a **Complex**). In the case of a new **Interface Site** where the **OTSUA** is to become **Operational** prior to the **OTSUA Transfer Time** each **Site Responsibility Schedule** for an **Interface Site** shall be prepared by **The Company** in consultation with relevant **Users** at least 2 weeks prior to the **Completion Date** under the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement** for that **Interface Site** (which may form part of a **Complex**) (and references to and requirements placed on "**Connection Site**" in this **ECC** shall also be read as "**Interface Site**" where the context requires and until the **OTSUA Transfer Time**). Each **User** shall, in accordance with the timing requirements of the **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, provide information to **The Company** to enable it to prepare the **Site Responsibility Schedule**.

Sub-division

ECC.A.1.1.3 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** will be subdivided to take account of any separate **Connection Sites** on that **Complex**.

Scope

ECC.A.1.1.4 Each **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall detail for each item of **Plant** and **Apparatus**:

- (a) **Plant/Apparatus** ownership;
- (b) Site Manager (Controller) (except in the case of **Plant/Apparatus** located in **SPT's Transmission Area**);
- (c) Safety issues comprising applicable **Safety Rules** and **Control Person** or other responsible person (**Safety Co-ordinator**), or such other person who is responsible for safety;
- (d) Operations issues comprising applicable **Operational Procedures** and control engineer;
- (e) Responsibility to undertake statutory inspections, fault investigation and maintenance.

Each **Connection Point** shall be precisely shown.

Detail

- ECC.A.1.1.5 (a) In the case of **Site Responsibility Schedules** referred to in ECC.A.1.1.1(b) and (c), with the exception of **Protection Apparatus** and **Intertrip Apparatus** operation, it will be sufficient to indicate the responsible **User** or **Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be.
- (b) In the case of the **Site Responsibility Schedule** referred to in ECC.A.1.1.1(a) and for **Protection Apparatus** and **Intertrip Apparatus**, the responsible management unit must be shown in addition to the **User** or **Transmission Licensee**, as the case may be.
- ECC.A.1.1.6 The **HV Apparatus Site Responsibility Schedule** for each **Connection Site** must include lines and cables emanating from or traversing¹ the **Connection Site**.

Issue Details

- ECC.A.1.1.7 Every page of each **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall bear the date of issue and the issue number.

Accuracy Confirmation

- ECC.A.1.1.8 When a **Site Responsibility Schedule** is prepared it shall be sent by **The Company** to the **Users** involved for confirmation of its accuracy.
- ECC.A.1.1.9 The **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall then be signed on behalf of **The Company** by its **Responsible Manager** (see ECC.A.1.1.16) and on behalf of each **User** involved by its **Responsible Manager** (see ECC.A.1.1.16), by way of written confirmation of its accuracy. The **Site Responsibility Schedule** will also be signed on behalf of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** by its **Responsible Manager**.

Distribution and Availability

- ECC.A.1.1.10 Once signed, two copies will be distributed by **The Company**, not less than two weeks prior to its implementation date, to each **User** which is a party on the **Site Responsibility Schedule**, accompanied by a note indicating the issue number and the date of implementation.
- ECC.A.1.1.11 **The Company** and **Users** must make the **Site Responsibility Schedules** readily available to operational staff at the **Complex** and at the other relevant control points.

Alterations to Existing Site Responsibility Schedules

- ECC.A 1.1.12 Without prejudice to the provisions of ECC.A.1.1.15 which deals with urgent changes, when a **User** identified on a **Site Responsibility Schedule** becomes aware that an alteration is necessary, it must inform **The Company** immediately and in any event 8 weeks prior to any change taking effect (or as soon as possible after becoming aware of it, if less than 8 weeks remain when the **User** becomes aware of the change). This will cover the commissioning of new **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** at the **Connection Site**, whether requiring a revised **Bilateral Agreement** or not, de-commissioning of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, and other changes which affect the accuracy of the **Site Responsibility Schedule**.
- ECC.A 1.1.13 Where **The Company** has been informed of a change by a **User**, or itself proposes a change, it will prepare a revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** by not less than six weeks prior to the change taking effect (subject to it having been informed or knowing of the change eight weeks prior to that time) and the procedure set out in ECC.A.1.1.8 shall be followed with regard to the revised **Site Responsibility Schedule**.

¹ Details of circuits traversing the **Connection Site** are only needed from the date which is the earlier of the date when the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is first updated and 15th October 2004. In Scotland or **Offshore**, from a date to be agreed between **The Company** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee**.

ECC.A.1.1.14 The revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** shall then be signed in accordance with the procedure set out in ECC.A.1.1.9 and distributed in accordance with the procedure set out in ECC.A.1.1.10, accompanied by a note indicating where the alteration(s) has/have been made, the new issue number and the date of implementation.

Urgent Changes

ECC.A.1.1.15 When a **User** identified on a **Site Responsibility Schedule**, or **The Company**, as the case may be, becomes aware that an alteration to the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is necessary urgently to reflect, for example, an emergency situation which has arisen outside its control, the **User** shall notify **The Company**, or **The Company** shall notify the **User**, as the case may be, immediately and will discuss:

- (a) what change is necessary to the **Site Responsibility Schedule**;
- (b) whether the **Site Responsibility Schedule** is to be modified temporarily or permanently;
- (c) the distribution of the revised **Site Responsibility Schedule**.

The Company will prepare a revised **Site Responsibility Schedule** as soon as possible, and in any event within seven days of it being informed of or knowing the necessary alteration. The **Site Responsibility Schedule** will be confirmed by **Users** and signed on behalf of **The Company** and **Users** and the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** (by the persons referred to in ECC.A.1.1.9) as soon as possible after it has been prepared and sent to **Users** for confirmation.

Responsible Managers

ECC.A.1.1.16 Each **User** shall, prior to the **Completion Date** under each **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, supply to **The Company** a list of Managers who have been duly authorised to sign **Site Responsibility Schedules** on behalf of the **User** and **The Company** shall, prior to the **Completion Date** under each **Bilateral Agreement** and/or **Construction Agreement**, supply to that **User** the name of its **Responsible Manager** and the name of the **Relevant Transmission Licensee's Responsible Manager** and each shall supply to the other any changes to such list six weeks before the change takes effect where the change is anticipated, and as soon as possible after the change, where the change was not anticipated.

De-commissioning of Connection Sites

ECC.A.1.1.17 Where a **Connection Site** is to be de-commissioned, whichever of **The Company** or the **User** who is initiating the de-commissioning must contact the other to arrange for the **Site Responsibility Schedule** to be amended at the relevant time.

PROFORMA FOR SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE

_____ AREA

COMPLEX: _____

SCHEDULE: _____

CONNECTION SITE: _____

ITEM OF PLANT/ APPARATUS	PLANT APPARATUS OWNER	SITE MANAGER	SAFETY		OPERATIONS		PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERTAKING STATUTORY INSPECTIONS, FAULT INVESTIGATION & MAINTENANCE	REMARKS
			SAFETY RULES	CONTROL OR OTHER RESPONSIBLE PERSON (SAFETY CO-ORDINATOR)	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES	CONTROL OR OTHER RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER		

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

PAGE: _____ ISSUE NO: _____ DATE: _____

PROFORMA FOR SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE

AREA _____

COMPLEX: _____

SCHEDULE: _____

CONNECTION SITE: _____

ITEM OF PLANT/ APPARATUS	PLANT APPARATUS OWNER	SITE MANAGER	SAFETY		OPERATIONS		PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERTAKING STATUTORY INSPECTIONS, FAULT INVESTIGATION & MAINTENANCE	REMARKS
			SAFETY RULES	CONTROL OR OTHER RESPONSIBLE PERSON (SAFETY CO-ORDINATOR)	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES	CONTROL OR OTHER RESPONSIBLE ENGINEER		

NOTES:

SIGNATURE: _____ NAME: _____ COMPANY: _____ DATE: _____

SIGNE D:	_____	NAM E:	_____	COMPAN Y:	_____	DAT E:	_____
SIGNE D:	_____	NAM E:	_____	COMPAN Y:	_____	DAT E:	_____
SIGNE D:	_____	NAM E:	_____	COMPAN Y:	_____	DAT E:	_____

PAGE: _____ ISSUE NO: _____ DATE: _____

**SP TRANSMISSION Ltd
 SITE RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE
 OWNERSHIP, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS OF EQUIPMENT
 IN JOINT USER SITUATIONS**

Sheet No. _____
 Revision: _____
 Date: _____

Network Area: _____

SECTION 'A' BUILDING AND SITE

OWNER	ACCESS REQUIRED:-	SECTION 'B' CUSTOMER OR OTHER PARTY NAME:-
LESSEE	SPECIAL CONDITIONS:-	
MAINTENANCE	LOCATION OF SUPPLY TERMINALS:-	
SAFETY		
SECURITY		

SECTION 'B' CUSTOMER OR OTHER PARTY

ADDRESS:-
TEL NO:-
SUB STATION:-
LOCATION:-

SECTION 'C' PLANT

ITEM Nos.	EQUIPMENT	IDENTIFICATION	OWNER	SAFETY RULES APPLICABLE	OPERATION			MAINTENANCE		FAULT INVESTIGATION		TESTING		RELAY SETTINGS	REMARKS
					Tripping	Closing	Isolating	Earthing	Primary Equip.	Protection Equip.	Primary Equip.	Protection Equip.	Trip and Alarm		

SECTION 'D' CONFIGURATION AND CONTROL

ITEM No.	CONFIGURATION RESPONSIBILITY	TELEPHONE NUMBER	REMARKS

ABBREVIATIONS:-

- D - SP AUTHORISED PERSON - DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
- NGC - NATIONAL GRID COMPANY
- SPD - SP DISTRIBUTION Ltd
- SPPS - POWERSYSTEMS
- SPT - SP TRANSMISSION Ltd
- ST - SCOTTISH POWER TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- T - SP AUTHORISED PERSON - TRANSMISSION SYSTEM
- U - USER

SECTION 'E' ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

--

SIGNED _____ FOR _____ SP Transmission DATE _____

SIGNED _____ FOR _____ SP Distribution DATE _____

SIGNED _____ FOR _____ PowerSystems/User DATE _____

APPENDIX E2 - OPERATION DIAGRAMS

PART 1A - PROCEDURES RELATING TO OPERATION DIAGRAMS

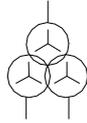
FIXED CAPACITOR		SWITCH DISCONNECTOR	
EARTH		SWITCH DISCONNECTOR WITH INCORPORATED EARTH SWITCH	
EARTHING RESISTOR		DISCONNECTOR (CENTRE ROTATING POST)	
LIQUID EARTHING RESISTOR		DISCONNECTOR (SINGLE BREAK DOUBLE ROTATING)	
ARC SUPPRESSION COIL		DISCONNECTOR (SINGLE BREAK NON-INTERLOCKED)	
FIXED MAINTENANCE EARTHING DEVICE		DISCONNECTOR (POWER OPERATED) NA - NON-AUTOMATIC A - AUTOMATIC SO - SEQUENTIAL OPERATION FI - FAULT INTERFERING OPERATION	
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITHOUT VT)		EARTH SWITCH	
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITH VT ON ONE PHASE)		FAULT THROWING SWITCH (PHASE TO PHASE)	
CARRIER COUPLING EQUIPMENT (WITH VT ON 3 PHASES)		FAULT THROWING SWITCH (EARTH FAULT)	
AC GENERATOR		SURGE ARRESTOR	
SYNCHRONOUS COMPENSATOR		THYRISTOR	
CIRCUIT BREAKER			
CIRCUIT BREAKER WITH DELAYED AUTO RECLOSE			
WITHDRAWABLE METALCLAD SWITCHGEAR			

TRANSFORMERS
(VECTORS TO INDICATE
WINDING CONFIGURATION)

TWO WINDING



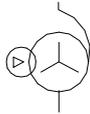
THREE WINDING



AUTO

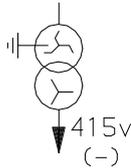


AUTO WITH DELTA TERTIARY



EARTHING OR AUX. TRANSFORMER

(-) INDICATE REMOTE SITE
IF APPLICABLE



VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS

SINGLE PHASE WOUND



THREE PHASE WOUND



SINGLE PHASE CAPACITOR



TWO SINGLE PHASE CAPACITOR



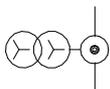
THREE PHASE CAPACITOR



* CURRENT TRANSFORMER
(WHERE SEPARATE PRIMARY
APPARATUS)



* COMBINED VT/CT UNIT
FOR METERING



REACTOR



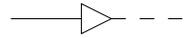
* BUSBARS



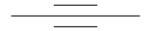
* OTHER PRIMARY CONNECTIONS



* CABLE & CABLE SEALING END



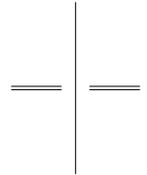
* THROUGH WALL BUSHING



* BYPASS FACILITY



* CROSSING OF CONDUCTORS
(LOWER CONDUCTOR
TO BE BROKEN)



PREFERENTIAL ABBREVIATIONS

AUXILIARY TRANSFORMER	Aux T
EARTHING TRANSFORMER	ET
GAS TURBINE	Gas T
GENERATOR TRANSFORMER	Gen T
GRID TRANSFORMER	Gr T
SERIES REACTOR	Ser Reac
SHUNT REACTOR	Sh Reac
STATION TRANSFORMER	Stn T
SUPERGRID TRANSFORMER	SGT
UNIT TRANSFORMER	UT

* NON-STANDARD SYMBOL

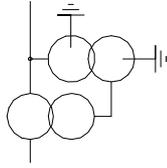
PORTABLE MAINTENANCE
EARTH DEVICE



DISCONNECTOR
(PANTOGRAPH TYPE)



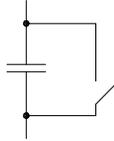
QUADRATURE BOOSTER



DISCONNECTOR
(KNEE TYPE)



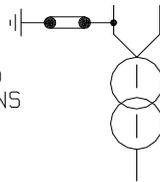
SHORTING/DISCHARGE SWITCH



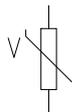
CAPACITOR
(INCLUDING HARMONIC FILTER)



SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER (BR)
NEUTRAL AND PHASE CONNECTIONS

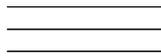


RESISTOR WITH INHERENT
NON-LINEAR VARIABILITY,
VOLTAGE DEPENDANT

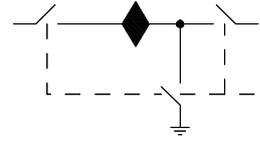


PART E1B - PROCEDURES RELATING TO GAS ZONE DIAGRAMS

GAS INSULATED
BUSBAR



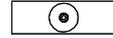
DOUBLE-BREAK
DISCONNECTOR



GAS BOUNDARY



EXTERNAL MOUNTED
CURRENT TRANSFORMER
(WHERE SEPARATE
PRIMARY APPARATUS)



GAS/GAS BOUNDARY



STOP VALVE
NORMALLY CLOSED



GAS/CABLE BOUNDARY



STOP VALVE
NORMALLY OPEN



GAS/AIR BOUNDARY



GAS MONITOR



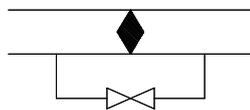
GAS/TRANSFORMER BOUNDARY



FILTER



MAINTENANCE VALVE



QUICK ACTING COUPLING



PART E2 - NON-EXHAUSTIVE LIST OF APPARATUS TO BE INCLUDED ON OPERATION DIAGRAMS

Basic Principles

- (1) Where practicable, all the **HV Apparatus** on any **Connection Site** shall be shown on one **Operation Diagram**. Provided the clarity of the diagram is not impaired, the layout shall represent as closely as possible the geographical arrangement on the **Connection Site**.
- (2) Where more than one **Operation Diagram** is unavoidable, duplication of identical information on more than one **Operation Diagram** must be avoided.
- (3) The **Operation Diagram** must show accurately the current status of the **Apparatus** e.g. whether commissioned or decommissioned. Where decommissioned, the associated switchbay will be labelled "spare bay".
- (4) Provision will be made on the **Operation Diagram** for signifying approvals, together with provision for details of revisions and dates.
- (5) **Operation Diagrams** will be prepared in A4 format or such other format as may be agreed with **The Company**.
- (6) The **Operation Diagram** should normally be drawn single line. However, where appropriate, detail which applies to individual phases shall be shown. For example, some **HV Apparatus** is numbered individually per phase.

Apparatus To Be Shown On Operation Diagram

- (1) Busbars
- (2) Circuit Breakers
- (3) Disconnecter (Isolator) and Switch Disconnecters (Switching Isolators)
- (4) Disconnectors (Isolators) - Automatic Facilities
- (5) Bypass Facilities
- (6) Earthing Switches
- (7) Maintenance Earths
- (8) Overhead Line Entries
- (9) Overhead Line Traps
- (10) Cable and Cable Sealing Ends
- (11) Generating Unit
- (12) Generator Transformers
- (13) Generating Unit Transformers, Station Transformers, including the lower voltage circuit-breakers.
- (14) Synchronous Compensators
- (15) Static Variable Compensators
- (16) Capacitors (including Harmonic Filters)
- (17) Series or Shunt Reactors (Referred to as "Inductors" at nuclear power station sites)
- (18) Supergrid and Grid Transformers
- (19) Tertiary Windings
- (20) Earthing and Auxiliary Transformers
- (21) Three Phase VT's

- (22) Single Phase VT & Phase Identity
- (23) High Accuracy VT and Phase Identity
- (24) Surge Arrestors/Diverter
- (25) Neutral Earthing Arrangements on HV Plant
- (26) Fault Throwing Devices
- (27) Quadrature Boosters
- (28) Arc Suppression Coils
- (29) Single Phase Transformers (BR) Neutral and Phase Connections
- (30) Current Transformers (where separate plant items)
- (31) Wall Bushings
- (32) Combined VT/CT Units
- (33) Shorting and Discharge Switches
- (34) Thyristor
- (35) Resistor with Inherent Non-Linear Variability, Voltage Dependent
- (36) Gas Zone

APPENDIX E3 - MINIMUM FREQUENCY RESPONSE CAPABILITY REQUIREMENT PROFILE AND OPERATING RANGE FOR POWER GENERATING MODULES AND HVDC EQUIPMENT

ECC.A.3.1 Scope

The frequency response capability is defined in terms of **Primary Response**, **Secondary Response** and **High Frequency Response**. In addition to the requirements defined in ECC.6.3.7 this appendix defines the minimum frequency response requirements for:-

- (a) each **Type C** and **Type D Power Generating Module**
- (b) each **DC Connected Power Park Module**
- (c) each **HVDC System**

For the avoidance of doubt, this appendix does not apply to **Type A** and **Type B Power Generating Modules**.

OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus should facilitate the delivery of frequency response services provided by **Offshore Generating Units** and **Offshore Power Park Units**.

The functional definition provides appropriate performance criteria relating to the provision of **Frequency** control by means of **Frequency** sensitive generation in addition to the other requirements identified in ECC.6.3.7.

In this Appendix 3 to the ECC, for a **Power Generating Module** including a **CCGT Module** or a **Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module**, the phrase **Minimum Regulating Level** applies to the entire **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **DC Connected Power Park Module** operating with all **Generating Units Synchronised** to the **System**.

The minimum **Frequency** response requirement profile is shown diagrammatically in Figure ECC.A.3.1. The capability profile specifies the minimum required level of **Frequency Response** Capability throughout the normal plant operating range.

ECC.A.3.2 Plant Operating Range

The upper limit of the operating range is the **Maximum Capacity** of the **Power Generating Module** or **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **HVDC Equipment**.

The **Minimum Stable Operating Level** may be less than, but must not be more than, 65% of the **Maximum Capacity**. Each **Power Generating Module** and/or **Generating Unit** and/or **CCGT Module** and/or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** must be capable of operating satisfactorily down to the **Minimum Regulating Level** as dictated by **System** operating conditions, although it will not be instructed to below its **Minimum Stable Operating Level**. If a **Power Generating Module** or **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module**, or **HVDC Equipment** is operating below **Minimum Stable Operating Level** because of high **System Frequency**, it should recover adequately to its **Minimum Stable Operating Level** as the **System Frequency** returns to **Target Frequency** so that it can provide **Primary** and **Secondary Response** from its **Minimum Stable Operating Level** if the **System Frequency** continues to fall. For the avoidance of doubt, under normal operating conditions steady state operation below the **Minimum Stable Operating Level** is not expected. The **Minimum Regulating Level** must not be more than 55% of **Maximum Capacity**.

In the event of a **Power Generating Module** or **Generating Unit** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** load rejecting down to no less than its **Minimum Regulating Level** it should not trip as a result of automatic action as detailed in BC3.7. If the load rejection is to a level less than the **Minimum Regulating Level** then it is accepted that the condition might be so severe as to cause it to be disconnected from the **System**.

ECC.A.3.3 Minimum Frequency Response Requirement Profile

Figure ECC.A.3.1 shows the minimum **Frequency** response capability requirement profile diagrammatically for a 0.5 Hz change in **Frequency**. The percentage response capabilities and loading levels are defined on the basis of the **Maximum Capacity** of the **Power Generating Module** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment**. Each **Power Generating Module** or and/or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** (including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) and/or **HVDC Equipment** must be capable of operating in a manner to provide **Frequency** response at least to the solid boundaries shown in the figure. If the **Frequency** response capability falls within the solid boundaries, the **Power Generating Module** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** is providing response below the minimum requirement which is not acceptable. Nothing in this appendix is intended to prevent a **Power Generating Module** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** from being designed to deliver a **Frequency** response in excess of the identified minimum requirement.

The **Frequency** response delivered for **Frequency** deviations of less than 0.5 Hz should be no less than a figure which is directly proportional to the minimum **Frequency** response requirement for a **Frequency** deviation of 0.5 Hz. For example, if the **Frequency** deviation is 0.2 Hz, the corresponding minimum **Frequency** response requirement is 40% of the level shown in Figure ECC.A.3.1. The **Frequency** response delivered for **Frequency** deviations of more than 0.5 Hz should be no less than the response delivered for a **Frequency** deviation of 0.5 Hz.

Each **Power Generating Module** and/or **CCGT Module** and/or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** must be capable of providing some response, in keeping with its specific operational characteristics, when operating between 95% to 100% of **Maximum Capacity** as illustrated by the dotted lines in Figure ECC.A.3.1.

At the **Minimum Stable Operating** level, each **Power Generating Module** and/or **CCGT Module** and/or **Power Park Module** and/or **HVDC Equipment** is required to provide high and low frequency response depending on the **System Frequency** conditions. Where the **Frequency** is high, the **Active Power** output is therefore expected to fall below the **Minimum Stable Operating** level.

The **Minimum Regulating Level** is the output at which a **Power Generating Module** and/or **CCGT Module** and/or **Power Park Module** and/or **HVDC Equipment** has no **High Frequency Response** capability. It may be less than, but must not be more than, 55% of the **Maximum Capacity**. This implies that a **Power Generating Module** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module**) or **HVDC Equipment** is not obliged to reduce its output to below this level unless the **Frequency** is at or above 50.5 Hz (cf BC3.7).

ECC.A.3.4 Testing of Frequency Response Capability

The frequency response capabilities shown diagrammatically in Figure ECC.A.3.1 are measured by taking the responses as obtained from some of the dynamic step response tests specified by **The Company** and carried out by **Generators** and **HVDC System** owners for compliance purposes. The injected signal is a step of 0.5Hz from zero to 0.5 Hz **Frequency** change, and is sustained at 0.5 Hz **Frequency** change thereafter, the latter as illustrated diagrammatically in figures ECC.A.3.4 and ECC.A.3.5.

In addition to provide and/or to validate the content of **Ancillary Services Agreements** a progressive injection of a **Frequency** change to the plant control system (i.e. governor and load controller) is used. The injected signal is a ramp of 0.5Hz from zero to 0.5 Hz **Frequency** change over a ten second period, and is sustained at 0.5 Hz **Frequency** change thereafter, the latter as illustrated diagrammatically in figures ECC.A.3.2 and ECC.A.3.3. In the case of an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded HVDC System** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**, **The Company** may require the **Network Operator** within whose System the **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded HVDC System** is situated, to ensure that the **Embedded Person** performs the dynamic response tests reasonably required by **The Company** in order to demonstrate compliance within the relevant requirements in the **ECC**.

The **Primary Response** capability (P) of a **Power Generating Module** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** is the minimum increase in **Active Power** output between 10 and 30 seconds after the start of the ramp injection as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure ECC.A.3.2. This increase in **Active Power** output should be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** fall as illustrated by the response from Figure ECC.A.3.2.

The **Secondary Response** capability (S) of a **Power Generating Module** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** is the minimum increase in **Active Power** output between 30 seconds and 30 minutes after the start of the ramp injection as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure ECC.A.3.2.

The **High Frequency Response** capability (H) of a **Power Generating Module** or a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** is the decrease in **Active Power** output provided 10 seconds after the start of the ramp injection and sustained thereafter as illustrated diagrammatically in Figure ECC.A.3.3. This reduction in **Active Power** output should be released increasingly with time over the period 0 to 10 seconds from the time of the start of the **Frequency** rise as illustrated by the response in Figure ECC.A.3.2.

ECC.A.3.5 Repeatability of Response

When a **Power Generating Module** or **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** or **HVDC Equipment** has responded to a significant **Frequency** disturbance, its response capability must be fully restored as soon as technically possible. Full response capability should be restored no later than 20 minutes after the initial change of **System Frequency** arising from the **Frequency** disturbance.

Figure ECC.A.3.1 - Minimum **Frequency** Response requirement profile for a 0.5 Hz frequency change from **Target Frequency**

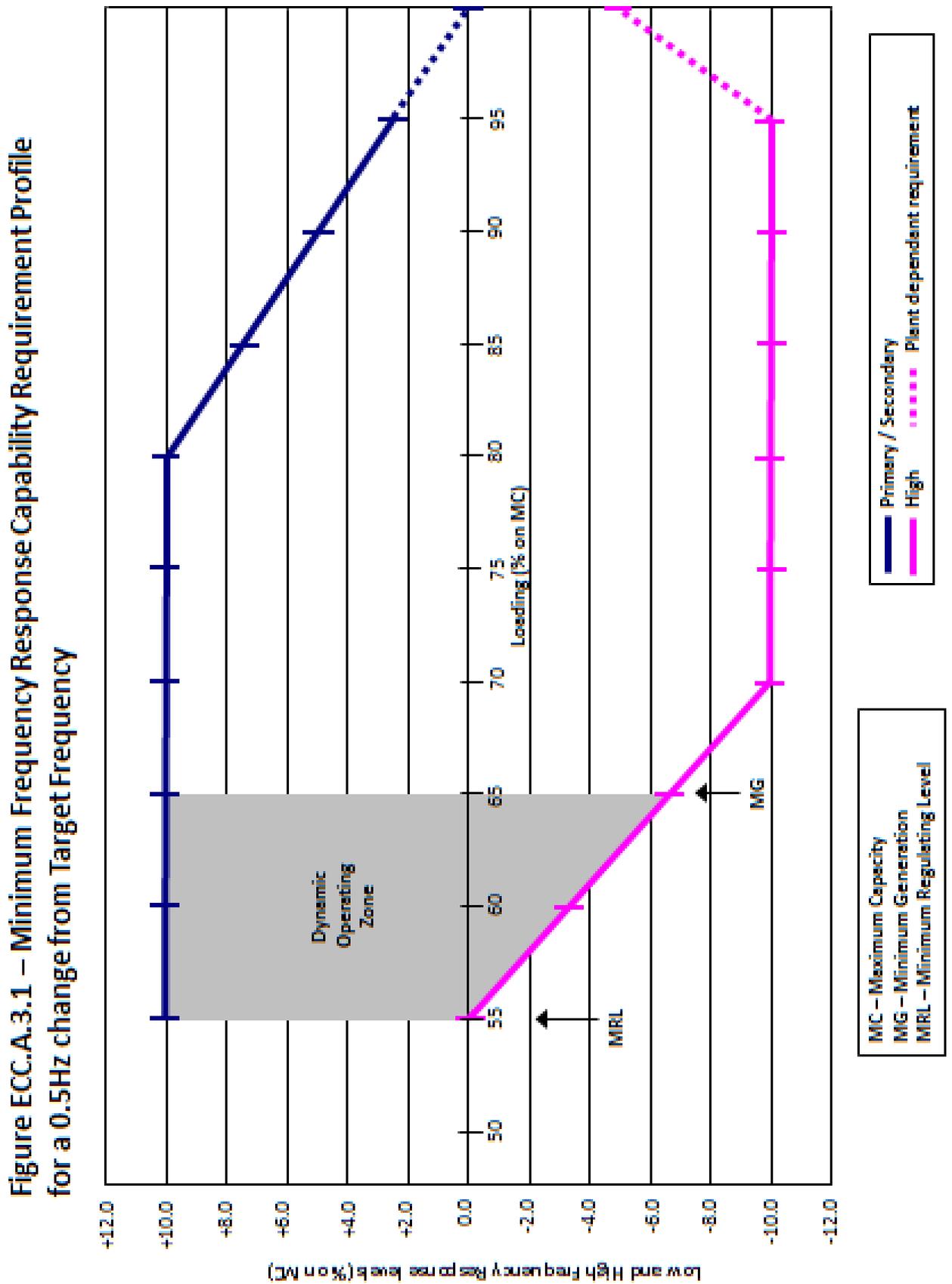


Figure ECC.A.3.2 – Interpretation of Primary and Secondary Response Service Values

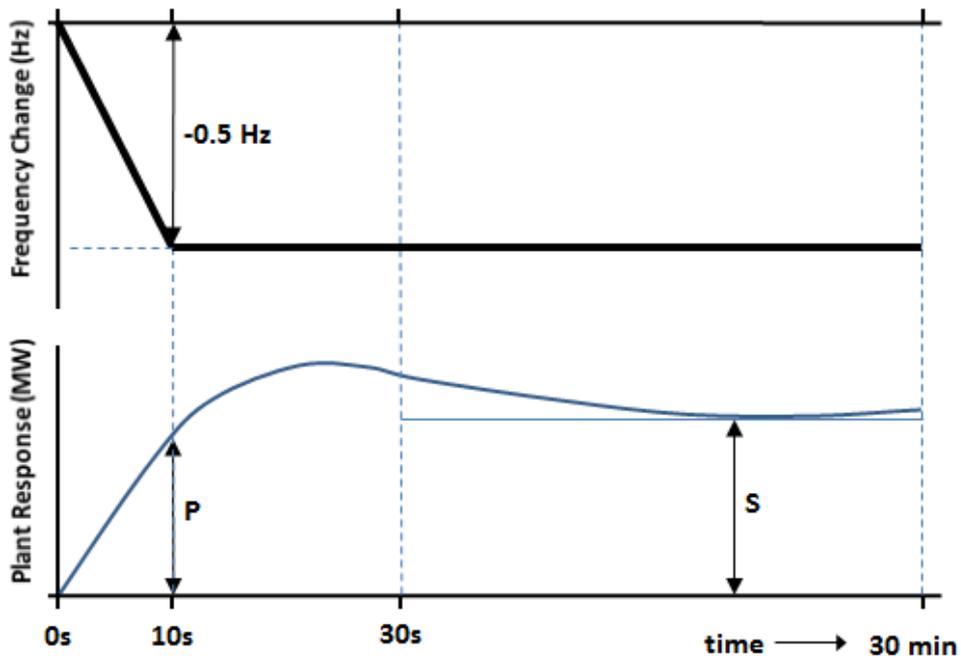


Figure ECC.A.3.3 – Interpretation of High Frequency Response Service Values

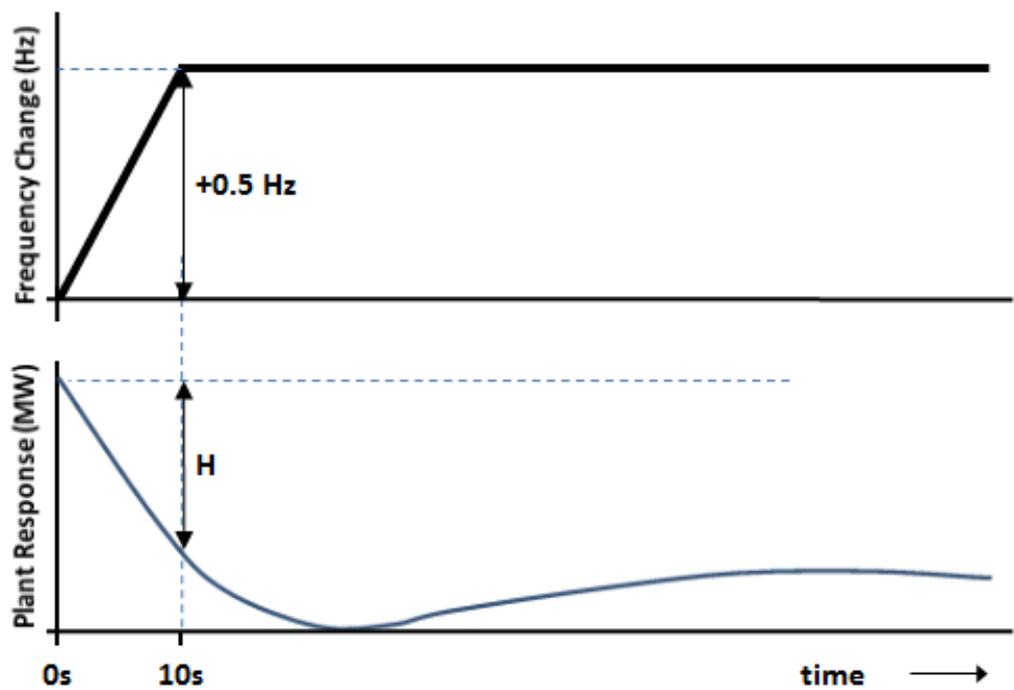


Figure ECC.A.3.4 – Interpretation of Low Frequency Response Capability Values

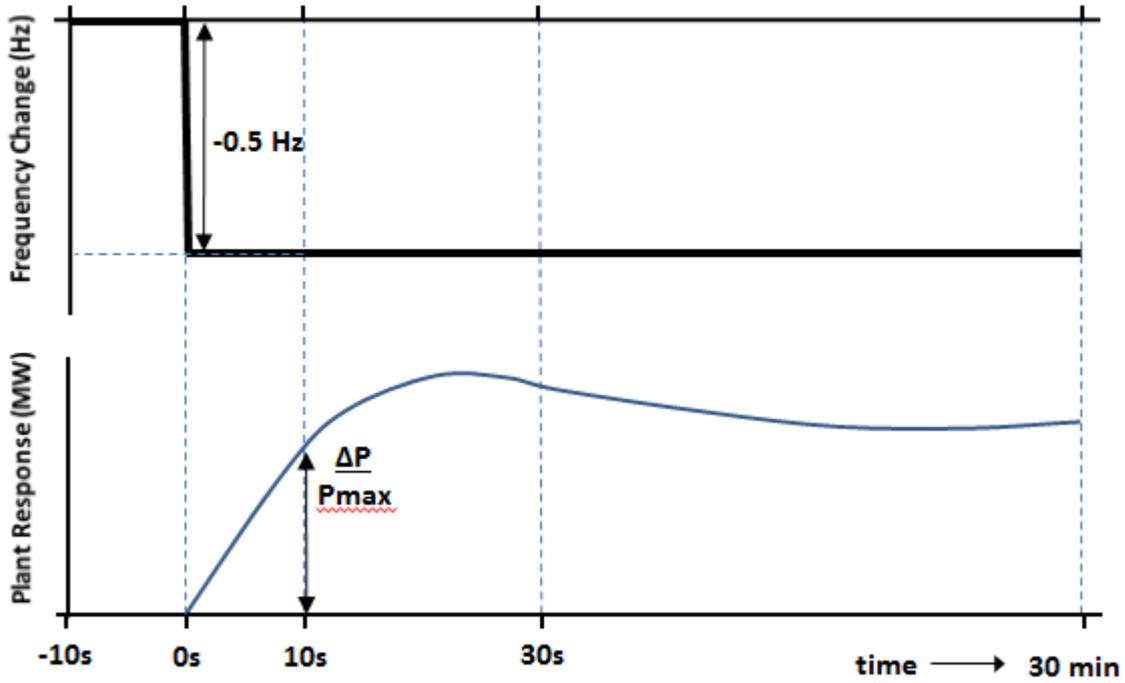
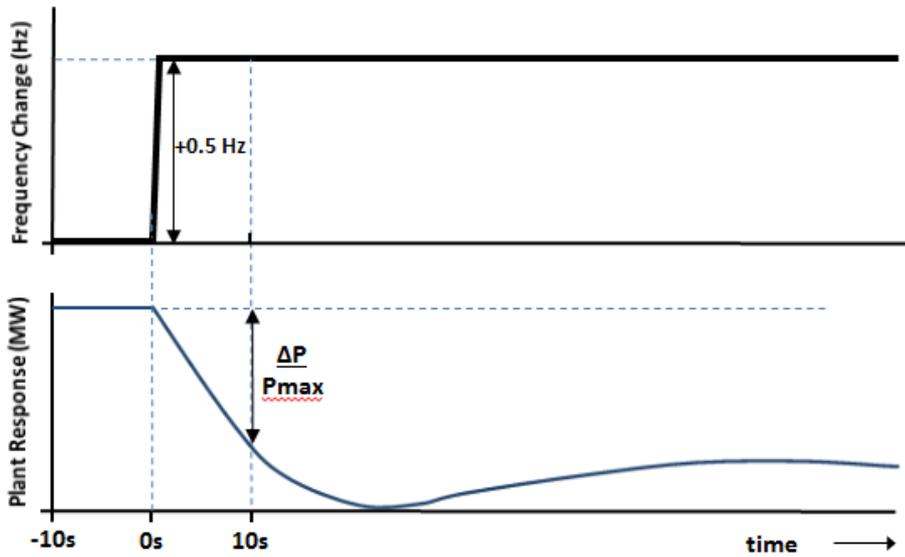


Figure ECC.A.3.5 – Interpretation of High Frequency Response Capability Values



ECC.4 - APPENDIX 4 - FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS

FAULT RIDE THROUGH REQUIREMENTS FOR TYPE B, TYPE C AND TYPE D POWER GENERATING MODULES (INCLUDING OFFSHORE POWER PARK MODULES WHICH ARE EITHER AC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES OR DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), HVDC SYSTEMS AND OTSDUW PLANT AND APPARATUS

ECC.A.4A.1 Scope

The **Fault Ride Through** requirements are defined in ECC.6.3.15. This Appendix provides illustrations by way of examples only of ECC.6.3.15.1 to ECC.6.3.15.10 and further background and illustrations and is not intended to show all possible permutations.

ECC.A.4A.2 Short Circuit Faults At Supergrid Voltage On The Onshore Transmission System Up To 140ms In Duration

For short circuit faults at **Supergrid Voltage** on the **Onshore Transmission System** (which could be at an **Interface Point**) up to 140ms in duration, the **Fault Ride Through** requirement is defined in ECC.6.3.15. In summary any **Power Generating Module** (including a **DC Connected Power Park Module**) or **HVDC System** is required to remain connected and stable whilst connected to a healthy circuit. Figure ECC.A.4.A.2 illustrates this principle.

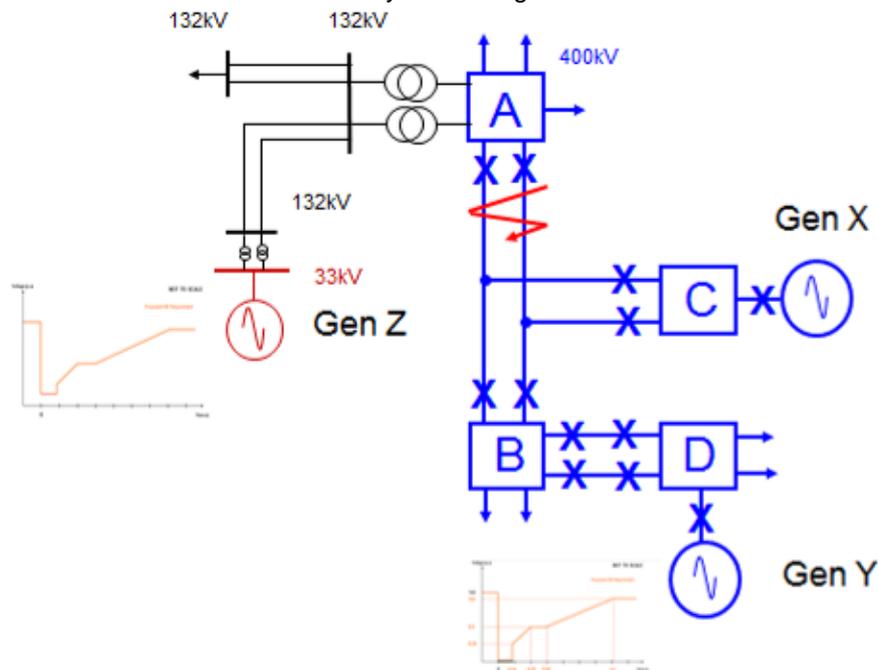


Figure ECC.A.4.A.2

In Figure ECC.A.4.A.2 a solid three phase short circuit fault is applied adjacent to substation A resulting in zero voltage at the point of fault. All circuit breakers on the faulty circuit (Lines ABC) will open within 140ms resulting in Gen X tripping. The effect of this fault, due to the low impedance of the network, will be the observation of a low voltage at each substation node across the **Total System** until the fault has been cleared. In this example, Gen Y and Gen Z (an Embedded Generator) would need to remain connected and stable as both are still connected to the **Total System** and remain connected to healthy circuits .

The criteria for assessment is based on a voltage against time curve at each **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point**. The voltage against time curve at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** varies for each different type and size of **Power Generating Module** as detailed in ECC.6.3.15.2. – ECC.6.3.15.7.

The voltage against time curve represents the voltage profile at a **Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point** that would be obtained by plotting the voltage at that **Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point** before during and after the fault. This is not to be confused with a voltage duration curve (as defined under ECC.6.3.15.9) which represents a voltage level and associated time duration.

The post fault voltage at a **Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point** is largely influenced by the topology of the network rather than the behaviour of the **Power Generating Module** itself. The **EU Generator** therefore needs to ensure each **Power Generating Module** remains connected and stable for a close up solid three phase short circuit fault for 140ms at the **Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point**.

Two examples are shown in Figure EA.4.2(a) and Figure EA.4.2(b). In Figure EA.4.2(a) the post fault profile is above the heavy black line. In this case the **Power Generating Module** must remain connected and stable. In Figure EA.4.2(b) the post fault voltage dips below the heavy black line in which case the **Power Generating Module** is permitted to trip.

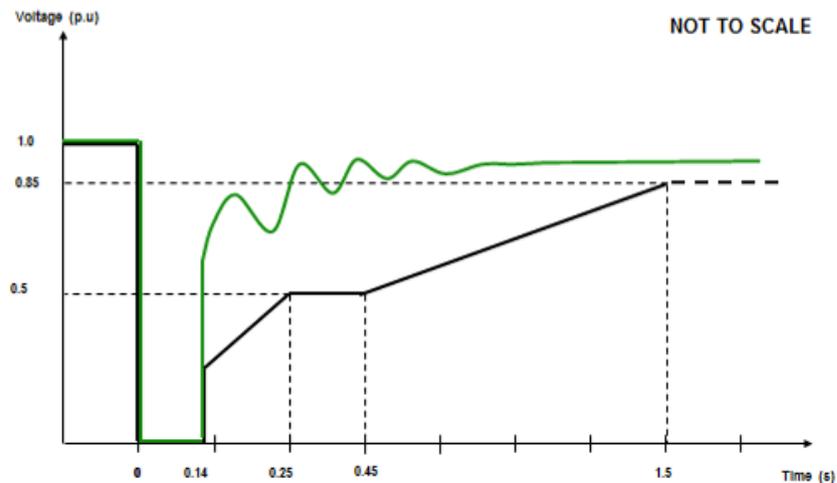


Figure EA.4.2(a)

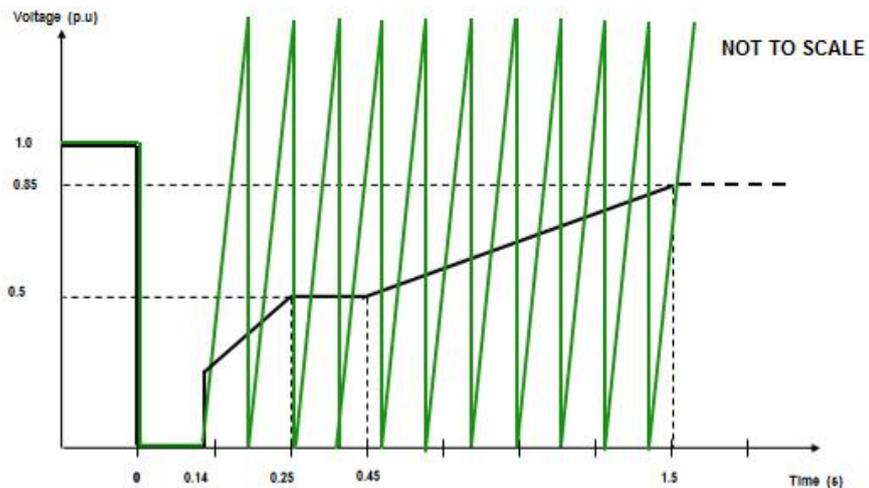


Figure EA.4.2(b)

The process for demonstrating **Fault Ride Through** compliance against the requirements of ECC.6.3.15 is detailed in ECP.A.3.5 and ECP.A.6.7 (as applicable).

ECC.A.4A.3 Supergrid Voltage Dips On The Onshore Transmission System Greater Than 140ms In Duration

ECC.A.4A3.1 Requirements applicable to **Synchronous Power Generating Modules** subject to **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** greater than 140ms in duration.

For balanced **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** having durations greater than 140ms and up to 3 minutes, the **Fault Ride Through** requirement is defined in ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1(a) and Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(a) which is reproduced in this Appendix as Figure EA.4.3.1 and termed the voltage–duration profile.

This profile is not a voltage-time response curve that would be obtained by plotting the transient voltage response at a point on the **Onshore Transmission System** (or **User System** if located **Onshore**) to a disturbance. Rather, each point on the profile (ie the heavy black line) represents a voltage level and an associated time duration which connected **Synchronous Power Generating Modules** must withstand or ride through.

Figures EA.4.3.2 (a), (b) and (c) illustrate the meaning of the voltage-duration profile for voltage dips having durations greater than 140ms.

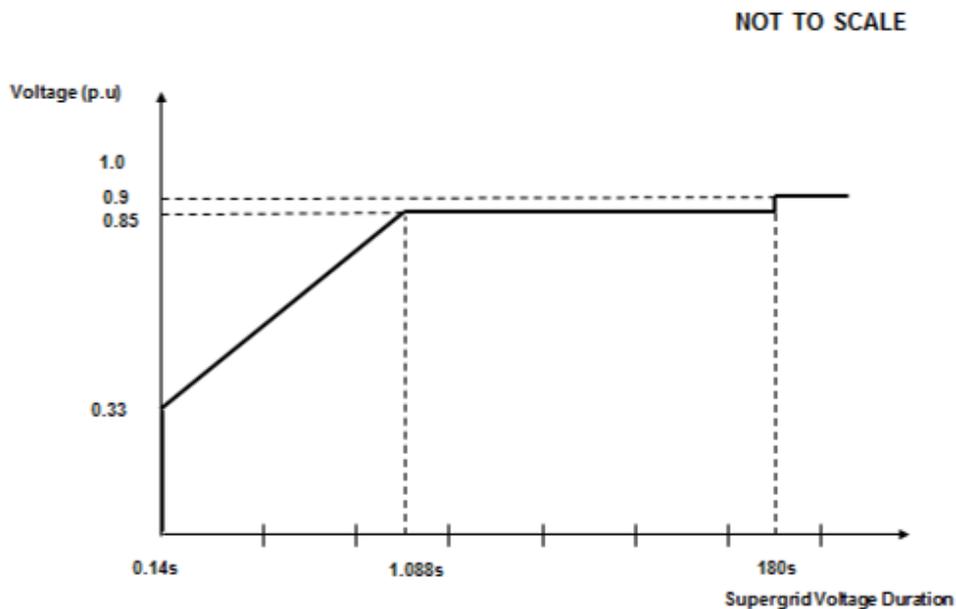


Figure EA.4.3.1

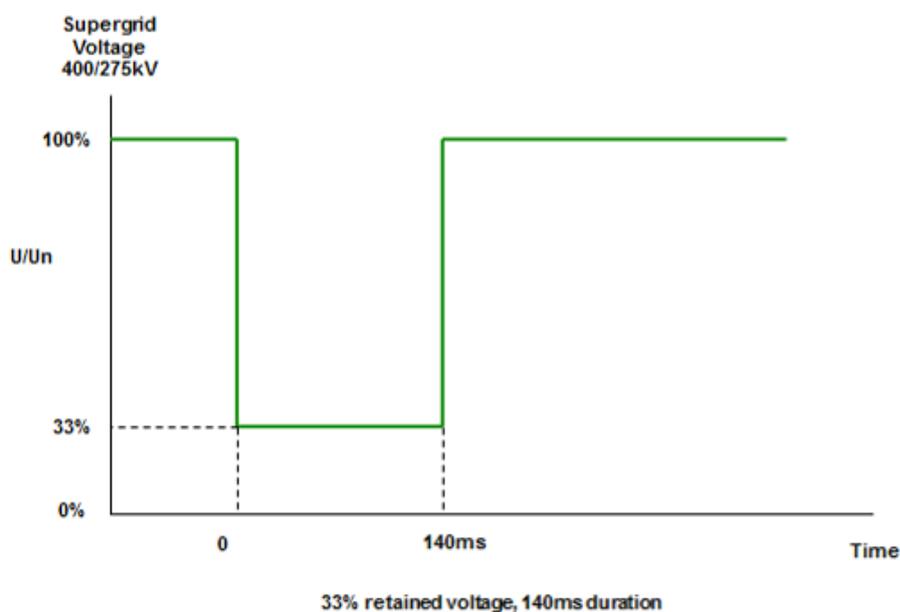


Figure EA.4.3.2 (a)

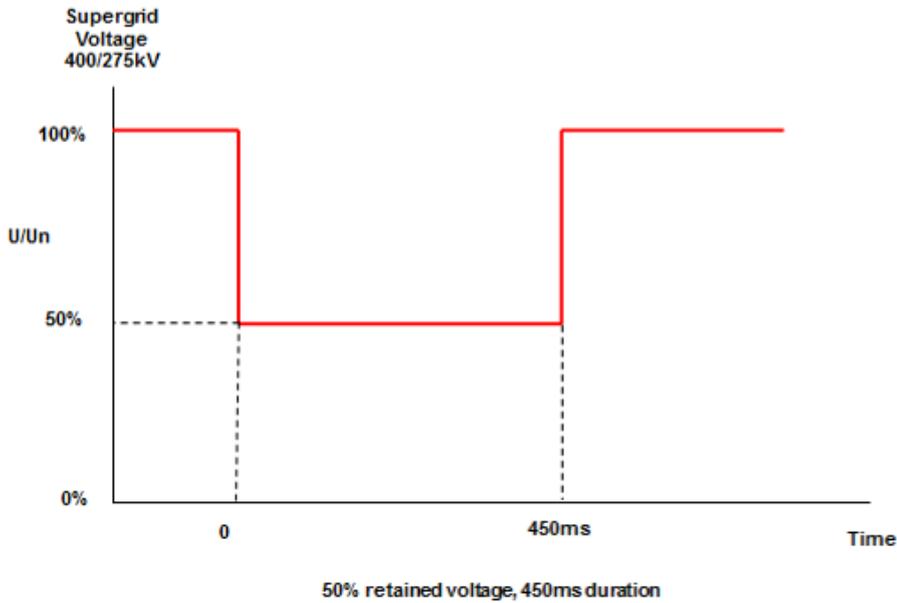


Figure EA.4.3.2 (b)

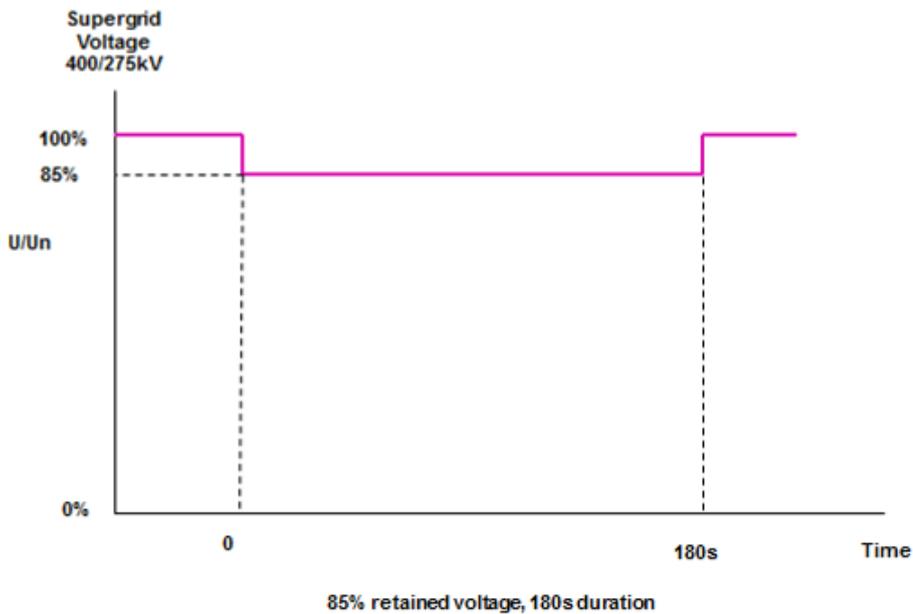


Figure EA.4.3.2 (c)

ECC.A.4A3.2 Requirements applicable to **Power Park Modules** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** subject to **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** greater than 140ms in duration

For balanced **Supergrid Voltage** dips on the **Onshore Transmission System** (which could be at an **Interface Point**) having durations greater than 140ms and up to 3 minutes the **Fault Ride Through** requirement is defined in ECC.6.3.15.9.2.1(b) and Figure ECC.6.3.15.9(b) which is reproduced in this Appendix as Figure EA.4.3.3 and termed the voltage–duration profile.

This profile is not a voltage-time response curve that would be obtained by plotting the transient voltage response at a point on the **Onshore Transmission System** (or **User System** if located **Onshore**) to a disturbance. Rather, each point on the profile (ie the heavy black line) represents a voltage level and an associated time duration which connected **Power Park Modules** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** must withstand or ride through.

Figures EA.4.3.4 (a), (b) and (c) illustrate the meaning of the voltage-duration profile for voltage dips having durations greater than 140ms.

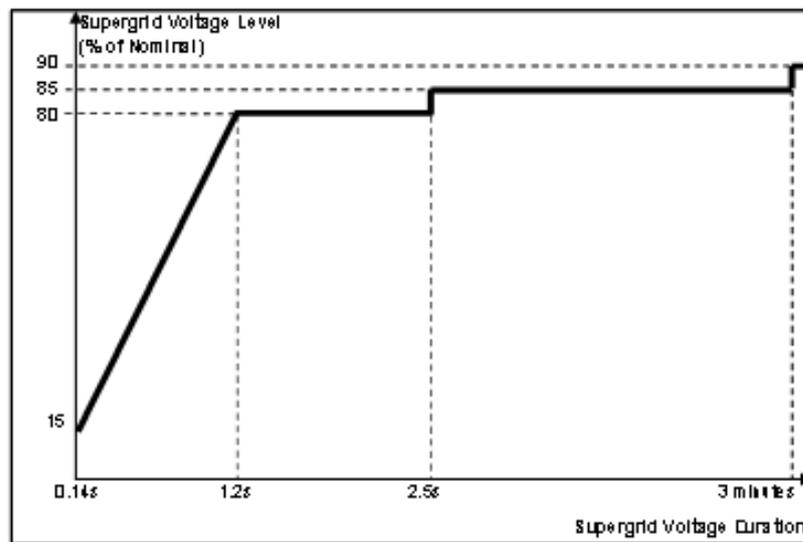


Figure EA.4.3.3

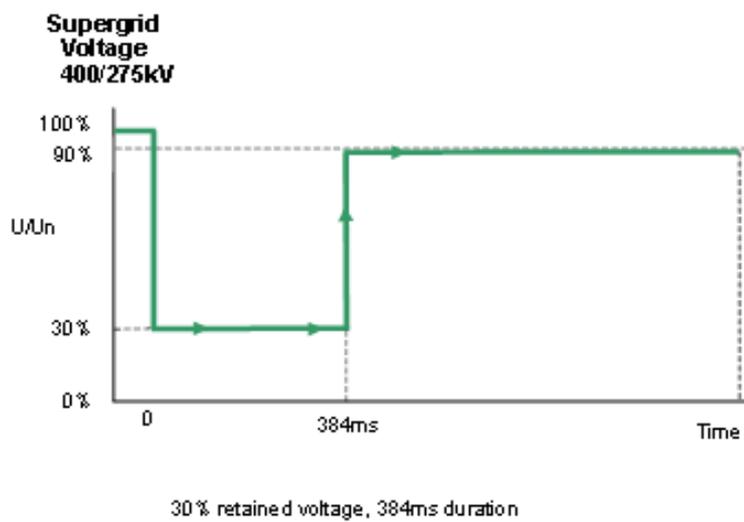
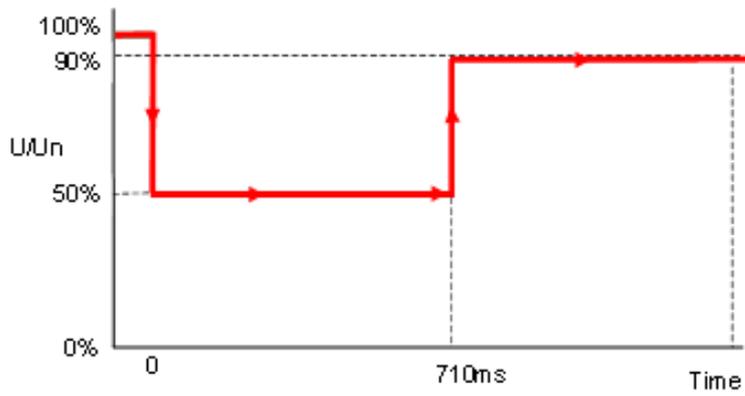


Figure EA.4.3.4(a)

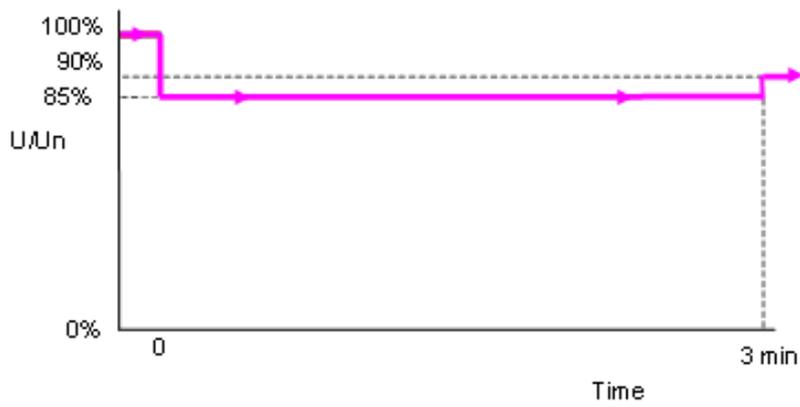
**Supergrid
Voltage
400/275kV**



50% retained voltage, 710ms duration

Figure EA.4.3.4 (b)

**Supergrid
Voltage
400/275kV**



85% retained voltage, 3 minutes duration

Figure EA.4.3.4 (c)

**APPENDIX E5 - TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS
LOW FREQUENCY RELAYS FOR THE AUTOMATIC
DISCONNECTION OF SUPPLIES AT LOW FREQUENCY**

ECC.A.5.1 Low Frequency Relays

ECC.A.5.1.1 The **Low Frequency Relays** to be used shall have a setting range of 47.0 to 50Hz and be suitable for operation from a nominal AC input of 63.5, 110 or 240V. The following parameters specify the requirements of approved **Low Frequency Relays**:

- (a) **Frequency** settings: 47-50Hz in steps of 0.05Hz or better, preferably 0.01Hz;
- (b) Operating time: Relay operating time shall not be more than 150 ms;
- (c) Voltage lock-out: Selectable within a range of 55 to 90% of nominal voltage;
- (d) Direction: Tripping interlock for forward or reverse power flow capable of being set in either position or off
- (e) Facility stages: One or two stages of **Frequency** operation;
- (f) Output contacts: Two output contacts per stage to be capable of repetitively making and breaking for 1000 operations:
- (g) Accuracy: 0.01 Hz maximum error under reference environmental and system voltage conditions.
0.05 Hz maximum error at 8% of total harmonic distortion
Electromagnetic Compatibility Level.

In the case of **Network Operators** who are **GB Code Users**, the above requirements only apply to a relay (if any) installed at the **EU Grid Supply Point**. **Network Operators** who are also **GB Code Users** should continue to satisfy the requirements for low frequency relays as specified in the **CCs** as applicable to their **System**.

ECC.A.5.2 Low Frequency Relay Voltage Supplies

ECC.A.5.2.1 It is essential that the voltage supply to the **Low Frequency Relays** shall be derived from the primary **System** at the supply point concerned so that the **Frequency** of the **Low Frequency Relays** input voltage is the same as that of the primary **System**. This requires either:

- (a) the use of a secure supply obtained from voltage transformers directly associated with the grid transformer(s) concerned, the supply being obtained where necessary via a suitable automatic voltage selection scheme; or
- (b) the use of the substation 240V phase-to-neutral selected auxiliary supply, provided that this supply is always derived at the supply point concerned and is never derived from a standby supply **Power Generating Module** or from another part of the **User System**.

ECC.A.5.3 Scheme Requirements

ECC.A.5.3.1 The tripping facility should be engineered in accordance with the following reliability considerations:

- (a) Dependability

Failure to trip at any one particular **Demand** shedding point would not harm the overall operation of the scheme. However, many failures would have the effect of reducing the amount of **Demand** under low **Frequency** control. An overall reasonable minimum requirement for the dependability of the **Demand** shedding scheme is 96%, i.e. the average probability of failure of each **Demand** shedding point should be less than 4%. Thus the **Demand** under low **Frequency** control will not be reduced by more than 4% due to relay failure.

(b) Outages

Low **Frequency Demand** shedding schemes will be engineered such that the amount of **Demand** under control is as specified in Table ECC.A.5.5.1a and is not reduced unacceptably during equipment outage or maintenance conditions.

ECC.A.5.3.2 The total operating time of the scheme, including circuit breakers operating time, shall where reasonably practicable, be less than 200 ms. For the avoidance of doubt, the replacement of plant installed prior to October 2009 will not be required in order to achieve lower total scheme operating times.

ECC.A.5.4 Low Frequency Relay Testing

ECC.A.5.4.1 **Low Frequency Relays** installed and commissioned after 1st January 2007 shall be type tested in accordance with and comply with the functional test requirements for **Frequency Protection** contained in Energy Networks Association Technical Specification 48-6-5 Issue 1 dated 2005 “**ENA Protection Assessment Functional Test Requirements – Voltage and Frequency Protection**”.

For the avoidance of doubt, **Low Frequency Relays** installed and commissioned before 1st January 2007 shall comply with the version of ECC.A.5.1.1 applicable at the time such **Low Frequency Relays** were commissioned.

ECC.A.5.4.2 Each **Non-Embedded Customer** shall aim to execute testing on its low frequency demand disconnection relays installed within its network and in service at least once every three years, although this may be extended to no more than every five years if considered to be required for operational purposes.

ECC.A.5.4.3 Each **Network Operator** and **Relevant Transmission Licensee** shall aim to execute testing on its low frequency demand disconnection relays installed within its network and in service at least once every three years, although this may be extended to no more than every five years if considered to be required for operational purposes.

ECC.A.5.5 Scheme Settings

ECC.A.5.5.1 Table CC.A.5.5.1a shows, for each **Transmission Area**, the percentage of **Demand** (based on **Annual ACS Conditions**) at the time of forecast **National Electricity Transmission System** peak **Demand** that each **Network Operator** whose **System** is connected to the **Onshore Transmission System** within such **Transmission Area** shall disconnect by **Low Frequency Relays** at a range of frequencies. Where a **Network Operator’s System** is connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** in more than one **Transmission Area**, the settings for the **Transmission Area** in which the majority of the **Demand** is connected shall apply.

Frequency Hz	% Demand disconnection for each Network Operator in Transmission Area		
	NGET	SPT	SHETL
48.8	5		
48.75	5		

48.7	10		
48.6	7.5		10
48.5	7.5	10	
48.4	7.5	10	10
48.2	7.5	10	10
48.0	5	10	10
47.8	5		
Total % Demand	60	40	40

Table ECC.A.5.5.1a

Note – the percentages in table ECC.A.5.5.1a are cumulative such that, for example, should the frequency fall to 48.6 Hz in **NGET’s Transmission Area**, 27.5% of the total **Demand** connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** in **NGET’s Transmission Area** shall be disconnected by the action of **Low Frequency Relays**.

The percentage **Demand** at each stage shall be allocated as far as reasonably practicable. The cumulative total percentage **Demand** is a minimum.

ECC.A.5.5.2 In the case of a **Non-Embedded Customer** (who is also an **EU Code User**) the percentage of **Demand** (based on **Annual ACS Conditions**) at the time of forecast **National Electricity Transmission System** peak **Demand** that each **Non-Embedded Customer** whose **System** is connected to the **Onshore Transmission System** which shall be disconnected by **Low Frequency Relays** shall be in accordance with OC6.6 and the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.A.5.6 Connection and Reconnection

ECC.A.5.6.1 As defined under OC.6.6 once automatic low **Frequency Demand Disconnection** has taken place, the **Network Operator** on whose **User System** it has occurred, will not reconnect until **The Company** instructs that **Network Operator** to do so in accordance with OC6. The same requirement equally applies to **Non-Embedded Customers**.

ECC.A.5.6.2 Once **The Company** instructs the **Network Operator** or **Non Embedded Customer** to reconnect to the **National Electricity Transmission System** following operation of the **Low Frequency Demand Disconnection** scheme it shall do so in accordance with the requirements of ECC.6.2.3.10 and OC6.6.

ECC.A.5.6.3 **Network Operators** or **Non Embedded Customers** shall be capable of being remotely disconnected from the **National Electricity Transmission System** when instructed by **The Company**. Any requirement for the automated disconnection equipment for reconfiguration of the **National Electricity Transmission System** in preparation for block loading and the time required for remote disconnection shall be specified by **The Company** in accordance with the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.

APPENDIX E6 - PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUSLY ACTING AUTOMATIC EXCITATION CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR ONSHORE SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULES,

ECC.A.6.1 Scope

ECC.A.6.1.1 This Appendix sets out the performance requirements of continuously acting automatic excitation control systems for **Type C** and **Type D Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Modules** that must be complied with by the **User**. This Appendix does not limit any site specific requirements where in **The Company's** reasonable opinion these facilities are necessary for system reasons.

ECC.A.6.1.2 Where the requirements may vary the likely range of variation is given in this Appendix. It may be necessary to specify values outside this range where **The Company** identifies a system need, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary **The Company** may specify values outside of the ranges provided in this Appendix 6. The most common variations are in the on-load excitation ceiling voltage requirements and the response time required of the **Exciter**. Actual values will be included in the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.A.6.1.3 Should an **EU Generator** anticipate making a change to the excitation control system it shall notify **The Company** under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.1.2(b) and (c)) as soon as the **EU Generator** anticipates making the change. The change may require a revision to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.A.6.2 Requirements

ECC.A.6.2.1 The **Excitation System** of a **Type C** or **Type D Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall include an excitation source (**Exciter**), and a continuously acting **Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR)** and shall meet the following functional specification. **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** are also required to be fitted with a **Power System Stabiliser** in accordance with the requirements of ECC.A.6.2.5.

ECC.A.6.2.3 Steady State Voltage Control

ECC.A.6.2.3.1 An accurate steady state control of the **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** pre-set **Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage is required. As a measure of the accuracy of the steady-state voltage control, the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** shall have static zero frequency gain, sufficient to limit the change in terminal voltage to a drop not exceeding 0.5% of rated terminal voltage, when the output of a **Synchronous Generating Unit** within an **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** is gradually changed from zero to rated MVA output at rated voltage, **Active Power** and **Frequency**.

ECC.A.6.2.4 Transient Voltage Control

ECC.A.6.2.4.1 For a step change from 90% to 100% of the nominal **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage, with the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** on open circuit, the **Excitation System** response shall have a damped oscillatory characteristic. For this characteristic, the time for the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage to first reach 100% shall be less than 0.6 seconds. Also, the time to settle within 5% of the voltage change shall be less than 3 seconds.

ECC.A.6.2.4.2 To ensure that adequate synchronising power is maintained, when the **Onshore Power Generating Module** is subjected to a large voltage disturbance, the **Exciter** whose output is varied by the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** shall be capable of providing its achievable upper and lower limit ceiling voltages to the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** field in a time not exceeding that specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. This will normally be not less than 50 ms and not greater than 300 ms. The achievable upper and lower limit ceiling voltages may be dependent on the voltage disturbance.

ECC.A.6.2.4.3 The **Exciter** shall be capable of attaining an **Excitation System On Load Positive Ceiling Voltage** of not less than a value specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** that will be:

not less than 2 per unit (pu)
normally not greater than 3 pu
exceptionally up to 4 pu

of **Rated Field Voltage** when responding to a sudden drop in voltage of 10 percent or more at the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminals. **The Company** may specify a value outside the above limits where **The Company** identifies a system need.

ECC.A.6.2.4.4 If a static type **Exciter** is employed:

- (i) the field voltage should be capable of attaining a negative ceiling level specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** after the removal of the step disturbance of ECC.A.6.2.4.3. The specified value will be 80% of the value specified in ECC.A.6.2.4.3. **The Company** may specify a value outside the above limits where **The Company** identifies a system need.
- (ii) the **Exciter** must be capable of maintaining free firing when the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage is depressed to a level which may be between 20% to 30% of rated terminal voltage
- (iii) the **Exciter** shall be capable of attaining a positive ceiling voltage not less than 80% of the **Excitation System On Load Positive Ceiling Voltage** upon recovery of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage to 80% of rated terminal voltage following fault clearance. **The Company** may specify a value outside the above limits where **The Company** identifies a system need.
- (iv) the requirement to provide a separate power source for the **Exciter** will be specified if **The Company** identifies a **Transmission System** need.

ECC.A.6.2.5 Power Oscillations Damping Control

ECC.A.6.2.5.1 To allow **Type D Onshore Power Generating Modules** to maintain second and subsequent swing stability and also to ensure an adequate level of low frequency electrical damping power, the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** of each **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** within each **Type D Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** shall include a **Power System Stabiliser** as a means of supplementary control.

ECC.A.6.2.5.2 Whatever supplementary control signal is employed, it shall be of the type which operates into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** to cause the field voltage to act in a manner which results in the damping power being improved while maintaining adequate synchronising power.

ECC.A.6.2.5.3 The arrangements for the supplementary control signal shall ensure that the **Power System Stabiliser** output signal relates only to changes in the supplementary control signal and not the steady state level of the signal. For example, if generator electrical power output is chosen as a supplementary control signal then the **Power System Stabiliser** output should relate only to changes in the **Synchronous Generating Unit** electrical power output and not the steady state level of power output. Additionally the **Power System Stabiliser** should not react to mechanical power changes in isolation for example during rapid changes in steady state load or when providing frequency response.

ECC.A.6.2.5.4 The output signal from the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be limited to not more than $\pm 10\%$ of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** terminal voltage signal at the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** input. The gain of the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be such that an increase in the gain by a factor of 3 shall not cause instability.

ECC.A.6.2.5.5 The **Power System Stabiliser** shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application.

- ECC.A.6.2.5.6 The **EU Generator** in respect of its **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Modules** will agree **Power System Stabiliser** settings with **The Company** prior to the on-load commissioning detailed in BC2.11.2(d). To allow assessment of the performance before on-load commissioning the **EU Generator** will provide to **The Company** a report covering the areas specified in ECP.A.3.2.1.
- ECC.A.6.2.5.7 The **Power System Stabiliser** must be active within the **Excitation System** at all times when **Synchronised** including when the **Under Excitation Limiter** or **Over Excitation Limiter** are active. When operating at low load when **Synchronising** or **De-Synchronising** an **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit**, within a **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Module**, the **Power System Stabiliser** may be out of service.
- ECC.A.6.2.5.8 Where a **Power System Stabiliser** is fitted to a **Pumped Storage Unit** within a **Type D Synchronous Power Generating Module** it must function when the **Pumped Storage Unit** is in both generating and pumping modes. In addition, where a **Power System Stabiliser** is fitted to an **Electricity Storage Unit** within a **Type D Synchronous Electricity Storage Module**, it must function when the **Synchronous Electricity Storage Unit** is in both importing and exporting modes of operation.
- ECC.A.6.2.6 Overall **Excitation System** Control Characteristics
- ECC.A.6.2.6.1 The overall **Excitation System** shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must be consistent with the speed of response requirements and ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5 Hz will be judged to be acceptable for this application.
- ECC.A.6.2.6.2 The response of the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** combined with the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be demonstrated by injecting similar step signal disturbances into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference as detailed in ECPA.5.2 and ECPA.5.4. The **Automatic Voltage Regulator** shall include a facility to allow step injections into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** voltage reference, with the **Onshore Type D Power Generating Module** operating at points specified by **The Company** (up to rated MVA output). The damping shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response to the disturbances decays within two cycles of oscillation.
- ECC.A.6.2.6.3 A facility to inject a band limited random noise signal into the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** voltage reference shall be provided for demonstrating the frequency domain response of the **Power System Stabiliser**. The tuning of the **Power System Stabiliser** shall be judged to be adequate if the corresponding **Active Power** response shows improved damping with the **Power System Stabiliser** in combination with the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** compared with the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** alone over the frequency range 0.3Hz – 2Hz.
- ECC.A.6.2.7 Under-Excitation Limiters
- ECC.A.6.2.7.1 The security of the power system shall also be safeguarded by means of MVAR **Under Excitation Limiters** fitted to the **Synchronous Power Generating Module Excitation System**. The **Under Excitation Limiter** shall prevent the **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reducing the **Synchronous Generating Unit** excitation to a level which would endanger synchronous stability. The **Under Excitation Limiter** shall operate when the excitation system is providing automatic control. The **Under Excitation Limiter** shall respond to changes in the **Active Power** (MW) the **Reactive Power** (MVAR) and to the square of the **Synchronous Generating Unit** voltage in such a direction that an increase in voltage will permit an increase in leading MVAR. The characteristic of the **Under Excitation Limiter** shall be substantially linear from no-load to the maximum **Active Power** output of the **Onshore Power Generating Module** at any setting and shall be readily adjustable.

- ECC.A.6.2.7.2 The performance of the **Under Excitation Limiter** shall be independent of the rate of change of the **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module** load and shall be demonstrated by testing as detailed in ECP.A.5.5. The resulting maximum overshoot in response to a step injection which operates the **Under Excitation Limiter** shall not exceed 4% of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** rated MVA. The operating point of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** shall be returned to a steady state value at the limit line and the final settling time shall not be greater than 5 seconds. When the step change in **Automatic Voltage Regulator** reference voltage is reversed, the field voltage should begin to respond without any delay and should not be held down by the **Under Excitation Limiter**. Operation into or out of the preset limit levels shall ensure that any resultant oscillations are damped so that the disturbance is within 0.5% of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** MVA rating within a period of 5 seconds.
- ECC.A.6.2.7.3 The **EU Generator** shall also make provision to prevent the reduction of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** excitation to a level which would endanger synchronous stability when the **Excitation System** is under manual control.
- ECC.A.6.2.8 Over-Excitation and Stator Current Limiters
- ECC.A.6.2.8.1 The settings of the **Over-Excitation Limiter** and stator current limiter, shall ensure that the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** excitation is not limited to less than the maximum value that can be achieved whilst ensuring the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** is operating within its design limits. If the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** excitation is reduced following a period of operation at a high level, the rate of reduction shall not exceed that required to remain within any time dependent operating characteristics of the **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module**.
- ECC.A.6.2.8.2 The performance of the **Over-Excitation Limiter**, shall be demonstrated by testing as described in ECP.A.5.6. Any operation beyond the **Over-Excitation Limit** shall be controlled by the **Over-Excitation Limiter** or stator current limiter without the operation of any **Protection** that could trip the **Onshore Synchronous Power Generating Module**.
- ECC.A.6.2.8.3 The **EU Generator** shall also make provision to prevent any over-excitation restriction of the **Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit** when the **Excitation System** is under manual control, other than that necessary to ensure the **Onshore Power Generating Module** is operating within its design limits.

APPENDIX E7 - PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUSLY ACTING AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR AC CONNECTED ONSHORE POWER PARK MODULES AND OTSDUW PLANT AND APPARATUS AT THE INTERFACE POINT HVDC SYSTEMS AND REMOTE END HVDC CONVERTER STATIONS

ECC.A.7.1 Scope

ECC.A.7.1.1 This Appendix sets out the performance requirements of continuously acting automatic voltage control systems for **Onshore Power Park Modules, Onshore HVDC Converters Remote End HVDC Converter Stations** and **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** at the **Interface Point** that must be complied with by the **User**. This Appendix does not limit any site specific requirements where in **The Company's** reasonable opinion these facilities are necessary for system reasons. The control performance requirements applicable to **Configuration 2 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Modules** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** are defined in Appendix E8.

ECC.A.7.1.2 Proposals by **EU Generators** or **HVDC System Owners** to make a change to the voltage control systems for **EU Generators** are required to be notified to **The Company** under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.1.2(b) and (c)) as soon as the **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** anticipates making the change. The change may require a revision to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.A.7.1.3 In the case of a **Remote End HVDC Converter** at a **HVDC Converter Station**, the control performance requirements shall be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement**. These requirements shall be consistent with those specified in ECC.6.3.2.4. In the case where the **Remote End HVDC Converter** is required to ensure the zero transfer of **Reactive Power** at the **HVDC Interface Point** then the requirements shall be specified in the **Bilateral Agreement** which shall be consistent with those requirements specified in ECC.A.8 . In the case where a wider reactive capability has been specified in ECC.6.3.2.4, then the requirements consistent with those specified in ECC.A.7.2 shall apply with any variations being agreed between the **User** and **The Company**.

ECC.A.7.2 Requirements

ECC.A.7.2.1 **The Company** requires that the continuously acting automatic voltage control system for the **Onshore Power Park Module, Onshore HVDC Converter** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** shall meet the following functional performance specification. If a **Network Operator** has confirmed to **The Company** that its network to which an **Embedded Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** is connected is restricted such that the full reactive range under the steady state voltage control requirements (ECC.A.7.2.2) cannot be utilised, **The Company** may specify alternative limits to the steady state voltage control range that reflect these restrictions. Where the **Network Operator** subsequently notifies **The Company** that such restriction has been removed, **The Company** may propose a **Modification** to the **Bilateral Agreement** (in accordance with the **CUSC** contract) to remove the alternative limits such that the continuously acting automatic voltage control system meets the following functional performance specification. All other requirements of the voltage control system will remain as in this Appendix.

ECC.A.7.2.2 Steady State Voltage Control

ECC.A.7.2.2.1 The **Onshore Power Park Module, Onshore HVDC Converter** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** shall provide continuous steady state control of the voltage at the **Onshore Grid Entry Point** (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) (or the **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) with a **Setpoint Voltage** and **Slope** characteristic as illustrated in Figure ECC.A.7.2.2a.

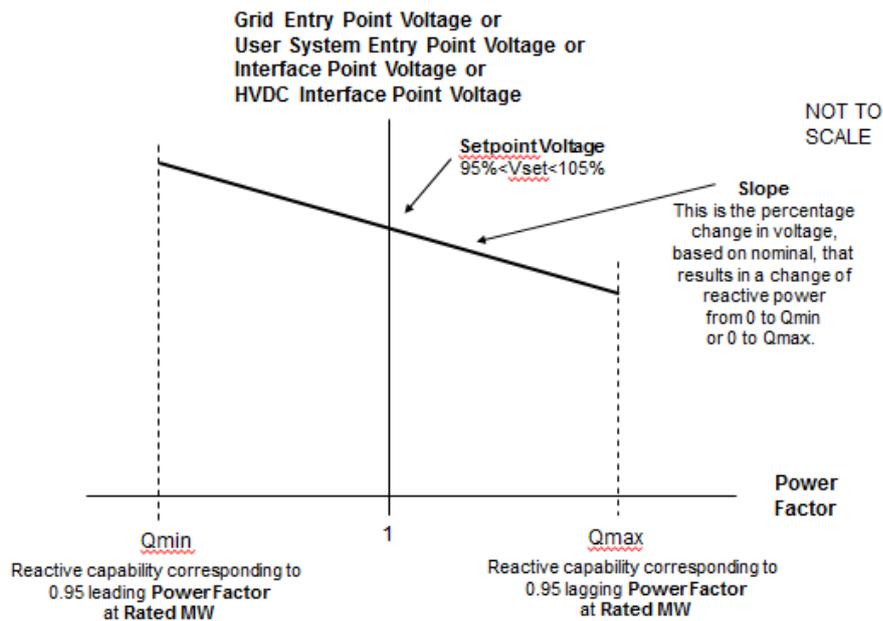


Figure ECC.A.7.2.2a

ECC.A.7.2.2.2 The continuously acting automatic control system shall be capable of operating to a **Setpoint Voltage** between 95% and 105% with a resolution of 0.25% of the nominal voltage. For the avoidance of doubt values of 95%, 95.25%, 95.5% ... may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Setpoint Voltage** will be 100%. The tolerance within which this **Setpoint Voltage** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.25% and a Setpoint Voltage of 100%, the achieved value shall be between 99.75% and 100.25%. **The Company** may request the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** to implement an alternative **Setpoint Voltage** within the range of 95% to 105%. For **Embedded Generators** and **Embedded HVDC System Owners** the **Setpoint Voltage** will be discussed between **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** and will be specified to ensure consistency with ECC.6.3.4.

ECC.A.7.2.2.3 The **Slope** characteristic of the continuously acting automatic control system shall be adjustable over the range 2% to 7% (with a resolution of 0.5%). For the avoidance of doubt values of 2%, 2.5%, 3% may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Slope** setting will be 4%. The tolerance within which this **Slope** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.5% and a **Slope** setting of 4%, the achieved value shall be between 3.5% and 4.5%. **The Company** may request the **EU Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** to implement an alternative slope setting within the range of 2% to 7%. For **Embedded Generators** and **Onshore Embedded HVDC Converter Station Owners** the **Slope** setting will be discussed between **The Company** and the relevant **Network Operator** and will be specified to ensure consistency with ECC.6.3.4.

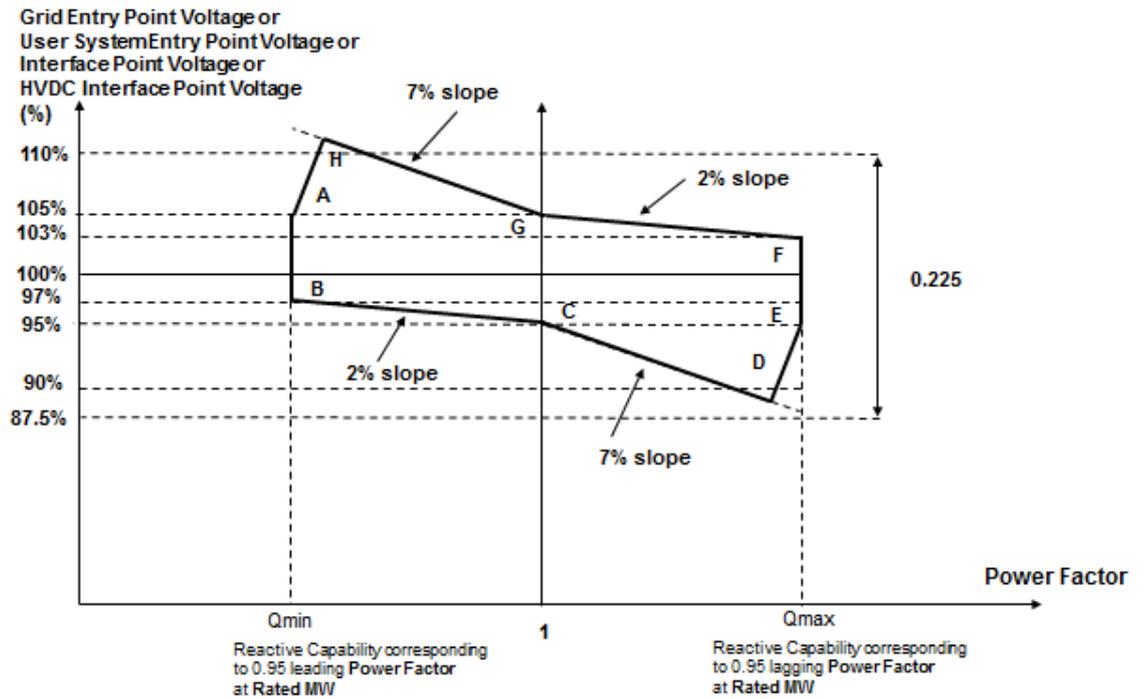


Figure ECC.A.7.2.2b

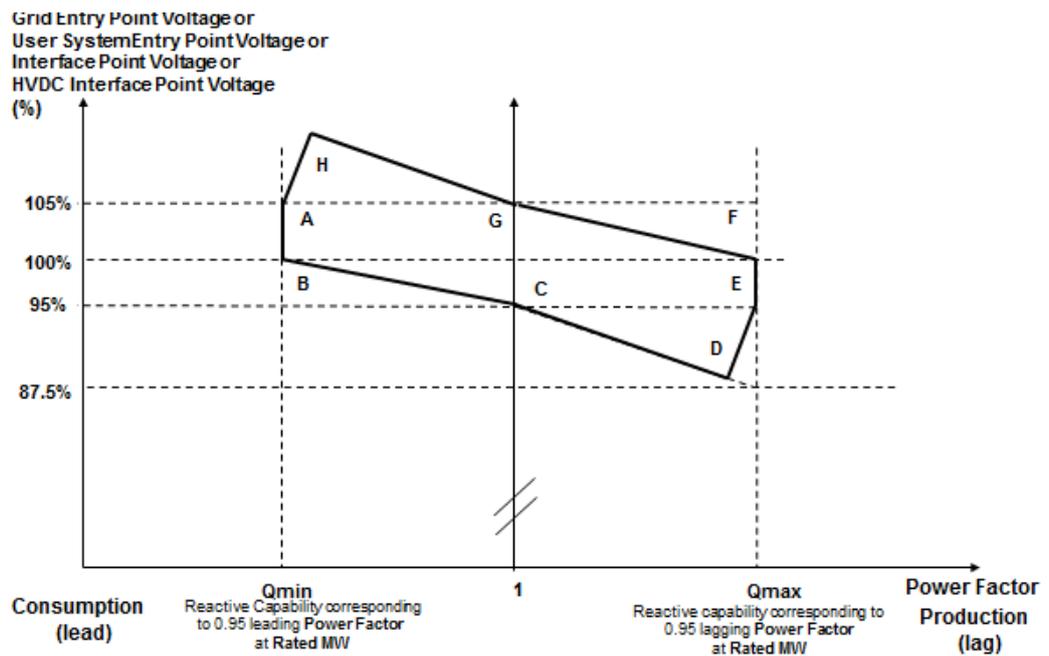


Figure ECC.A.7.2.2c

ECC.A.7.2.2.4 Figure ECC.A.7.2.2b shows the required envelope of operation for -, **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus, Onshore Power Park Modules and Onshore HVDC Converters** except for those **Embedded** at 33kV and below or directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** at 33kV and below. Figure ECC.A.7.2.2c shows the required envelope of operation for **Onshore Power Park Modules Embedded** at 33kV and below, or directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** at 33kV and below. The enclosed area within points ABCDEFGH is the required capability range within which the **Slope** and **Setpoint Voltage** can be changed.

- ECC.A.7.2.2.5 Should the operating point of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module**, or **Onshore HVDC Converter** deviate so that it is no longer a point on the operating characteristic (figure ECC.A.7.2.2a) defined by the target **Setpoint Voltage** and **Slope**, the continuously acting automatic voltage control system shall act progressively to return the value to a point on the required characteristic within 5 seconds.
- ECC.A.7.2.2.6 Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** reach its maximum lagging limit at a **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltage (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage if **Embedded** (or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) above 95%, the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **HVDC System** shall maintain maximum lagging **Reactive Power** output for voltage reductions down to 95%. This requirement is indicated by the line EF in figures ECC.A.7.2.2b and ECC.A.7.2.2c as applicable. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module**, or **Onshore HVDC Converter** reach its maximum leading limit at a **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltage (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) below 105%, the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module**, or **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall maintain maximum leading **Reactive Power** output for voltage increases up to 105%. This requirement is indicated by the line AB in figures ECC.A.7.2.2b and ECC.A.7.2.2c as applicable.
- ECC.A.7.2.2.7 For **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltages (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltages if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** voltages) below 95%, the lagging **Reactive Power** capability of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converters** should be that which results from the supply of maximum lagging reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line DE in figures ECC.A.7.2.2b and ECC.A.7.2.2c. For **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltages (or **User System Entry Point** voltages if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** voltages) above 105%, the leading **Reactive Power** capability of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC System Converter** should be that which results from the supply of maximum leading reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line AH in figures ECC.A.7.2.2b and ECC.A.7.2.2c as applicable. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** reach its maximum lagging limit at an **Onshore Grid Entry Connection Point** voltage (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) below 95%, the **Onshore Power Park Module**, **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall maintain maximum lagging reactive current output for further voltage decreases. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** reach its maximum leading limit at a **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltage (or **User System Entry Point** voltage if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** voltage in the case of an **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**) above 105%, the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall maintain maximum leading reactive current output for further voltage increases.
- ECC.A.7.2.2.8 All **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** must be capable of enabling **EU Code Users** undertaking **OTSDUW** to comply with an instruction received from **The Company** relating to a variation of the **Setpoint Voltage** at the **Interface Point** within 2 minutes of such instruction being received.
- ECC.A.7.2.2.9 For **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** connected to a **Network Operator's System** where the **Network Operator** has confirmed to **The Company** that its **System** is restricted in accordance with ECC.A.7.2.1, clause ECC.A.7.2.2.8 will not apply unless **The Company** can reasonably demonstrate that the magnitude of the available change in **Reactive Power** has a significant effect on voltage levels on the **Onshore National Electricity Transmission System**.

ECC.A.7.2.3 Transient Voltage Control

ECC.A.7.2.3.1 For an on-load step change in **Onshore Grid Entry Point** or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage, or in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** an on-load step change in **Transmission Interface Point** voltage, the continuously acting automatic control system shall respond according to the following minimum criteria:

- (i) the **Reactive Power** output response of the, **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall commence within 0.2 seconds of the application of the step. It shall progress linearly although variations from a linear characteristic shall be acceptable provided that the MVAR seconds delivered at any time up to 1 second are at least those that would result from the response shown in figure ECC.A.7.2.3.1a.
- (ii) the response shall be such that 90% of the change in the **Reactive Power** output of the, **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module**, or **Onshore HVDC Converter** will be achieved within
 - 2 seconds, where the step is sufficiently large to require a change in the steady state **Reactive Power** output from its maximum leading value to its maximum lagging value or vice versa and
 - 1 second where the step is sufficiently large to require a change in the steady state **Reactive Power** output from zero to its maximum leading value or maximum lagging value as required by ECC.6.3.2 (or, if appropriate ECC.A.7.2.2.6 or ECC.A.7.2.2.7);
- (iii) the magnitude of the **Reactive Power** output response produced within 1 second shall vary linearly in proportion to the magnitude of the step change.
- (iv) within 5 seconds from achieving 90% of the response as defined in ECC.A.7.2.3.1 (ii), the peak to peak magnitude of any oscillations shall be less than 5% of the change in steady state maximum **Reactive Power**.
- (v) following the transient response, the conditions of ECC.A.7.2.2 apply.

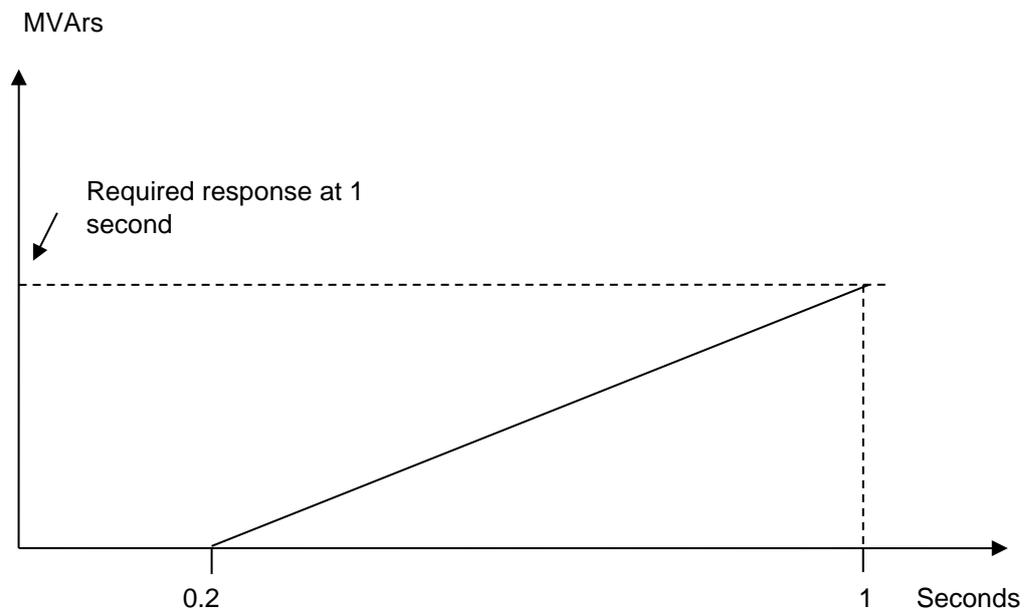


Figure ECC.A.7.2.3.1a

ECC.A.7.2.3.2 **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Modules** or **Onshore HVDC Converters** shall be capable of

- (a) changing its **Reactive Power** output from its maximum lagging value to its maximum

leading value, or vice versa, then reverting back to the initial level of **Reactive Power** output once every 15 seconds for at least 5 times within any 5 minute period; and

- (b) changing its **Reactive Power** output from zero to its maximum leading value then reverting back to zero **Reactive Power** output at least 25 times within any 24 hour period and from zero to its maximum lagging value then reverting back to zero **Reactive Power** output at least 25 times within any 24 hour period. Any subsequent restriction on reactive capability shall be notified to **The Company** in accordance with BC2.5.3.2, and BC2.6.1.

In all cases, the response shall be in accordance to ECC.A.7.2.3.1 where the change in **Reactive Power** output is in response to an on-load step change in **Onshore Grid Entry Point** or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage, or in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** an on-load step change in **Transmission Interface Point** voltage.

ECC.A.7.2.4 Power Oscillation Damping

ECC.A.7.2.4.1 The requirement for the continuously acting voltage control system to be fitted with a **Power System Stabiliser (PSS)** shall be specified if, in **The Company's** view, this is required for system reasons. However if a **Power System Stabiliser** is included in the voltage control system its settings and performance shall be agreed with **The Company** and commissioned in accordance with BC2.11.2. To allow assessment of the performance before on-load commissioning the **Generator** will provide to **The Company** a report covering the areas specified in ECP.A.3.2.2.

ECC.A.7.2.5 Overall Voltage Control System Characteristics

ECC.A.7.2.5.1 The continuously acting automatic voltage control system is required to respond to minor variations, steps, gradual changes or major variations in **Onshore Grid Entry Point** voltage (or **Onshore User System Entry Point** voltage if **Embedded** or **Interface Point** voltage in the case of **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**).

ECC.A.7.2.5.2 The overall voltage control system shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must be consistent with the speed of response requirements and ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application. All other control systems employed within the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore Power Park Module** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** should also meet this requirement

ECC.A.7.2.5.3 The response of the voltage control system (including the **Power System Stabiliser** if employed) shall be demonstrated by testing in accordance with ECP.A.6.

ECC.A.7.3 Reactive Power Control

ECC.A.7.3.1 As defined in ECC.6.3.8.3.4, **Reactive Power** control mode of operation is not required in respect of **Onshore Power Park Modules** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore HVDC Converters** unless otherwise specified by **The Company** in coordination with the relevant **Network Operator**. However where there is a requirement for **Reactive Power** control mode of operation, the following requirements shall apply.

ECC.A.7.3.2 The **Onshore Power Park Module** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall be capable of setting the **Reactive Power** setpoint anywhere in the **Reactive Power** range as specified in ECC.6.3.2.4 with setting steps no greater than 5 MVAR or 5% (whichever is smaller) of full **Reactive Power**, controlling the reactive power at the **Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded** to an accuracy within plus or minus 5MVAR or plus or minus 5% (whichever is smaller) of the full **Reactive Power**.

ECC.A.7.3.3 Any additional requirements for **Reactive Power** control mode of operation shall be specified

by **The Company** in coordination with the relevant **Network Operator**..

ECC.A.7.4 **Power Factor Control**

- ECC.A.7.4.1 As defined in ECC.6.3.8.4.3, **Power Factor** control mode of operation is not required in respect of **Onshore Power Park Modules** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore HVDC Converters** unless otherwise specified by **The Company** in coordination with the relevant **Network Operator**. However where there is a requirement for **Power Factor** control mode of operation, the following requirements shall apply.
- ECC.A.7.4.2 The **Onshore Power Park Module** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore HVDC Converter** shall be capable of controlling the **Power Factor** at the **Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point (if Embedded)** within the required **Reactive Power** range as specified in ECC.6.3.2.2.1 and ECC.6.3.2.4 to a specified target **Power Factor**. **The Company** shall specify the target **Power Factor** value (which shall be achieved within 0.01 of the set **Power Factor**), its tolerance and the period of time to achieve the target **Power Factor** following a sudden change of **Active Power** output. The tolerance of the target **Power Factor** shall be expressed through the tolerance of its corresponding **Reactive Power**. This **Reactive Power** tolerance shall be expressed by either an absolute value or by a percentage of the maximum **Reactive Power** of the **Onshore Power Park Module** or **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** or **Onshore HVDC Converter**. The details of these requirements being pursuant to the terms of the **Bilateral Agreement**.
- ECC.A.7.4.3 Any additional requirements for **Power Factor** control mode of operation shall be specified by **The Company** in coordination with the relevant **Network Operator**.

APPENDIX E8 - PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTINUOUSLY ACTING AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR CONFIGURATION 2 AC CONNECTED OFFSHORE POWER PARK MODULES AND CONFIGURATION 2 DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES

ECC.A.8.1 Scope

ECC.A.8.1.1 This Appendix sets out the performance requirements of continuously acting automatic voltage control systems for **Configuration 2 AC Connected Offshore Power Park Modules** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** that must be complied with by the **EU Code User**. This Appendix does not limit any site specific requirements that may be specified where in **The Company's** reasonable opinion these facilities are necessary for system reasons.

ECC.A.8.1.2 These requirements also apply to **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules**. In the case of a **Configuration 1 DC Connected Power Park Module** the technical performance requirements shall be specified by **The Company**. Where the **EU Generator** in respect of a **DC Connected Power Park Module** has agreed to a wider reactive capability range as defined under ECC.6.3.2.5 and ECC.6.2.3.6 then the requirements that apply will be specified by **The Company** and which shall reflect the performance requirements detailed in ECC.A.8.2 below but with different parameters such as droop and **Setpoint Voltage**.

ECC.A.8.1.3 Proposals by **EU Generators** to make a change to the voltage control systems are required to be notified to **The Company** under the **Planning Code** (PC.A.1.2(b) and (c)) as soon as the **Generator** anticipates making the change. The change may require a revision to the **Bilateral Agreement**.

ECC.A.8.2 Requirements

ECC.A.8.2.1 **The Company** requires that the continuously acting automatic voltage control system for the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall meet the following functional performance specification.

ECC.A.8.2.2 Steady State Voltage Control

ECC.A.8.2.2.1 The **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall provide continuous steady state control of the voltage at the **Offshore Connection Point** with a **Setpoint Voltage** and **Slope** characteristic as illustrated in Figure ECC.A.8.2.2a.

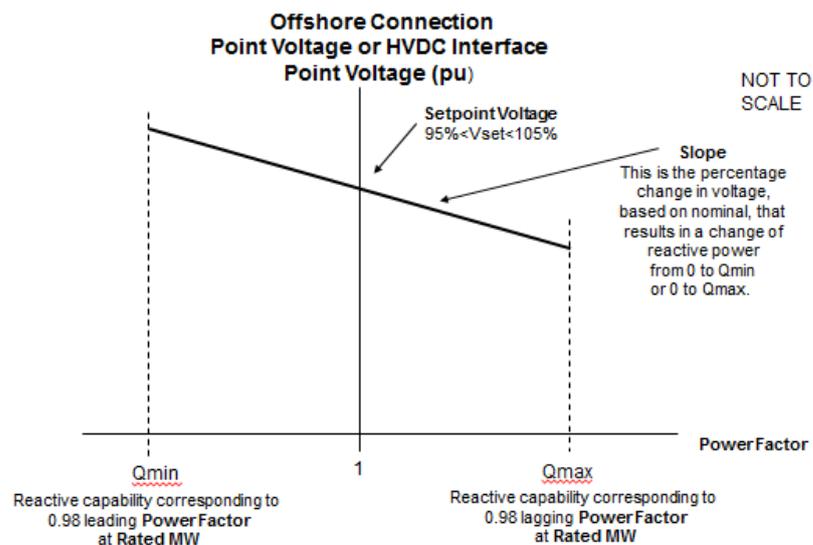


Figure ECC.A.8.2.2a

ECC.A.8.2.2.2 The continuously acting automatic control system shall be capable of operating to a **Setpoint Voltage** between 95% and 105% with a resolution of 0.25% of the nominal voltage. For the avoidance of doubt values of 95%, 95.25%, 95.5% ... may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Setpoint Voltage** will be 100%. The tolerance within which this **Setpoint Voltage** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.25% and a Setpoint Voltage of 100%, the achieved value shall be between 99.75% and 100.25%. **The Company** may request the **EU Generator** to implement an alternative **Setpoint Voltage** within the range of 95% to 105%.

ECC.A.8.2.2.3 The **Slope** characteristic of the continuously acting automatic control system shall be adjustable over the range 2% to 7% (with a resolution of 0.5%). For the avoidance of doubt values of 2%, 2.5%, 3% may be specified, but not intermediate values. The initial **Slope** setting will be 4%. The tolerance within which this **Slope** shall be achieved is specified in BC2.A.2.6. For the avoidance of doubt, with a tolerance of 0.5% and a **Slope** setting of 4%, the achieved value shall be between 3.5% and 4.5%. **The Company** may request the **EU Generator** to implement an alternative slope setting within the range of 2% to 7%.

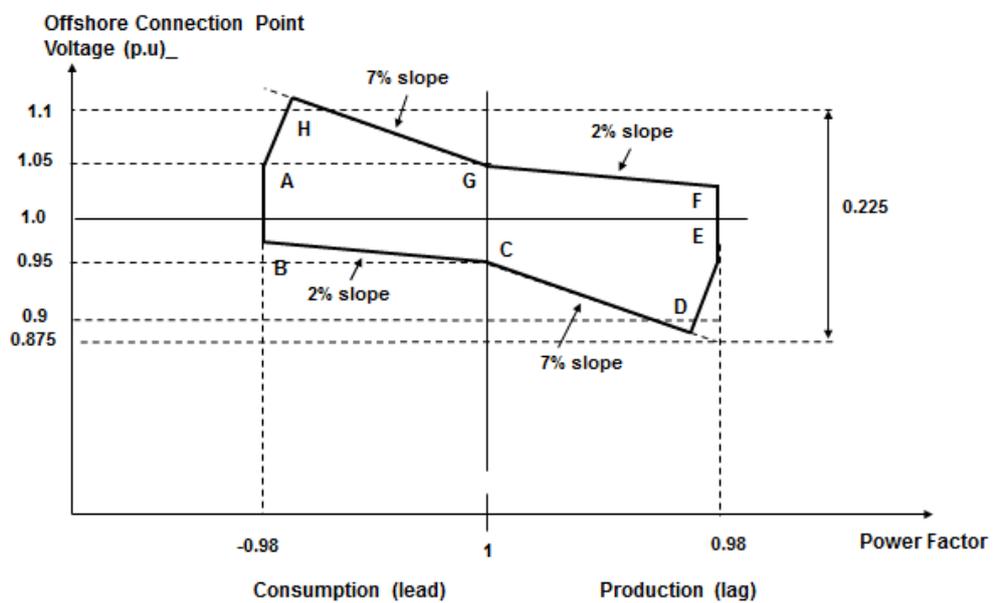


Figure ECC.A.8.2.2b

ECC.A.8.2.2.4 Figure ECC.A.8.2.2b shows the required envelope of operation for **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** and **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module**. The enclosed area within points ABCDEFGH is the required capability range within which the **Slope** and **Setpoint Voltage** can be changed.

ECC.A.8.2.2.5 Should the operating point of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park or Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** deviate so that it is no longer a point on the operating characteristic (Figure ECC.A.8.2.2a) defined by the target **Setpoint Voltage** and **Slope**, the continuously acting automatic voltage control system shall act progressively to return the value to a point on the required characteristic within 5 seconds.

ECC.A.8.2.2.6 Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** reach its maximum lagging limit at an **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage above 95%, the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall maintain maximum lagging **Reactive Power** output for voltage reductions down to 95%. This requirement is indicated by the line EF in figure ECC.A.8.2.2b. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** reach its maximum leading limit at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage below 105%, the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall maintain maximum leading **Reactive Power** output for voltage increases up to 105%. This requirement is indicated by the line AB in figures ECC.A.8.2.2b.

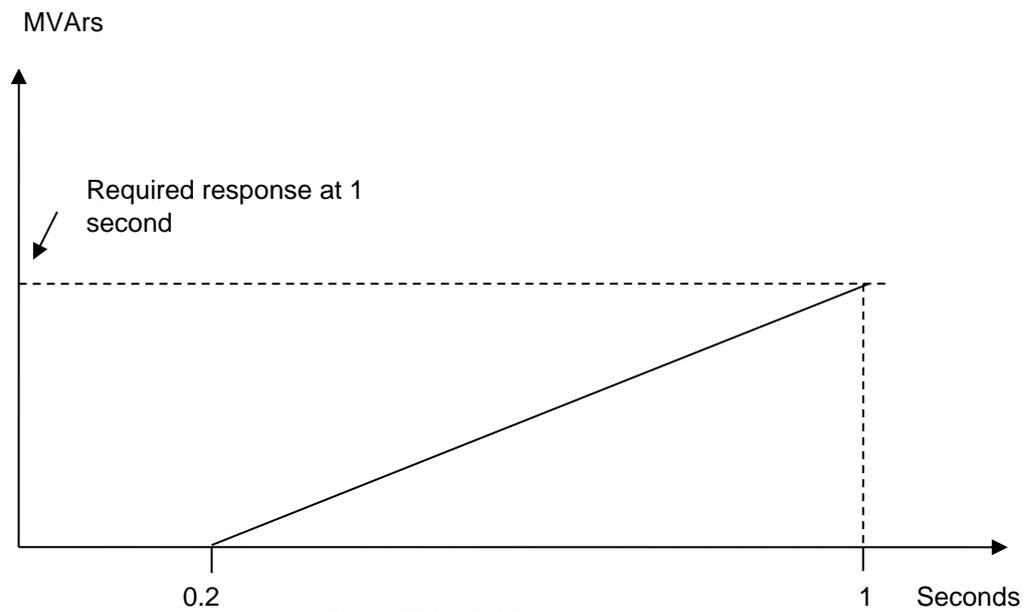
ECC.A.8.2.2.7 For **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** voltages below 95%, the lagging **Reactive Power** capability of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** should be that which results from the supply of maximum lagging reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line DE in figures ECC.A.8.2.2b. For **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** voltages or **HVDC Interface Point** voltages above 105%, the leading **Reactive Power** capability of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** should be that which results from the supply of maximum leading reactive current whilst ensuring the current remains within design operating limits. An example of the capability is shown by the line AH in figures ECC.A.8.2.2b. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** reach its maximum lagging limit at an **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** voltage or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage below 95%, the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall maintain maximum lagging reactive current output for further voltage decreases. Should the **Reactive Power** output of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** reach its maximum leading limit at an **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** voltage or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage above 105%, the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall maintain maximum leading reactive current output for further voltage increases.

ECC.A.8.2.3 Transient Voltage Control

ECC.A.8.2.3.1 For an on-load step change in **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** voltage or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage, the continuously acting automatic control system shall respond according to the following minimum criteria:

- (i) the **Reactive Power** output response of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** shall commence within 0.2 seconds of the application of the step. It shall progress linearly although variations from a linear characteristic shall be acceptable provided that the MVAR seconds delivered at any time up to 1 second are at least those that would result from the response shown in figure ECC.A.8.2.3.1a.
- (ii) the response shall be such that 90% of the change in the **Reactive Power** output of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** will be achieved within
 - 2 seconds, where the step is sufficiently large to require a change in the steady state **Reactive Power** output from its maximum leading value to its maximum lagging value or vice versa and

- 1 second where the step is sufficiently large to require a change in the steady state **Reactive Power** output from zero to its maximum leading value or maximum lagging value as required by ECC.6.3.2 (or, if appropriate ECC.A.8.2.2.6 or ECC.A.8.2.2.7);
- (iii) the magnitude of the **Reactive Power** output response produced within 1 second shall vary linearly in proportion to the magnitude of the step change.
- (iv) within 5 seconds from achieving 90% of the response as defined in ECC.A.8.2.3.1 (ii), the peak to peak magnitude of any oscillations shall be less than 5% of the change in steady state maximum **Reactive Power**.
- (v) following the transient response, the conditions of ECC.A.8.2.2 apply.



ECC.A.8.2.3.2 Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module or Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module shall be capable of

- (a) changing their **Reactive Power** output from maximum lagging value to maximum leading value, or vice versa, then reverting back to the initial level of **Reactive Power** output once every 15 seconds for at least 5 times within any 5 minute period; and
- (b) changing **Reactive Power** output from zero to maximum leading value then reverting back to zero **Reactive Power** output at least 25 times within any 24 hour period and from zero to its maximum lagging value then reverting back to zero **Reactive Power** output at least 25 times within any 24 hour period. Any subsequent restriction on reactive capability shall be notified to **The Company** in accordance with BC2.5.3.2, and BC2.6.1.

In all cases, the response shall be in accordance to ECC.A.8.2.3.1 where the change in **Reactive Power** output is in response to an on-load step change in **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** voltage or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage.

ECC.A.8.2.4 Power Oscillation Damping

- ECC.A.8.2.4.1 The requirement for the continuously acting voltage control system to be fitted with a **Power System Stabiliser (PSS)** shall be specified if, in **The Company's** view, this is required for system reasons. However if a **Power System Stabiliser** is included in the voltage control system its settings and performance shall be agreed with **The Company** and commissioned in accordance with BC2.11.2. To allow assessment of the performance before on-load commissioning the **Generator** or **HVDC System Owner** will provide to **The Company** a report covering the areas specified in ECP.A.3.2.2.
- ECC.A.8.2.5 Overall Voltage Control System Characteristics
- ECC.A.8.2.5.1 The continuously acting automatic voltage control system is required to respond to minor variations, steps, gradual changes or major variations in **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** voltage.
- ECC.A.8.2.5.2 The overall voltage control system shall include elements that limit the bandwidth of the output signal. The bandwidth limiting must be consistent with the speed of response requirements and ensure that the highest frequency of response cannot excite torsional oscillations on other plant connected to the network. A bandwidth of 0-5Hz would be judged to be acceptable for this application. All other control systems employed within the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module** should also meet this requirement
- ECC.A.8.2.5.3 The response of the voltage control system (including the **Power System Stabiliser** if employed) shall be demonstrated by testing in accordance with ECP.A.6.
- ECC.A.8.3 Reactive Power Control
- ECC.A.8.3.1 **Reactive Power** control mode of operation is not required in respect of **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** unless otherwise specified by **The Company**. However where there is a requirement for **Reactive Power** control mode of operation, the following requirements shall apply.
- ECC.A.8.3.2 **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of setting the **Reactive Power** setpoint anywhere in the **Reactive Power** range as specified in ECC.6.3.2.8.2 with setting steps no greater than 5 MVar or 5% (whichever is smaller) of full **Reactive Power**, controlling the **Reactive Power** at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** to an accuracy within plus or minus 5MVar or plus or minus 5% (whichever is smaller) of the full **Reactive Power**.
- ECC.A.8.3.3 Any additional requirements for **Reactive Power** control mode of operation shall be specified by **The Company**.
- ECC.A.8.4 Power Factor Control
- ECC.A.8.4.1 **Power Factor** control mode of operation is not required in respect of **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** unless otherwise specified by **The Company**. However where there is a requirement for **Power Factor** control mode of operation, the following requirements shall apply.
- ECC.A.8.4.2 **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Modules** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Modules** shall be capable of controlling the **Power Factor** at the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** or **Offshore User System Entry Point** or **HVDC Interface Point** within the required **Reactive Power** range as specified in ECC.6.3.2.8.2 with a target **Power Factor**. **The Company** shall specify the target **Power Factor** (which shall be achieved to within 0.01 of the set **Power Factor**), its tolerance and the period of time to achieve the target **Power Factor** following a sudden change of **Active Power** output. The tolerance of the target **Power Factor** shall be expressed through the tolerance of its corresponding **Reactive Power**.

This **Reactive Power** tolerance shall be expressed by either an absolute value or by a percentage of the maximum **Reactive Power** of the **Configuration 2 AC connected Offshore Power Park Module** or **Configuration 2 DC Connected Power Park Module**. The details of these requirements being specified by **The Company**.

ECC.A.8.4.3 Any additional requirements for **Power Factor** control mode of operation shall be specified by **The Company**.

< END OF EUROPEAN CONNECTION CONDITIONS >

OPERATING CODE NO. 12
(OC12)

SYSTEM TESTS

CONTENTS

(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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OC12.1 INTRODUCTION

OC12.1.1 **Operating Code No.12 ("OC12")** relates to **System Tests**, which are tests which involve simulating conditions or the controlled application of irregular, unusual or extreme conditions, on the **Total System** or any part of the **Total System**, but which do not include commissioning or recommissioning tests or any other tests of a minor nature.

OC12.1.2 **OC12** deals with the responsibilities and procedures for arranging and carrying out **System Tests** which have (or may have) an effect on the **Systems** of **The Company** and **Users** and/or on the **System** of any **Externally Interconnected System Operator**. Where a **System Test** proposed by a **User** will have no effect on the **National Electricity Transmission System**, then such a **System Test** does not fall within **OC12** and accordingly **OC12** shall not apply to it. A **System Test** proposed by **The Company** which will have an effect on the **System** of a **User** will always fall within **OC12**.

OC12.2 OBJECTIVE

The overall objectives of **OC12** are:

OC12.2.1 to ensure, so far as possible, that **System Tests** proposed to be carried out either by:

- (a) a **User** (or certain persons in respect of **Systems Embedded** within a **Network Operator's System**) which may have an effect on the **Total System** or any part of the **Total System** (in addition to that **User's System**) including the **National Electricity Transmission System**; or
- (b) by **The Company** which may have an effect on the **Total System** or any part of the **Total System** (in addition to the **National Electricity Transmission System**)

do not threaten the safety of either their personnel or the general public, cause minimum threat to the security of supplies and to the integrity of **Plant** and/or **Apparatus**, and cause minimum detriment to **The Company** and **Users**;

OC12.2.2 to set out the procedures to be followed for establishing and reporting **System Tests**.

OC12.3 SCOPE

OC12 applies to **The Company** and to **Users**, which in **OC12** means:-

- (a) **Generators** other than in respect of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Embedded Small Power Stations** (and the term **Generator** in OC12 shall be constructed accordingly);
- (b) **Network Operators**;
- (c) **Non-Embedded Customers**; and
- (d) **DC Converter Station** owners other than in respect of **Embedded DC Converter Stations**.
- (e) **HVDC System Owners** other than in respect of **Embedded HVDC Systems**.

The procedure for the establishment of **System Tests** on the **National Electricity Transmission System**, with **Externally Interconnected System Operators** which do not affect any **User**, is set out in the **Interconnection Agreement** with each **Externally Interconnected System Operator**. The position of **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and **Interconnector Users** is also referred to in OC12.4.2.

OC12.3.2 Each **Network Operator** will liaise within **The Company** as necessary in those instances where an **Embedded Person** intends to perform a **System Test** which may have an effect on the **Total System** or any part of the **Total System** (in addition to that **Generator's** or other **User's System**) including the **National Electricity Transmission System**. **The Company** is not required to deal with such persons.

OC12.3.3 Each **Network Operator** shall be responsible for co-ordinating with the **Embedded Person** or such other person and assessing the effect of any **System Tests** upon:

- (a) any **Embedded Medium Power Station, Embedded Small Power Stations, Embedded HVDC System** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** within the **Network Operator's System**; or
- (b) any other **User** connected to or within the **Network Operator's System**.

The Company is not required to deal with such persons.

OC12.4 PROCEDURE

OC12.4.1 Proposal Notice

OC12.4.1.1 Where a **User** (or in the case of a **Network Operator**, a person in respect of **Systems Embedded** within its **System**, as the case may be) has decided that it would like to undertake a **System Test** it shall submit a notice (a "**Proposal Notice**") to **The Company** at least twelve months in advance of the date it would like to undertake the proposed **System Test**.

OC12.4.1.2 The **Proposal Notice** shall be in writing and shall contain details of the nature and purpose of the proposed **System Test** and shall indicate the extent and situation of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** involved.

OC12.4.1.3 If **The Company** is of the view that the information set out in the **Proposal Notice** is insufficient, it will contact the person who submitted the **Proposal Notice** (the "**Test Proposer**") as soon as reasonably practicable, with a written request for further information. **The Company** will not be required to do anything under **OC12** until it is satisfied with the details supplied in the **Proposal Notice** or pursuant to a request for further information.

OC12.4.1.4 If **The Company** wishes to undertake a **System Test**, **The Company** shall be deemed to have received a **Proposal Notice** on that **System Test**

OC12.4.1.5 Where, under **OC12**, **The Company** is obliged to notify or contact the **Test Proposer**, **The Company** will not be so obliged where it is **The Company** that has proposed the **System Test**. **Users** and the **Test Panel**, where they are obliged under **OC12** to notify, send reports to or otherwise contact both **The Company** and the **Test Proposer**, need only do so once where **The Company** is the proposer of the **System Test**.

OC12.4.2 Preliminary Notice And Establishment Of Test Panel

OC12.4.2.1 Using the information supplied to it under OC12.4.1 **The Company** will determine, in its reasonable estimation, which **Users**, other than the **Test Proposer**, may be affected by the proposed **System Test**. If **The Company** determines, in its reasonable estimation, that an **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** (or **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users**) may be affected by the proposed **System Test**, then (provided that the **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** (or each **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** where there is more than one affected) undertakes to all the parties to the Grid Code to be bound by the provisions of the Grid Code for the purposes of the **System Test**) for the purposes of the remaining provisions of this **OC12**, that **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** (or each of those **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users**) will be deemed to be a **User** and references to the **Total System** or to the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** of a **User** will be deemed to include a reference to the **Transmission** or distribution **System** and **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** of that **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** or (as the case may be) those **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users**. In the event that the **Externally Interconnected System Operator** and/or **Interconnector User** (or any of the **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users** where there is more than one affected) refuses to so undertake, then the **System Test** will not take place.

OC12.4.2.2 **The Company** will appoint a person to co-ordinate the **System Test** (a "**Test Co-ordinator**") as soon as reasonably practicable after it has, or is deemed to have, received a **Proposal Notice** and in any event prior to the distribution of the **Preliminary Notice** referred to below. The **Test Co-ordinator** shall act as Chairperson of the **Test Panel** and shall be an ex-officio member of the **Test Panel**.

- (a) Where **The Company** decides, in its reasonable opinion, that the **National Electricity Transmission System** will or may be significantly affected by the proposed **System Test**, then the **Test Co-ordinator** will be a suitably qualified person nominated by **The Company** after consultation with the **Test Proposer** and the **Users** identified under OC12.4.2.1.
- (b) Where **The Company** decides, in its reasonable opinion, that the **National Electricity Transmission System** will not be significantly affected by the proposed **System Test**, then the **Test Co-ordinator** will be a suitably qualified person nominated by the **Test Proposer** after consultation with **The Company**.
- (c) **The Company** will, as soon as reasonably practicable after it has received, or is deemed to have received, a **Proposal Notice**, contact the **Test Proposer** where the **Test Co-ordinator** is to be a person nominated by the **Test Proposer** and invite it to nominate a person as **Test Co-ordinator**. If the **Test Proposer** is unable or unwilling to nominate a person within seven days of being contacted by **The Company** then the proposed **System Test** will not take place.

OC12.4.2.3 **The Company** will notify all **Users** identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 of the proposed **System Test** by a notice in writing (a "**Preliminary Notice**") and will send a **Preliminary Notice** to the **Test Proposer**. The **Preliminary Notice** will contain:

- (a) the details of the nature and purpose of the proposed **System Test**, the extent and situation of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** involved and the identity of the **Users** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1 and the identity of the **Test Proposer**;
- (b) an invitation to nominate within one month a suitably qualified representative (or representatives, if the **Test Co-ordinator** informs **The Company** that it is appropriate for a particular **User** including the **Test Proposer**) to be a member of the **Test Panel** for the proposed **System Test**;
- (c) the name of the **The Company** representative (or representatives) on the **Test Panel** for the proposed **System Test**; and
- (d) the name of the **Test Co-ordinator** and whether they were nominated by the **Test Proposer** or by **The Company**.

OC12.4.2.4 The **Preliminary Notice** will be sent within one month of the later of either the receipt by **The Company** of the **Proposal Notice**, or of the receipt of any further information requested by **The Company** under OC12.4.1.3. Where **The Company** is the proposer of the **System Test**, the **Preliminary Notice** will be sent within one month of the proposed **System Test** being formulated.

OC12.4.2.5 Replies to the invitation in the **Preliminary Notice** to nominate a representative to be a member of the **Test Panel** must be received by **The Company** within one month of the date on which the **Preliminary Notice** was sent to the **User** by **The Company**. Any **User** which has not replied within that period will not be entitled to be represented on the **Test Panel**. If the **Test Proposer** does not reply within that period, the proposed **System Test** will not take place and **The Company** will notify all **Users** identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 accordingly.

OC12.4.2.6 **The Company** will, as soon as possible after the expiry of that one month period, appoint the nominated persons to the **Test Panel** and notify all **Users** identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 and the **Test Proposer**, of the composition of the **Test Panel**.

OC12.4.3 Test Panel

OC12.4.3.1 A meeting of the **Test Panel** will take place as soon as possible after **The Company** has notified all **Users** identified by it under OC12.4.2.1 and the **Test Proposer** of the composition of the **Test Panel**, and in any event within one month of the appointment of the **Test Panel**.

OC12.4.3.2 The **Test Panel** shall consider:

- (a) the details of the nature and purpose of the proposed **System Test** and other matters set out in the **Proposal Notice** (together with any further information requested by **The Company** under OC12.4.1.3);

- (b) the economic, operational and risk implications of the proposed **System Test**;
- (c) the possibility of combining the proposed **System Test** with any other tests and with **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** outages which arise pursuant to the **Operational Planning** requirements of **The Company** and **Users**; and
- (d) implications of the proposed **System Test** on the operation of the **Balancing Mechanism**, in so far as it is able to do so.

OC12.4.3.3 **Users** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1, the **Test Proposer** and **The Company** (whether or not they are represented on the **Test Panel**) shall be obliged to supply that **Test Panel**, upon written request, with such details as the **Test Panel** reasonably requires in order to consider the proposed **System Test**.

OC12.4.3.4 The **Test Panel** shall be convened by the **Test Co-ordinator** as often as they deem necessary to conduct its business.

OC12.4.4 Proposal Report

OC12.4.4.1 Within two months of first meeting, the **Test Panel** will submit a report (a "**Proposal Report**"), which will contain:

- (a) proposals for carrying out the **System Test** (including the manner in which the **System Test** is to be monitored);
- (b) an allocation of costs (including un-anticipated costs) between the affected parties (the general principle being that the **Test Proposer** will bear the costs); and
- (c) such other matters as the **Test Panel** considers appropriate.

The **Proposal Report** may include requirements for indemnities (including an indemnity from the relevant **Network Operator** to **The Company** and other **Users** in relation to its **Embedded Persons**) to be given in respect of claims and losses arising from the **System Test**. All **System Test** procedures must comply with all applicable legislation.

OC12.4.4.2 If the **Test Panel** is unable to agree unanimously on any decision in preparing its **Proposal Report**, the proposed **System Test** will not take place and the **Test Panel** will be dissolved.

OC12.4.4.3 The **Proposal Report** will be submitted to **The Company**, the **Test Proposer** and to each **User** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1.

OC12.4.4.4 Each recipient will respond to the **Test Co-ordinator** with its approval of the **Proposal Report** or its reason for non-approval within fourteen days of receipt of the **Proposal Report**. If any recipient does not respond, the **System Test** will not take place and the **Test Panel** will be dissolved.

OC12.4.4.5 In the event of non-approval by one or more recipients, the **Test Panel** will meet as soon as practicable in order to determine whether the proposed **System Test** can be modified to meet the objection or objections.

OC12.4.4.6 If the proposed **System Test** cannot be so modified, the **System Test** will not take place and the **Test Panel** will be dissolved.

OC12.4.4.7 If the proposed **System Test** can be so modified, the **Test Panel** will, as soon as practicable, and in any event within one month of meeting to discuss the responses to the **Proposal Report**, submit a revised **Proposal Report** and the provisions of OC12.4.4.3 and OC12.4.4.4 will apply to that submission.

OC12.4.4.8 In the event of non-approval of the revised **Proposal Report** by one or more recipients, the **System Test** will not take place and the **Test Panel** will be dissolved.

- OC12.4.5 Test Programme
- OC12.4.5.1 If the **Proposal Report** (or, as the case may be, the revised **Proposal Report**) is approved by all recipients, the proposed **System Test** can proceed and at least one month prior to the date of the proposed **System Test**, the **Test Panel** will submit to **The Company**, the **Test Proposer** and each **User** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1, a programme (the "**Test Programme**") stating the switching sequence and proposed timings of the switching sequence, a list of those staff involved in carrying out the **System Test** (including those responsible for site safety) and such other matters as the **Test Panel** deems appropriate.
- OC12.4.5.2 The **Test Programme** will, subject to OC12.4.5.3, bind all recipients to act in accordance with the provisions of the **Test Programme** in relation to the proposed **System Test**.
- OC12.4.5.3 Any problems with the proposed **System Test** which arise or are anticipated after the issue of the **Test Programme** and prior to the day of the proposed **System Test**, must be notified to the **Test Co-ordinator** as soon as possible in writing. If the **Test Co-ordinator** decides that these anticipated problems merit an amendment to, or postponement of, the **System Test**, they shall notify the **Test Proposer** (if the **Test Co-ordinator** was not appointed by the **Test Proposer**), **The Company** and each **User** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1 accordingly.
- OC12.4.5.4 If on the day of the proposed **System Test**, operating conditions on the **Total System** are such that any party involved in the proposed **System Test** wishes to delay or cancel the start or continuance of the **System Test**, they shall immediately inform the **Test Co-ordinator** of this decision and the reasons for it. The **Test Co-ordinator** shall then postpone or cancel, as the case may be, the **System Test** and shall, if possible, agree with the **Test Proposer** (if the **Test Co-ordinator** was not appointed by the **Test Proposer**), **The Company** and all **Users** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1 another suitable time and date. If they cannot reach such agreement, the **Test Co-ordinator** shall reconvene the **Test Panel** as soon as practicable, which will endeavour to arrange another suitable time and date for the **System Test**, in which case the relevant provisions of **OC12** shall apply.
- OC12.4.6 Final Report
- OC12.4.6.1 At the conclusion of the **System Test**, the **Test Proposer** shall be responsible for preparing a written report on the **System Test** (the "**Final Report**") for submission to **The Company** and other members of the **Test Panel**. The **Final Report** shall be submitted within three months of the conclusion of the **System Test** unless a different period has been agreed by the **Test Panel** prior to the **System Test** taking place.
- OC12.4.6.2 The **Final Report** shall not be submitted to any person who is not a member of the **Test Panel** unless the **Test Panel**, having considered the confidentiality issues arising, shall have unanimously approved such submission.
- OC12.4.6.3 The **Final Report** shall include a description of the **Plant** and/or **Apparatus** tested and a description of the **System Test** carried out, together with the results, conclusions and recommendations.
- OC12.4.6.4 When the **Final Report** has been prepared and submitted in accordance with OC12.4.6.1, the **Test Panel** will be dissolved.
- OC12.4.7 Timetable Reduction
- OC12.4.7.1 In certain cases a **System Test** may be needed on giving less than twelve months notice. In that case, after consultation with the **Test Proposer** and **User(s)** identified by **The Company** under OC12.4.2.1, **The Company** shall draw up a timetable for the proposed **System Test** and the procedure set out in OC12.4.2 to OC12.4.6 shall be followed in accordance with that timetable.

< END OF OPERATING CODE NO. 12 >

DATA REGISTRATION CODE (DRC)

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(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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DRC.1 INTRODUCTION

DRC.1.1 The **Data Registration Code ("DRC")** presents a unified listing of all data required by **The Company** from **Users** and by **Users** from **The Company**, from time to time under the **Grid Code**. The data which is specified in each section of the **Grid Code** is collated here in the **DRC**. Where there is any inconsistency in the data requirements under any particular section of the **Grid Code** and the **Data Registration Code** the provisions of the particular section of the **Grid Code** shall prevail.

DRC.1.2 The **DRC** identifies the section of the **Grid Code** under which each item of data is required.

DRC.1.3 The Code under which any item of data is required specifies procedures and timings for the supply of that data, for routine updating and for recording temporary or permanent changes to that data. All timetables for the provision of data are repeated in the **DRC**.

DRC.1.4 Various sections of the **Grid Code** also specify information which **Users** will receive from **The Company**. This information is summarised in a single schedule in the **DRC** (Schedule 9).

DRC.1.5 The categorisation of data into **DPD I** and **DPD II** is indicated in the **DRC** below.

DRC.2 OBJECTIVE

The objective of the **DRC** is to:

DRC.2.1 List and collate all the data to be provided by each category of **User** to **The Company** under the **Grid Code**.

DRC.2.2 List all the data to be provided by **The Company** to each category of **User** under the **Grid Code**.

DRC.3 SCOPE

DRC.3.1 The **DRC** applies to **The Company** and to **Users**, which in this **DRC** means:-

- (a) **Generators** (including those undertaking **OTSDUW** and/or those who own and/or operate **DC Connected Power Park Modules**);
- (b) **Network Operators**;
- (c) **DC Converter Station** owners and **HVDC System Owners**;
- (d) **Suppliers**;
- (e) **Non-Embedded Customers**;
- (f) **Externally Interconnected System Operators**;
- (g) **Interconnector Users**;
- (h) **BM Participants**; and
- (i) **Pumped Storage Generators** and **Generators** in respect of Electricity **Storage Modules**.

DRC.3.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the **DRC** applies to both **GB Code Users** and **EU Code Users**.

DRC.4 DATA CATEGORIES AND STAGES IN REGISTRATION

DRC.4.1.1 Within the **DRC** each data item is allocated to one of the following three categories:

- (a) **Standard Planning Data (SPD)**
- (b) **Detailed Planning Data (DPD)**
- (c) **Operational Data**

- DRC.4.2 Standard Planning Data (SPD)
- DRC.4.2.1 The **Standard Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is that data listed in Part 1 of the Appendix to the **PC**.
- DRC.4.2.2 **Standard Planning Data** will be provided to **The Company** in accordance with PC.4.4 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.3 Detailed Planning Data (DPD)
- DRC.4.3.1 The **Detailed Planning Data** listed and collated in this **DRC** is categorised as **DPD I** and **DPD II** and is that data listed in Part 2 of the Appendix to the **PC**.
- DRC.4.3.2 **Detailed Planning Data** will be provided to **The Company** in accordance with PC.4.4, PC.4.5 and PC.A.1.2.
- DRC.4.4 Operational Data
- DRC.4.4.1 **Operational Data** is data which is required by the **Operating Codes** and the **Balancing Codes**. Within the **DRC**, **Operational Data** is sub-categorised according to the Code under which it is required, namely **OC1**, **OC2**, **BC1** or **BC2**.
- DRC.4.4.2 **Operational Data** is to be supplied in accordance with timetables set down in the relevant **Operating Codes** and **Balancing Codes** and repeated in tabular form in the schedules to the **DRC**.
- DRC.5 PROCEDURES AND RESPONSIBILITIES
- DRC.5.1 Responsibility For Submission And Updating Of Data
- In accordance with the provisions of the various sections of the **Grid Code**, each **User** must submit data as summarised in DRC.6 and listed and collated in the attached schedules.
- DRC.5.2 Methods Of Submitting Data
- DRC.5.2.1 Wherever possible, the data schedules to the **DRC** are structured to serve as standard formats for data submission and such format must be used for the written submission of data to **The Company**.
- DRC.5.2.2 Data must be submitted to the **Transmission Control Centre** notified by **The Company**, or to such other department or address as **The Company** may from time to time advise. The name of the person at the **User Site** who is submitting each schedule of data must be included.
- DRC.5.2.3 Where a computer data link exists between a **User** and **The Company**, data may be submitted via this link. **The Company** will, in this situation, provide computer files for completion by the **User** containing all the data in the corresponding **DRC** schedule.
- Data submitted can be in an electronic format using a proforma to be supplied by **The Company** or other format to be agreed annually in advance with **The Company**. In all cases the data must be complete and relate to, and relate only to, what is required by the relevant section of the **Grid Code**.
- DRC.5.2.4 Other modes of data transfer, such as magnetic tape, may be utilised if **The Company** gives its prior written consent.
- DRC.5.2.5 **Generators, HVDC System Owners** and **DC Converter Station** owners submitting data for a **Power Generating Module, Generating Unit, DC Converter, HVDC System, Power Park Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Modules**) or **CCGT Module** before the issue of a **Final Operational Notification** should submit the **DRC** data schedules and compliance information required under the **CP** electronically using the **User Data File Structure** unless otherwise agreed with **The Company**.

- DRC.5.3 Changes To User's Data
- DRC.5.3.1 Whenever a **User** becomes aware of a change to an item of data which is registered with **The Company**, the **User** must notify **The Company** in accordance with each section of the Grid Code. The method and timing of the notification to **The Company** is set out in each section of the Grid Code.
- DRC.5.4 Data Not Supplied
- DRC.5.4.1 **Users** and **The Company** are obliged to supply data as set out in the individual sections of the **Grid Code** and repeated in the **DRC**. If a **User** fails to supply data when required by any section of the **Grid Code**, **The Company** will estimate such data if and when, in **The Company's** view, it is necessary to do so. If **The Company** fails to supply data when required by any section of the **Grid Code**, the **User** to whom that data ought to have been supplied, will estimate such data if and when, in that **User's** view, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon corresponding data for similar **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon such other information as **The Company** or that **User**, as the case may be, deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.4.2 **The Company** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.4.3 A **User** will advise **The Company** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.4.1 in the event of data not being supplied.
- DRC.5.5 Substituted Data
- DRC.5.5.1 In the case of PC.A.4 only, if the data supplied by a **User** does not in **The Company's** reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **The Company**, **The Company** may estimate such data if and when, in the view of **The Company**, it is necessary to do so. Such estimates will, in each case, be based upon data supplied previously for the same **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon corresponding data for similar **Plant** or **Apparatus** or upon such other information as **The Company** deems appropriate.
- DRC.5.5.2 **The Company** will advise a **User** in writing of any estimated data it intends to use pursuant to DRC.5.5.1 relating directly to that **User's Plant** or **Apparatus** where it does not in **The Company's** reasonable opinion reflect the equivalent data recorded by **The Company**. Such estimated data will be used by **The Company** in place of the appropriate data submitted by the **User** pursuant to PC.A.4 and as such shall be deemed to accurately represent the **User's** submission until such time as the **User** provides data to **The Company's** reasonable satisfaction.
- DRC.6 DATA TO BE REGISTERED
- DRC.6.1 Schedules 1 to 20 attached cover the following data areas.
- DRC.6.1.1 Schedule 1 – Power Generating Module, Generating Unit (or CCGT Module), Power Park Module (including DC Connected Power Park Module and Power Park Unit), HVDC System and DC Converter Technical Data.
- Comprising **Power Generating Module, Generating Unit** (and **CCGT Module**), **Power Park Module** (including **DC Connected Power Park Module** and **Power Park Unit**) and **DC Converter** fixed electrical parameters.
- DRC.6.1.2 Schedule 2 - Generation Planning Parameters
- Comprising the **Genset** parameters required for **Operational Planning** studies.
- DRC.6.1.3 Schedule 3 - Large Power Station Outage Programmes, Output Usable and Inflexibility Information.
- Comprising generation and storage outage planning, **Output Usable** and inflexibility information at timescales down to the daily **BM Unit Data** submission.

- DRC.6.1.4 Schedule 4 - Large Power Station Droop and Response Data.
Comprising data on governor **Droop** settings and **Primary, Secondary and High Frequency Response** data for **Large Power Stations**.
- DRC.6.1.5 Schedule 5 – User's System Data.
Comprising electrical parameters relating to **Plant and Apparatus** connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**.
- DRC.6.1.6 Schedule 6 – Users Outage Information.
Comprising the information required by **The Company** for outages on the **User System**, including outages at **Power Stations** other than outages of **Gensets**
- DRC.6.1.7 Schedule 7 - Load Characteristics.
Comprising the estimated parameters of load groups in respect of, for example, harmonic content and response to frequency.
- DRC.6.1.8 Schedule 8 - BM Unit Data.
- DRC.6.1.9 Schedule 9 - Data Supplied by The Company to Users.
- DRC.6.1.10 Schedule 10 - Demand Profiles and Active Energy Data
Comprising information relating to the **Network Operators'** and **Non-Embedded Customers'** total **Demand** and **Active Energy** taken from the **National Electricity Transmission System**
- DRC.6.1.11 Schedule 11 - Connection Point Data
Comprising information relating to **Demand**, demand transfer capability and the **Small Power Station, Medium Power Station and Customer** generation connected to the **Connection Point**
- DRC.6.1.12 Schedule 12 - Demand Control Data
Comprising information related to **Demand Control**
- DRC.6.1.13 Schedule 13 - Fault Infeed Data
Comprising information relating to the short circuit contribution to the **National Electricity Transmission System** from **Users** other than **Generators, HVDC System Owners** and **DC Converter Station** owners.
- DRC.6.1.14 Schedule 14 - Fault Infeed Data (Generators Including Unit and Station Transformers)
Comprising information relating to the Short Circuit contribution to the **National Electricity Transmission System** from **Generators, HVDC System Owners** and **DC Converter Station** owners.
- DRC.6.1.15 Schedule 15 – Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (including Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters, Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter Station and Alternative Fuel Data
Comprising information relating to estimated return to service times for **Mothballed Power Generating Modules, Mothballed Generating Units, Mothballed Power Park Modules** (including **Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules**), **Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters** and **Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter Station** and the capability of gas-fired **Generating Units** to operate using alternative fuels.
- DRC.6.1.16 Schedule 16 – Black Start Information
Comprising information relating to **Black Start**.
- DRC.6.1.17 Schedule 17 – Access Period Schedule
Comprising **Access Period** information for **Transmission Interface Circuits** within an **Access Group**.

- DRC.6.1.18 Schedule 18 – Generators Undertaking OTSDUW Arrangements
Comprising electrical parameters relating to **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** between the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** and **Transmission Interface Point**.
- DRC.6.1.19 Schedule 19 – User Data File Structure
Comprising information relating to the **User Data File Structure**.
- DRC.6.1.20 Schedule 20 – Grid Forming Plant Data
Comprising information relating to **Grid Forming Plant**

DRC.6.2 The **Schedules** applicable to each class of **User** are as follows:

<u>User</u>	<u>Schedule</u>
Generators with Large Power Stations	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14, 15, 16, 19
Generators with Medium Power Stations (see notes 2, 3, 4)	1, 2 (part), 9, 14, 15, 19
Generators with Small Power Stations directly connected to the National Electricity Transmission System	1, 6, 14, 15, 19
Generators undertaking OTSDUW (see note 5)	18, 19
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System	5, 6, 9
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System other than Generators	10,11,13,17
All Users connected directly to the National Electricity Transmission System with Demand	7, 9
A Pumped Storage Generator , a Generator in respect of one or more Electricity Storage Modules and an Externally Interconnected System Operator and Interconnector Users	12 (as marked)
All Suppliers	12
All Network Operators	12
All BM Participants	8
All DC Converter Station owners	1, 4, 9, 14, 15, 19

Notes:

- (1) **Network Operators** must provide data relating to **Small Power Stations** and/or **Customer Generating Plant Embedded** in their **Systems** when such data is requested by **The Company** pursuant to PC.A.3.1.4 or PC.A.5.1.4.
- (2) The data in schedules 1, 14 and 15 need not be supplied in relation to **Medium Power Stations** connected at a voltage level below the voltage level of the **Subtransmission System** except in connection with a **CUSC Contract** or unless specifically requested by **The Company**.
- (3) Each **Network Operator** within whose **System** an **Embedded Medium Power Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** is situated shall provide the data to **The Company** in respect of each such **Embedded Medium Power Station** or **Embedded DC Converter Station** or **HVDC System**.

- (4) In the case of Schedule 2, **Generators, HVDC System Owners, DC Converter Station owners or Network Operators** in the case of **Embedded Medium Power Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement** or **Embedded DC Converter Stations** not subject to a **Bilateral Agreement**, would only be expected to submit data in relation to **Standard Planning Data** as required by the **Planning Code**.
- (5) In the case of **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**, the **Generator** will need to supply **User** data in accordance with the requirements of **Large** or **Small Power Stations** (as defined in DRC.6.2) up to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point**. In addition, the **User** will also need to submit **Offshore Transmission System** data in between the **Interface Point** and its **Connection Points** in accordance with the requirements of Schedule 18.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

PAGE 1 OF 19

ABBREVIATIONS:

SPD = Standard Planning Data

% on MVA = % on Rated MVA

% on 100 = % on 100 MVA

DPD = Detailed Planning Data

RC = Registered Capacity

MC = Maximum Capacity

OC1, BC1, etc = Grid Code
for which data is required

CUSC Contract = User data which may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** by **The Company**, following the acceptance by a **User** of a **CUSC Contract**.

CUSC App. Form = User data which may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** by **The Company**, following an application by a **User** for a **CUSC Contract**.

Note:

All parameters, where applicable, are to be measured at nominal **System Frequency**

- + these **SPD** items should only be given in the data supplied with the application for a **CUSC Contract**.
- * Asterisk items are not required for **Small Power Stations** and **Medium Power Stations**
Information is to be given on a **Unit** basis, unless otherwise stated. Where references to **CCGT Modules** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate
- These data items may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** from **The Company** in respect of the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The data may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** in a summarised form e.g. network model; the data transferred will have been originally derived from data submitted by **Users** to **The Company**.
- these data items may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** from **The Company** in respect to **Relevant Units** only. The data may be submitted to the **Relevant Transmission Licensee** in a summarised form e.g. network model; the data transferred will have been originally derived from data submitted by **Users** to **The Company**.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

POWER STATION NAME: _____

DATE: _____

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA							
		RTL CUSC Cont ract	CUSC App. Form		F.Yr. 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	
<p><u>GENERATING STATION DEMANDS:</u> Demand associated with the Power Station supplied through the National Electricity Transmission System or the Generator's User System (PC.A.5.2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The maximum Demand that could occur. - Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions. - Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand. <p>(Additional Demand supplied through the unit transformers to be provided below)</p> <p><u>INDIVIDUAL GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULE OR CCGT MODULE) DATA</u></p> <p>Point of connection to the National Electricity Transmission System (or the Total System if embedded) of the Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Module (other than a CCGT Unit) or the CCGT Module, as the case may be in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage (PC.A.3.4.1)</p> <p>If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the Generating Unit (other than a CCGT Unit) or Synchronous Power Generating Module or CCGT Module, as the case may be is connected (PC.A.3.1.5)</p>	<p>MW MVA MW MVA</p> <p>MW MVA</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>DPD I DPD I DPD II DPD II</p> <p>DPD II DPD II</p>								
						G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD								
	Section Number	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD								

Type of Unit (steam, **Gas Turbine
Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit**,
tidal, wind, storage type etc.)
(*PC.A.3.2.2 (h), PC.A.3.4.4*)

□

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

<u>INDIVIDUAL SYNCHRONOUS POWER GENERATING MODULE GENERATING UNIT (OR AS THE CASE MAY BE, CCGT MODULE) DATA</u>				G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
<p>A list of the Generating Units and CCGT Units within a Synchronous Power Generating Module or CCGT Module, identifying each CCGT Unit, and the Power Generating Module or CCGT Module of which it forms part, unambiguously. In the case of a Range CCGT Module, details of the possible configurations should also be submitted. <i>(P.C.A.3.2.2 (g))</i></p>	□	■	SPD							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE)							
		CUSC Cont ract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1)	MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+ SPD+ DPD I								
Rated MW (PC.A.3.3.1)	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>									
Rated terminal voltage (PC.A.5.3.2.(a) & PC.A.5.4.2 (b))	kV	<input type="checkbox"/>										
*Performance Chart at Onshore Synchronous Generating Unit stator terminals (PC.A.3.2.2(f)(i))				SPD	(see OC2 for specification)							
* Performance Chart of the Offshore Synchronous Generating Unit at the Offshore Grid Entry Point (PC.A.3.2.2(f)(ii))												
* Synchronous Generating Unit Performance Chart (PC.A.3.2.2(f))												
* Power Generating Module Performance Chart of the Synchronous Power Generating Module (PC.A.3.2.2(f))												
* Maximum terminal voltage set point (PC.A.5.3.2.(a) & PC.A.5.4.2 (b))	kV	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
* Terminal voltage set point step resolution – if not continuous (PC.A.5.3.2.(a) & PC.A.5.4.2 (b))	kV	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
* Output Usable (on a monthly basis) (PC.A.3.2.2(b))	MW			SPD	(except in relation to CCGT Modules when required on a unit basis under the Grid Code , this data item may be supplied under Schedule 3)							
Turbo-Generator inertia constant (for synchronous machines) (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	MW secs /MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+								
Short circuit ratio (synchronous machines) (PC.A.5.3.2(a))		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+								
Normal auxiliary load supplied by the Generating Unit at rated MW output (PC.A.5.2.1)	MW MVAr	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II								
Rated field current at rated MW and MVAr output and at rated terminal voltage (PC.A.5.3.2 (a))	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
Field current open circuit saturation curve (as derived from appropriate manufacturers' test certificates): (PC.A.5.3.2 (a))												
120% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
110% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
100% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
90% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
80% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
70% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
60% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
50% rated terminal volts	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
IMPEDANCES: (Unsaturated)												
Direct axis synchronous reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
Direct axis transient reactance (PC.A.3.3.1(a)& PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+								
Direct axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
Quad axis synch reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
Quad axis sub-transient reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
Stator leakage reactance (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
Armature winding direct current resistance. (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
TIME CONSTANTS (Short-circuit and Unsaturated)											
Direct axis transient time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Direct axis sub-transient time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Quadrature axis sub-transient time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Stator time constant (PC.A.5.3.2(a))	S	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
MECHANICAL PARAMETERS (PC.A.5.3.2(a))											
The number of turbine generator masses		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Diagram showing the Inertia and parameters for each turbine generator mass for the complete drive train	Kgm ²	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Diagram showing Stiffness constants and parameters between each turbine generator mass for the complete drive train	Nm/rad	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Number of poles		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Relative power applied to different parts of the turbine	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Torsional mode frequencies	Hz	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Modal damping decrement factors for the different mechanical modes		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
GENERATING UNIT STEP-UP TRANSFORMER											
Rated MVA (PC.A.3.3.1 & PC.A.5.3.2)	MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+							
Voltage Ratio (PC.A.5.3.2)	-	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Positive sequence reactance: (PC.A.5.3.2)											
Max tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+							
Min tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+							
Positive sequence resistance: (PC.A.5.3.2)											
Max tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Min tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Zero phase sequence reactance (PC.A.5.3.2)	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Tap change range (PC.A.5.3.2)	+% / -%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Tap change step size (PC.A.5.3.2)	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Tap changer type: on-load or off-circuit (PC.A.5.3.2)	On/Off	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
<u>EXCITATION:</u>											
<p><u>Note:</u> The data items requested under Option 1 below may continue to be provided by Generators in relation to Generating Units on the System at 9 January 1995 (in this paragraph, the "relevant date") or they may provide the new data items set out under Option 2. Generators must supply the data as set out under Option 2 (and not those under Option 1) for Generating Unit and Synchronous Power Generating Unit excitation control systems commissioned after the relevant date, those Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Unit excitation control systems recommissioned for any reason such as refurbishment after the relevant date and Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Unit excitation control systems where, as a result of testing or other process, the Generator is aware of the data items listed under Option 2 in relation to that Generating Unit or Synchronous Power Generating Unit.</p>											
Option 1											
DC gain of Excitation Loop (PC.A.5.3.2(c))		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Max field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Min field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Rated field voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Max rate of change of field volts: (PC.A.5.3.2(c))											
Rising	V/Sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Falling	V/Sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Details of Excitation Loop (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) Described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II	(please attach)						
Dynamic characteristics of over- excitation limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c))		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Dynamic characteristics of under-excitation limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c))		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Option 2											
Exciter category, e.g. Rotating Exciter , or Static Exciter etc (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Excitation System Nominal Response (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	Sec ⁻¹	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Rated Field Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{fN}	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
No-load Field Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{f0}	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Excitation System On-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{pL+}	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Excitation System No-Load Positive Ceiling Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{p0+}	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Excitation System No-Load Negative Ceiling Voltage (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) U_{p0-}	V	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Power System Stabiliser (PSS) <u>fitted</u> (PC.A.3.4.2)	Yes/No	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Stator Current Limit (PC.A.5.3.2(c))	A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Details of Excitation System (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) (including PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Details of Over-excitation Limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Details of Under-excitation Limiter (PC.A.5.3.2(c)) described in block diagram form showing	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 1(iii))</i>											
<u>BOILER & STEAM TURBINE DATA*</u>											
Boiler time constant (Stored Active Energy)	S			DPD II							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of Primary Response arising from HP turbine)	%			DPD II							
HP turbine response ratio: (Proportion of High Frequency Response arising from HP turbine)	%			DPD II							
End of Option 1											
Option 2											
<u>All Generating Units and Synchronous Power Generating Units</u>											
Governor Block Diagram showing transfer function of individual elements including acceleration sensitive elements		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Governor Time Constant <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(i))</i>	Sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
#Governor Deadband <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(i))</i>											
- Maximum Setting	±Hz			DPD II							
- Normal Setting	±Hz			DPD II							
- Minimum Setting	±Hz			DPD II							
Speeder Motor Setting Range <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(i))</i>	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Average Gain <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(i))</i>	MW/Hz	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
<u>Steam Units</u>											
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(ii))</i>											
HP Valve Time Constant	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
HP Valve Opening Limits	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
HP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
HP Valve Closing Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
HP Turbine Time Constant <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(ii))</i>	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
IP Valve Time Constant	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
IP Valve Opening Limits	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
IP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
IP Valve Closing Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
IP Turbine Time Constant <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(ii))</i>	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
LP Valve Time Constant	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
LP Valve Opening Limits	%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
LP Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
LP Valve Closing Rate Limits	%/sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
LP Turbine Time Constant <i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(ii))</i>	sec	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Reheater Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
Boiler Time Constant	sec			DPD II							
HP Power Fraction	%			DPD II							
IP Power Fraction	%			DPD II							

Where the generating unit or synchronous power generating unit governor does not have a selectable deadband facility, then the actual value of the deadband need only be provided.

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
Gas Turbine Units											
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii))</i>											
Inlet Guide Vane Time Constant	sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Inlet Guide Vane Opening Limits	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Inlet Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Inlet Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii))</i>											
Fuel Valve Time Constant	sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Fuel Valve Opening Limits	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Fuel Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Fuel Valve Closing Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iii))</i>											
Waste Heat Recovery Boiler Time Constant											
Hydro Generating Units											
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(iv))</i>											
Guide Vane Actuator Time Constant	sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Guide Vane Opening Limits	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Guide Vane Opening Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Guide Vane Closing Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Water Time Constant	sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Synchronous Electricity Storage Units and Modules											
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(d) – Option 2(v))</i>											
Valve Actuator Time Constant	sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Valve Opening Limits	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Valve Opening Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Valve Closing Rate Limits	%/sec		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
For Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules which are derived from compressed air energy storage systems the above data should be provided. For other Synchronous Electricity Storage Modules data should be supplied as required by The Company in accordance with PC.A.7.											
End of Option 2											
UNIT CONTROL OPTIONS*											
<i>(PC.A.5.3.2(e))</i>											
Maximum droop	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Normal droop	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Minimum droop	%		<input type="checkbox"/>	DPD II							
Maximum Governor Deadband				DPD II							
Normal Governor Deadband				DPD II							
Minimum Governor Deadband				DPD II							
Maximum Frequency Response Deadband ¹	±Hz			DPD II							
Normal Frequency Response Deadband ¹	±Hz			DPD II							
Minimum Frequency Response Deadband ¹	±Hz			DPD II							
Maximum Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹	±Hz			DPDII							
Normal Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹	±Hz			DPDII							
Minimum Frequency Response Insensitivity ¹	±Hz			DPDII							

	±Hz									
	±Hz									
	±Hz									
Frequency settings between which Unit Load Controller droop applies:										
Maximum	Hz			DPD II						
Normal	Hz			DPD II						
Minimum	Hz			DPD II						
Sustained response normally selected	Yes/No			DPD II						
¹ Data required only in respect of Large Power Stations comprising Type C and Type D Power Generating Modules owned and operated by EU Code Generators .										

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CAT.	POWER PARK UNIT (OR POWER PARK MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE)							
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
Power Park Module Rated MVA <i>(PC.A.3.3.1(a))</i>	MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+								
Power Park Module Rated MW <i>(PC.A.3.3.1(a))</i>	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+								
*Performance Chart of a Power Park Module at the connection point <i>(PC.A.3.2.2(f)(ii))</i>				SPD	(see OC2 for specification)							
* Output Usable (on a monthly basis) <i>(PC.A.3.2.2(b))</i>	MW			SPD	(except in relation to CCGT Modules when required on a unit basis under the Grid Code , this data item may be supplied under Schedule 3)							
Number & Type of Power Park Units within each Power Park Module <i>(PC.A.3.2.2(k))</i>		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD								
Number & Type of Offshore Power Park Units within each Offshore Power Park String and the number of Offshore Power Park Strings and connection point within each Offshore Power Park Module <i>(PC.A.3.2.2.(k))</i>				SPD								
In the case where an appropriate Manufacturer's Data & Performance Report is registered with The Company then subject to The Company's agreement, the report reference may be given as an alternative to completion of the following sections of this Schedule 1 to the end of page 11 with the exception of the sections marked thus # below.	Reference the Manufacturer's Data & Performance Report			SPD								
Power Park Unit Model (including Non Synchronous Electricity Storage Units) - A validated mathematical model in accordance with PC.5.4.2 (a)	Transfer function block diagram and algebraic equations, simulation and measured test results	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CAT.	POWER PARK UNIT (OR POWER PARK MODULE, AS THE CASE MAY BE)							
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
<p>Torque / Speed and blade angle control systems and parameters (PC.A.5.4.2(c))</p> <p>For the Power Park Unit, details of the torque / speed controller and blade angle controller in the case of a wind turbine and power limitation functions (where applicable) described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements</p>	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
<p># Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor control system parameters (PC.A.5.4.2(d))</p> <p># For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of Voltage/Reactive Power/Power Factor controller (and PSS if fitted) described in block diagram form including parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.</p>	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
<p># Frequency control system parameters (PC.A.5.4.2(e))</p> <p># For the Power Park Unit and Power Park Module details of the Frequency controller described in block diagram form showing transfer functions and parameters of individual elements.</p>	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
<p>As an alternative to PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), is the submission of a single complete model that consists of the full information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d) (e) and (f) provided that all the information required under PC.A.5.4.2 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) individually is clearly identifiable. (PC.A.5.4.2(g))</p>	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II								
<p># Harmonic Assessment Information (PC.A.5.4.2(h)) (as defined in IEC 61400-21 (2001)) for each Power Park Unit:-</p>												
# Flicker coefficient for continuous operation		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
# Flicker step factor		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
# Number of switching operations in a 10 minute window		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
# Number of switching operations in a 2 hour window		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
# Voltage change factor		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
# Current Injection at each harmonic for each Power Park Unit and for each Power Park Module	Tabular format	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I								
<p>Note:- Generators who own or operate DC Connected Power Park Modules shall supply all data for their DC Connected Power Park Modules as applicable to Power Park Modules.</p>												

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER STATION TECHNICAL DATA

HVDC SYSTEM OR DC CONVERTER STATION NAME _____

DATE: _____

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		
<i>(PC.A.4)</i>					
HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER STATION DEMANDS:					
Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the DC Converter Station and HVDC System [PC.A.4.1]	MW MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand with all DC Converters and HVDC Converters within and HVDC System operating at Rated MW import.	MW MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand with all DC Converters and HVDC Converters within an HVDC System operating at Rated MW export.					
Additional Demand associated with the DC Converter Station or HVDC System supplied through the National Electricity Transmission System . [PC.A.4.1]	MW MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of The Company Demand at Annual ACS Conditions .	MW MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of The Company Demand .	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+	
DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC SYSTEM DATA	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+	
Number of poles, i.e. number of DC Converters or HVDC Converters within the HVDC System		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Details of each viable operating configuration	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD	
Configuration 1	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Configuration 2	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Configuration 3	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			

Configuration 4	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Configuration 5		<input type="checkbox"/>			
Configuration 6	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Remote ac connection arrangement		<input type="checkbox"/>			

**SCHEDULE 1 – POWER PARK MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE),
POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM
AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA**

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating Configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC SYSTEM DATA (PC.A.3.3.1d)										
DC Converter or HVDC Converter Type (e.g. current or Voltage source)	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD						
Point of connection to the National Electricity Transmission System (or the Total System if Embedded) of the DC Converter Station or HVDC System configuration in terms of geographical and electrical location and system voltage	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD						
If the busbars at the Connection Point are normally run in separate sections identify the section to which the DC Converter Station or HVDC System configuration is connected	Section Number	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD						
Rated MW import per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW			SPD +						
Rated MW export per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD +						
Rated MW export per pole [PC.A.3.3.1]		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating Configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
ACTIVE POWER TRANSFER CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2)										
Registered Capacity	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD						
Registered Import Capacity	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							
Minimum Generation	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD						
Minimum Import Capacity	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							
Maximum HVDC Active Power Transmission Capacity	MW									
	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						
Minimum Active Power Transmission Capacity		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						
	MW			SPD						
Import MW available in excess of Registered Import Capacity and Maximum Active Power Transmission Capacity		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						
	Min			SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Import Capacity is available		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						
	MW			SPD						
Export MW available in excess of Registered Capacity and Maximum Active Power Transmission Capacity .		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						
	Min			SPD						
Time duration for which MW in excess of Registered Capacity is available		<input type="checkbox"/>		SPD						

SCHEDULE 1 –POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

Data Description	Units	DATA to		Data Category	Operating Configuration						
		RTL			1	2	3	4	5	6	
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form								
DC CONVERTER AND HVDC CONVERTER TRANSFORMER [PC.A.5.4.3.1]											
Rated MVA	MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Winding arrangement		<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Nominal primary voltage	kV	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Nominal secondary (converter-side) voltage(s)	kV	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Positive sequence reactance											
Maximum tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Minimum tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Positive sequence resistance											
Maximum tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Nominal tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Minimum tap	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Zero phase sequence reactance	% on MVA	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Tap change range	+% / -%	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Number of steps				DPD II							

**SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR
CCGT MODULE), DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM,
POWER PARK MODULE AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA**

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
<p>DC NETWORK [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c)]</p> <p>Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole</p> <p>Details of the DC Network described in diagram form including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the DC Network should be shown.</p>	<p>kV A</p> <p>Diagram</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>		<p>DPD II DPD II</p> <p>DPD II</p>						
<p>DC CONVERTER STATION AND HVDC SYSTEM AC HARMONIC FILTER AND REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT [PC.A.5.4.3.1 (d)]</p> <p>For all switched reactive compensation equipment</p> <p>Total number of AC filter banks Diagram of filter connections Type of equipment (e.g. fixed or variable) Capacitive rating; or Inductive rating; or Operating range</p> <p>Reactive Power capability as a function of various MW transfer levels</p>	<p>Diagram</p> <p>Text Diagram Text MVar MVar MVar Table</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>■ ■ ■</p>	<p>DPD II</p> <p>DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II DPD II</p> <p>DPD II</p>						

**SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT
MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE,
HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA**

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CONTROL SYSTEMS [PC.A.5.4.3.2]									
Static $V_{DC} - P_{DC}$ (DC voltage – DC power) or Static $V_{DC} - I_{DC}$ (DC voltage – DC current) characteristic (as appropriate) when operating as –Rectifier –Inverter									
Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of inverter mode control system, in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of converter transformer tap changer control system in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC Converters and HVDC Systems connected to the National Electricity Transmission System .)	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of AC filter and reactive compensation equipment control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters. (Only required for DC Converters and HVDC Systems connected to the National Electricity Transmission System .)	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of HVDC Converter unit models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of AC component models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of DC Grid models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of Voltage and power controller and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of Special control features if applicable (e.g., power oscillation damping (POD) function, subsynchronous torsional interaction (SSTI) control and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of Multi terminal control, if applicable and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Details of HVDC System protection models as agreed between The Company the HVDC System Owner and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Transfer block diagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>							
Transfer block diagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.		<input type="checkbox"/>							

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6	
		<input type="checkbox"/>									
		<input type="checkbox"/>									
		<input type="checkbox"/>									
		<input type="checkbox"/>									
		<input type="checkbox"/>									
		<input type="checkbox"/>									

SCHEDULE 1 – POWER GENERATING MODULE, GENERATING UNIT (OR CCGT MODULE), POWER PARK MODULE, DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULE, HVDC SYSTEM AND DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6	
LOADING PARAMETERS [PC.A.5.4.3.3]											
MW Export											
Nominal loading rate	MW/s			DPD I							
Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s			DPD I							
MW Import											
Nominal loading rate	MW/s			DPD I							
Maximum (emergency) loading rate	MW/s			DPD I							
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.	s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							

NOTE: **Users** are referred to Schedules 5 & 14 which set down data required for all **Users** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**, including **Power Stations**. **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW Arrangements** and are utilising an **OTSDUW DC Converter** are referred to Schedule 18.

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

PAGE 1 OF 3

This schedule contains the **Genset Generation Planning Parameters** required by **The Company** to facilitate studies in **Operational Planning** timescales.

For a **Generating Unit** including those within a **Power Generating Module** (other than a **Power Park Unit**) at a **Large Power Station**, the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

Where references to **CCGT Modules** or **Power Park Modules** at a **Large Power Station** are made, the columns "G1" etc should be amended to read "M1" etc, as appropriate.

Power Station: _____

Generation Planning Parameters

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENSET OR STATION DATA						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN
OUTPUT CAPABILITY (PC.A.3.2.2)											
Registered Capacity on a station and unit basis (on a station and module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Maximum Capacity on a Power Generating Module basis and Synchronous Generating Unit basis and Registered Capacity on a Power Station basis)	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Minimum Generation (on a module basis in the case of a CCGT Module or Power Park Module at a Large Power Station)	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Minimum Stable Operating Level (on a module basis in the case of a Power Generating Module at a Large Power Station)	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
MW available from Power Generating Modules and Generating Units or Power Park Modules in excess of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity	MW	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
REGIME UNAVAILABILITY											
These data blocks are provided to allow fixed periods of unavailability to be registered.											
Expected Running Regime. Is Power Station normally available for full output 24 hours per day, 7 days per week? If No please provide details of unavailability below. (PC.A.3.2.2.)		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SPD							
Earliest Synchronising time: OC2.4.2.1(a)											
Monday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
Tuesday – Friday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
Saturday – Sunday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
Latest De-Synchronising time: OC2.4.2.1(a)											
Monday – Thursday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
Friday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
Saturday – Sunday	hr/min	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							-
SYNCHRONISING PARAMETERS											
OC2.4.2.1(a) Notice to Deviate from Zero (NDZ) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		OC2							

Station Synchronising Intervals (SI) after 48 hour Shutdown	Mins	■			-	-	-	-	-	-	
Synchronising Group (if applicable)	1 to 4	■		OC2							-

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

PAGE 2 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CAT.	GENSET OR STATION DATA							
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
Synchronising Generation (SYG) after 48 hour Shutdown <i>PC.A.5.3.2(f) & OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>	MW	■		DPD II & OC2								-
De-Synchronising Intervals (Single value) <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>	Mins	■		OC2	-	-	-	-	-	-		
<u>RUNNING AND SHUTDOWN PERIOD LIMITATIONS:</u>												
Minimum Non Zero time (MNZT) after 48 hour Shutdown <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>	Mins	■		OC2								
Minimum Zero time (MZT) <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>	Mins			OC2								
Existing AGR Plant Flexibility Limit (Existing AGR Plant only)	No.			OC2								
80% Reactor Thermal Power (expressed as Gross-Net MW) (Existing AGR Plant only)	MW			OC2								
Frequency Sensitive AGR Unit Limit (Frequency Sensitive AGR Units only)	No.			OC2								
<u>RUN-UP PARAMETERS</u> <i>PC.A.5.3.2(f) & OC2.4.2.1(a)</i>												
<u>Run-up rates</u> (RUR) after 48 hour Shutdown: (See note 2 page 3)					(Note that for DPD only a single value of run-up rate from Synch Gen to Registered Capacity is required)							
MW Level 1 (MWL1)	MW	■		DPD II OC2								-
MW Level 2 (MWL2)	MW	■		DPD II OC2								-
RUR from Synch. Gen to MWL1	MW/Mins	■		DPD II OC2								
RUR from MWL1 to MWL2	MW/Mins	■		OC2								
RUR from MWL2 to RC	MW/Mins	■		OC2								
<u>Run-Down Rates (RDR):</u> (Note that for DPD only a single value of run-down rate from Registered Capacity to de-synch is required)												
MWL2	MW	■		DPD II OC2								
RDR from RC to MWL2	MW/Min	■		DPD II OC2								
MWL1	MW	■		DPD II OC2								
RDR from MWL2 to MWL1	MW/Min	■		DPD II OC2								
RDR from MWL1 to de-synch	MW/Min	■		DPD II OC2								

SCHEDULE 2 - GENERATION PLANNING PARAMETERS

PAGE 3 OF 3

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENSET OR STATION DATA							
		RTL CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	STN	
REGULATION PARAMETERS <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i> Regulating Range Load rejection capability while still Synchronised and able to supply Load .	MW MW	■		DPD II DPD II								
GAS TURBINE LOADING PARAMETERS: <i>OC2.4.2.1(a)</i> Fast loading Slow loading	MW/Min MW/Min	■		OC2 OC2								
CCGT MODULE PLANNING MATRIX				OC2	(please attach)							
POWER PARK MODULE PLANNING MATRIX				OC2	(please attach)							
Power Park Module Active Power Output/ Intermittent Power Source Curve (e.g., MW output / Wind speed)				OC2	(please attach)							

NOTES:

- (1) To allow for different groups of **Gensets** within a **Power Station** (e.g., **Gensets** with the same operator) each **Genset** may be allocated to one of up to four **Synchronising Groups**. Within each such **Synchronising Group** the single synchronising interval will apply but between **Synchronising Groups** a zero synchronising interval will be assumed.
- (2) The run-up of a **Genset** from synchronising block load to **Registered Capacity** or **Maximum Capacity** is represented as a three stage characteristic in which the run-up rate changes at two intermediate loads, MWL1 and MWL2. The values MWL1 & MWL2 can be different for each **Genset**.

SCHEDULE 3 - LARGE POWER STATION OUTAGE PROGRAMMES, OUTPUT USABLE AND INFLEXIBILITY INFORMATION

PAGE 1 OF 1

(Also outline information on contracts involving **External Interconnections**)

For a **Generating Unit** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a unit basis and for a **CCGT Module** or **Power Park Module** at a **Large Power Station** the information is to be submitted on a module basis, unless otherwise stated.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT	DATA to RTL
<u>OUTPUT PROFILES</u>					
					CUSC Contract CUSC App. Form
In the case of Large Power Stations whose output may be expected to vary in a random manner (e.g., wind power) or to some other pattern (e.g., Tidal) sufficient information is required to enable an understanding of the possible profile	MW	F. yrs 1 - 7	Week 24	SPD	

Notes: 1. The week numbers quoted in the Update Time column refer to standard weeks in the current year.

SCHEDULE 4 - LARGE POWER STATION DROOP AND RESPONSE DATA

PAGE 1 OF 1

GOVERNOR DROOP AND RESPONSE (PC.A.5.5 ■ CUSC Contract)

The Data in this Schedule 4 is to be supplied by **Generators** with respect to all **Large Power Stations, HVDC System Owners** and by **DC Converter Station** owners (where agreed), whether directly connected or **Embedded**

DATA DESCRIPTION	NORMAL VALUE	MW	DATA CAT	DROOP%			RESPONSE CAPABILITY		
				Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Primary	Secondary	High Frequency
MLP1	Designed Minimum Operating Level or Minimum Regulating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP2	Minimum Generation or Minimum Stable Operating Level (for a CCGT Module or Power Park Module, or Power Generating Module on a modular basis assuming all units are Synchronised)								
MLP3	70% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP4	80% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP5	95% of Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								
MLP6	Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity								

Notes:

- The data provided in this Schedule 4 is not intended to constrain any **Ancillary Services Agreement**.
- Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity** should be identical to that provided in Schedule 2.
- The Governor **Droop** should be provided for each **Generating Unit**(excluding **Power Park Units**), **Power Park Module, HVDC Converter or DC Converter**. The Response Capability should be provided for each **Genset or DC Converter**.
- Primary, Secondary and High Frequency Response** are defined in CC.A.3.2 or ECC.A.3.2 and are based on a frequency ramp of 0.5Hz over 10 seconds. **Primary Response** is the minimum value of response between 10s and 30s after the frequency ramp starts, **Secondary Response** between 30s and 30 minutes, and **High Frequency Response** is the minimum value after 10s on an indefinite basis.
- For plants which have not yet **Synchronised**, the data values of MLP1 to MLP6 should be as described above. For plants which have already **Synchronised**, the values of MLP1 to MLP6 can take any value between **Designed Operating Minimum Level or Minimum Regulating Level and Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity**. If MLP1 is not provided at the **Designed Minimum Operating Level**, the value of the **Designed Minimum Operating Level** should be separately stated.
- For the avoidance of doubt **Transmission DC Converters** and **OTSDUW DC Converters** must be capable of providing a continuous signal indicating the real time frequency measured at the **Transmission Interface Point** to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point** (as detailed in CC.6.3.7(e)(vii) and CC.6.3.7(e)(viii) or ECC.6.3.3.1.1(f) to enable **Offshore Power Generating Modules Offshore Generating Units, Offshore Power Park Modules and/or Offshore DC Converters** to satisfy the frequency response requirements of CC.6.3.7 or ECC.6.3.7.

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA

PAGE 1 OF 11

The data in this Schedule 5 is required from **Users** who are connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW** should use **DRC** Schedule 18 although they should still supply data under Schedule 5 in relation to their **User's System** up to the **Offshore Grid Entry Point**.

Table 5 (a)

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CATEGORY
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
<p><u>USERS SYSTEM LAYOUT</u> (PC.A.2.2)</p> <p>A Single Line Diagram showing all or part of the User's System is required. This diagram shall include:-</p> <p>(a) all parts of the User's System, whether existing or proposed, operating at Supergrid Voltage, and in Scotland and Offshore, also all parts of the User System operating at 110kV and greater,</p> <p>(b) all parts of the User's System operating at a voltage of 50kV and greater, and in Scotland and Offshore greater than 30kV, or higher which can interconnect Connection Points, or split bus-bars at a single Connection Point,</p> <p>(c) all parts of the User's System between Embedded Medium Power Stations or Large Power Stations or Offshore Transmission Systems connected to the User's Subtransmission System and the relevant Connection Point or Interface Point,</p> <p>(d) all parts of the User's System at a Transmission Site.</p> <p>The Single Line Diagram may also include additional details of the User's Subtransmission System, and the transformers connecting the User's Subtransmission System to a lower voltage. With The Company's agreement, it may also include details of the User's System at a voltage below the voltage of the Subtransmission System.</p> <p>This Single Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of the existing and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating to both existing and proposed Connection Points, showing electrical circuitry (i.e., overhead lines, underground cables, power transformers and similar equipment), operating voltages. In addition, for equipment operating at a Supergrid Voltage, and in Scotland and Offshore also at 110kV and greater, circuit breakers and phasing arrangements shall be shown.</p>		■	■	SPD

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA

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Table 5(b)

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA EXCH		DATA CATEGORY
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
REACTIVE COMPENSATION (PC.A.2.4)				
For independently switched reactive compensation equipment not owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee connected to the User's System at 132kV and above, and also in Scotland and Offshore , connected at 33kV and above, other than power factor correction equipment associated with a customer's Plant or Apparatus :				
Type of equipment (e.g., fixed or variable)	Text	■	■	SPD
Capacitive rating; or	MVar	■	■	SPD
Inductive rating; or	MVar	■	■	SPD
Operating range	MVar	■	■	SPD
Details of automatic control logic to enable operating characteristics to be determined	text and/or diagrams	■	■	SPD
Point of connection to User's System (electrical location and system voltage)	Text	■	■	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE (PC.A.2.2.6(b))				
For the infrastructure associated with any User's equipment at a Substation owned by a Relevant Transmission Licensee or operated or managed by The Company :-				
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	■	■	SPD
Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	■	■	SPD
Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand	s	■	■	SPD
Rated rms continuous current	A	■	■	SPD

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA

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Table 5 (c)

DATA DESCRIPTION		UNITS	DATA EXCH		DATA CATEGORY
LUMPED SUSCEPTANCES (PC.A.2.3)			CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
Equivalent Lumped Susceptance required for all parts of the User's Subtransmission System which are not included in the Single Line Diagram .			■	■	
This should not include:			■	■	
(a)	independently switched reactive compensation equipment identified above.		■	■	
(b)	any susceptance of the User's System inherent in the Demand (Reactive Power) data provided in Schedule 1 (Generator Data) or Schedule 11 (Connection Point data).		■	■	
Equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal Frequency .		% on 100 MVA	■	■	SPD

SCHEDULE 5 –USERS SYSTEM DATA

USER' S SYSTEM DATA

Switchgear Data (PC-A.2.2.6(a)) (■ CUSC Contract & CUSC Application Form ■)

The data below is all **Standard Planning Data**, and should be provided for all switchgear (i.e., circuit breakers, load disconnectors and disconnectors) operating at a **Supergrid Voltage**, and also in Scotland and **Offshore**, operating at 132kV. In addition, data should be provided for all circuit breakers irrespective of voltage located at a **Connection Site** which is owned by a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **The Company**.

Table 5(f)

Years Valid	Connect-ion Point	Switch No.	Rated Voltage kV rms	Operating Voltage kV rms	Rated short-circuit breaking current		Rated short-circuit peak making current		Rated rms continuous current (A)	DC time constant at testing of asymmetrical breaking ability(s)
					3 Phase kA rms	1 Phase kA rms	3 Phase kA peak	1 Phase kA peak		

Notes

1. Rated Voltage should be as defined by IEC 694.
2. Data should be supplied for the current, and each of the seven succeeding Financial Years. This should be done by showing for which years the data is valid in the first column of the Table

SCHEDULE 5 - USERS SYSTEM DATA

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Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD I) (PC.A.6.2 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** between that **User** and the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected directly or indirectly to the **National Electricity Transmission System** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers operating at **Supergrid Voltage** throughout **Great Britain** and, in Scotland and **Offshore**, also at greater than 110kV: three or five limb cores or single phase units to be specified, and operating peak flux density at nominal voltage.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.4 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5 may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** if it is necessary for **The Company** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on the **National Electricity Transmission System** and **User's** systems. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:

- (a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:
 - Positive phase sequence resistance
 - Positive phase sequence reactance
 - Positive phase sequence susceptance
- (b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:
 - Rated MVA
 - Voltage Ratio
 - Positive phase sequence resistance
 - Positive phase sequence reactance

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA

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- (c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance

Connection voltage and MVA_r rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points

The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVA_r) that could occur

Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection voltage points

Details of traction loads, e.g., connection phase pairs, continuous variation with time, etc.

- (d) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.5 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** if it is necessary for **The Company** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g., to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes). The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **Users System** should be reflected:

- (a) For all circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System**:

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance

Positive Phase Sequence Resistance

Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance

MVA_r rating of any reactive compensation equipment

- (b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive Phase sequence reactance

Tap-changer range

Number of tap steps

Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit

AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement

AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA

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- (c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance

MVA_r rating of any reactive compensation equipment

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points

The maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVA_r) that could occur

Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions

Short Circuit Analyses:(DPD I) (PC.A.6.6 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** with respect to any **Connection Site** where prospective short-circuit currents on equipment owned by a **Relevant Transmission Licensee** or operated or managed by **The Company** are close to the equipment rating. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

- (a) For all circuits of the **User's Subtransmission System**:

Positive phase sequence resistance

Positive phase sequence reactance

Positive phase sequence susceptance

Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals)

Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals)

- (b) for all transformers connecting the **User's Subtransmission System** to a lower voltage:

Rated MVA

Voltage Ratio

Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Positive phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap)

Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap)

Tap changer range

Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance

Impedance if not directly earthed

- (c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and MVA_r) that could occur

Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User's** lower voltage network runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

SCHEDULE 5 – USERS SYSTEM DATA

PAGE 11 OF 11

Dynamic Models:(DPD II) (PC.A.6.7 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 5, may be requested by **The Company** from each **EU Code User** or in respect of each **EU Grid Supply Point** with respect to any **Connection Site**

- (a) Dynamic model structure and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (b) Power control functions and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (c) Voltage control functions and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)
- (d) Converter control models and block diagrams including parameters, transfer functions and individual elements (as applicable)

SCHEDULE 6 – USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION

PAGE 1 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		TIMESCALE COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.	
<p>Details are required from Network Operators of proposed outages in their User Systems and from Generators with respect to their outages, which may affect the performance of the Total System (e.g., at a Connection Point or constraining Embedded Large Power Stations or constraints to the Maximum Import Capacity or Maximum Export Capacity at an Interface Point) (OC2.4.1.3.2(a) & (b))</p> <p>(The Company advises Network Operators of National Electricity Transmission System outages affecting their Systems)</p> <p>Network Operator informs The Company if unhappy with proposed outages)</p> <p>(The Company draws up revised National Electricity Transmission System (outage plan advises Users of operational effects)</p> <p>Generators and Non-Embedded Customers provide Details of Apparatus owned by them (other than Gensets) at each Grid Supply Point (OC2.4.1.3.3)</p> <p>(The Company advises Network Operators of outages affecting their Systems) (OC2.4.1.3.3)</p> <p>Network Operator details of relevant outages affecting the Total System (OC2.4.1.3.3)</p> <p>Details of:- Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point Maximum Export Capacity for each Interface Point Changes to previously declared values of the Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor (OC2.4.1.3.3(c)).</p> <p>(The Company informs Users of aspects that may affect their Systems) (OC2.4.1.3.3)</p> <p>Users inform The Company if unhappy with aspects as notified (OC2.4.1.3.3)</p> <p>(The Company issues final National Electricity Transmission System (outage plan with advice of operational) (OC2.4.1.3.3) (effects on Users System)</p> <p>Generator, Network Operator and Non-Embedded Customers to inform The Company of changes to outages previously requested</p> <p>Details of load transfer capability of 12MW or more between Grid Supply Points in England and Wales and 10MW or more between Grid Supply Points in Scotland.</p> <p>Details of:- Maximum Import Capacity for each Interface Point Maximum Export Capacity for each Interface Point Changes to previously declared values of the Interface Point Target Voltage/Power Factor</p>		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	Years 2-5	Week 8 (Network Operator etc) Week 13 (Generators)	OC2 OC2	
	Years 2-5	Week 28)			"	Week 30	OC2
	"	Week 34)			"	Week 34)	
	Year 1	Week 13			Year 1	Week 28)	OC2
	Year 1	Week 28)			Year 1	Week 32	OC2
	Year 1	Week 32			Year 1	Week 32	OC2
	Year 1	Week 34)			Year 1	Week 36	OC2
	Year 1	Week 49			Year 1	Week 49	OC2
	Week 8 ahead to year end	As occurring			Week 8 ahead to year end	As occurring	OC2
	Within Yr 0	As The Company request			Within Yr 0	As The Company request	OC2
	Within Yr 0	As occurring			Within Yr 0	As occurring	OC2

Note: **Users** should refer to **OC2** for full details of the procedure summarised above and for the information which **The Company** will provide on the **Programming Phase**.

SCHEDULE 6 – USERS OUTAGE INFORMATION
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The data below is to be provided to **The Company** as required for compliance with the applicable **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) No 543/2013 (OC2.4.2.3)). Data provided under Article Numbers 7.1(a), 7.1(b), 15.1(a), 15.1(b), and 15.1(c) and 15.1(d) is to be provided using **MODIS**.

ECR ARTICLE No.	DATA DESCRIPTION	USERS PROVIDING DATA	FREQUENCY OF SUBMISSION
7.1(a)	<p>Planned unavailability of the Apparatus belonging to a Non-Embedded Customer where OC2.4.7 (a) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Unavailable demand capacity during the event (MW) - Estimated start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Failure . Shutdown . Other 	Non-Embedded Customer	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Non-Embedded Customer regarding the planned unavailability
7.1(b)	<p>Changes in actual availability of the Apparatus belonging to a Non-Embedded Customer where OC2.4.7 (b) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Unavailable demand capacity during the event (MW) - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Failure . Shutdown . Other 	Non-Embedded Customer	To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability
8.1	<p>Year Ahead Forecast Margin information as provided in accordance with OC2.4.1.2.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Output Usable 	Generator	In accordance with OC2.4.1.2.2
14.1(a)	<p>Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity for Generating Units or Power Generating Modules with greater than 1 MW Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity provided in accordance with PC.4.3.1 and PC.A.3.4.3 or PC.A.3.1.4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) 	Generator	Week 24
14.1(b)	<p>Power Station Registered Capacity for units with equal or greater than 100 MW Registered Capacity provided in accordance with PC.4.3.1 and PC.A.3.4.3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power Station name - Location of Generating Unit - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Voltage connection levels - Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity (MW) 	Generator	Week 24
14.1(c)	<p>Estimated output of Active Power of a BM Unit or Generating Unit for each per Settlement Period of the next Operational Day provided in accordance with BC1.4.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Physical Notification 	Generator	In accordance with BC1.4.2

15.1(a)	<p>Planned unavailability of a Generating Unit where OC2.4.7(c) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power Station name - Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module name - Location of Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module - Generating Unit Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Output Usable (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other 	Generator	<p>To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Generator regarding the planned unavailability</p>
15.1(b)	<p>Changes in availability of a Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module where OC2.4.7 (d) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power Station name - Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module name - Location of Generating Unit and/or Power Generating Module - Generating Unit Registered Capacity and Power Generating Module Maximum Capacity (MW) - Production type(from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Maximum Export Limit (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other 	Generator	<p>To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability</p>
15.1(c)	<p>Planned unavailability of a Power Station where OC2.4.7(e) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power Station name - Location of Power Station - Power Station Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Power Station aggregated Output Usable (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other 	Generator	<p>To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after a decision has been made by the Generator regarding the planned unavailability</p>
15.1(d)	<p>Changes in actual availability of a Power Station where OC2.4.7 (f) applies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power Station name - Location of Power Station - Power Station Registered Capacity (MW) - Production type (from that listed under PC.A.3.4.3) - Power Station aggregated Maximum Export Limit (MW) during the event - Start date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Estimated end date and time (dd.mm.yy hh:mm) - Reason for unavailability from the list below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Maintenance . Shutdown . Other 	Generator	<p>To be received by The Company as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, to facilitate publication of data no later than 1 hour after the change in actual availability</p>

SCHEDULE 8 - DATA SUPPLIED BY BM PARTICIPANTS
PAGE 1 OF 1

CODE	DESCRIPTION
BC1	Physical Notifications
BC1 & BC2	Export and Import Limits
BC1	Bid-Offer Data
BC1	Dynamic Parameters (Day Ahead)
BC2	Dynamic Parameters (For use in Balancing Mechanism)
BC1 & BC2	Other Relevant Data

- No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees**

SCHEDULE 9 - DATA SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY TO USERS

PAGE 1 OF 1

(Example of data to be supplied)

CODE	DESCRIPTION
CC or ECC	Operation Diagram
CC or ECC	Site Responsibility Schedules
PC	Day of the peak National Electricity Transmission System Demand Day of the minimum National Electricity Transmission System Demand
OC2	Surpluses and Output Useable (OU) requirements for each Generator over varying timescales Equivalent networks to Users for Outage Planning Negative Reserve Active Power Margins (when necessary) Operating Reserve information
BC1	Demand Estimates, Indicated Margin and Indicated Imbalance , indicative Synchronising and Desynchronising times of Embedded Power Stations to Network Operators , special actions.
BC2	Bid-Offer Acceptances, Ancillary Services instructions to relevant Users , Emergency Instructions
BC3	Location, amount, and Low Frequency Relay settings of any Low Frequency Relay initiated Demand reduction for Demand which is Embedded .

- No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees**

DATA TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY TO USERS

PURSUANT TO THE TRANSMISSION LICENCE

1. The **Transmission Licence** requires **The Company** to publish annually the **Seven Year Statement** which is designed to provide **Users** and potential **Users** with information to enable them to identify opportunities for continued and further use of the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

When a **User** is considering a development at a specific site, certain additional information may be required in relation to that site which is of such a level of detail that it is inappropriate to include it in the **Seven Year Statement**. In these circumstances, the **User** may contact **The Company** who will be pleased to arrange a discussion and the provision of such additional information relevant to the site under consideration as the **User** may reasonably require.

2. The **Transmission Licence** also requires **The Company** to offer terms for an agreement for connection to and use of the **National Electricity Transmission System** and further information will be given by **The Company** to the potential **User** in the course of the discussions of the terms of such an agreement.

SCHEDULE 10 - DEMAND PROFILES AND ACTIVE ENERGY DATA

PAGE 2 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	Out-turn		F.Yr. 0	Update Time	Data Cat	DATA to RTL	
	Actual	Weather Corrected.				CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
<p>(PC.A.4.3)</p> <p>Active Energy Data</p> <p>Total annual Active Energy requirements under average conditions of each Network Operator and each Non-Embedded Customer in the following categories of Customer Tariff:-</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">LV1 LV2 LV3 EHV HV Traction Lighting User System Losses</p> <p>Active Energy from Embedded Small Power Stations and Embedded Medium Power Stations</p>				Week 24	SPD	<p>■</p>	<p>■</p>

NOTES:

1. 'F. yr.' means '**Financial Year**'

2. **Demand and Active Energy Data (General)**

Demand and Active Energy data should relate to the point of connection to the **National Electricity Transmission System** and should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the **User**) of all **Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant**. Auxiliary demand of **Embedded Power Stations** should be included in the demand data submitted by the **User** at the **Connection Point**. **Users** should refer to the **PC** for a full definition of the **Demand** to be included.

3. **Demand** profiles and **Active Energy** data should be for the total **System** of the **Network Operator**, including all **Connection Points**, and for each **Non-Embedded Customer**. **Demand Profiles** should give the numerical maximum demand that in the **User's** opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

4. In addition the demand profile is to be supplied for such days as **The Company** may specify, but such a request is not to be made more than once per calendar year.

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA

PAGE 1 OF 5

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and from each **Non-Embedded Customer**. The data should be provided in calendar week 24 each year (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28).

Table 11(a)

Connection Point:

<p>Connection Point Demand at the time of - (select each one in turn) (Provide data for each Access Period associated with the Connection Point)</p>	<p>a) maximum Demand b) peak National Electricity Transmission System Demand (specified by The Company) c) minimum National Electricity Transmission System Demand (specified by The Company) d) maximum Demand during Access Period e) specified by either The Company or a User</p>
<p>Name of Transmission Interface Circuit out of service during Access Period (if reqd).</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">PC.A.4.1.4.2</p>

DATA DESCRIPTION (CUSC Contract □ & CUSC Application Form ■)	Outturn	Outturn Weather Corrected	F.Yr	DATA CAT							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Date of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted above.											PC.A.4.3.3
Time of a), b), c), d) or e) as denoted above.											PC.A.4.3.3
Connection Point Demand (MW)											PC.A.4.3.1
Connection Point Demand (MVA _r)											PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at Connection Point for Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant (MW)											PC.A.4.3.2(a)
Reference to valid Single Line Diagram											PC.A.4.3.5
Reference to node and branch data.											PC.A.2.2

Note: The following data block can be repeated for each post fault network revision that may impact on the Transmission System.

Reference to post-fault revision of Single Line Diagram											PC.A.4.5
Reference to post-fault revision of the node and branch data associated with the Single Line Diagram											PC.A.4.5
Reference to the description of the actions and timescales involved in effecting the post-fault actions (e.g. auto-switching, manual, teleswitching, overload protection operation etc)											PC.A.4.5

Access Group:		
----------------------	--	--

Note: The following data block to be repeated for each **Connection Point** with the **Access Group**.

Name of associated Connection Point within the same Access Group:											PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Point (MW)											PC.A.4.3.1
Demand at associated Connection Point (MVA _r)											PC.A.4.3.1
Deduction made at associated Connection Point for Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations and Customer Generating Plant (MW)											PC.A.4.3.2(a)

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA

Table 11(b)

Embedded Generation Data											
Connection Point:											
DATA DESCRIPTION	Outturn	Outturn Weather Corrected	F.Yr 1	F.Yr 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr 7	F.Yr 8	DATA CAT
Small Power Station, Medium Power Station and Customer Generation Summary	For each Connection Point where there are Embedded Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Generating Stations the following information is required:										
No. of Small Power Stations, Medium Power Stations or Customer Power Stations											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Number of Generating Units within these stations											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Summated Capacity of all these Generating Units											PC.A.3.1 .4(a)
Where the Network Operator's System places a constraint on the capacity of an Embedded Large Power Station											
Station Name											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)
Generating Unit											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)
System Constrained Capacity											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)(i)
Reactive Despatch Network Restriction											PC.A.3.2 .2(c)(ii)

Where the Network Operator's System places a constraint on the capacity of an Offshore Transmission System at an Interface Point											
Offshore Transmission System Name											PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Interface Point Name											PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Maximum Export Capacity											PC.A.3.2. 2(c)
Maximum Import Capacity											PC.A.3.2. 2(c)

SCHEDULE 11 - CONNECTION POINT DATA

PAGE 4 OF 5

NOTES:

1. 'F.Yr.' means '**Financial Year**'. F.Yr. 1 refers to the current financial year.
2. All **Demand** data should be net of the output (as reasonably considered appropriate by the **User**) of all **Embedded Small Power Stations, Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant**. Generation and / or Auxiliary demand of **Embedded Large Power Stations** should not be included in the demand data submitted by the **User**. **Users** should refer to the **PC** for a full definition of the **Demand** to be included.
3. Peak **Demand** should relate to each **Connection Point** individually and should give the maximum demand that in the **User's** opinion could reasonably be imposed on the **National Electricity Transmission System**. **Users** may submit the **Demand** data at each node on the **Single Line Diagram** instead of at a **Connection Point** as long as the **User** reasonably believes such data relates to the peak (or minimum) at the **Connection Point**.

In deriving **Demand** any deduction made by the **User** (as detailed in note 2 above) to allow for **Embedded Small Power Stations, Embedded Medium Power Stations** and **Customer Generating Plant** is to be specifically stated as indicated on the Schedule.

4. **The Company** may at its discretion require details of any **Embedded Small Power Stations** or **Embedded Medium Power Stations** whose output can be expected to vary in a random manner (e.g. wind power) or according to some other pattern (e.g. tidal power)
5. Where more than 95% of the total **Demand** at a **Connection Point** is taken by synchronous motors, values of the **Power Factor** at maximum and minimum continuous excitation may be given instead. **Power Factor** data should allow for series reactive losses on the **User's System** but exclude reactive compensation network susceptance specified separately in Schedule 5.
6. Where a **Reactive Despatch Network Restriction** is in place which requires the generator to maintain a target voltage set point this should be stated as an alternative to the size of the **Reactive Despatch Network Restriction**.

Table 11 (d)

Embedded Small Power Stations <1MW

Network Operator	
-------------------------	--

Fuel Type	Aggregate Registered Capacity Total MW	Number of PGMs	Comments
Biomass			
Fossil brown coal/lignite			
Fossil coal-derived gas			
Fossil gas			
Fossil hard coal			
Fossil oil			
Fossil oil shale			
Fossil peat			
Geothermal			
Hydro pumped storage			
Hydro run-of-river and poundage			
Hydro water reservoir			
Marine			
Nuclear			
Other renewable			
Solar			
Waste			
Wind offshore			
Wind onshore			
<u>Other</u>			

SCHEDULE 12 - DEMAND CONTROL

PAGE 1 OF 2

The following information is required from each **Network Operator** and where indicated with an asterisk from **Externally Interconnected System Operators** and/or **Interconnector Users** and a **Pumped Storage Generator** and **Generators** in respect of **Electricity Storage Modules**. Where indicated with a double asterisk, the information is only required from **Suppliers**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS		UPDATE TIME	
<u>Demand Control</u>				
Demand met or to be relieved by Demand Control (averaging at the Demand Control Notification Level or more over a half hour) at each Connection Point .				
Demand Control at time of National Electricity Transmission System weekly peak demand				
Amount	MW)F.yrs 0 to 5	Week 24	OC1
Duration	Min)		
For each half hour	MW	Wks 2-8 ahead	1000 Mon	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Days 2-12 ahead	1200 Wed	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1
<u>**Customer Demand Management</u> <u>(at the Customer Demand Management Notification Level or more at the Connection Point)</u>				
For each half hour	MW	Any time in Control Phase		OC1
For each half hour	MW	Remainder of period	When changes occur to previous plan	OC1
For each half hour	MW	Previous calendar day	0600 daily	OC1
**In Scotland, Load Management Blocks For each block of 5MW or more, for each half hour	MW	For the next day	11:00	OC1

SCHEDULE 12 - DEMAND CONTROL

PAGE 2 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	TIME COVERED	UPDATE TIME	DATA CAT.
*Demand Control or Pump				
<u>Tripping Offered as Reserve</u>				
Magnitude of Demand or pumping load or Electricity Storage charging load which is tripped	MW	Year ahead from week 24	Week 24	DPD I
System Frequency at which tripping is initiated	Hz	"	"	"
Time duration of System Frequency below trip setting for tripping to be initiated	S	"	"	"
Time delay from trip initiation to Tripping	S	"	"	"
Electricity Storage Module data				
Maximum Capacity	MW	"	"	"
		"	"	"
Maximum Import Power	MW	"	"	"
Registered Import Capability	MW	"	"	"
Charge Time	Min	"	"	"
		"	"	"
Discharge time	Min	"	"	"
Operating periods	Min	"	"	"
<u>Emergency Manual Load</u>				
<u>Disconnection</u>				
Method of achieving load disconnection	Text	Year ahead from week 24	Annual in week 24	OC6
Annual ACS Peak Demand (Active Power) at Connection Point (requested under Schedule 11 - repeated here for reference)	MW	"	"	"
Cumulative percentage of Connection Point Demand (Active Power) which can be disconnected by the following times from an instruction from The Company				
5 mins	%	"	"	"
10 mins	%	"	"	"
15 mins	%	"	"	"
20 mins	%	"	"	"
25 mins	%	"	"	"
30 mins	%	"	"	"

--	--	--	--	--

Notes:

1. **Network Operators** may delay the submission until calendar week 28.
2. No information collated under this Schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** (or **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**).

SCHEDULE 12A - AUTOMATIC LOW FREQUENCY DEMAND DISCONNECTION

PAGE 1 OF 1

Time Covered: Year ahead from week 24

Data Category: OC6

Update Time: Annual in week 24

Grid Supply Point	GSP Demand MW	Low Frequency Demand Disconnection Blocks MW									Residual demand MW
		1 48.8Hz	2 48.75Hz	3 48.7Hz	4 48.6Hz	5 48.5Hz	6 48.4Hz	7 48.2Hz	8 48.0Hz	9 47.8Hz	
GSP1											
GSP2											
GSP3											
Total demand disconnected per block		MW									Residual demand MW
Total demand disconnection		MW (% of aggregate demand of							MW)	

Note: All demand refers to that at the time of forecast **National Electricity Transmission System** peak demand.

Network Operators may delay the submission until calendar week 28

No information collated under this schedule will be transferred to the **Relevant Transmission Licensees** (or **Generators** undertaking **OTSDUW**).

SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA

PAGE 1 OF 2

The data in this Schedule 13 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is required from all **Users** other than **Generators** who are connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System** via a **Connection Point** (or who are seeking such a connection). A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24 (although **Network Operators** may delay the submission until Week 28). A separate submission is required for each node included in the **Single Line Diagram** provided in Schedule 5.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr	F.Yr.	DATA to								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	RTL		
SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FROM USERS SYSTEM AT A CONNECTION POINT											CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
<i>(PC.A.2.5)</i>												
Name of node or Connection Point											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed												
- at instant of fault	kA										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	Ka										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate) consistent with the maximum infeed above:												
- Resistance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- Reactance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pre-Fault voltage magnitude at which the maximum fault currents were calculated	p.u.										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

SCHEDULE 13 - FAULT INFEED DATA

PAGE 2 OF 2

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7	DATA to RTL		
<u>SHORT CIRCUIT INFEED TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FROM USERS SYSTEM AT A CONNECTION POINT</u>											CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
Negative sequence impedances of User's System as seen from the Point of Connection or node on the Single Line Diagram (as appropriate). If no data is given, it will be assumed that they are equal to the positive sequence values.												
- Resistance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- Reactance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS)

PAGE 1 OF 5

The data in this Schedule 14 is all **Standard Planning Data**, and is to be provided by **Generators**, with respect to all directly connected **Power Stations**, all **Embedded Large Power Stations** and all **Embedded Medium Power Stations** connected to the **Subtransmission System**. A data submission is to be made each year in Week 24.

Fault infeeds via Unit Transformers

A submission should be made for each **Generating Unit** (including those which are part of a **Synchronous Power Generating Module**) with an associated **Unit Transformer**. Where there is more than one **Unit Transformer** associated with a **Generating Unit**, a value for the total infeed through all **Unit Transformers** should be provided. The infeed through the **Unit Transformer(s)** should include contributions from all motors normally connected to the **Unit Board**, together with any generation (e.g. **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Unit Board**, and should be expressed as a fault current at the **Generating Unit** terminals for a fault at that location.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr. 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7	DATA to RTL	
(PC.A.2.5)										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
Name of Power Station										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Number of Unit Transformers										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed through the Unit Transformers(s) for a fault at the Generating Unit terminals											
- at instant of fault	kA									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Positive sequence X/R ratio at instance of fault										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pre-fault voltage at fault point (if different from 1.0 p.u.)										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
The following data items need only be supplied if the Generating Unit Step-up Transformer can supply zero sequence current from the Generating Unit side to the National Electricity Transmission System											
Zero sequence source impedances as seen from the Generating Unit terminals consistent with the maximum infeed above:											
- Resistance	% on 100									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- Reactance	% on 100									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS)

PAGE 2 OF 5

Fault infeeds via Station Transformers

A submission is required for each **Station Transformer** directly connected to the **National Electricity Transmission System**. The submission should represent normal operating conditions when the maximum number of **Gensets** are **Synchronised** to the **System**, and should include the fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Station Board**, together with any Generation (e.g. **Auxiliary Gas Turbines**) which would normally be connected to the **Station Board**. The fault infeed should be expressed as a fault current at the hv terminals of the **Station Transformer** for a fault at that location.

If the submission for normal operating conditions does not represent the worst case, then a separate submission representing the maximum fault infeed that could occur in practice should be made.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr.	DATA to									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	RTL		
(PC.A.2.5)										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
Name of Power Station											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Number of Station Transformers											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Symmetrical three phase short-circuit current infeed for a fault at the Connection Point												
- at instant of fault	kA										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- after subtransient fault current contribution has substantially decayed	kA										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Positive sequence X/R ratio At instance of fault											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Subtransient time constant (if significantly different from 40ms)	ms										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Zero sequence source Impedances as seen from the Point of Connection Consistent with the maximum Infeed above:												
- Resistance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- Reactance	% on 100										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

Note 2. % on 100 is an abbreviation for % on 100 MVA

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS)

Fault infeeds from Power Park Modules

A submission is required for the whole **Power Park Module** and for each **Power Park Unit** type or equivalent. The submission shall represent operating conditions that result in the maximum fault infeed. The fault current from all motors normally connected to the **Power Park Unit's** electrical system shall be included. The fault infeed shall be expressed as a fault current at the terminals of the **Power Park Unit**, or the **Common Collection Busbar** if an equivalent **Single Line Diagram** and associated data as described in PC.A.2.2.2 is provided, and the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**, for a fault at the **Grid Entry Point**, or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**.

Should actual data in respect of fault infeeds be unavailable at the time of the application for a **CUSC Contract** or **Embedded Development Agreement**, a limited subset of the data, representing the maximum fault infeed that may result from all of the plant types being considered, shall be submitted. This data will, as a minimum, represent the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current for both single phase and three phase solid faults at the **Grid Entry Point** (or **User System Entry Point** if **Embedded**) at the time of fault application and 50ms following fault application. Actual data in respect of fault infeeds shall be submitted to **The Company** as soon as it is available, in line with PC.A.1.2

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr. <u>0</u>	F.Yr. <u>1</u>	F.Yr. <u>2</u>	F.Yr. <u>3</u>	F.Yr. <u>4</u>	F.Yr. <u>5</u>	F.Yr. <u>6</u>	F.Yr. <u>7</u>	DATA to RTL			
										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		
<i>(PC.A.2.5)</i>													
Name of Power Station											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Name of Power Park Module											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Power Park Unit type											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<p>A submission shall be provided for the contribution of the entire Power Park Module and each type of Power Park Unit or equivalent to the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the short circuit current at the Power Park Unit terminals, or Common Collection Busbar, and Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded for</p> <p>(i) a solid symmetrical three phase short circuit</p> <p>(ii) a solid single phase to earth short circuit</p> <p>(iii) a solid phase to phase short circuit</p> <p>(iv) a solid two phase to earth short circuit</p> <p>at the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point if Embedded.</p> <p>If protective controls are used and active for the above conditions, a submission shall be provided in the limiting case where the protective control is not active. This case may require application of a non-solid fault, resulting in a retained voltage at the fault point.</p>													
											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS)

PAGE 4 OF 5

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr. 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7	DATA to RTL	DATA DESCRIPTION
										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current from the time of fault inception to 140ms after fault inception at 10ms intervals	Graphical and tabular kA versus s									□	■
- A continuous time trace and table showing the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the terminals or Common Collection Busbar , if appropriate	pu versus s									□	■
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the fault point, if appropriate	pu versus s									□	■

SCHEDULE 14 - FAULT INFEEED DATA (GENERATORS INCLUDING UNIT TRANSFORMERS AND STATION TRANSFORMERS)

PAGE 5 OF 5

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.Yr. 0	F.Yr. 1	F.Yr. 2	F.Yr. 3	F.Yr. 4	F.Yr. 5	F.Yr. 6	F.Yr. 7	DATA to RTL	DATA DESCRIPTION
										CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
For Power Park Units that utilise a protective control, such as a crowbar circuit,											
- additional rotor resistance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation	% on MVA									<input type="checkbox"/>	■
- additional rotor reactance applied to the Power Park Unit under a fault situation.	% on MVA									<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of fault at the Common Collection Busbar										<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent at a Common Collection Busbar										<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Active Power generated pre-fault	MW									<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Number of Power Park Units in equivalent generator										<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Power Factor (lead or lag)										<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 pu) at fault point (See note 1)	pu									<input type="checkbox"/>	■
Items of reactive compensation switched in pre-fault										<input type="checkbox"/>	■

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 pu to 1.05 pu that gives the highest fault current

SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULE, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA

MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS OR MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTER AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA
 The following data items must be supplied with respect to each **Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (including Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters or Mothballed DC Converters at a DC Converter station**

Power Station _____ **Generating Unit, Power Park Module or DC Converter Name (e.g. Unit**

DATA DESCRIPTIO N	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA					Total MW being returned
			<1 month	1-2 months	2-3 months	3-6 months	6-12 months	
MW output that can be returned to service	MW	DPD II						

Notes

- The time periods identified in the above table represent the estimated time it would take to return the **Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Modules), Mothballed HVDC Systems, Mothballed HVDC Converters or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station** to service once a decision to return has been made.
- Where a **Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (including a Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module), Mothballed HVDC System, Mothballed HVDC Converter or Mothballed DC Converter** at a **DC Converter Station** can be physically returned in stages covering more than one of the time periods identified in the above table then information should be provided for each applicable time period.
- The estimated notice to physically return MW output to service should be determined in accordance with **Good Industry Practice** assuming normal working arrangements and normal plant procurement lead times.
- The MW output values in each time period should be incremental MW values, e.g. if 150MW could be returned in 2 – 3 months and an additional 50MW in 3 – 6 months then the values in the columns should be Nil, Nil, 150, 50, Nil, Nil, 200 respectively.
- Significant factors which may prevent the **Mothballed Power Generating Module, Mothballed Generating Unit, Mothballed Power Park Module (Mothballed DC Connected Power Park Module), Mothballed HVDC System, Mothballed HVDC Converter or Mothballed DC Converter at a DC Converter Station** achieving the estimated values provided in this table, excluding factors relating to **Transmission Entry Capacity**, should be appended separately.

SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS, MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA

ALTERNATIVE FUEL INFORMATION

The following data items for alternative fuels need only be supplied with respect to each **Generating Unit** whose primary fuel is gas including those which form part of a **Power Generating Module**.

Power Station	Generating Unit Name (e.g. Unit 1)	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA			
				1	2	3	4
DATA DESCRIPTION							
Alternative Fuel Type (*please specify)		Text	DPD II	Oil distillate	Other gas*	Other*	Other*
CHANGEOVER TO ALTERNATIVE FUEL For off-line changeover:							
Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover		Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output following off-line changeover		MW	DPD II				
For on-line changeover:							
Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover		Minutes	DPD II				
Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover		MW	DPD II				
Maximum output following on-line changeover		MW	DPD II				
Maximum operating time at full load assuming:							
Typical stock levels		Hours	DPD II				
Maximum possible stock levels		Hours	DPD II				
Maximum rate of replacement of depleted stocks of alternative fuels on the basis of Good Industry Practice		MWh (electrical) /day	DPD II				
Is changeover to alternative fuel used in normal operating arrangements?		Text	DPD II				
Number of successful changeovers carried out in the last Financial Year (** delete as appropriate)		Text	DPD II	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **	0 / 1-5 / 6-10 / 11-20 / >20 **

SCHEDULE 15 – MOTHBALLED POWER GENERATING MODULES, MOTHBALLED GENERATING UNIT, MOTHBALLED POWER PARK MODULE (INCLUDING MOTHBALLED DC CONNECTED POWER PARK MODULES), MOTHBALLED HVDC SYSTEMS, MOTHBALLED HVDC CONVERTERS MOTHBALLED DC CONVERTERS AT A DC CONVERTER STATION AND ALTERNATIVE FUEL DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA CAT	GENERATING UNIT DATA			
			1	2	3	4
CHANGEOVER BACK TO MAIN FUEL For off-line changeover: Time to carry out off-line fuel changeover For on-line changeover: Time to carry out on-line fuel changeover Maximum output during on-line fuel changeover	 Minutes Minutes MW					

Notes

1. Where a **Generating Unit** has the facilities installed to generate using more than one alternative fuel type details of each alternative fuel should be given.
2. Significant factors and their effects which may prevent the use of alternative fuels achieving the estimated values provided in this table (e.g. emissions limits, distilled water stocks etc.) should be appended separately.

SCHEDULE 16 - BLACK START INFORMATION

PAGE 1 OF 2

PART I

Data Description (PC.A.5.7) (■ CUSC Contract)	Units	Data Category
<p>BLACK START INFORMATION</p> <p>The following data/text items are required from each Generator for each BM Unit at a Large Power Station as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for Generating Units that are contracted to provide Black Start Capability, or Electricity Storage Modules which have short cycle times. The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from The Company during a Black Start.</p>		
<p>Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:</p>		
<p>a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised, from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs</p>	Tabular or Graphical	DPD II
<p>b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Unit's time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the Power Station and/or BM Unit, e.g. limited barring facilities, time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.</p>	Text	DPD II
<p>Block Loading Capability:</p>		
<p>c) Provide estimated Block Loading Capability from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the unit being 'hot' (run prior to shutdown) and also 'cold' (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown). The Block Loading Capability should be valid for a frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz. The data should identify any required 'hold' points.</p>	Tabular or Graphical	DPD II

SCHEDULE 16 - BLACK START INFORMATION

PAGE 1 OF 2

PART II

BLACK START INFORMATION The following data/text items are required from each HVDC System Owner or DC Converter Station Owner for each HVDC System and DC Converter Station as detailed in PC.A.5.7. Data is not required for HVDC Systems and DC Converter Stations that are contracted to provide a Black Start Capability . The data should be provided in accordance with PC.A.1.2 and also, where possible, upon request from The Company during a Black Start .			
Data Description (PC.A.5.7) (■ CUSC Contract)	Units	Data Category	
Assuming all BM Units were running immediately prior to the Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown and in the event of loss of all external power supplies, provide the following information:			
a) Expected time for the first and subsequent BM Units to be Synchronised , from the restoration of external power supplies, assuming external power supplies are not available for up to 24hrs	Tabular or Graphical	DPD II	
b) Describe any likely issues that would have a significant impact on a BM Units time to be Synchronised arising as a direct consequence of the inherent design or operational practice of the HVDC System or DC Converter Station and/or BM Unit , e.g. time from a Total Shutdown or Partial Shutdown at which batteries would be discharged.	Text	DPD II	
Block Loading Capability:			
c) Provide estimated incremental Active Power steps, from no load to Rated MW which an HVDC System or DC Converter Station can instantaneously supply without causing it to trip or go outside the Frequency range of 47.5Hz – 52Hz (or an otherwise agreed Frequency range). The time between each incremental step shall also be provided. In addition data should be provided from 0MW to Registered Capacity of each BM Unit based on the HVDC System or DC Converter Station being (not run for 48hrs or more prior to the shutdown) or run immediately before the Partial Shutdown or Total Shutdown . The data supplied should be valid for a Frequency deviation of 49.5Hz – 50.5Hz and should identify any required 'hold' points.	Tabular or Graphical	DPD II	

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

PAGE 1 OF 24

The data in this Schedule 18 is required from **Generators** who are undertaking **OTSDUW** and connecting to a **Transmission Interface Point**.

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to		DATA CAT.	GENERATING UNIT OR STATION DATA						
		RTL CUSC Cont ract	CUSC App. Form		F.Yr0	F.Yr1	F.Yr2	F.Yr3	F.Yr4	F.Yr5	F.Yr 6
INDIVIDUAL OTSDUW DATA											
Interface Point Capacity (PC.A.3.2.2 (a))	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>								
Performance Chart at the Transmission Interface Point for OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus (PC.A.3.2.2(f)(iv))		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>								
OTSDUW DEMANDS											
Demand associated with the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus (excluding OTSDUW DC Converters – see Note 1)) supplied at each Interface Point. The User should also provide the Demand supplied to each Connection Point on the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus. (PC.A.5.2.5)											
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/>			DPD I						
- Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand at Annual ACS Conditions.	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/>			DPD I DPD II						
- Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of National Electricity Transmission System Demand.	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/>			DPD II DPD II						
(Note 1 – Demand required from OTSDUW DC Converters should be supplied under page 2 of Schedule 18).											

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

PAGE 2 OF 24

OTSDUW USERS SYSTEM DATA

DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	DATA to RTL		DATA CATEGORY
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form	
OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM LAYOUT (PC.A.2.2.1, PC.A.2.2.2 and P.C.A.2.2.3)				
A Single Line Diagram showing connectivity of all of the Offshore Transmission System including all Plant and Apparatus between the Interface Point and all Connection Points is required.		■	■	SPD
This Single Line Diagram shall depict the arrangement(s) of all of the existing and proposed load current carrying Apparatus relating to both existing and proposed Interface Points and Connection Points , showing electrical circuitry (i.e. overhead lines, underground cables (including subsea cables), power transformers and similar equipment), operating voltages, circuit breakers and phasing arrangements		■	■	SPD
Operational Diagrams of all substations within the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus		■	■	SPD
SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE (PC.A.2.2.6)				
For the infrastructure associated with any OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus				
Rated 3-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	■	■	SPD
Rated 1-phase rms short-circuit withstand current	kA	■	■	SPD
Rated Duration of short-circuit withstand	s	■	■	SPD
Rated rms continuous current	A	■	■	SPD
LUMPED SUSCEPTANCES (PC.A.2.3)				
Equivalent Lumped Susceptance required for all parts of the User's Subtransmission System (including OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus) which are not included in the Single Line Diagram.		■	■	
This should not include:		■	■	
(a) independently switched reactive compensation equipment identified above.		■	■	
(b) any susceptance of the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus inherent in the Demand (Reactive Power) data provided on Page 1 and 2 of this Schedule 14.		■	■	
Equivalent lumped shunt susceptance at nominal Frequency .	% on 100 MVA	■	■	

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
PAGE 3 OF 24

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

Branch Data (PC.A.2.2.4)

Node 1	Node 2	Rated Voltage (kV)	Operating Voltage (kV)	Circuit	PPS PARAMETERS				ZPS PARAMETERS			Maximum Continuous Ratings				Length (km)	
					R1 %100 MVA	X1 %100 MVA	B 1 %100 MVA	R0 %100 MVA	X0 %100M VA	B0 %100M VA	Winter (MVA)	Spring Autumn (MVA)	Summer (MVA)				

Notes

1. For information equivalent STC Reference: STCP12-1m Part 3 – 2.1 Branch Data
2. In the case where an overhead line exists within the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus the Mutual inductances should also be provided.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
PAGE 4 OF 24

OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

2 Winding Transformer Data (PC.A.2.2.5)

The data below is **Standard Planning Data**, and details should be shown below of all transformers shown on the **Single Line Diagram**

HV Node	HV (kV)	LV Node	LV (kV)	Rating (MVA)	Trans-former	Positive Phase Sequence Reactance % on 100MVA			Positive Phase Sequence Resistance % on 100 MVA			Tap Changer			Winding Arr.	Earthing Method (Direct /Res /Reac)	Earthing Impedance method
						Max Tap	Min Tap	Nom Tap	Max Tap	Min Tap	Nom Tap	Range +% to -%	Step size %	type			

Notes

1 For information the corresponding STC Reference is STCP12-1: Part 3 – 2.4 Transformers

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

REACTIVE COMPENSATION EQUIPMENT (PC.A.2.4(e))

Item	Node	kV	Device No.	Rating (MVar)	P Loss (kW)	Tap range	Connection Arrangement

Notes:

1. For information STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.5 Reactive Compensation Equipment
2. Data relating to continuously variable reactive compensation equipment (such as statcoms or SVCs) should be entered on the SVC Modelling table.
3. For the avoidance of doubt this includes any AC Reactive Compensation equipment included within the OTSDUW DC Converter other than harmonic filter data which is to be entered in the harmonic filter data table.

PC.A.2.4.1(e)	A mathematical representation in block diagram format to model the control of any dynamic compensation plant. The model should be suitable for RMS dynamic stability type studies in which the time constants used should not be less than 10ms.
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SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
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OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
 REACTIVE COMPENSATION - SVC Modelling Data (PC.A.2.4.1(e)(iii))

HV Node	LV Node	Control Node	Nominal Voltage (kV)	Target Voltage (kV)	Max MVar at HV	Min MVar at HV	Slope %	Voltage Dependant Q Limit	Normal Running Mode	R1 PPS_R	X1 PPS_X	R0 ZPS_R	X0 ZPS_X	Transf. Winding Type	Connection (Direct/Tertiary)

Notes:

1. For information the equivalent STC Reference is: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.7 SVC Modelling Data

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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Information for Transient Overvoltage Assessment (DPD I) (PC.A.6.2 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** undertaking **OTSDUW** with respect to any **Interface Point** or **Connection Point** to enable **The Company** to assess transient overvoltage on the **National Electricity Transmission System**.

- (a) Busbar layout plan(s), including dimensions and geometry showing positioning of any current and voltage transformers, through bushings, support insulators, disconnectors, circuit breakers, surge arresters, etc. Electrical parameters of any associated current and voltage transformers, stray capacitances of wall bushings and support insulators, and grading capacitances of circuit breakers;
- (b) Electrical parameters and physical construction details of lines and cables connected at that busbar. Electrical parameters of all plant e.g., transformers (including neutral earthing impedance or zig-zag transformers if any), series reactors and shunt compensation equipment connected at that busbar (or to the tertiary of a transformer) or by lines or cables to that busbar;
- (c) Basic insulation levels (BIL) of all **Apparatus** connected directly, by lines or by cables to the busbar;
- (d) Characteristics of overvoltage **Protection** devices at the busbar and at the termination points of all lines, and all cables connected to the busbar;
- (e) Fault levels at the lower voltage terminals of each transformer connected to each **Interface Point** or **Connection Point** without intermediate transformation;
- (f) The following data is required on all transformers within the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**.
- (g) An indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions.

Harmonic Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.4 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information given below, both current and forecast, where not already supplied in this Schedule 14 may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** if it is necessary for **The Company** to evaluate the production/magnification of harmonic distortion on **National Electricity Transmission System**. The impact of any third party **Embedded** within the **User's System** should be reflected:-

- (a) Overhead lines and underground cable circuits (including subsea cables) of the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** must be differentiated and the following data provided separately for each type:-
 - Positive phase sequence resistance
 - Positive phase sequence reactance
 - Positive phase sequence susceptance
- (b) for all transformers connecting the **OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** to a lower voltage:-
 - Rated MVA
 - Voltage Ratio
 - Positive phase sequence resistance
 - Positive phase sequence reactance

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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- (c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance
Connection voltage and MVA rating of any capacitor bank and component design parameters if configured as a filter

Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points
The minimum and maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVA) that could occur
Harmonic current injection sources in Amps at the Connection Points and Interface Points

- (d) an indication of which items of equipment may be out of service simultaneously during **Planned Outage** conditions

Voltage Assessment Studies (DPD I) (PC.A.6.5 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, where not already supplied in this Schedule 14, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** undertaking **OTSDUW** with respect to any **Connection Point** or **Interface Point** if it is necessary for **The Company** to undertake detailed voltage assessment studies (e.g. to examine potential voltage instability, voltage control co-ordination or to calculate voltage step changes on the **National Electricity Transmission System**).

- (a) For all circuits of the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus**:-

Positive Phase Sequence Reactance
Positive Phase Sequence Resistance
Positive Phase Sequence Susceptance
MVA rating of any reactive compensation equipment

- (b) for all transformers connecting the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** to a lower voltage:-

Rated MVA
Voltage Ratio
Positive phase sequence resistance
Positive Phase sequence reactance
Tap-changer range
Number of tap steps
Tap-changer type: on-load or off-circuit
AVC/tap-changer time delay to first tap movement
AVC/tap-changer inter-tap time delay

- (c) at the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers

Equivalent positive phase sequence susceptance
MVA rating of any reactive compensation equipment
Equivalent positive phase sequence interconnection impedance with other lower voltage points
The maximum **Demand** (both MW and MVA) that could occur
Estimate of voltage insensitive (constant power) load content in % of total load at both winter peak and 75% off-peak load conditions

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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Short Circuit Analyses:(DPD I) (PC.A.6.6 ■ CUSC Contract)

The information listed below, both current and forecast, and where not already supplied under this Schedule 14, may be requested by **The Company** from each **User** undertaking **OTSDUW** with respect to any **Connection Point** or **Interface Point** where prospective short-circuit currents on **Transmission** equipment are close to the equipment rating.

(a) For all circuits of the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus:-**

- Positive phase sequence resistance
- Positive phase sequence reactance
- Positive phase sequence susceptance
- Zero phase sequence resistance (both self and mutuals)
- Zero phase sequence reactance (both self and mutuals)
- Zero phase sequence susceptance (both self and mutuals)

(b) For all transformers connecting the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** to a lower voltage:-

- Rated MVA
- Voltage Ratio
- Positive phase sequence resistance (at max, min and nominal tap)
- Positive Phase sequence reactance (at max, min and nominal tap)
- Zero phase sequence reactance (at nominal tap)
- Tap changer range
- Earthing method: direct, resistance or reactance
- Impedance if not directly earthed

(c) At the lower voltage points of those connecting transformers:-

The maximum **Demand** (in MW and MVA_r) that could occur
Short-circuit infeed data in accordance with PC.A.2.5.6(a) unless the **User's OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus** runs in parallel with the **Subtransmission System**, when to prevent double counting in each node infeed data, a π equivalent comprising the data items of PC.A.2.5.6(a) for each node together with the positive phase sequence interconnection impedance between the nodes shall be submitted.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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DATA DESCRIPTION	UNITS	F.	F.	DATA to									
		Yr.	Yr.	Yr.	RTL								
		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>			CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of the fault current from the time of fault inception to 140ms after fault inception at 10ms intervals	Graphical and tabular kA versus s											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- A continuous time trace and table showing the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the Interface Point and each Connection Point , if appropriate	p.u. versus s											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
- A continuous time trace and table showing the root mean square of the positive, negative and zero sequence components of retained voltage at the fault point, if appropriate	p.u. versus s											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Positive sequence X/R ratio of the equivalent at time of fault at the Interface Point and each Connection Point												<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Minimum zero sequence impedance of the equivalent at the Interface Point and each Connection Point												<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Active Power transfer at the Interface Point and each Connection Point pre-fault	MW											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Power Factor (lead or lag)												<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pre-fault voltage (if different from 1.0 p.u.) at fault point (See note 1)	p.u.											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Items of reactive compensation switched in pre-fault												<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Note 1. The pre-fault voltage provided above should represent the voltage within the range 0.95 to 1.05 that gives the highest fault current

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

Thermal Ratings Data (PC.A.2.2.4)

Voltage
132kV

CIRCUIT RATING SCHEDULE

Offshore TO Name	Issue Date

CIRCUIT Name from Site A – Site B

OVERALL CCT RATINGS		Winter				Spring/Autumn				Summer			
		%Nom	Limit	Amps	MVA	%Nom	Limit	Amps	MVA	%Nom	Limit	Amps	MVA
Pre-Fault Continuous		84%	Line	485	111	84%	Line	450	103	84%	Line	390	89
Post-Fault Continuous		100%	Line	580	132	100%	Line	540	123	100%	Line	465	106
Prefault load exceeds line prefault continuous rating	6hr	95%	Line	580	132	95%	Line	540	123	95%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
	10m	mva	Line	580	132	mva	Line	540	123	mva	Line	465	106
	5m	125	Line	580	132	116	Line	540	123	100	Line	465	106
	3m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
Short Term Overloads	6hr	90%	Line	580	132	90%	Line	540	123	90%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
	10m	mva	Line	580	132	mva	Line	540	123	mva	Line	465	106
	5m	118	Line	580	132	110	Line	540	123	95	Line	465	106
	3m		Line	580	132		Line	540	123		Line	465	106
Limiting Item and permitted overload values for different times and pre-fault loads	6hr	84%	Line	580	132	84%	Line	540	123	84%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	590	135		Line	545	125		Line	470	108
	10m	mva	Line	630	144	mva	Line	580	133	mva	Line	495	113
	5m	110	Line	710	163	103	Line	655	149	89	Line	555	126
	3m		Line	810	185		Line	740	170		Line	625	143
	6hr	75%	Line	580	132	75%	Line	540	123	75%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	595	136		Line	555	126		Line	475	109
	10m	mva	Line	650	149	mva	Line	600	137	mva	Line	510	116
	5m	99	Line	760	173	92	Line	695	159	79	Line	585	134
	3m		Line	885	203		Line	810	185		Line	685	156
	6hr	60%	Line	580	132	60%	Line	540	123	60%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	605	138		Line	560	128		Line	480	110
	10m	mva	Line	675	155	mva	Line	620	142	mva	Line	530	121
	5m	79	Line	820	187	73	Line	750	172	63	Line	635	145
	3m		Line	985	226		Line	900	206		Line	755	173
	6hr	30%	Line	580	132	30%	Line	540	123	30%	Line	465	106
	20m		Line	615	141		Line	570	130		Line	490	112
	10m	mva	Line	710	163	mva	Line	655	150	mva	Line	555	127
	5m	39	Line	895	205	36	Line	820	187	31	Line	690	158
	3m		Line	1110	255		Line	1010	230		Line	845	193

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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6hr													
20m													
10m													
5m													
3m													
6hr													
20m													
10m													
5m													
3m													
Notes or Restrictions Detailed													

- Notes: 1. For information the equivalent STC Reference: STCP12-1: Part 3 - 2.6 Thermal Ratings
2. The values shown in the above table is example data.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
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Protection Policy (PC.A.6.3)

To include details of the protection policy

Protection Schedules(PC.A.6.3)

Data schedules for the protection systems associated with each primary plant item including:

- Protection, Intertrip Signalling & operating times
- Intertripping and protection unstabilisation initiation
- Synchronising facilities
- Delayed Auto Reclose sequence schedules

Automatic Switching Scheme Schedules (PC.A.2.2.7)

A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be affected by the scheme's operation.

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
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GENERATOR INTERTRIP SCHEMES (PC.A.2.2.7(b))

Substation: _____

Details of Generator Intertrip Schemes:

A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be effected by the schemes operation.

DEMAND INTERTRIP SCHEMES (PC.A.2.2.7(b))

Substation: _____

Details of Demand Intertrip Schemes:

A diagram of the scheme and an explanation of how the system will operate and what plant will be effected by the schemes operation

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

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Specific Operating Requirements (CC.5.2.1 or ECC.5.2.1)

SUBSTATION OPERATIONAL GUIDE

Substation: _____

Location Details:

Postal Address:	Telephone Nos.	Map Ref.
Transmission Interface		
Generator Interface		

- 1. Substation Type:**
- 2. Voltage Control:** *(short description of voltage control system. To include mention of modes i.e. Voltage, manual etc. Plus control step increments i.e. 0.5% or 0.33kV)*
- 3. Energisation Switching Information:** *(The standard energisation switching process from dead.)*
- 4. Intertrip Systems:**
- 5. Reactive Plant Outage:** *(A short explanation of any system re-configurations required to facilitate the outage of any reactive plant which form part of the OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus equipment. Also any generation restrictions required).*
- 6. Harmonic Filter Outage:** *(An explanation as to any OTSDUW Plant and Apparatus reconfigurations required to facilitate the outage and maintain the system within specified Harmonic limits, also any generation restrictions required).*

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER TECHNICAL DATA

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER NAME _____

DATE: _____

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	DC Converter Station Data
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		
<i>(PC.A.4 and PC.A.5.2.5)</i>					
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER (CONVERTER DEMANDS):					
<p>Demand supplied through Station Transformers associated with the OTSDUW DC Converter at each Interface Point and each Offshore Connection Point Grid Entry Point [PC.A.4.1]</p>					
- Demand with all OTSDUW DC Converters operating at Interface Point Capacity .	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand with all OTSDUW DC Converters operating at maximum Interface Point flow from the Interface Point to each Offshore Grid Entry Point .	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- The maximum Demand that could occur.	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand at specified time of annual peak half hour of The Company Demand at Annual ACS Conditions .	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II DPD II	
- Demand at specified time of annual minimum half-hour of The Company Demand .	MW MVA _r	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II	
OTSDUW DC CONVERTER DATA	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+	
Number of poles, i.e. number of OTSDUW DC Converters	Text	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+	
Pole arrangement (e.g. monopole or bipole)	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Return path arrangement					
Details of each viable operating configuration					
Configuration 1	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■	SPD+	
Configuration 2	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■		
Configuration 3	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■		
Configuration 4	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■		
Configuration 5	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■		
Configuration 6	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>	■		

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
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Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
<p>OTSDUW DC CONVERTER NETWORK DATA (PC.A.5.4.3.1 (c))</p> <p>Rated DC voltage per pole Rated DC current per pole</p> <p>Details of the OTSDUW DC Network described in diagram form including resistance, inductance and capacitance of all DC cables and/or DC lines. Details of any line reactors (including line reactor resistance), line capacitors, DC filters, earthing electrodes and other conductors that form part of the OTSDUW DC Network should be shown.</p>	<p>kV A</p> <p>Diagram</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>		<p>DPD II DPD II</p> <p>DPD II</p>						

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
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Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6

OTSDUW DC CONVERTER CONTROL SYSTEMS

(PC.A.5.4.3.2)

Static $V_{DC} - P_{DC}$ (DC voltage – DC power) or Static $V_{DC} - I_{DC}$ (DC voltage – DC current) characteristic (as appropriate) when operating as
 –Rectifier
 –Inverter

Diagram
 Diagram

DPD II
DPD II

Diagram

DPD II

Details of rectifier mode control system, in block diagram form together with parameters showing transfer functions of individual elements.

Diagram

DPD II

Diagram

DPD II

Details of inverter mode control system, in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters (as applicable).

Details of **OTSDUW DC Converter** transformer tap changer control system in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

Details of AC filter control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters

Diagram

DPD II

Details of any frequency and/or load control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

Details of any large or small signal modulating controls, such as power oscillation damping controls or sub-synchronous oscillation damping controls, that have not been submitted as part of the above control system data.

Diagram

DPD II

Transfer block diagram representation of the reactive power control at converter ends for a voltage source converter.

Diagram

DPD II

For **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW** who are also **EU Code Users** details of **OTSDUW DC Converter** unit models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

For **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW** who are also **EU Code Users** details of AC component models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

For **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW** who are also **EU Code Users** details of DC Grid models and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

For **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW** who are also **EU Code Users** details of Voltage and power controller and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.

Diagram

DPD II

For **Generators** in respect of **OTSDUW** who are also **EU Code Users** details of Special control features if applicable (e.g. power oscillation damping (POD) function, subsynchronous

Diagram

DPD II

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration					
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6
<p>torsional interaction (SSTI) control and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.</p> <p>For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of Multi terminal control, if applicable and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.</p> <p>For Generators in respect of OTSDUW who are also EU Code Users details of OTSDUW DC Converter protection models as agreed between The Company and the Generator (in respect of OTSDW) and/or control systems in block diagram form showing transfer functions of individual elements including parameters.</p>	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II						
	Diagram	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II						

SCHEDULE 18 - OFFSHORE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM DATA
PAGE 24 OF 24

Data Description	Units	DATA to RTL		Data Category	Operating configuration						
		CUSC Contract	CUSC App. Form		1	2	3	4	5	6	
LOADING PARAMETERS (PC.A.5.4.3.3)											
MW Export from the Offshore Grid Entry Point to the Transmission Interface Point	MW/s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Nominal loading rate	MW/s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD I							
Maximum (emergency) loading rate				DPD II							
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following an AC system fault or severe voltage depression.	s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							
Maximum recovery time, to 90% of pre-fault loading, following a transient DC Network fault.	s	<input type="checkbox"/>		DPD II							

SCHEDULE 19 – USER DATA FILE STRUCTURE

PAGE 1 OF 2

The structure of the **User Data File Structure** is given below.

i.d.	Folder name	Description of contents
Part A: Commercial & Legal		
A2	Commissioning	Commissioning & Test Programmes
A3	Statements	Statements of Readiness
A9	AS Monitoring	Ancillary Services Monitoring
A10	Self-Certification	User Self Certification of Compliance
A11	Compliance statements	Compliance Statement
Part 1: Safety & System Operation		
1.1	Interface Agreements	Interface Agreements
1.2	Safety Rules	Safety Rules
1.3	Switching Procedures	Local Switching Procedures
1.4	Earthing	Earthing
1.5	SRS	Site Responsibility Schedules
1.6	Diagrams	Operational and Gas Zone Diagrams
1.7	Drawings	Site Common Drawings
1.8	Telephony	Control Telephony
1.9	Safety Procedures	Local Safety Procedures
1.10	Co-ordinators	Safety Co-ordinators
1.11	RISSP	Record of Inter System Safety Precautions
1.12	Tel Numbers	Telephone Numbers for Joint System Incidents
1.13	Contact Details	Contact Details (fax, tel, email)
1.14	Restoration Plan	Local Joint Restoration Plan (incl. black start if applicable)
1.15	Maintenance	Maintenance Standards
Part 2: Connection Technical Data		
2.1	DRC Schedule 5	DRC Schedule 5 – Users System Data
2.2	Protection Report	Protection Settings Reports
2.3	Special Automatic Facilities	Special Automatic Facilities e.g. intertrip
2.4	Operational Metering	Operational Metering
2.5	Tariff Metering	Tariff Metering
2.6	Operational Comms	Operational Communications
2.7	Monitoring	Performance Monitoring
2.8	Power Quality	Power Quality Test Results (if required)

SCHEDULE 19 – USER DATA FILE STRUCTURE

PAGE 2 OF 2

Part 3: Generator Technical Data		
3.1	DRC Schedule 1	DRC Schedule 1 - Generating Unit, Power Generating Module, HVDC System and DC Converter Technical Data
3.2	DRC Schedule 2	DRC Schedule 2 - Generation Planning Data
3.3	DRC Schedule 4	DRC Schedule 4 – Frequency Droop & Response
3.4	DRC Schedule 14	DRC Schedule 14 – Fault Infeed Data – Generators
3.5	Special Generator Protection	Special Generator Protection e.g. Pole slipping; islanding
3.6	Compliance Tests	Compliance Tests & Evidence
3.7	Compliance Studies	Compliance Simulation Studies
3.8	Site Specific	Bilateral Connections Agreement Technical Data & Compliance
3.9	DRC Schedule 20	DRC Schedule 20 - Grid Forming Plant Data
Part 4: General DRC Schedules		
4.1	DRC Schedule 3	DRC Schedule 3 – Large Power Station Outage Information
4.2	DRC Schedule 6	DRC Schedule 6 – Users Outage Information
4.3	DRC Schedule 7	DRC Schedule 7 – Load Characteristics
4.4	DRC Schedule 8	DRC Schedule 8 – BM Unit Data (if applicable)
4.5	DRC Schedule 10	DRC Schedule 10 –Demand Profiles
4.6	DRC Schedule 11	DRC Schedule 11 – Connection Point Data
Part 5: OTSDUW Data and Information (if applicable and prior to OTSUA Transfer Time)		
		Diagrams Circuits Plant and Apparatus Circuit Parameters Protection Operation and Autoswitching Automatic Control Systems
		Mathematical model of dynamic compensation plant

SCHEDULE 20 – GRID FORMING PLANT CAPABILITY DATA

The following data need only be supplied by **Users** (be they a **GB Code User** or **EU Code User**) or **Non-CUSC Parties** who wish to offer a **Grid Forming Capability** as provided for ECC.6.3.19.3. Where such a **Grid Forming Capability** is provided then the following data items and models are to be supplied in respect of each **Grid Forming Plant**.

DATA DESCRIPTION		GRID FORMING PLANT DATA		
		1	2	3
Submission of Network Frequency Perturbation Plot and Nichols Chart for each GBGF-I (PC.A.5.8.1)	Graphs			
High level equivalent architecture diagram of Grid Forming Plant (PC.A.5.8.1)	Diagram			
<p>GBGF-I Grid Forming Plant Block Diagram (Laplace Operator) in the general form shown in Figure PC.A.5.8.1 or as agreed with The Company.</p> <p>When submitting either Figure PC.A.5.8.1 (a) or Figure PC.A.5.8.1 (b), each User or Non-CUSC Party can use their own design, that may be very different to Figures PC.A.5.8.1 (a) or PC.A.5.8.1 (b), but should contain all relevant functions that can include simulation models and other equivalent data and documentation</p>	<p>Block Diagram (Laplace Operator)</p> <p>Documentation</p>			
Each User or Non-CUSC Party shall provide a model of their Grid Forming Plant which provides a true and accurate reflection of its Grid Forming Capability .	Model and documentation – format to be agreed with The Company			

In order to participate in the **Grid Forming Capability** market, **User's** and **Non-CUSC Parties** are required to provide data of their **GBGF-I** in accordance with Figures PC.A.5.8.1(a) and PC.A.5.8.1(b) **Users** and **Non-CUSC Parties** in respect of **Grid Forming Plants** should indicate if the data is submitted on a unit or aggregated basis. Table 1 below defines the notation used in Figure PC.5.8.1

Parameter	Symbol	Units
-----------	--------	-------

The primary reactance of the Grid Forming Unit , in pu.	X_{in} or X_{ts}	pu on MVA Rating of Grid Forming Unit
The additional reactance, in pu, between the terminals of the Grid Forming Unit and the Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point (if Embedded).	X_{tr}	pu on MVA Rating of Grid Forming Unit
The rated angle between the Internal Voltage Source and the input terminals of the Grid Forming Unit .		radians
The rated angle between the Internal Voltage Source and Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point (if Embedded).		radians
The rated voltage and phase of the Internal Voltage Source of the Grid Forming Unit .		Voltage - pu Phase - radians
The rated electrical angle between current and voltage at the input to the Grid transformer.		radians

Table 1

In order to participate in a **Grid Forming Capability** market, **User's** and **Non-CUSC Parties** are also required to provide the data of their **GBGF-I** in accordance with the Table below to **The Company**. The details and arrangements for **Users** and **Non-CUSC Parties** participating in this market shall be published on **The Company's Website**.

Quantity	Units	Range (where Applicable)	User Defined Parameter
Type of Grid form Plant (eg Generating Unit, Electricity Storage Module, Dynamic Reactive Compensation Equipment)	N/A		
Maximum Continuous Rating at Registered Capacity or Maximum Capacity	MVA		
Primary reactance X_{in} or X_{ts} (see Table 1)	pu on MVA		
Additional reactance X_{tr} (See Table 1)	pu on MVA		
Maximum Capacity	MW		

Active ROCOF Response Power (MW) supplied or absorbed at 1Hz/s System Frequency change (which is the maximum frequency change for linear operation of the Grid Forming Plant)	MW		
Phase Jump Angle Withstand	degrees		60 degrees specified
Phase Jump Angle limit	degrees		5 degrees recommended
Phase Jump Power (MW) at the rated angle	MW		
Defined Active Damping Power for a Grid Oscillation Value of 0.05 Hz peak to peak at 1 Hz	MW		
The cumulative energy delivered for a 1Hz/s System Frequency fall from 52 Hz to 47 Hz This is the total Active Power transient output of the Grid Forming Plant	MWs or MJ		
Inertia Constant (H) using equation 1 or declared in accordance with the simulation results of ECP.A.3.9.4	MWs/MVA		
Inertia Constant (He) using equation 2 or declared in accordance with the simulation results of ECP.A.3.9.4	MWs/MVA		
Continuous Overload Capability	% on MVA		
Short Term duration Overload capability			
Duration of Short Term Overload Capability	s		
Peak Current Rating	pu		
Nominal Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point voltage	kV		
Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point	- Location		
Continuous or defined time duration MVA Rating	MVA		
Continuous or defined time duration MW Rating	MW		

For a GBGF-I the inverters maximum Internal Voltage Source (IVS) for the worst case condition – for example operation at maximum exporting Reactive Power at the maximum AC System voltage	pu		
Maximum Three Phase Short Circuit Infeed at Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point	kA		
Maximum Single Phase Short Circuit Infeed at Grid Entry Point or User System Entry Point	kA		
Will the Grid Forming Plant contribute to any other form of commercial service – for example Dynamic Containment, Firm Frequency Response,	Details to be provided		
Equivalent Damping Factor.	ζ		0.2 to 5.0 allowed

Table 2

$H = \text{Installed MWs} / \text{Rated installed MVA}$

(equation 1)

$H_e = (\text{Active ROCOF Response Power at } 1 \text{ Hz} / \text{s} \times \text{System Frequency}) / (\text{Installed MVA} \times 2)$

(equation 2)

<END OF DATA REGISTRATION CODE>

GOVERNANCE RULES

(GR)

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(This contents page does not form part of the Grid Code)

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PART A

GR.1 INTRODUCTION

- GR.1.1 This section of the Grid Code sets out how the Grid Code is to be amended and the procedures set out in this section, to the extent that they are dealt with in the Code Administration Code of Practice, are consistent with the principles contained in the Code Administration Code of Practice. Where inconsistencies or conflicts exist between the Grid Code and the Code Administration **Code of Practice**, the Grid Code shall take precedence.
- GR.1.2 There is a need to bring proposed amendments to the attention of **Users** and others, to discuss such proposals and to report on them to the **Authority** and in furtherance of this, the **Governance Rules** set out the functions of a **Grid Code Review Panel** and **Workgroups** and for consultation by the **Code Administrator**.
- GR.1.3 For the purpose of these **Governance Rules** the term “**User**” shall mean any person who is under any obligation or granted any rights under the Grid Code.

PART B

GR.2 CODE ADMINISTRATOR

- GR.2.1 **The Company** shall establish and maintain a **Code Administrator** function, which shall carry out the roles referred to in GR.2.2 and GR.3.2. **The Company** shall ensure the functions are consistent with the **Code Administration Code of Practice**.
- GR.2.2 The **Code Administrator** shall in conjunction with other code administrators, maintain, publish, review and (where appropriate) amend from time to time the **Code Administration Code of Practice** approved by the **Authority** provided that any amendments to the **Code Administration Code of Practice** proposed by the **Code Administrator** are approved by the **Grid Code Review Panel** prior to being raised by the **Code Administrator**, and any amendments to be made to the **Code Administration Code of Practice** are approved by the **Authority**.

GR.3 THE GRID CODE REVIEW PANEL

- GR.3.1 Establishment and Composition
- GR.3.1.1 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be the standing body to carry out the functions referred to in GR.3.2
- GR.3.1.2 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall comprise the following members:
- (a) the person appointed as the chairperson of the **Grid Code Review Panel** (the “**Panel Chairperson**”) in accordance with GR.4.1, who shall (subject to GR.11.4) be a voting member unless they are an employee of **The Company** in which case they will be a non-voting member;
 - (b) the following members, appointed in accordance with GR.4.2 (a), who shall be non-voting members:
 - (i) a representative of the **Code Administrator**;
 - (ii) a representative of the **Authority** appointed in accordance with GR.4.3;
 - (iii) a person representing the **BSC Panel** appointed in accordance with GR.4.2(d);
 - and
 - (iv) the chairperson of the **GCDF**;
 - (c) the following members who shall be voting **Panel Members**:

- (i) a representative of **The Company** appointed in accordance with GR.4.2(c);
 - (ii) two representatives of the **Network Operators**;
 - (iii) a representative of **Suppliers**;
 - (iv) a representative of the **Onshore Transmission Licensees**;
 - (v) a representative of the **Offshore Transmission Licensees**;
 - (vi) four representatives of the **Generators**;
 - (vii) the **Consumer Representative**, appointed in accordance with GR.4.2(b);
 - (viii) the person appointed (if the **Authority** so decides) by the Authority in accordance with GR.4.4;
- (d) a secretary (the “**Panel Secretary**”), who shall be a person appointed and provided by the **Code Administrator** to assist the **Grid Code Review Panel** and who shall be responsible for the administration of the **Grid Code Review Panel** and **Grid Code Modification Proposals**. The **Panel Secretary** will be a non-voting member of the **Grid Code Review Panel**.

GR.3.2

Functions of the **Grid Code Review Panel** and the **Code Administrator’s** Role

- (a) The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall have the functions assigned to it in these **Governance Rules**.
- (b) Without prejudice to GR.3.2(a) and to the further provisions of these **Governance Rules**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall endeavour at all times to operate:
- (i) in an efficient, economical and expeditious manner, taking account of the complexity, importance and urgency of particular **Grid Code Modification Proposals**; and
 - (ii) with a view to ensuring that the **Grid Code** facilitates achievement of the **Grid Code Objectives**.
- (c) **The Company** shall be responsible for implementing or supervising the implementation of **Approved Modifications** and **Approved Grid Code Self Governance Proposals** and **Approved Grid Code Fast Track Proposals** in accordance with the provisions of the Grid Code which shall reflect the production of the revised Grid Code. The **Code Administrator** and **The Company** shall be responsible for implementing and supervising the implementation of any amendments to their respective systems and processes necessary for the implementation of the **Approved Modification** and the **Approved Grid Code Self-Governance Proposals** provided there is no successful appeal and the **Approved Grid Code Fast Track Proposals** provided no objections are received in accordance with GR.26. However, it will not include the implementation of **Users’** systems and processes. The **Code Administrator** will carry out its role in an efficient, economical and expeditious manner and (subject to any extension granted by the **Authority** where the **Code Administrator** has applied for one in accordance with GR.3.2(d) or (e) in accordance with the **Implementation Date**.
- (d) Subject to notifying **Users**, the **Code Administrator** will, with the **Authority’s** approval, apply to the **Authority** for a revision or revisions to the **Implementation Date** where the **Code Administrator** becomes aware of any circumstances which is likely to mean that the **Implementation Date** is unachievable, which shall include as a result of a **Legal Challenge**, at any point following the approval of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.
- (e) In the event that the **Authority’s** decision to approve or not to approve a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is subject of **Legal Challenge** (and the party raising such **Legal Challenge** has received from the relevant authority the necessary permission to proceed) then the **Code Administrator** will, with the **Authority’s** approval, apply to the **Authority** for a revision or revisions to the **Proposed Implementation Date** in the **Grid Code Modification Report** in respect of such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** as necessary such that if such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** were to be approved following such **Legal Challenge** the **Proposed Implementation Date** would be achievable.

- (f) Prior to making any request to the **Authority** for any revision pursuant to GR.3.2(d) (including where it is necessary as a result of a **Legal Challenge**) or GR.3.2(e) the **Code Administrator** shall consult on the revision with **Users** and such other person who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it in accordance with GR.21.2 and GR.21.8. The request to the **Authority** shall contain copies of (and a summary of) all written representations or objections made by consultees during the consultation period.

GR.3.3 Duties of Panel Members

- (a) A person appointed as a **Panel Member**, or an **Alternate Member**, by **Users** under GR.3.1 or GR.7.2, by the **Authority** under GR.4.3 and the person appointed as **Panel Chairperson** under GR.4.1, and each of their alternates when acting in that capacity:
 - (i) shall act impartially and in accordance with the requirements of the **Grid Code**; and
 - (ii) shall not be representative of, and shall act without undue regard to the particular interests of the persons or body of persons by whom they were appointed as **Panel Member** and any **Related Person** from time to time.
- (b) Such a person shall not be appointed as a **Panel Member** or an **Alternate Member** (as the case may be) unless they shall have first:
 - (i) confirmed in writing to the **Code Administrator** for the benefit of all **Users** that they agree to act as a **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** in accordance with the **Grid Code** and acknowledges the requirements of GR.3.3 (a) and GR.3.3(c);
 - (ii) where that person is employed, provided to the **Panel Secretary** a letter from their employer agreeing that they may act as **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member**, and that the requirement in GR.3.3(a)(ii) shall prevail over their duties as an employee.
- (c) A **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** shall, at the time of appointment and upon any change in such interests, disclose (in writing) to the **Panel Secretary** any such interests (in relation to the **Grid Code**) as are referred to in GR.3.3(a)(ii).
- (d) Upon a change in employment of a **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member**, they shall so notify the **Panel Secretary** and shall endeavour to obtain from their new employer and provide to the **Panel Secretary** a letter in the terms required in GR.3.3(b)(ii); and they shall be removed from office if they do not do so within a period of sixty (60) days after such change in employment.

GR.4 APPOINTMENT OF PANEL MEMBERS

GR.4.1 Panel Chairperson

- (a) The **Panel Chairperson** shall be a person appointed (or re-appointed) by **The Company**, having particular regard to the views of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, and shall act independently of **The Company**.
- (b) A person shall be appointed or re-appointed as the **Panel Chairperson** where the **Authority** has approved such appointment or reappointment and **The Company** has given notice to the **Panel Secretary** of such appointment, with effect from the date of such notice or (if later) with effect from the date specified in such notice.

GR.4.2 Other Panel Members:

- (a) the **Network Operators, Suppliers, Onshore Transmission Licensees, Offshore Transmission Licensees** and **Generators** may appoint **Panel Members** by election in accordance with Annex GR.A.

- (b) The **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** may appoint one person as a **Panel Member** representing customers by giving notice of such appointment to the **Panel Secretary**, and may remove and re-appoint by notice.
- (c) **The Company** shall appoint the **The Company** representative referred to at GR.3.1.2(c)(i) and shall give notice of the identity of such person to the **Panel Secretary**, and may remove and re-appoint by notice to the **Panel Secretary**.
- (d) The **BSC Panel** shall appoint a representative to be the member of the **Grid Code Review Panel** referred to at GR.3.1.2(c) (iii) and shall give notice of the identity of such person to the **Panel Secretary**, and may remove and re-appoint by notice to the **Panel Secretary**.

GR.4.3. The **Authority** shall from time to time notify the **Panel Secretary** of the identity of the **Authority** representative referred to at GR.3.1.2(b)(ii).

GR.4.4 Appointment of Further Member:

- (a) If in the opinion of the **Authority** there is a class or category of person (whether or not a **User**) who have interests in respect of the **Grid Code** but whose interests:
 - (i) are not reflected in the composition of **Panel Members** for the time being appointed; but
 - (ii) would be so reflected if a particular person was appointed as an additional **Panel Member**, then the **Authority** may at any time appoint (or re-appoint) that person as a **Panel Member** by giving notice of such appointment to the **Panel Secretary** but in no event shall the **Authority** be able to appoint more than one person so that there could be more than one such **Panel Member**.
- (b) A person appointed as a **Panel Member** pursuant to this GR.4.4 shall remain appointed, subject to GR.5 and GR.6, notwithstanding that the conditions by virtue of which they were appointed (for example that the interests they reflect are otherwise reflected) may cease to be satisfied.

GR.4.5 Natural Person

No person other than an individual shall be appointed a **Panel Member** or their alternate.

GR.5 TERM OF OFFICE

The term of office of a **Panel Member**, the **Panel Chairperson** and **Alternate Members** shall be a period expiring on 31 December every second year. A **Panel Member**, the **Panel Chairperson** and **Alternate Member** shall be eligible for reappointment on expiry of their term of office.

GR.6 REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

GR.6.1 A person shall cease to hold office as the **Panel Chairperson**, a **Panel Member** or an **Alternate Member**:

- (a) upon expiry of their term of office unless re-appointed;
- (b) if they:
 - (i) resign from office by notice delivered to the **Panel Secretary**;
 - (ii) become bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with their creditors generally;
 - (iii) are or may be suffering from a mental disorder and either are admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application under the Mental Health Act 1983 or the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1960 or an order is made by a court having jurisdiction in matters concerning mental disorder for their detention or for the appointment of a receiver, *curator bonis* or other person with respect to their property or affairs;
 - (iv) become prohibited by law from being a director of a company under the Companies Act 1985;

- (v) die; or
- (vi) are convicted on an indictable offence; or

(c) as provided for in GR.3.3(d);

(d) if the **Grid Code Review Panel** resolves (and the **Authority** does not veto such resolution by notice in writing to the **Panel Secretary** within fifteen (15) **Business Days**) that they should cease to hold office on grounds of their serious misconduct;

(e) if the **Grid Code Review Panel** resolves (and the **Authority** does not veto such resolution by notice in writing to the **Panel Secretary** within fifteen (15) **Business Days**) that they should cease to hold office due to a change in employer notwithstanding compliance with GR.3.3(d).

GR.6.2 A **Grid Code Review Panel** resolution under GR.6.1(d) or (e) shall, notwithstanding any other paragraph, require the vote in favour of at least all **Panel Members** less one (other than the **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** who is the subject of such resolution) and for these purposes an abstention shall count as a vote cast in favour of the resolution. A copy of any such resolution shall forthwith be sent to the **Authority** by the **Panel Secretary**.

GR.6.3 A person shall not qualify for appointment as a **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** if at the time of the proposed appointment they would be required by the above to cease to hold that office.

GR.6.4 The **Panel Secretary** shall give prompt notice to **The Company**, all **Panel Members**, all **Users** and the **Authority** of the appointment or re-appointment of any **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** or of any **Panel Member** or **Alternate Member** ceasing to hold office and publication on the **Website** and (where relevant details are supplied to the **Panel Secretary**) despatch by electronic mail shall fulfil this obligation.

GR.7 ALTERNATES

GR.7.1 Alternate: Panel Chairperson

The **Panel Chairperson** shall preside at every meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** at which they are present. If they are unable to be present at a meeting, they may appoint an alternate (who shall be a senior employee of **The Company**) to act as the **Panel Chairperson**, who may or may not be a **Panel Member**. If neither the **Panel Chairperson** nor their alternate is present at the meeting within half an hour of the time appointed for holding the meeting, the **Panel Members** present may appoint one of their number to be the chairperson of the meeting.

GR.7.2 Alternate(s): other Panel Members

- (a) At the same time that the parties entitled to vote in the relevant election appoint **Elected Panel Members** under GR.4.2(a), they shall appoint the following **Alternate Members**:
- (i) one alternate representative of the **Suppliers**;
 - (ii) one alternate representative of the **Onshore Transmission Licensees**;
 - (iii) one alternate representative of the **Offshore Transmission Licensees**; and
 - (iv) two alternate representatives of the **Generators**.

In the event that the election process fails to appoint an **Alternate Member** for any of the **Elected Panel Members**, each **Elected Panel Member** shall be entitled (but not obligated) to each at their own discretion nominate their own **Alternate Member**.

(b) Any **Panel Member** that is not an **Elected Panel Member** shall be entitled (but not obligated) to each at their own discretion nominate their own **Alternate Member**.

(c) A **Panel Member** shall give notice to the **Panel Secretary** in the event it will be represented by an **Alternate Member** for any one **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting.

(d) Where a **Panel Member** has nominated an **Alternate Member** in accordance with GR.7.2(a) or (b), they may remove such **Alternate Member**, by giving notice of such removal, and any nomination of a different **Alternate Member**, to the **Panel Secretary**. A

Panel Member may not choose as their **Alternate Member**: any party who is already acting as an **Alternate Member** for another **Panel Member**; or another **Panel Member**.

- (e) All information to be sent by the **Panel Secretary** to **Panel Members** pursuant to these **Governance Rules** shall also be sent by the **Panel Secretary** to each **Alternate Member** by electronic mail (where relevant details shall have been provided by each **Alternate Member**).

GR.7.3 Alternates: General Provisions

- (a) The appointment or removal by a **Panel Member** of an **Alternate Member** shall be effective from the time when such notice is given to the **Panel Secretary** or (if later) the time specified in such notice.
- (b) The **Panel Secretary** shall promptly notify all **Panel Members** and **Users** of appointment or removal by any **Panel Member** of any alternate and publication on the **Website** and (where relevant details have been provided to the **Panel Secretary**) despatch by electronic mail shall fulfil this obligation.

GR.7.4 Alternates: Rights, Cessation and References

- (a) Where the **Panel Chairperson** or a **Panel Member** has appointed an alternate:
- (i) the alternate shall be entitled:
 - i. unless the appointing **Panel Member** shall otherwise notify the **Panel Secretary**, to receive notices of meetings of the **Grid Code Review Panel**;
 - ii. to attend, speak and vote at any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** at which the **Panel Member** by whom they were appointed is not present, and at such meeting to exercise and discharge all of the functions, duties and powers of such **Panel Member**;
 - (ii) the **Alternate Member** shall have the same voting rights the **Panel Member** in whose place they are attending;
 - (iii) GR.8, GR.9, GR.10, GR.11 and GR.12 shall apply to the **Alternate Member** as if they were the appointing **Panel Member** and a reference to a **Panel Member** elsewhere in the **Grid Code** shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include their duly appointed **Alternate Member**.
 - (iv) for the avoidance of doubt, the appointing **Panel Member** shall not enjoy any of the rights transferred to the **Alternate Member** at any meeting at which, or in relation to any matter on which, the **Alternate Member** acts on their behalf.
- (b) A person appointed as an **Alternate Member** shall automatically cease to be such **Alternate Member**:
- (i) if the appointing **Panel Member** ceases to be a **Panel Member**;
 - (ii) if any of the circumstances in GR.6.1(b) applies in relation to such person, but, in the case of a person elected as an **Alternate Member**, they shall continue to be an **Alternate Member** available for appointment under GR.7.2.

GR.8 MEETINGS

GR.8.1 Meetings of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be held at regular intervals and at least every 2 months at such time and such place as the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall decide.

GR.8.2 A regular meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** may be cancelled if:

- (a) the **Panel Chairperson** considers, having due regard to the lack of business in the agenda, that there is insufficient business for the **Grid Code Review Panel** to conduct and requests the **Panel Secretary** to cancel the meeting;
- (b) the **Panel Secretary** notifies all **Panel Members**, not less than five (5) **Business Days**

before the date for which the meeting is to be convened, of the proposal to cancel the meeting; and

(c) by the time three (3) **Business Days** before the date for which the meeting is or is to be convened, no **Panel Member** has notified the **Panel Secretary** that they object to such cancellation.

GR.8.3 If any **Panel Member** wishes, acting reasonably, to hold a special meeting (in addition to regular meetings under GR.8.1) of the **Grid Code Review Panel**:

(a) they shall request the **Panel Secretary** to convene such a meeting and inform the **Panel Secretary** of the matters to be discussed at the meeting;

(b) the **Panel Secretary** shall promptly convene the special meeting for a day as soon as practicable but not less than five (5) **Business Days** after such request.

GR.8.4 Any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be convened by the **Panel Secretary** by notice (which will be given by electronic mail if the relevant details are supplied to the **Panel Secretary**) to each **Panel Member** (and to the **Authority**):

(a) setting out the date, time and place of the meeting and (unless the **Grid Code Review Panel** has otherwise decided) given at least five (5) **Business Days** before the date of the meeting;

(b) accompanied by an agenda of the matters for consideration at the meeting and any supporting papers available to the **Panel Secretary** at the time the notice is given (and the **Panel Secretary** shall circulate to **Panel Members** any late papers as and when they are received by them).

GR.8.5 The **Panel Secretary** shall send a copy of the notice convening a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, and the agenda and papers accompanying the notice, to the **Panel Members and Alternate Members**, and publication on the **Website** and despatch by electronic mail (if the relevant details are supplied to the **Panel Secretary**) shall fulfil this obligation.

GR.8.6 Any **Panel Member** (or, at the **Panel Member's** request, the **Panel Secretary**) may notify matters for consideration at a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** in addition to those notified by the **Panel Secretary** under GR.8.4 by notice to all **Panel Members** and persons entitled to receive notice under GR.8.5, not less than three (3) **Business Days** before the date of the meeting.

GR.8.7 The proceedings of a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall not be invalidated by the accidental omission to give or send notice of the meeting or a copy thereof or any of the accompanying agenda or papers to, or failure to receive the same by, any person entitled to receive such notice, copy, agenda or paper.

GR.8.8 A meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** may consist of a conference between **Panel Members** who are not all in one place but who are able (by telephone or otherwise) to speak to each of the others and to be heard by each of the others simultaneously.

GR.8.9 With the consent of all **Panel Members** (whether obtained before, at or after any such meeting) the requirements of this GR.8 as to the manner in and notice on which a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** is convened may be waived or modified provided that no meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be held unless notice of the meeting and its agenda has been sent to the persons entitled to receive the same under GR.8.5 at least 24 hours before the time of the meeting.

GR.8.10 Subject to GR.8.11, no matter shall be resolved at a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** unless such matter was contained in the agenda accompanying the **Panel Secretary's** notice under GR.8.4 or was notified in accordance with GR.8.6.

GR.8.11 Where:

- (a) any matter (not contained in the agenda and not notified pursuant to GR.8.4 and GR.8.6) is put before a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, and
- (b) in the opinion of the **Grid Code Review Panel** it is necessary (in view of the urgency of the matter) that the **Grid Code Review Panel** resolve upon such matter at the meeting, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may so resolve upon such matter, and the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall also determine at such meeting whether the decision of the **Grid Code Review Panel** in relation to such matter should stand until the following meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, in which case (at such following meeting) the decision shall be reviewed and confirmed or (but not with effect earlier than that meeting, and only so far as the consequences of such revocation do not make implementation of the **Grid Code** or compliance by **Users** with it impracticable) revoked.

GR.9 PROCEEDINGS AT MEETINGS

- GR.9.1 Subject as provided in the **Grid Code**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may regulate the conduct of and adjourn and reconvene its meetings as it sees fit.
- GR.9.2 Meetings of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be open to attendance by a representative of any **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator**; **The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** and any person invited by the **Panel Chairperson** and/or any other **Panel Member**.
- GR.9.3 The **Panel Chairperson** and any other **Panel Member** may invite any person invited by them under GR.9.2, and/or any attending representative of a **User**, to speak at the meeting (but such person shall have no vote).
- GR.9.4 As soon as practicable after each meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, the **Panel Secretary** shall prepare and send (by electronic mail or otherwise) to **Panel Members** the minutes of such meeting, which shall be (subject to GR.9.5) approved (or amended and approved) at the next meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** after they were so sent, and when approved (excluding any matter which the **Grid Code Review Panel** decided was not appropriate for such publication) shall be placed on the **Website**.
- GR.9.5 If, following the circulation of minutes (as referred to in GR.9.4), the meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** at which they were to be approved is cancelled pursuant to GR.8.2, such minutes (including any proposed changes thereto which have already been received) shall be recirculated with the notification of the cancellation of the meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**. **Panel Members** shall confirm their approval of such minutes to the **Panel Secretary** (by electronic mail) no later than five (5) **Business Days** following such minutes being re-circulated. If no suggested amendments are received within such five (5) **Business Days** period, the minutes will be deemed to have been approved. If the minutes are approved, or deemed to have been approved, (excluding any matter which the **Grid Code Review Panel** decided was not appropriate for such publication) they shall be placed on the **Website**. If suggested amendments are received within such five (5) **Business Days** period, the minutes shall remain unapproved and the process for approval (or amendment and approval) of such minutes at the next meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, as described in GR.9.4, shall be followed.

GR.10 QUORUM

- GR.10.1 No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** unless a quorum is present throughout the meeting.
- GR.10.2 Subject to GR.10.4, a quorum shall be 6 **Panel Members** who have a vote present (subject to GR.8.8) in person or by their alternates, of whom at least one shall be appointed by **The Company**. Where a **Panel Member** is represented by an **Alternate Member**, that **Alternate Member** cannot represent any other **Panel Member** at the same meeting.
- GR.10.3 If within half an hour after the time for which the meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** has been convened a quorum is not present (and provided the **Panel Secretary** has not been notified by **Panel Members** that they have been delayed and are expected to arrive within a reasonable time):

- (a) the meeting shall be adjourned to the same day in the following week (or, if that day is not a **Business Day** the next **Business Day** following such day) at the same time;
- (b) the **Panel Secretary** shall give notice of the adjourned meeting as far as practicable in accordance with GR.8.

GR.10.4 If at the adjourned meeting there is not a quorum present within half an hour after the time for which the meeting was convened, those present shall be a quorum.

GR.11 VOTING

GR.11.1 At any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** any matter to be decided which shall include the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** shall be put to a vote of those **Panel Members** entitled to vote in accordance with these **Governance Rules** upon the request of the **Panel Chairperson** or any **Panel Member**.

GR.11.2 Subject to GR.11.4, in deciding any matter at any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** each **Panel Member** other than the **Panel Chairperson** shall cast one vote.

GR.11.3 Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Grid Code, and in particular GR.6.2, any matter to be decided at any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be decided by simple majority of the votes cast at the meeting (an abstention shall not be counted as a cast vote).

GR.11.4 The **Panel Chairperson** shall not cast a vote as a **Panel Member** but shall have a casting vote on any matter where votes are otherwise cast equally in favour of and against the relevant motion. Where the vote is in respect of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** the **Panel Chairperson** may only use such casting vote to vote against such **Grid Code Modification Proposal**. The **Panel Chairperson** will have a free vote in respect of any other vote. Where any person other than the actual **Panel Chairperson** is acting as chairperson they shall not have a casting vote.

GR.11.5 Any resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all **Panel Members** shall be valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a duly convened and quorate meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**. Such a resolution may consist of several instruments in like form signed by or on behalf of one or more **Panel Members**.

GR.12 PROTECTIONS FOR PANEL MEMBERS

GR.12.1 Subject to GR.12.2 all **CUSC Parties** shall jointly and severally indemnify and keep indemnified each **Panel Member**, the **Panel Secretary** and each member of a **Workgroup** ("Indemnified Persons") in respect of all costs (including legal costs), expenses, damages and other liabilities properly incurred or suffered by such Indemnified Persons when acting in or in connection with their office under the **Grid Code**, or in what they in good faith believe to be the proper exercise and discharge of the powers, duties, functions and discretions of that office in accordance with the **Grid Code**, and all claims, demands and proceedings in connection therewith other than any such costs, expenses, damages or other liabilities incurred or suffered as a result of the wilful default or bad faith of such Indemnified Person.

GR.12.2 The indemnity provided in GR.12.1 shall not extend to costs and expenses incurred in the ordinary conduct of being a **Panel Member** or **Panel Secretary**, or member of a **Workgroup** including, without limitation, accommodation costs and travel costs or any remuneration for their services to the **Grid Code Review Panel** or **Workgroup**.

GR.12.3 The **Users** agree that no Indemnified Person shall be liable for anything done when acting properly in or in connection with their office under the **Grid Code**, or anything done in what they in good faith believe to be the proper exercise and discharge of the powers, duties, functions and discretions of that office in accordance with the **Grid Code**. Each **CUSC Party** hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives any such liability of any Indemnified Person and any rights, remedies and claims against any Indemnified Person in respect thereof.

GR.12.4 Without prejudice to GR.12.2, nothing in GR.12.3 shall exclude or limit the liability of an Indemnified Person for death or personal injury resulting from the negligence of such Indemnified Person.

PART C

GR.13 GRID CODE MODIFICATION REGISTER

GR.13.1 The **Code Administrator** shall establish and maintain a register (“**Grid Code Modification Register**”) in a form as may be agreed with the **Authority** from time to time, which shall record the matters set out in GR.13.3.

GR.13.2 The purpose of the **Grid Code Modification Register** shall be to assist the **Grid Code Review Panel** and to enable the **Grid Code Review Panel, Users** and any other persons who may be interested to be reasonably informed of the progress of **Grid Code Modification Proposals** and **Approved Modifications** from time to time.

GR.13.3 The **Grid Code Modification Register** shall record in respect of current outstanding **Grid Code Review Panel** business:

- (a) details of each **Grid Code Modification Proposal** (including the name of the **Proposer**, the date of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and a brief description of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**);
- (b) whether such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is an **Urgent Modification**;
- (c) the current status and progress of each **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, if appropriate the anticipated date for reporting to the **Authority** in respect thereof, and whether it has been withdrawn, rejected or implemented for a period of three (3) months after such withdrawal, rejection or implementation or such longer period as the **Authority** may determine;
- (d) the current status and progress of each **Approved Modification**, each **Approved Grid Code Self-Governance Proposal**, and each **Approved Fast Track Proposal**; and
- (e) such other matters as the **Grid Code Review Panel** may consider appropriate from time to time to achieve the purpose of GR.13.2.

GR.13.4 The **Grid Code Modification Register** (as updated from time to time and indicating the revisions since the previous issue) shall be published on the **Website** or (in the absence, for whatever reason, of the **Website**) in such other manner and with such frequency (being not less than once per month) as the **Code Administrator** may decide in order to bring it to the attention of the **Grid Code Review Panel, Users** and other persons who may be interested.

GR.14 CHANGE CO-ORDINATION

GR.14.1 The **Code Administrator** shall establish (and, where appropriate, revise from time to time) joint working arrangements for change co-ordination with each **Core Industry Document Owner** and with the **STC Modification Panel** to facilitate the identification, co-ordination, making and implementation of change to **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC** consequent on a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, including, but not limited to, changes that are appropriate in order to avoid conflict or inconsistency as between the **Grid Code** and any **Core Industry Document** and the **STC**, in a full and timely manner.

GR.14.2 The working arrangements referred to in GR.14.1 shall be such as to enable the consideration, development and evaluation of **Grid Code Modification Proposals**, and the implementation of **Approved Modifications**, to proceed in a full and timely manner and enable changes to **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC** consequent on an amendment to be made and given effect wherever possible (subject to any necessary consent of the **Authority**) at the same time as such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is made and given effect.

GR.15 GRID CODE MODIFICATION PROPOSALS

GR.15.1 A proposal to modify the Grid Code may be made:

- (a) by any **User**; any **Authorised Electricity Operator** liable to be materially affected by such a proposal; the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland**;
- (b) under GR.25.5, by the **Grid Code Review Panel**; or
- (c) by the **Authority**:
 - (i) following publication of its **Significant Code Review** conclusions; or
 - (ii) under GR.17; or
 - (iii) in order to comply with or implement the **Electricity Regulation** and/or any relevant **Legally Binding Decisions of the European Commission and/or the Agency**.

GR.15.2 A **Standard Modification** shall follow the procedure set out in GR.18 to GR.22.

GR.15.3 A **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall be submitted in writing to the **Panel Secretary** and, subject to the provisions of GR.15.4 below, shall contain the following information in relation to such proposal:

- (a) the name of the **Proposer**;
- (b) the name of the representative of the **Proposer** who shall represent the **Proposer** in person for the purposes of this GR.15;
- (c) a description (in reasonable but not excessive detail) of the issue or defect which the proposed modification seeks to address;
- (d) a description (in reasonable but not excessive detail) of the proposed modification and of its nature and purpose;
- (e) where possible, an indication of those parts of the Grid Code which would require amendment in order to give effect to (and/or would otherwise be affected by) the proposed modification and an indication of the nature of those amendments or effects;
- (f) the reasons why the **Proposer** believes that the proposed modification would better facilitate achievement of the **Grid Code Objectives** as compared with the current version of the Grid Code together with background information in support thereof;
- (g) the reasoned opinion of the **Proposer** as to why the proposed modification should not fall within a current **Significant Code Review**, whether the proposed modification should be treated as a **Self-Governance Modification** or whether the proposed modification fails to meet the **Self-Governance Criteria** and as a result should proceed along the **Standard Modification** route;
- (h) the reasoned opinion of the **Proposer** as to whether that impact is likely to be material and if so an assessment of the quantifiable impact of the proposed modification on greenhouse gas emissions, to be conducted in accordance with such current guidance on the treatment of carbon costs and evaluation of the greenhouse gas emissions as may be issued by the **Authority** from time to time;
- (i) where possible, an indication of the impact of the proposed modification on **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
- (j) where possible, an indication of the impact of the proposed modification on relevant computer systems and processes used by **Users**.

- (k) whether or not (and to the extent) that in the proposer's view the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** constitutes an amendment to the **Regulated Sections** of the Grid Code.

GR.15.4 The **Proposer** of a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** is not required to provide the items referenced at GR.15.3 (f) – (j) inclusive, unless either:

- (a) the **Grid Code Review Panel** has, pursuant to GR.26.5 or GR.26.6, not agreed unanimously that the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** meets the **Fast Track Criteria**, or has not unanimously approved the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**; or
- (b) there has been an objection to the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** pursuant to GR.26.12, whereupon the **Proposer** shall be entitled to provide the additional information required pursuant to GR.15.3 for a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** within 28 days of the **Panel Secretary's** request. Where the **Proposer** fails to provide the additional information in accordance with such timescales, the **Panel Secretary** may reject such proposal in accordance with GR.15.5.

GR.15.5 If a proposal fails in any material respect to provide the information in GR.15.3 (excluding (e), (i) and (j) thereof), the **Panel Secretary** may reject such proposal provided that:

- (a) the **Panel Secretary** shall furnish the **Proposer** with the reasons for such rejection;
- (b) the **Panel Secretary** shall report such rejection to the **Grid Code Review Panel** at the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, with details of the reasons;
- (c) if the **Grid Code Review Panel** decides or the **Authority** directs to reverse the **Panel Secretary's** decision to refuse the submission, the **Panel Secretary** shall notify the **Proposer** accordingly and the proposal shall be dealt with in accordance with these **Governance Rules**;
- (d) nothing in these **Governance Rules** shall prevent a **Proposer** from submitting a revised proposal in compliance with the requirements of GR.15.3 in respect of the same subject-matter.

GR.15.6 Without prejudice to the development of a **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** pursuant to GR.20.13 and GR.20.18, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall direct in the case of (a), and may direct in the case of (b), the **Panel Secretary** to reject a proposal pursuant to GR.15, other than a proposal submitted by **The Company** pursuant to a direction issued by the **Authority** following a **Significant Code Review** in accordance with GR.16.4, or an Authority Led modification, if and to the extent that such proposal has, in the opinion of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, substantially the same effect as:

- (a) a **Pending Grid Code Modification Proposal**; or
- (b) a **Rejected Grid Code Modification Proposal**, where such proposal is made at any time within two (2) months after the decision of the **Authority** not to direct **The Company** to modify the Grid Code pursuant to the **Transmission Licence** in the manner set out in such **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, and the **Panel Secretary** shall notify the **Proposer** accordingly.

GR.15.7 Promptly upon receipt of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, the **Panel Secretary** shall:

- (a) allocate a unique reference number to the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
- (b) enter details of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** on the **Grid Code Modification Register**;
- (c) reserve the right to modify the title or summary of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to better reflect the content or intent of the proposal. If such changes are made these shall be agreed by the **Proposer**, or where this cannot be achieved by the

Grid Code Review Panel at their next meeting; and

- (d) note whether in the proposer's view the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** constitutes an amendment to the **Regulated Sections** of the Grid Code.

GR.15.8 Subject to GR.8.6 and GR.26, where the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is received more than ten (10) **Business Days** prior to the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, the **Panel Secretary** shall place the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** on the agenda of the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting and otherwise shall place it on the agenda of the next succeeding **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting.

GR.15.9 It shall be a condition to the right to make a proposal to modify the **Grid Code** under this GR.15 that the **Proposer**:

- (a) grants a non-exclusive royalty free licence to all **Users** who request the same covering all present and future rights, **IPRs** and moral rights it may have in such proposal (as regards use or application in Great Britain); and
- (b) warrants that, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, no other person has asserted to the **Proposer** that such person has any **IPRs** or normal rights or rights of confidence in such proposal, and, in making a proposal, a **Proposer** which is a **Grid Code Party** shall be deemed to have granted the licence and given the warranty in (a) and (b) above.
- (c) The provisions of this GR.15.9 shall apply to any **WG Consultation Alternative Request**, and also to a **Relevant Party** supporting a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in place of the original **Proposer** in accordance with GR.15.10 (a) for these purposes the term **Proposer** shall include any such **Relevant Party** or a person making such a **WG Consultation Alternative Request**.

GR.15.10 Subject to GR.16.1, which deals with the withdrawal of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** made pursuant to a direction following a **Significant Code Review**, a **Proposer** may withdraw their support for a **Standard Modification** by notice to the **Panel Secretary** at any time prior to the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** undertaken in relation to that **Standard Modification** pursuant to GR.22.4, and a **Proposer** may withdraw their support for a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** that meets the **Self-Governance Criteria** by notice to the **Panel Secretary** at any time prior to the **Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote** undertaken in relation to that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** pursuant to GR.24.9, and a **Proposer** may withdraw their support for a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** by notice to the **Panel Secretary** at any time prior to the **Panel's** vote on whether to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** pursuant to GR.26 in which case the **Panel Secretary** shall forthwith:

- (a) notify those parties specified in GR.15.1 as relevant in relation to the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in question (a "**Relevant Party**") that they have been notified of the withdrawal of support by the **Proposer** by publication on the **Website** and (where relevant details are supplied) by electronic mail. A **Relevant Party** may within five (5) **Business Days** notify the **Panel Secretary** that it is prepared to support the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in place of the original **Proposer**. If such notice is received, the name of such **Relevant Party** shall replace that of the original **Proposer** as the **Proposer**, and the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall continue. If more than one notice is received, the first received shall be utilised;
- (b) if no notice of support is received under (a), the matter shall be discussed at the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting. If the **Grid Code Review Panel** so agrees, it may notify **Relevant Parties** that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is to be withdrawn, and a further period of five (5) **Business Days** shall be given for support to be indicated by way of notice;
- (c) if no notice of support is received under (a) or (b), the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall be marked as withdrawn on the **Grid Code Modification Register**; **Code Administrator** as Critical Friend.

- GR.15.11 The **Code Administrator** shall provide assistance insofar as is reasonably practicable and on reasonable request to parties with an interest in the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** process that request it in relation to the **Grid Code**, as provided for in the **Code Administration Code of Practice**, including, but not limited to, assistance with:
- (a) Drafting a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
 - (b) Understanding the operation of the **Grid Code**;
 - (c) Their involvement in, and representation during, the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** process (including but not limited to **Grid Code Review Panel**, and/or **Workgroup** meetings) as required or as described in the **Code Administration Code of Practice**;
 - (d) Helping the **Proposer** and **Workgroup** by producing draft legal text once a clear solution has been developed to support the discussion and understanding of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**; and
 - (e) accessing information relating to **Grid Code Modification Proposals** and/or **Approved Modifications**.
- GR.16 SIGNIFICANT CODE REVIEW
- GR.16.1 If any party specified under GR.15.1 (other than the **Authority**) makes a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** during a **Significant Code Review Phase**, unless exempted by the **Authority** or unless GR.16.4(b) applies, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall assess whether the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review** and the applicability of the exceptions set out in GR.16.4 and shall notify the **Authority** of its assessment, its reasons for that assessment and any representations received in relation to it as soon as practicable.
- GR.16.2 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall proceed with the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** made during a **Significant Code Review Phase** in accordance with GR.18 (notwithstanding any consultation undertaken pursuant to GR.16.5 and its outcome), unless directed otherwise by the **Authority** pursuant to GR.16.3.
- GR.16.3 Subject to GR.16.4, the **Authority** may at any time direct that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** made during a **Significant Code Review Phase** falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review** and must not be made during the **Significant Code Review Phase**. If so directed, the **Grid Code Review Panel** will not proceed with that **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, and the **Proposer** shall decide whether the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall be withdrawn or suspended until the end of the **Significant Code Review Phase**. If the **Proposer** fails to indicate its decision whether to withdraw or suspend the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** within twenty-eight (28) days of the **Authority's** direction, it shall be deemed to be suspended. If the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is suspended, it shall be open to the **Proposer** at the end of the **Significant Code Review Phase** to indicate to the **Grid Code Review Panel** that it wishes that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to proceed, and it shall be considered and taken forward in the manner decided upon by the **Grid Code Review Panel** at the next meeting, and it is open to the **Grid Code Review Panel** to take into account any work previously undertaken in respect of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal**. If the **Proposer** makes no indication to the **Grid Code Review Panel** within twenty-eight (28) days of the end of the **Significant Code Review Phase** as to whether or not it wishes the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to proceed, it shall be deemed to be withdrawn.
- GR.16.4 A **Grid Code Modification Proposal** that falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review** may be made where:
- (a) the **Authority** so determines, having taken into account (among other things) the urgency of the subject matter of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
- or

- (b) the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is made by **The Company** pursuant to a direction from the **Authority**; or
- (c) it is raised by the **Authority** pursuant to GR15.1(c)(i) who reasonably considers the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to be necessary to comply with or implement the **Electricity Regulation** and/or any relevant **Legally Binding Decisions of the European Commission and/or the Agency**;
- (d) it is raised by the **Authority** and is in respect of a **Significant Code Review**.

GR.16.5

Where a direction under GR.16.3 has not been issued, GR.16.4 does not apply and the **Grid Code Review Panel** considers that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** made during a **Significant Code Review Phase** falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may consult on its suitability as part of the **Standard Modification** route set out in GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.

GR.16.6

If, within twenty eight (28) days after the **Authority** has published its **Significant Code Review** conclusions:

- (a) the **Authority** issues directions to **The Company**, including directions to **The Company** to make a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, **The Company** shall comply with those directions and **The Company** and all **Users** shall treat the **Significant Code Review Phase** as ended on the date on which **The Company** makes a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in accordance with the **Authority's** directions;
- (b) the **Authority** issues to the **The Company** a statement that no directions under sub-paragraph (a) will be issued in relation to a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, **The Company** and all **Users** shall treat the **Significant Code Review Phase** as ended on the date of such statement;
- (c) the **Authority** raises a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in accordance with GR.15.1(c) or GR.17 **The Company** and all **Users** shall treat the **Significant Code Review Phase** as ended;
- (d) the **Authority** issues a statement that it will continue work on the **Significant Code Review**, **The Company** and all **Users** shall treat the **Significant Code Review Phase** as continuing until it is brought to an end in accordance with GR.16.7;
- (e) neither directions under sub-paragraph (a) nor a statement under sub-paragraphs (b) or (d) have been issued, nor a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** under sub-paragraph (c) has been made, the **Significant Code Review Phase** will be deemed to have ended. The **Authority's** published conclusions and directions to **The Company** will not fetter any voting rights of the **Panel Members** or the procedures informing the **Grid Code Modification Report**.

GR.16.7

If the **Authority** issues a statement under GR.16.6(d) and/or a direction in accordance with GR.16.10, the **Significant Code Review Phase** will be deemed to have ended when:

- (a) the **Authority** issues a statement that the **Significant Code Review Phase** has ended;
- (b) one of the circumstances in sub-paragraphs GR.16.6(a) or (c) occurs (irrespective of whether such circumstance occurs within twenty-eight (28) days after the **Authority** has published its **Significant Code Review** conclusions); or
- (c) the **Authority** makes a decision consenting, or otherwise, to an **Authority-Led Modification** following the **Grid Code Review Panel's** submission of

its **Grid Code Modification Report**.

- GR.16.8 Any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in respect of a **Significant Code Review** that is not an **Authority-Led Modification** raised pursuant to GR.17 shall be treated as a **Standard Modification** and shall proceed through the process for **Standard Modifications** set out in GR.18, GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.
- GR.16.9 **The Company** may not, without the prior consent of the **Authority**, withdraw a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** made pursuant to a direction issued by the **Authority** pursuant to GR.16.4(b)).
- GR.16.10 Where a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** has been raised in accordance with GR.16.4(b) or GR.15.1(a), or by the **Authority** under GR.15.1(c) and it is in respect of a **Significant Code Review**, the **Authority** may issue a direction (a "backstop direction"), which requires such proposal(s) and any alternatives to be withdrawn and which causes the **Significant Code Review Phase** to recommence.
- GR.17 AUTHORITY LED MODIFICATIONS
Power to develop a proposed modification
- GR.17.1 The **Authority** may develop an **Authority-Led Modification** in respect of a **Significant Code Review**, in accordance with the procedures set out in this GR.17.
- GR.17.2 An **Authority-led Modification** may be submitted where the **Significant Code Review Phase** is extended by a statement issued by the **Authority** as described in GR.16.6(d), or where a direction is issued under GR.16.10.
Authority-Led Modification Report
- GR.17.3 The **Authority** may submit its proposed **Authority-Led Modification** to the **Code Administrator**, together with such supplemental information as the **Authority** considers appropriate.
- GR.17.4 Upon receipt of the **Authority's** proposal under GR.17.3, the **Code Administrator** shall prepare a written report on the proposal (the "**Authority-Led Modification Report**"). Where the **Code Administrator** does not reasonably believe the information provided by the **Authority** under 17.3 to be sufficient for it to prepare an **Authority-Led Modification Report** the **Code Administrator** will notify the **Authority** as soon as reasonably practical. The **Authority-Led Modification Report** must be consistent with the information provided by the **Authority** under GR.17.3, and shall:
- (a) be addressed and delivered to the **Grid Code Review Panel**;
 - (b) set out the legal text of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification**;
 - (c) include a description of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification**;
 - (d) include a summary of the views (including any recommendations) from parties consulted in respect of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification**;
 - (e) include an analysis of whether (and, if so, to what extent) the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** would better facilitate achievement of the **Grid Code Objective(s)** with a detailed explanation of the **Authority's** reasons for its assessment, including, where the impact is likely to be material, an assessment of the quantifiable impact of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** on greenhouse gas emissions, to be conducted in accordance with such current guidance on the treatment of carbon costs and evaluation of the greenhouse gas emissions as may be issued by the **Authority** from time to time, and providing a detailed explanation of the **Authority's** reasons for that assessment;

- (f) specify the proposed implementation timetable (including the **Proposed Implementation Date**);
- (g) provide an assessment of:
 - (i) the impact of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** on the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
 - (ii) the changes which would be required to the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC** in order to give effect to the proposed **Authority-Led Modification**;
 - (iii) the mechanism and likely timescale for the making of the changes referred to in (ii);
 - (iv) the changes and/or developments which would be required to central computer systems and, if practicable, processes used in connection with the operation of arrangements established under the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
 - (v) the mechanism and likely timescale for the making of the changes referred to in (iv);
 - (vi) an estimate of the costs associated with making and delivering the changes referred to in (ii) and (iv), such costs are expected to relate to: for (ii) the costs of amending the **Core Industry Document(s)** and **STC** and for (iv) the costs of changes to computer systems and possibly processes which are established for the operation of the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**, together with an analysis and a summary of representations in relation to such matters, including any made by **Small Participants**, the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland**;
- (h) contain, to the extent such information is available to the **Code Administrator**, an assessment of the impact of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** on **Users** in general (or classes of **Users**), including the changes which are likely to be required to their internal systems and processes and an estimate of the development, capital and operating costs associated with implementing the changes to the **Grid Code** and to **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
- (i) include copies of (and a summary of) all written representations or objections made by parties consulted by the **Authority** in respect of the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** and subsequently maintained; and
- (j) have appended a copy of any impact assessment prepared by **Core Industry Document Owners** and the **STC** committee and the views and comments of the **Code Administrator** in respect thereof.

GR.17.5 Where the **Authority-Led Modification Report** is received more than ten (10) **Business Days** prior to the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, the **Panel Secretary** shall place the proposed **Authority-Led Modification** on the agenda of the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting and otherwise shall place it on the agenda of the next succeeding **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting.

Grid Code Review Panel Decision

GR.17.6 In the case of **Authority-Led Modifications** GR.22 shall apply, save for GR.22.1 and GR.22.2 and the **Authority-Led Modification Report** shall be used as the draft **Grid Code Modification Report**.

GR.17.7 Where an **Authority-Led Modification** has been approved in accordance with Section GR.22, GR.25 (Implementation) shall apply.

GR.18 GRID CODE MODIFICATION PROPOSAL EVALUATION

GR.18.1 This GR.18 is subject to the **Urgent Modification** procedures set out in GR.23 and the **Significant Code Review** procedures set out in GR.16.

GR.18.2 A **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall, subject to GR.15.8, be discussed by the **Grid Code Review Panel** at the next following **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting convened.

- GR.18.3 The **Proposer's** representative shall attend such **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting and the **Grid Code Review Panel** may invite the **Proposer's** representative to present their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to the **Grid Code Review Panel**.
- GR.18.4 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall evaluate each **Grid Code Modification Proposal** against the **Self-Governance Criteria**.
- GR.18.5 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall follow the procedure set out in GR.24 in respect of any **Modification** that the **Grid Code Review Panel** considers meets the **Self-Governance Criteria** unless the **Authority** makes a direction in accordance with GR.24.2 and in such a case that **Modification** shall be a **Standard Modification** and shall follow the procedure set out in GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.
- GR.18.6 Unless the **Authority** makes a direction in accordance with GR.24.4, a **Modification** that the **Grid Code Review Panel** considers does not meet the **Self-Governance Criteria** shall be a **Standard Modification** and shall follow the procedure set out in GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.
- GR.18.7 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall evaluate each **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** against the **Fast Track Criteria**.
- GR.18.8 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall follow the procedure set out in GR.26 in respect of any **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**. The provisions of GR.19 to GR.24 shall not apply to a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**.
- GR.18.9 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall evaluate each **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and determine whether the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** constitutes an amendment to the **Regulated Sections** of the Grid Code and, if a change to the areas set out in Table 1 of the GR.B annex which details the **Regulated Sections**, its expected impact on the objectives of **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195) (and in the event of disagreement **The Company's** view shall prevail).

GR.19 PANEL PROCEEDINGS

GR.19.1

- (a) The **Code Administrator** and the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall together establish a timetable to apply for the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** process. That timetable must comply with any direction(s) issued by the **Authority** setting and/or amending a timetable in relation to a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** that is in the respect of a **Significant Code Review**.
- (b) The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall establish the part of the timetable for the consideration by the **Grid Code Review Panel** and by a **Workgroup** (if any) which shall be no longer than six months unless in any case the particular circumstances of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** (taking due account of its complexity, importance and urgency) justify an extension of such timetable, and provided the **Authority**, after receiving notice, does not object, taking into account all those issues.
- (c) The **Code Administrator** shall establish the part of the timetable for the consultation to be undertaken by the **Code Administrator** under these **Governance Rules** and separately the preparation of a **Grid Code Modification Report** to the **Authority**. Where the particular circumstances of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** (taking due account of its complexity, importance and urgency) justify an extension of such timescales and provided the **Authority**, after receiving notice, does not object, taking into account all those issues, the **Code Administrator** may revise such part of the timetable.
- (d) In setting such a timetable, the **Grid Code Review Panel** and the **Code Administrator** shall exercise their respective discretions such that, in respect of each **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, a **Grid Code Modification Report** may be submitted to the **Authority** as soon after the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is made as is consistent with the proper evaluation of such **Grid Code Modification Proposal**,

taking due account of its complexity, importance and urgency.

- (e) Having regard to the complexity, importance and urgency of particular **Grid Code Modification Proposals**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may determine the priority of **Grid Code Modification Proposals** and may (subject to any objection from the **Authority** taking into account all those issues) adjust the priority of the relevant **Grid Code Modification Proposal** accordingly.

GR.19.2 In relation to each **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall determine at any meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** whether to:

- (a) amalgamate the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** with any other **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
- (b) invite the **Proposer** to further develop their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** before presenting it to a subsequent meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** or to withdraw their modification proposal;
- (c) establish a **Workgroup** of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, to consider the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
- (d) review the evaluation made pursuant to GR.18.4, taking into account any new information received; or
- (e) proceed directly to wider consultation (in which case the **Proposer's** right to vary their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall lapse).

GR.19.3 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may decide to amalgamate a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** with one or more other **Grid Code Modification Proposals** where the subject-matter of such **Grid Code Modification Proposals** is sufficiently proximate to justify amalgamation on the grounds of efficiency and/or where such **Grid Code Modification Proposals** are logically dependent on each other. Such amalgamation may only occur with the consent of the **Proposers** of the respective **Grid Code Modification Proposals**. The **Authority** shall be entitled to direct that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is not amalgamated with one or more other **Grid Code Modification Proposals**.

GR.19.4 Without prejudice to each **Proposer's** right to withdraw their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** prior to the amalgamation of their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** where **Grid Code Modification Proposals** are amalgamated pursuant to GR.19.3:

- (a) such **Grid Code Modification Proposals** shall be treated as a single **Grid Code Modification Proposal**;
- (b) references in these **Governance Rules** to a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall include and apply to a group of two or more **Grid Code Modification Proposals** so amalgamated; and
- (c) the **Proposers** of each such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall cooperate in deciding which of them is to provide a representative for any **Workgroup** in respect of the amalgamated **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and, in default of agreement, the **Panel Chairperson** shall nominate one of the **Proposers** for that purpose.

GR.19.5 In respect of any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** that the **Grid Code Review Panel** determines to proceed directly to wider consultation in accordance with GR.19.2, the **Grid Code Review Panel**, may at any time prior to the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** having taken place decide to establish a **Workgroup** of the **Grid Code Review Panel** and the provisions of GR.20 shall apply. In such case the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be entitled to adjust the timetable referred to at GR.19.1(b) and the **Code Administrator** shall be entitled to adjust the timetable referred to at GR.19.1(c), provided that the **Authority**, after receiving notice, does not object.

GR.19.6 Where the **Grid Code Review Panel** according to GR.19.2(b) invites the **Proposer** to further develop their **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, on presenting this to a

subsequent meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, the **Panel** will determine a way forward from the options in GR.19.2 (a), (c), (d) and (e) or invite the **Proposer** to withdraw their modification proposal.

GR.19.7 Where the **Grid Code Review Panel** according to GR.19.2(b) or GR.19.6 invites the **Proposer** to further develop or withdraw their modification and this is declined, the **Panel** will determine a way forward from the options in GR.19.2 (a), (c), (d) or (e).

GR.20 WORKGROUPS

GR.20.1 If the **Grid Code Review Panel** has decided not to proceed directly to wider consultation (or where the provisions of GR.19.5, GR.23.10 or GR.25.5 apply), a **Workgroup** will be established by the **Grid Code Review Panel** to assist the **Grid Code Review Panel** in evaluating whether a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** better facilitates achieving the **Grid Code Objectives** and whether a **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** would, as compared with the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, better facilitate achieving the **Grid Code Objectives** in relation to the issue or defect identified in the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.

GR.20.2 A single **Workgroup** may be responsible for the evaluation of more than one **Grid Code Modification Proposal** at the same time, but need not be so responsible.

GR.20.3 A **Workgroup** shall comprise at least five (5) persons (who may be **Panel Members**) selected by the **Grid Code Review Panel** from those nominated by **Users**, the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** for their relevant experience and/or expertise in the areas forming the subject-matter of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal(s)** to be considered by such **Workgroup** (and the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall ensure, as far as possible, that an appropriate cross-section of representation, experience and expertise is represented on such **Workgroup**) provided that there shall always be at least one member representing **The Company** and if, and only if, the **Grid Code Review Panel** is of the view that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is likely to have an impact on the **STC**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may invite the **STC** committee to appoint a representative to become a member of the **Workgroup**. A representative of the **Authority** may attend any meeting of a **Workgroup** as an observer and may speak at such meeting.

GR.20.4 The **Code Administrator** shall in consultation with the **Grid Code Review Panel** appoint the chairperson of the **Workgroup** who shall act impartially and as an independent chairperson.

GR.20.5 No **Workgroup** or meeting of a **Workgroup** will be considered quorate with less than five (5) persons, not including the **Code Administrator** representative or the chairperson of the **Workgroup**. Where insufficient persons are nominated to a **Workgroup** for it to be quorate, the **Code Administrator** will report this to the next meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**. The **Panel** may:

- (a) Request the **Code Administrator** to seek further nominations;
- (b) Reconsider their decision on how to progress the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** as allowed under GR.19.2; or
- (c) Request that those parties that have nominated themselves to a **Workgroup** which is less than quorate should proceed as a **Limited Membership Workgroup**, subject to the following additional checks and balances:
 - (i) A **Limited Membership Workgroup** shall always hold a **Workgroup Consultation** in addition to the mandatory **Code Administrator Consultation**.
 - (ii) Prior to the **Workgroup Consultation**, a draft of this shall be circulated to the **Grid Code Review Panel** for five (5) days or another timescale as agreed by the **Panel** for approval.
 - (iii) At the same time as the **Workgroup Consultation** is initiated, the **Code Administrator** shall again formally seek nominations and if quoracy is not

established then again seek advice from the **Panel** on how to proceed from the options set out in GR.20.5.

Where a **Workgroup** remains non-quorate, and with the permission of the **Panel**, a **Limited Membership Workgroup** may continue following a **Workgroup Consultation** as if it were a standard **Workgroup**.

GR.20.6 A **Limited Membership Workgroup** may at any point be instructed by the **Authority** to either:

- (a) Stop work; or
- (b) To provide a report on progress to the next meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel**.

The **Authority** may also at any point instruct the **Code Administrator** to seek further nominations for membership.

GR.20.7 Where a specific meeting of an otherwise quorate **Workgroup** is not quorate, or where member(s) of a **Limited Membership Workgroup** are unable to attend a meeting:

- (a) A member of the **Workgroup** unable to attend will be invited by the **Code Administrator** to send an alternate;
- (b) All members will be invited to participate by telephone, webinar or other equivalent if not able to attend in person;
- (c) A meeting may proceed as a **Workgroup** meeting as long as none of the members either present or absent raise an objection to this, however no voting can take place unless the **Code Administrator** has obtained enough votes to be quorate from members not in attendance or from all members of a **Limited Membership Workgroup**. This shall include where there has not been an opportunity to check with all **Workgroup** members to see if they have an objection (typically where a change of plans or circumstances has occurred too late to achieve this);
- (d) If any **Workgroup** member objects to the progressing of a **Workgroup** without them, they must communicate this to the **Code Administrator** at least 24 hours before the meeting indicating that they will not be present and do not wish the meeting to take place. The **Code Administrator** will then endeavour to rearrange the meeting to accommodate such a member's availability;
- (e) Where a **Workgroup** member is repeatedly unavailable, as guidance on 3 consecutive occasions, and does not give permission for the **Workgroup** to proceed without them as in (d), under GR.20.7 the **Grid Code Review Panel** may choose to replace or remove them.

GR.20.8 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may add further members or the **Workgroup** chairperson may add or vary members to a **Workgroup**.

GR.20.9 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may (but shall not be obliged to) replace or remove any member or observer of a **Workgroup** appointed pursuant to GR.20.3 at any time if such member is unwilling or unable for whatever reason to fulfil that function and/or is deliberately and persistently disrupting or frustrating the work of the **Workgroup**.

GR.20.10 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall determine the terms of reference of each **Workgroup** and may change those terms of reference from time to time as it sees fit.

GR.20.11 The terms of reference of a **Workgroup** must include provision in respect of the following matters:

- (a) those areas of a **Workgroup's** powers or activities which require the prior approval of the **Grid Code Review Panel**;
- (b) the seeking of instructions, clarification or guidance from the **Grid Code Review Panel**,

including on the suspension of a **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** during a **Significant Code Review Phase**;

- (c) the timetable for the work to be done by the **Workgroup**, in accordance with the timetable established pursuant to GR.19.1 (save where GR.19.5 applies); and
- (d) the length of any **Workgroup Consultation**.

In addition, prior to the taking of any steps which would result in the undertaking of a significant amount of work (including the production of draft legal text to modify the **Grid Code** in order to give effect to a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and/or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**, with the relevant terms of reference setting out what a significant amount of work would be in any given case), the **Workgroup** shall seek the views of the **Grid Code Review Panel** as to whether to proceed with such steps and, in giving its views, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may consult the **Authority** in respect thereof.

GR.20.12 Subject to the provisions of this GR.20.12 and unless otherwise determined by the **Grid Code Review Panel**, the **Workgroup** shall develop and adopt its own internal working procedures for the conduct of its business and shall provide a copy of such procedures to the **Panel Secretary** in respect of each **Grid Code Modification Proposal** for which it is responsible. Unless the **Grid Code Review Panel** otherwise determines, meetings of each **Workgroup** shall be open to attendance by a representative of any **User**, (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator; The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice**, the **Citizens Advice Scotland**, the **Authority** and any person invited by the chairperson, and the chairperson of a **Workgroup** may invite any such person to speak at such meetings, other than the **Authority** who may speak at any time as per GR.20.3.

GR.20.13 After development by the **Workgroup** of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, and (if applicable) after development of any draft **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**, the **Workgroup** may (subject to the provisions of GR.20.19) consult ("**Workgroup Consultation**") on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and, if applicable, on any draft **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** with:

- (a) **Users**; and
- (b) such other persons who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it.

GR.20.14 The **Workgroup Consultation** will be undertaken by issuing a **Workgroup Consultation** paper (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users** and such other persons, who have supplied relevant details, shall meet this requirement).

Such **Workgroup Consultation** paper will include:

- (a) Issues which arose in the **Workgroup** discussions;
- (b) Details of any draft **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**;
- (c) The date proposed by the **Code Administrator** as the **Proposed Implementation Date**.

GR.20.15 **Workgroup Consultation** papers will be copied to **Core Industry Document Owners** and the secretary of the **STC** committee.

GR.20.16 Any **Authorised Electricity Operator**; the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland**, **The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party** may (subject to GR.20.20) raise a **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request** in response to the **Workgroup Consultation**. Such **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request** must include:

- (a) the information required by GR.15.3 (which shall be read and construed so that any references therein to "amendment proposal" or "proposal" shall be read as "request" and any reference to "Proposer" shall be read as "requester"); and

- (b) sufficient detail to enable consideration of the request including details as to how the request better facilitates the **Grid Code Objectives** than the current version of the **Grid Code**, than the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and than any draft **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**.
- GR.20.17 The **Workgroup** shall consider and analyse any comments made or any **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request** made by any **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator; The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland** in response to the **Workgroup Consultation**.
- GR.20.18 If a majority of the members of the **Workgroup** or the chairperson of the **Workgroup** believe that the **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request** may better facilitate the **Grid Code Objectives** than the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, the **Workgroup** shall develop it as a **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** or, where the chairperson of the **Workgroup** agrees, amalgamate it with one or more other draft **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** or **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request(s)**;
- GR.20.19 Unless the **Grid Code Review Panel** directs the **Workgroup** otherwise pursuant to GR.20.20, and provided that a **Workgroup Consultation** has been undertaken in respect of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, no further **Workgroup Consultation** will be required in respect of any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** developed in respect of such **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.
- GR.20.20 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may, at the request of the chairperson of the **Workgroup**, direct the **Workgroup** to undertake further **Workgroup Consultation(s)**. At the same time as such direction the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall adjust the timetable referred to at GR.19.1(b) and the **Code Administrator** shall be entitled to adjust the timetable referred to at GR.19.1 (c), provided that the **Authority**, after receiving notice, does not object. No **Workgroup Consultation Alternative Request** may be raised by any **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator; The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland** during any second or subsequent **Workgroup Consultation**.
- GR.20.21 The **Workgroup** shall finalise the **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** for inclusion in the report to the **Grid Code Review Panel**.
- (a) Each **Workgroup** chairperson shall prepare a report to the **Grid Code Review Panel** responding to the matters detailed in the terms of reference in accordance with the timetable set out in the terms of reference.
- (b) If a **Workgroup** is unable to reach agreement on any such matter, the report must reflect the views of the members of the **Workgroup**.
- (c) The report will be circulated in draft form to **Workgroup** members and a period of not less than five (5) **Business Days** or if all **Workgroup** members agree three (3) **Business Days** given for comments thereon. Any unresolved comments made shall be reflected in the final report.
- GR.20.23 The chairperson or another member (nominated by the chairperson) of the **Workgroup** shall attend the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting following delivery of the report and may be invited to present the findings and/or answer the questions of **Panel Members** in respect thereof. Other members of the **Workgroup** may also attend such **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting.
- GR.20.24 At the meeting referred to in GR.20.23 the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall consider the **Workgroup's** report and shall determine whether to:-
- (a) refer the proposed **Grid Code Modification Proposal** back to the **Workgroup** for further analysis (in which case the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall determine the timetable and terms of reference to apply in relation to such further analysis); or
- (b) proceed then to wider consultation as set out in GR.21; or

(c) decide on another suitable course of action.

GR.20.25 Subject to GR.16.4 if, at any time during the assessment process carried out by the **Workgroup** pursuant to this GR.20, the **Workgroup** considers that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review**, it shall consult on this as part of the **Workgroup Consultation** and include its reasoned assessment in the report to the **Grid Code Review Panel** prepared pursuant to GR.20.22. If the **Grid Code Review Panel** considers that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or the **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** falls within the scope of a **Significant Code Review**, it shall consult with the **Authority**. If the **Authority** directs that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** falls within the scope of the **Significant Code Review**, the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** shall be suspended or withdrawn during the **Significant Code Review Phase**, in accordance with GR.16.3.

GR.20.26 The **Proposer** may, at any time prior to the final evaluation by the **Workgroup** (in accordance with its terms of reference and working practices) of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** against the **Grid Code Objectives**, vary their **Grid Code Modification Proposal** on notice (which may be given verbally) to the chairperson of the **Workgroup** provided that such varied **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall address the same issue or defect originally identified by the **Proposer** in their **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.

GR.20.27 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may (but shall not be obliged to) require a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to be withdrawn if, in the **Panel's** opinion, the **Proposer** of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is deliberately and persistently disrupting or frustrating the work of the **Workgroup** and that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall be deemed to have been so withdrawn. In the event that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is so withdrawn, the provisions of GR.15.10 shall apply in respect of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.

GR.21 THE CODE ADMINISTRATOR CONSULTATION

GR.21.1 In respect of any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** where a **Workgroup** has been established GR.21.2 to GR.21.6 shall apply.

GR.21.2 After consideration of any **Workgroup** report on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and if applicable any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** by the **Grid Code Review Panel** and a determination by the **Grid Code Review Panel** to proceed to wider consultation, the **Code Administrator** shall bring to the attention of and consult on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and if applicable any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** with:

- (i) **Users**; and
- (ii) such other persons who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it, including **Small Participants**, the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland**.

GR.21.3 The consultation will be undertaken by issuing a Consultation Paper (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users** and such other persons, who have supplied relevant details, shall meet this requirement). The consultation shall last for a minimum of one month unless it is deemed to be an **Urgent Modification**. For **Urgent Modifications** the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall confirm the proposed drafting for the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** do not include changes to **Regulated Sections**; provided there are no proposed changes to a **Regulated Section** then a shorter consultation duration can be applied if approved by the **Authority**, otherwise the standard one month consultation will apply.

GR.21.4 The Consultation Paper will contain:

- (a) the proposed drafting for the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** (unless the **Authority** decides none is needed in the **Grid Code Modification Report** under GR.21.5) and will indicate the issues which arose in the **Workgroup** discussions, where there has been a **Workgroup** and will incorporate **The Company's** and the **Grid Code Review Panel's** initial views on the way forward; and
- (b) the date proposed by the **Code Administrator** as the **Proposed Implementation Date** and, where the **Workgroup** terms of reference require and the dates proposed by the **Workgroup** are different from those proposed by the **Code Administrator**, those proposed by the **Workgroup**. In relation to a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** that meets the **Self-Governance Criteria**, the **Code Administrator** may not propose an implementation date earlier than the sixteenth (16) **Business Day** following the publication of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** decision to approve or reject the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**. Views will be invited on these dates.

GR.21.5 Where the **Grid Code Review Panel** is of the view that the proposed text to amend the Grid Code for a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** is not needed in the **Grid Code Modification Report**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall consult (giving its reasons as to why it is of this view) with the **Authority** as to whether the **Authority** would like the **Grid Code Modification Report** to include the proposed text to amend the **Grid Code**. If it does not, no text needs to be included. If it does, and no detailed text has yet been prepared, the **Code Administrator** shall prepare such text to modify the **Grid Code** in order to give effect to such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** and shall seek the conclusions of the relevant **Workgroup** before consulting those identified in GR.21.2.

GR.21.6 Consultation Papers will be copied to **Core Industry Document Owners** and the secretary of the **STC** committee.

GR.21.7 In respect of any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** where a **Workgroup** has not been established GR.21.8 to GR.21.11 shall apply.

GR.21.8 After determination by the **Grid Code Review Panel** to proceed to wider consultation, such consultation shall be conducted by the **Code Administrator** on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** with:

- (i) **Users**; and
- (ii) such other persons who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it, including **Small Participants**, the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland**.

GR.21.9 The consultation will be undertaken by issuing a Consultation Paper (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users** and such other persons, who have supplied relevant details, shall meet this requirement). The consultation shall last for a minimum of one month unless it is deemed to be an **Urgent Modification**. For **Urgent Modifications** the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall confirm the proposed drafting for the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** do not include changes to **Regulated Sections**; provided there are no proposed changes to a **Regulated Section** then a shorter consultation duration can be applied if approved by the **Authority**, otherwise the standard one month consultation will apply.

GR.21.10 The Consultation Paper will contain:

- (a) the proposed drafting for the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** (unless the **Authority** decides none is needed in the **Grid Code Modification Report** under GR.21.11) and will incorporate **The Company's** and the **Grid Code Review Panel's** initial views on the way forward; and
- (b) the date proposed by the **Code Administrator** as the **Proposed Implementation Date**. Views will be invited on this date.

- GR.21.11 Where the **Grid Code Review Panel** is of the view that the proposed text to amend the **Grid Code** for a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is not needed, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall consult (giving its reasons to why it is of this view) with the **Authority** as to whether the **Authority** would like the **Grid Code Modification Report** to include the proposed text to amend the **Grid Code**. If it does not, no text needs to be included. If it does, and no detailed text has yet been prepared, the **Code Administrator** shall prepare such text to modify the **Grid Code** in order to give effect to such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and consult those identified in GR.21.2.
- GR.22 GRID CODE MODIFICATION REPORTS
- GR.22.1 Subject to the **Code Administrator's** consultation having been completed, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall prepare and submit to the **Authority** a report (the "**Grid Code Modification Report**") in accordance with this GR.22 for each **Grid Code Modification Proposal** which is not withdrawn.
- GR.22.1A Where a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification** constitutes an amendment to the **Regulated Sections**, the **Panel** will consider any consultation responses received and any further work required to assess these as required under GR.18.9.
- GR.22.2 The matters to be included in a **Grid Code Modification Report** shall be the following (in respect of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**):
- (a) A description of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**, including the details of, and the rationale for, any variations made (or, as the case may be, omitted) by the **Proposer** together with the views of the **Workgroup**;
 - (b) the **Panel Members' Recommendation**;
 - (c) a summary (agreed by the **Grid Code Review Panel**) of the views (including any recommendations) from **Panel Members** in the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** and the conclusions of the **Workgroup** (if there is one) in respect of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and of any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**;
 - (d) an analysis of whether (and, if so, to what extent) the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** would better facilitate achievement of the **Grid Code Objective(s)** with a detailed explanation of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** reasons for its assessment, including, where the impact is likely to be material, an assessment of the quantifiable impact of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** on greenhouse gas emissions, to be conducted in accordance with such current guidance on the treatment of carbon costs and evaluation of the greenhouse gas emissions as may be issued by the **Authority** from time to time, and providing a detailed explanation of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** reasons for that assessment;
 - (e) an analysis of whether (and, if so, to what extent) any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** would better facilitate achievement of the **Grid Code Objective(s)** as compared with the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any other **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** and the current version of the **Grid Code**, with a detailed explanation of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** reasons for its assessment, including, where the impact is likely to be material, an assessment of the quantifiable impact of the **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** on greenhouse gas emissions, to be conducted in accordance with such current guidance on the treatment of carbon costs and evaluation of the greenhouse gas emissions as may be issued by the **Authority** from time to time, and providing a detailed explanation of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** reasons for that assessment;
 - (f) the **Proposed Implementation Date** taking into account the views put forward during the process described at GR.21.4 (b) such date to be determined by the **Grid Code**

Review Panel in the event of any disparity between such views and those of the **Code Administrator**;

- (g) an assessment of:
- (i) the impact of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** on the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
 - (ii) the changes which would be required to the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC** in order to give effect to the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**;
 - (iii) the mechanism and likely timescale for the making of the changes referred to in (ii);
 - (iv) the changes and/or developments which would be required to central computer systems and, if practicable, processes used in connection with the operation of arrangements established under the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
 - (v) the mechanism and likely timescale for the making of the changes referred to in (iv);
 - (vi) an estimate of the costs associated with making and delivering the changes referred to in (ii) and (iv), such costs are expected to relate to: for (ii) the costs of amending the **Core Industry Document(s)** and **STC** and for (iv) the costs of changes to computer systems and possibly processes which are established for the operation of the **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**, together with an analysis and a summary of representations in relation to such matters, including any made by **Small Participants**, the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland**;
- (h) to the extent such information is available to the **Code Administrator**, an assessment of the impact of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** on **Users** in general (or classes of **Users** in general), including the changes which are likely to be required to their internal systems and processes and an estimate of the development, capital and operating costs associated with implementing the changes to the **Grid Code** and to **Core Industry Documents** and the **STC**;
- (i) copies of (and a summary of) all written representations or objections made by consultees during the consultation in respect of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** and subsequently maintained;
- (j) a copy of any impact assessment prepared by **Core Industry Document Owners** and the **STC** committee and the views and comments of the **Code Administrator** in respect thereof;
- (k) whether or not, in the opinion of **The Company**, the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** (or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**) should be made.
- (l) **The Company's** justification for including or not including the views resulting from the relevant consultation in the **Grid Code Modification Report**.
- (m) where a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** constitutes an amendment to the areas set out in table 1 of the GR.B annex which details the **Regulated Sections**, the expected impact on the objectives of **Retained EU Law** (Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195).

GR.22.3

A draft of the **Grid Code Modification Report** will be circulated by the **Code Administrator** to **Users**, **Panel Members** and such other persons who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users** and **Panel Members**, who must supply relevant details, shall meet this requirement) and a period of no less than five (5) **Business Days** given for comments to be made thereon. Any unresolved comments made shall be

reflected in the final **Grid Code Modification Report**.

GR.22.4

A draft of the **Grid Code Modification Report** shall be tabled at a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** prior to submission of that **Grid Code Modification Report** to the **Authority** as set in accordance with the timetable established pursuant to GR.19.1, and at which the **Panel** may consider any minor changes to the legal drafting, which may include any issues identified through the **Code Administrator** consultation, and:

- (i) if the change required is a typographical error the **Grid Code Review Panel** may instruct the **Code Administrator** to make the appropriate change and the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**; or
- (ii) if the change required is not considered to be a typographical error then the **Grid Code Review Panel** may direct the **Workgroup** to review the change. If the **Workgroup** unanimously agree that the change is minor the **Grid Code Review Panel** may instruct the **Code Administrator** to make the appropriate change and the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**, otherwise for changes that are not considered to be minor the **Code Administrator** shall issue the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** for further **Code Administrator** consultation, after which the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**; or
- (iii) In the case of a modification that had been directed pursuant to GR.19.2(e) to proceed directly to wider consultation without the formation of a **Workgroup**, and if the change required is not considered to be a typographical error, then the **Grid Code Review Panel** may direct the **Code Administrator** in conjunction with the **Proposer** to review the change. If the **Grid Code Review Panel**, the **Code Administrator** and the **Proposer** agree that the change is minor the **Grid Code Review Panel** may instruct the **Code Administrator** to make the appropriate change and the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**, otherwise for changes that are not considered to be minor the **Code Administrator** shall issue the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** for further **Code Administrator** consultation after which the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**. In the case of a change that is not considered to be minor, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may also consider whether to establish a **Workgroup** of the **Grid Code Review Panel**, to further consider the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**, in which case the procedures set out within GR.20 will be followed as required; or
- (iv) if a change is not required after consideration, the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**.

GR.22.5

A draft of the **Grid Code Modification Report** following the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** will be circulated by the **Code Administrator** to **Panel Members** (and in electronic mails to **Panel Members**, who must supply relevant details, shall meet this requirement) and a period of no less than five (5) **Business Days** given for comments to be made on whether the **Grid Code Modification Report** accurately reflects the views of the **Panel Members** as expressed at the **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote**. Any unresolved comments made shall be reflected in the final **Grid Code Modification Report**.

GR.22.6

Each **Grid Code Modification Report** shall be addressed and furnished to the **Authority** and none of the facts, opinions or statements contained in such may be relied upon by any other person.

GR.22.7

Subject to GR.22.9 to GR.22.12, in accordance with the **Transmission Licence**, the **Authority** may approve the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or a **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** contained in the **Grid Code Modification Report** (which shall then be an "**Approved Modification**" until implemented).

GR.22.8

The **Code Administrator** shall copy (by electronic mail to those persons who have supplied

relevant details to the **Code Administrator**) the **Grid Code Modification Report** to:

- (i) each **Panel Member**; and
- (ii) any person who may request a copy, and shall place a copy on the **Website**.

GR.22.9 Revised Fixed Proposed Implementation Date

GR.22.9.1 Where the **Proposed Implementation Date** included in a **Grid Code Modification Report** is a **Fixed Proposed Implementation Date** and the **Authority** considers that the **Fixed Proposed Implementation Date** is or may no longer be appropriate or might otherwise prevent the **Authority** from making such decision by reason of the effluxion of time the **Authority** may direct the **Grid Code Review Panel** to recommend a revised **Proposed Implementation Date**.

GR.22.9.2 Such direction may:

- (a) specify that the revised **Proposed Implementation Date** shall not be prior to a specified date;
- (b) specify a reasonable period (taking into account a reasonable period for consultation) within which the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall be requested to submit its recommendation; and
- (c) provide such reasons as the **Authority** deems appropriate for such request (and in respect of those matters referred to in GR.22.9.2 (a) and (b) above).

GR.22.9.3 Before making a recommendation to the **Authority**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** will consult on the revised **Proposed Implementation Date**, and may in addition consult on any matters relating to the **Grid Code Modification Report** which in the **Grid Code Review Panel's** opinion have materially changed since the **Grid Code Modification Report** was submitted to the **Authority** and where it does so the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall report on such matters as part of its recommendation under **Grid Code** GR.22.9.4, with:

- (a) **Users**; and
- (b) such other persons who may properly be considered to have an appropriate interest in it. Such consultation will be undertaken in accordance with GR.21.3 and GR.21.6.

GR.22.9.4 Following the completion of the consultation held pursuant to GR.22.9.3 the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall report to the **Authority** with copies of all the consultation responses and recommending a **Revised Proposed Implementation Date**.

GR.22.9.5 The **Authority** shall notify the **Grid Code Review Panel** as to whether or not it intends to accept the **Revised Proposed Implementation Date** and where the **Authority** notifies the **Grid Code Review Panel** that it intends to accept the **Revised Proposed Implementation Date**, the **Revised Proposed Implementation Date** shall be deemed to be the **Proposed Implementation Date** as specified in the **Grid Code Modification Report**.

GR.22.10 Authority Approval

If:

- (a) the **Authority** has not given notice of its decision in respect of a **Grid Code Modification Report** within two (2) calendar months (in the case of an **Urgent Modification**), or four (4) calendar months (in the case of all other **Grid Code Modification Proposals**) from the date upon which the **Grid Code Modification Report** was submitted to it; or
- (b) the **Grid Code Review Panel** is of the reasonable opinion that the circumstances relating to the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and/or **Workgroup Alternative Grid**

Code Modification which is the subject of a **Grid Code Modification Report** have materially changed, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may request the **Panel Secretary** to write to the **Authority** requesting the **Authority** to give an indication of the likely date by which the **Authority's** decision on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** will be made.

GR.22.11 If the **Authority** determines that the **Grid Code Modification Report** is such that the **Authority** cannot properly form an opinion on the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**, or where the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and/or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** constitutes an amendment to the **Regulated Sections** of the code, where the **Authority** requires an amendment to the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and/or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** in order to approve it, it may issue a direction to the **Grid Code Review Panel**:

- (a) specifying the additional steps (including drafting or amending existing drafting associated with the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**, revision (including revision to the timetable), analysis or information that it requires in order to form such an opinion; and
- (b) requiring the **Grid Code Modification Report** to be revised and to be resubmitted.

GR.22.12 If a **Grid Code Modification Report** is to be revised and re-submitted in accordance with a direction issued pursuant to GR.22.11, it shall be re-submitted as soon after the **Authority's** direction as is appropriate (and in the case of an amendment to the areas set out in table 1 of the GR.B annex which details the **Regulated Sections** of the code within 2 months), taking into account the complexity, importance and urgency of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**. The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall decide on the level of analysis and consultation required in order to comply with the **Authority's** direction and shall agree an appropriate timetable for meeting its obligations. Once the **Grid Code Modification Report** is revised, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall carry out its **Grid Code Review Panel Recommendation Vote** again in respect of the revised **Grid Code Modification Report** and re-submit it to the **Authority** in compliance with GR.22.4 to GR.22.6.

GR.23 URGENT MODIFICATIONS

GR.23.1 If a **Relevant Party** recommends to the **Panel Secretary** that a proposal should be treated as an **Urgent Modification** in accordance with this GR.23, the **Panel Secretary** shall notify the **Panel Chairperson** who shall then, in accordance with GR.23.2 (a) to (e) inclusive, and notwithstanding anything in the contrary in these **Governance Rules**, endeavour to obtain the views of the **Grid Code Review Panel** as to the matters set out in GR.23.3. If for any reason the **Panel Chairperson** is unable to do that, the **Panel Secretary** shall attempt to do so (and the measures to be undertaken by the **Panel Chairperson** in the following paragraphs shall in such case be undertaken by the **Panel Secretary**).

GR.23.2 (a) The **Panel Chairperson** shall determine the time by which, in their opinion, a decision of the **Grid Review Panel** is required in relation to such matters, having regard to the degree of urgency in all circumstances, and references in this GR.23.1 to the "time available" shall mean the time available, based on any such determination by the **Panel Chairperson**;

(b) The **Panel Secretary** shall, at the request of the **Panel Chairperson**, convene a meeting or meetings (including meetings by telephone conference call, where appropriate) of the **Grid Code Review Panel** in such manner and upon such notice as the **Panel Chairperson** considers appropriate, and such that, where practicable within the time available, as many **Panel Members** as possible may attend;

(c) Each **Panel Member** shall be deemed to have consented, for the purposes of GR.8.9, to the convening of such meeting or meetings in the manner and on the notice determined by the **Panel Chairperson**. GR.8.10 shall not apply to any such business.

(d) Where:

- (i) it becomes apparent, in seeking to convene a meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** within the time available, that quorum will not be present; or
 - (ii) it transpires that the meeting of the **Grid Code Review Panel** is not quorate and it is not possible to rearrange such meeting within the time available, the **Panel Chairperson** shall endeavour to contact each **Panel Member** individually in order to ascertain such Panel Member's vote, and (subject to GR.23.2 (e)) any matter to be decided shall be decided by a majority of those **Panel Members** who so cast a vote. Where, for whatever reason no decision is reached, the **Panel Chairperson** shall proceed to consult with the **Authority** in accordance with GR.23.5;
- (e) Where the **Panel Chairperson** is unable to contact at least four **Panel Members** within the time available and where:
- (i) It is only **The Company**, who has recommended that the proposal should be treated as an **Urgent Modification**, then those **Panel Members** contacted shall decide such matters, such decision may be a majority decision. Where in such cases no decision is made for whatever reason, the **Panel Chairperson** shall proceed to consult with the **Authority** in accordance with GR.23.5; or
 - (ii) any **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator; The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** has recommended that the proposal should be treated as an **Urgent Modification**, then the **Panel Chairperson** may decide the matter (in consultation with those **Panel Members** (if any) which they manage to contact) provided that the **Panel Chairperson** shall include details in the relevant **Grid Code Modification Report** of the steps which they took to contact other **Panel Members** first.

GR.23.3 The matters referred to in GR.23.1 are:

- (a) whether such proposal should be treated as an **Urgent Modification** in accordance with this GR.23 and
- (b) the procedure and timetable to be followed in respect of such **Urgent Modification**.

GR.23.4 The **Panel Chairperson** or, in their absence, the **Panel Secretary** shall forthwith provide the **Authority** with the recommendation (if any) ascertained in accordance with GR.23.2 (a) to (e) inclusive, of the **Grid Code Review Panel** as to the matters referred to in GR.23.2, and shall consult the **Authority** as to whether such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is an **Urgent Modification** and, if so, as to the procedure and timetable which should apply in respect thereof.

GR.23.5 If the **Grid Code Review Panel** has been unable to make a recommendation in accordance with GR.23.2.(d) or GR.23.2(e) as to the matters referred to in GR.23.3 then the **Panel Chairperson** or, in their absence, the **Panel Secretary** may recommend whether they consider that such proposal should be treated as an **Urgent Modification** and shall forthwith consult the **Authority** as to whether such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** is an **Urgent Modification** and, if so, as to the procedure and timetable that should apply in respect thereof.

GR.23.6 The **Grid Code Review Panel** shall:

- (a) not treat any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** as an **Urgent Modification** except with the prior consent of the **Authority**;
- (b) comply with the procedure and timetable in respect of any **Urgent Modification** approved by the **Authority**; and
- (c) comply with any direction of the **Authority** issued in respect of any of the matters on which the **Authority** is consulted pursuant to GR.23.4 or GR.23.5.

- GR.23.7 For the purposes of this GR.23.7, the procedure and timetable in respect of an **Urgent Modification** may (with the approval of the **Authority** pursuant to GR.23.4 or GR.23.5) deviate from all or part of the **Grid Code Modification Procedures** or follow any other procedure or timetable approved by the **Authority** except for the duration of the **Code Administrator** consultation for modifications relating to **Regulated Sections** which shall be for one month. Where the procedure and timetable approved by the **Authority** in respect of an **Urgent Modification** do not provide for the establishment (or designation) of a **Workgroup** the **Proposer's** right to vary the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** pursuant to GR.15.10 and GR.20.26 shall lapse from the time and date of such approval.
- GR.23.8 The **Grid Code Modification Report** in respect of an **Urgent Modification** shall include:
- (a) a statement as to why the **Proposer** believes that such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** should be treated as an **Urgent Modification**;
 - (b) any statement provided by the **Authority** as to why the **Authority** believes that such **Grid Code Modification Proposal** should be treated as an **Urgent Modification**;
 - (c) any recommendation of the **Grid Code Review Panel** (or any recommendation of the **Panel Chairperson**) provided in accordance with GR.23 in respect of whether any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** should be treated as an **Urgent Modification**; and
 - (d) the extent to which the procedure followed deviated from the process for **Standard Modifications** (other than the procedures in this GR.23).
- GR.23.9 Each **Panel Member** shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that an **Urgent Modification** is considered, evaluated and (subject to the approval of the **Authority**) implemented as soon as reasonably practicable, having regard to the urgency of the matter and, for the avoidance of doubt, an **Urgent Modification** may (subject to the approval of the **Authority**) result in the **Grid Code** being amended on the day on which such proposal is submitted.
- GR.23.10 Where an **Urgent Modification** results in an amendment being made in accordance with GR.25, the **Grid Code Review Panel** may or (where it appears to the **Grid Code Review Panel** that there is a reasonable level of support for a review amongst **Users**) shall following such amendment, establish a **Workgroup** on terms specified by the **Grid Code Review Panel** to consider and report as to whether any alternative amendment could, as compared with such amendment better facilitate achieving the **Grid Code Objectives** in respect of the subject matter of that **Urgent Modification**.
- GR.24 SELF-GOVERNANCE
- GR.24.1 If the **Grid Code Review Panel**, having evaluated a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** against the **Self-Governance Criteria**, pursuant to GR.18.4, considers that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** meets the **Self-Governance Criteria**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall submit to the **Authority** a **Self-Governance Statement** setting out its reasoning in reasonable detail.
- GR.24.2 The **Authority** may, at any time prior to the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination made pursuant to GR.24.9, give written notice that it disagrees with the **Self-Governance Statement** and may direct that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** proceeds through the process for **Standard Modifications** set out in GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.
- GR.24.3 Subject to GR.24.2, after submitting a **Self-Governance Statement**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall follow the procedure set out in GR.19, GR.20, GR.21 and GR.22.
- GR.24.4 The **Authority** may issue a direction to the **Grid Code Review Panel** in relation to a **Modification** to follow the procedure set out for **Modifications** that meet the **Self-Governance Criteria**, notwithstanding that no **Self-Governance Statement** has been submitted or a **Self-Governance Statement** has been retracted.

- GR.24.5 Subject to the **Code Administrator's** consultation having been completed pursuant to GR.21, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall prepare a report (the "**Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report**").
- GR.24.6 The matters to be included in a **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** shall be the following (in respect of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal**):
- (a) details of its analysis of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** against the **Self-Governance Criteria**;
 - (b) copies of all consultation responses received;
 - (c) the date on which the **Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote** shall take place, which shall not be earlier than seven (7) days from the date on which the **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** is furnished to the **Authority** in accordance with GR.24.8; and
 - (d) such other information that is considered relevant by the **Grid Code Review Panel**.
- GR.24.7 A draft of the **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** will be circulated by the **Code Administrator** to **Users** and **Panel Members** (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users** and **Panel Members**, who must supply relevant details, shall meet this requirement) and a period of no less than five (5) **Business Days** given for comments to be made thereon. Any unresolved comments made shall be reflected in the final **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report**.
- GR.24.8 Each **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** shall be addressed and furnished to the **Authority** and none of the facts, opinions or statements contained in such **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** may be relied upon by any other person.
- GR.24.9 Subject to GR.24.11, if the **Authority** does not give written notice that its decision is required pursuant to GR.24.2, or if the **Authority** determines that the **Self-Governance Criteria** are satisfied in accordance with GR.24.4, then the **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** shall be tabled at the **Panel Meeting** following submission of that **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** to the **Authority** at which the **Panel Chairperson** will undertake the **Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote** and the **Code Administrator** shall give notice of the outcome of such vote to the **Authority** as soon as possible thereafter.
- GR.24.10 If the **Grid Code Review Panel** vote to approve the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** pursuant to GR.24.9 (which shall then be an "**Approved Grid Code Self-Governance Proposal**") until implemented).
- GR.24.11 The **Grid Code Review Panel** may at any time prior to the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination retract a **Self-Governance Statement** subject to GR.24.4, or if the **Authority** notifies the **Grid Code Review Panel** that it has determined that a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** does not meet the **Self-Governance Criteria** the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall treat the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** as a **Standard Modification** and shall comply with GR.22, using the **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** as a basis for its **Grid Code Modification Report**.
- GR.24.12 The **Code Administrator** shall make available on the **Website** and copy (by electronic mail to those persons who have supplied relevant details to the **Code Administrator**) the **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** prepared in accordance with GR.24 to:
- (i) each **Panel Member**; and
 - (ii) any person who may request a copy, and shall place a copy on the **Website**.
- GR.24.13 A **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator**; **The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** may appeal to the **Authority** the approval or rejection by the **Grid Code Review Panel** of a **Grid Code**

Modification Proposal and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** in accordance with GR.24.9, provided that the **Panel Secretary** is also notified, and the appeal has been made up to and including fifteen (15) **Business Days** after the **Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote** has been undertaken pursuant to GR.24.9. If such an appeal is made, implementation of the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** shall be suspended pending the outcome. The appealing **User** (including any **Authorised Electricity Operator; The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**), the **Citizens Advice** or the **Citizens Advice Scotland** must notify the **Panel Secretary** of the appeal when the appeal is made.

- GR.24.14 The **Authority** shall consider whether the appeal satisfies the following criteria:
- (a) The appealing party is, or is likely to be, unfairly prejudiced by the implementation or non-implementation of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)**; or
 - (b) The appeal is on the grounds that, in the case of implementation, the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative**; or
 - (c) **Grid Code Modification(s)** may not better facilitate the achievement of at least one of the **Grid Code Objectives**; or
 - (d) The appeal is on the grounds that, in the case of non-implementation, the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** may better facilitate the achievement of at least one of the **Grid Code Objectives**; and
 - (e) It is not brought for reasons that are trivial, vexatious or have no reasonable prospect of success and if the **Authority** considers that the criteria are not satisfied, it shall dismiss the appeal.
- GR.24.15 Following any appeal to the **Authority**, a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** shall be treated in accordance with any decision and/or direction of the **Authority** following that appeal.
- GR.24.16 If the **Authority** quashes the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination in respect of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** made in accordance with GR.24.9 and takes the decision on the relevant **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** itself, following an appeal to the **Authority**, the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination of that **Grid Code Modification Proposal** and any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** contained in the relevant **Grid Code Modification Self Governance Report** shall be treated as a **Grid Code Modification Report** submitted to the **Authority** pursuant to GR.22.6 (for the avoidance of doubt, subject to GR.22.8 to GR.22.12) and the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination shall be treated as its recommendation pursuant to GR.22.4.
- GR.24.17 If the **Authority** quashes the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination in respect of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** made in accordance with GR.24.9, the **Authority** may, following an appeal to the **Authority**, refer the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** back to the **Grid Code Review Panel** for further re-consideration and a further **Grid Code Review Panel Self-Governance Vote**.
- GR.24.18 Following an appeal to the **Authority**, the **Authority** may confirm the **Grid Code Review Panel's** determination in respect of a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** or **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** made in accordance with GR.24.9.
- GR.25 IMPLEMENTATION
- GR.25.1 The **Grid Code** shall be modified either in accordance with the terms of the direction by the **Authority** relating to, or other approval by the **Authority** of, the **Grid Code Modification**

Proposal or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** contained in the relevant **Grid Code Modification Report**, or in respect of **Grid Code Modification Proposals** or any **Workgroup Alternative Grid Code Modification(s)** that are subject to the determination of the **Grid Code Review Panel** pursuant to GR.24.9, in accordance with the relevant **Grid Code Modification Self-Governance Report** subject to the appeal procedures set out in GR.24.13 to GR.24.18.

GR.25.2 The **Code Administrator** shall forthwith notify (by publication on the **Website** and, where relevant details are supplied by electronic mail):

- (a) each **User**;
- (b) each **Panel Member**;
- (c) the **Authority**;
- (d) each **Core Industry Document Owner**;
- (e) the secretary of the **STC** committee;
- (f) each **Materially Affected Party**; and
- (g) the **Citizens Advice** and the **Citizens Advice Scotland** of the change so made and the effective date of the change.

GR.25.3 A modification of the **Grid Code** shall take effect from the time and date specified in the direction, or other approval, from the **Authority** referred to in GR.25.1 or, in the absence of any such time and date in the direction or approval, from 00:00 hours on the day falling ten (10) **Business Days** after the date of such direction, or other approval, from the **Authority**. A modification of the **Grid Code** pursuant to GR.24.9 shall take effect, subject to the appeal procedures set out in GR.24.13 to GR.24.18, from the time and date specified by the **Code Administrator** in its notice given pursuant to GR.25.2, which shall be given after the expiry of the fifteen (15) **Business Day** period set out in GR.24.13 to allow for appeals, or where an appeal is raised in accordance with GR.24.13, on conclusion of the appeal in accordance with GR.24.15 or GR.24.18 but where conclusion of the appeal is earlier than the fifteen (15) **Business Day** period set out in GR.24.13, notice shall be given after the expiry of this period. A modification of the **Grid Code** pursuant to GR.26 shall take effect from the date specified in the **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report**.

GR.25.4 A modification made pursuant to and in accordance with GR.25.1 shall not be impaired or invalidated in any way by any inadvertent failure to comply with or give effect to this Section.

GR.25.5 If a modification is made to the Grid Code in accordance with the **Transmission Licence** but other than pursuant to the other **Grid Code Modification Procedures** in these **Governance Rules**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall determine whether or not to submit the modification for review by a **Workgroup** established on terms specified by the **Grid Code Review Panel** to consider and report as to whether any alternative modification could, as compared with such modification better facilitate achieving the **Grid Code Objectives** in respect of the subject matter of the original modification. Where such a **Workgroup** is established the provisions of GR.20 shall apply as if such a modification were a **Grid Code Modification Proposal**.

Transitional Issues

GR.25.6 Notwithstanding the provisions of GR.25.3, Modification GC0132 changes the **Grid Code** process for **Grid Code Modification Proposals** and therefore may affect other **Grid Code Modification Proposals** which have not yet become **Approved Modifications**. Consequently, this GR.25.6 deals with issues arising out of the implementation of **Modification** GC0132. In particular this deals with which version of the **Grid Code** process for **Grid Code Modification Proposals** will apply to **Grid Code Modification Proposal(s)** which were already instigated prior to the implementation of **Modification** GC0132.

Any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in respect of which a **Grid Code Modification Report** has been sent to the **Authority** prior to the date and time of implementation of **Modification** GC0132 is known as an “**Old Modification**”. Any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in respect of which a **Grid Code Modification Report** has not been sent to the **Authority** as at the date and time of implementation of **Modification** GC0132 is known as a “**New Modification**”. The **Grid Code** provisions which will apply to any **Old Modification(s)** are the provisions of the **Grid Code** in force immediately prior to the

implementation of GC0132. The provisions of the **Grid Code** which will apply to any **New Modifications** are the provisions of the **Grid Code** in force and as amended from time to time.

GR.25.7 Notwithstanding the provisions of GR.25.3, **Modification GC0131** changes the **Grid Code** process for **Grid Code Modification Proposals** and therefore may affect other **Grid Code Modification Proposals** which have not yet become **Approved Modifications**. Consequently, this GR.25.7 deals with issues arising out of the implementation of **Modification GC0131**. In particular this deals with which version of the **Grid Code** process for **Grid Code Modification Proposals** will apply to **Grid Code Modification Proposal(s)** which were already instigated prior to the implementation of **Modification GC0131**.

Any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in respect of which a **Grid Code Modification Report** has been sent to the **Authority** prior to the date and time of implementation of **Modification GC0131** is known as an “**Old GC0131 Modification**”. Any **Grid Code Modification Proposal** in respect of which a **Grid Code Modification Report** has not been sent to the **Authority** as at the date and time of implementation of **Modification GC0131** is known as a “**New GC0131 Modification**”. The **Grid Code** provisions which will apply to any **Old GC0131 Modification(s)** are the provisions of the **Grid Code** in force immediately prior to the implementation of **GC0131**. The provisions of the **Grid Code** which will apply to any **New GC0131 Modifications** are the provisions of the **Grid Code** in force from time to time.

GR.26 FAST TRACK

GR.26.1 Where a **Proposer** believes that a modification to the **Grid Code** which meets the **Fast Track Criteria** is required, a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** may be raised. In such case the **Proposer** is only required to provide the details listed in GR.15.3 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (k).

GR.26.2 Provided that the **Panel Secretary** receives any modification to the **Grid Code** which the **Proposer** considers to be a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**, not less than ten (10) **Business Days** (or such shorter period as the **Panel Secretary** may agree, provided that the **Panel Secretary** shall not agree any period shorter than five (5) **Business Days**) prior to the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, the **Panel Secretary** shall place the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** on the agenda of the next **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, and otherwise, shall place it on the agenda of the next succeeding **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting.

GR.26.3 To facilitate the discussion at the **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting, the **Code Administrator** will circulate a draft of the **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report** to **Users**, the **Authority** and **Panel Members** (and its provision in electronic form on the **Website** and in electronic mails to **Users**, the **Authority** and **Panel Members**, who must supply relevant details, shall meet this requirement) for comment not less than five (5) **Business Days** ahead of the **Grid Code Review Panel** meeting which will consider whether or not the **Fast Track Criteria** are met and whether or not to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**.

GR.26.4 It is for the **Grid Code Review Panel** to decide whether or not a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** meets the **Fast Track Criteria** and if it does, to determine whether or not to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**.

GR.26.5 The **Grid Code Review Panel's** decision that a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** meets the **Fast Track Criteria** pursuant to GR.26.4 must be unanimous.

GR.26.6 The **Grid Code Review Panel's** decision to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** pursuant to GR.26.4 must be unanimous.

GR.26.7 If the **Grid Code Review Panel** vote unanimously that the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** meets the **Fast Track Criteria** and to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** (which shall then be an “**Approved Fast Track Proposal**”) until implemented, or until an objection is received pursuant to GR.26.12), then subject to the objection

procedures set out in GR.26.12 the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** will be implemented by **The Company** without the **Authority's** approval. If the **Grid Code Review Panel** do not unanimously agree that the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** meets the **Fast Track Criteria** and/or do not unanimously agree that the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** should be made, then the **Panel Secretary** shall, in accordance with GR.15.4(a) notify the **Proposer** that additional information is required if the **Proposer** wishes the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to continue.

GR.26.8 Provided that the **Grid Code Review Panel** have unanimously agreed to treat a **Grid Code Modification Proposal** as a **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal** and unanimously approved that **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**, the **Grid Code Review Panel** shall prepare and approve the **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report** for issue in accordance with GR.26.11.

GR.26.9 The matters to be included in a **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report** shall be the following (in respect of the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**):

- (a) a description of the proposed modification and of its nature and purpose;
- (b) details of the changes required to the Grid Code, including the proposed legal text to modify the Grid Code to implement the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**;
- (c) details of the votes required pursuant to GR.26.5 and GR.26.6;
- (d) the intended implementation date, from which the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** will take effect, which shall be no sooner than fifteen (15) **Business Days** after the date of notification of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** decision to approve; and
- (e) details of how to object to the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** being made

GR.26.10 Upon approval by the **Grid Code Review Panel** of the **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report**, the **Code Administrator** will issue the report in accordance with GR.26.11.

GR.26.11 The **Code Administrator** shall copy (by electronic mail to those persons who have supplied relevant details to the **Code Administrator**) the **Grid Code Modification Fast Track Report** prepared in accordance with GR.26 to:

- (i) each **Panel Member**;
- (ii) the **Authority**; and
- (iii) any person who may request a copy, and shall place a copy on the **Website**.

GR.26.12 A **User**, any **Authorised Electricity Operator**; **The Company** or a **Materially Affected Party**, the **Citizens Advice**, the **Citizens Advice Scotland** or the **Authority** may object to the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** being implemented, and shall include with such objection the reasons for the objection. Any such objection must be made in writing (including by email) and be clearly stated to be an objection to the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** in accordance with this GR.26 of the Grid Code and be notified to the **Panel Secretary** by the date up to and including fifteen (15) **Business Days** after notification of the **Grid Code Review Panel's** decision to approve the **Grid Code Fast Track Proposal**. If such an objection is made the **Approved Fast Track Proposal** shall not be implemented. The **Panel Secretary** will notify each **Panel Member** and the **Authority** of the objection. The **Panel Secretary** shall notify the **Proposer**, in accordance with GR.15.4A that additional information is required if the **Proposer** wishes the **Grid Code Modification Proposal** to continue.

ANNEX GR.A - ELECTION OF USERS' PANEL MEMBERS

Grid Code Review Panel Election Process

1. The election process has two main elements: nomination and selection.
2. The process will be used to appoint **Panel Members** in the category of **Supplier, Generator, Offshore Transmission Owner** and **Onshore Transmission Owner**.
3. The **Code Administrator** will publish the Election timetable by [September] in the year preceding the start of each term of office of **Panel Members**.
4. Each step of the process set out below will be carried out in line with the published timetable.
5. The **Code Administrator** will establish an Electoral Roll from representatives of parties listed on CUSC Schedule 1 or designated by the **Authority** as a **Materially Affected Party** as at 31st August in the year preceding the start of each term of office of **Panel Members**.
6. The **Code Administrator** will keep the Electoral Roll up to date.

Nomination Process

7. Each party on the Electoral Roll may nominate a candidate to stand for election for the **Grid Code Review Panel**.
8. Parties may only nominate a candidate for their own category; a **Supplier** may nominate a candidate for the **Supplier Panel Member** seat and a **Generator** may nominate a candidate for the **Generator Panel Member** seats. If a party able to nominate a candidate is both a **Supplier** and a **Generator**, they may nominate a candidate in each category.
9. The nominating party must complete the nomination form which will be made available by the **Code Administrator** and return it to the **Code Administrator** by the stated deadline.
10. The **Code Administrator** will draw up a list of candidates for each category of election.
11. Where there are fewer candidates than seats available or the same number of candidates as seats available, no election will be required and the nominated candidate(s) will be elected. The **Code Administrator** will publish a list of the successful candidates on the Grid Code website and circulate the results by email to the Grid Code circulation list.

Selection Process

12. The **Code Administrator** will send a numbered voting paper to each party on the electoral roll for each of the elections in which they are eligible to vote. The voting paper will contain a list of candidates for each election and will be sent by email.
13. Each eligible party may vote for one [1] candidate for each of the **Supplier, Offshore Transmission Owner** and **Onshore Transmission Owner** seats and four [4] candidates for the **Generator** seats.
14. **Panel Members** will be elected using the First Past the Post method.
15. In the event of two or more candidates receiving the same number of votes, the **Code Administrator** will draw lots to decide who is elected.
16. The **Code Administrator** will publish the results of the election on the Grid Code website and circulate the results by email to the Grid Code circulation list.
17. The **Code Administrator** will send an Election Report to Ofgem after the election is complete.

ANNEX GR.B Regulated Sections

The Grid Code sections identified in Tables 1 and 2 are considered to be **Regulated Sections**.

Table 1 - Mapping of Electricity Balancing Regulation Article 18 Terms and Conditions for Balancing Service Providers and Balancing Responsible Parties to the Grid Code

Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 Reference (Retained EU Law)	Description	Grid Code Reference
18.2	The terms and conditions pursuant to paragraph 1 shall also include the rules for suspension and restoration of market activities pursuant to Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2196 and rules for settlement in case of market suspension pursuant to Article 39 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2196 once approved in accordance with Article 4 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2196.	OC9.4
18.4.a	define reasonable and justified requirements for the provisions of balancing services;	BC1, BC2, BC3 & BC4
18.4.b	allow the aggregation of demand facilities, energy storage facilities and power generating facilities in a scheduling area to offer balancing services subject to conditions referred to in paragraph 5 (c);	DRSC 4.2, BC1.4
18.5.a	the rules for the qualification process to become a balancing service provider pursuant to Article 16;	BC5, BC4.4.2
18.5.c	the rules and conditions for the aggregation of demand facilities, energy storage facilities and power generating facilities in a scheduling area to become a balancing service provider;	BC1.4 and BC1.A.10
18.5.d	the requirements on data and information to be delivered to the connecting TSO and, where relevant, to the reserve connecting DSO during the prequalification process and operation of the balancing market;	DRC, BC5 BC1.4,
18.5. f	the requirements on data and information to be delivered to the connecting TSO and, where relevant, to the reserve connecting DSO to evaluate the provisions of balancing services pursuant to Article 154(1), Article 154(8), Article 158(1)(e), Article 158(4)(b), Article 161(1)(f) and Article 161(4)(b) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1485;	BC1.4, BC1.A.10,
18.5. g	the definition of a location for each standard product and each specific product taking into account paragraph 5 (c);	BC1.4

18.6. d	the requirements on data and information to be delivered to the connecting TSO to calculate the imbalances;	BC1.4.2,3,4, BC1 Appendix 1 BC2.5.1,
18.6. e	the rules for balance responsible parties to change their schedules prior to and after the intraday energy gate closure time pursuant to paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 17;	BC1.4.3,4,

Table 2 - Mapping of Network Code on Emergency and Restoration (NCER) Article 4(4) Terms and Conditions for System Defence and System Restoration Service Providers to the Grid Code

Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2196 Reference (Retained EU Law)	Description	Grid Code Reference
4(4)(a)	<p>The terms and conditions to act as defence service provider and as restoration service provider shall be established either in the national legal framework or on a contractual basis. If established on a contractual basis, each TSO shall develop by 18 December 2018 a proposal for the relevant terms and conditions, which shall define at least:</p> <p>(a) the characteristics of the service to be provided</p>	<p>Restoration services: Re-energisation procedure- OC.9.2.5, OC.9.4.7 Re-synchronisation procedure- OC9.4.7, BC2.9.2.2(iii)) Frequency deviation management -BC3.4, BC.3.5, BC3.6, BC3.7 BC2.5.4</p> <p>Defence services: Frequency deviation management- BC3.4, BC.3.5, BC3.6, BC3.7 BC2.5.4, Fast Start- CC/ECC.6.3.14 Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode- ECC.6.3.7.1, ECC.6.3.7.2, BC3.7.2 Low Frequency Demand disconnection– CC/ECC.6.4.3, CC/ECC.A.5, OC6.5, OC6.6 Over Frequency control- ECC.6.3.7.1, ECC.6.3.7.3, BC.3.7.1, BC.3.7.2 Frequency deviation management- BC3.4, BC.3.5, BC3.6, BC3.7, CC/ECC.6.3.3, CC.6.3.7(a), ECC.6.3.7.3, CC.6.3.6(a)/ECC.6.3.6, CC/ECC.6.3.9, DRSC 5.1, DRSC 6.1, DRSC 7.1, BC.1.4.2, BC1. A.1.1, BC2.6.1, BC2.7, BC.2.9, OC7.4.5, OC6.7, OC6.5, OC.10, Voltage deviation management- CC/ECC.6.1.4, CC/ECC.6.3.2, CC.6.3.6(b), ECC.6.3.6.3, ECC.6.4.5, BC2.8, BC2. A.2, DRSC.5, Power flow management- CC.6.3.7(a), ECC.6.3.7.3.1, CC/ECC.6.3.9, BC.1.4.2, BC1.5.5, BC1.7, BC1. A.1.1, BC.2.6.1, BC2.7, BC2.9, OC7.4.5, OC6.7, OC10, DRSC 5.1, Assistance for active power- BC2.7, BC2.9. OC9.4, OC9.5, OC7.4.8 Manual Demand disconnection- OC6.5, OC6.7, BC2.9</p>

4(4) (b)	(b) the possibility of and conditions for aggregation; and	DRSC1, DRSC2, DRSC4 ECC/CC 6.5 BC1.4 BC1. A.10 BC
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< END OF GOVERNANCE RULES >

REVISIONS

(R)

(This section does not form part of the Grid Code)

- R.1 **The Company's Transmission Licence** sets out the way in which changes to the Grid Code are to be made and reference is also made to **The Company's** obligations under the General Conditions.
- R.2 All pages re-issued have the revision number on the lower left hand corner of the page and date of the revision on the lower right hand corner of the page.
- R.3 The Grid Code was introduced in March 1990 and the first issue was revised 31 times. In March 2001 the New Electricity Trading Arrangements were introduced and Issue 2 of the Grid Code was introduced which was revised 16 times. At British Electricity Trading and Transmission Arrangements (BETTA) Go-Active Issue 3 of the Grid Code was introduced and subsequently revised 35 times. At Offshore Go-active Issue 4 of the Grid Code was introduced and has been revised 13 times since its original publication. Issue 5 of the Grid Code was published to accommodate the changes made by Grid Code Modification A/10 which has incorporated the **Generator** compliance process into the Grid Code, which was revised 47 times. Issue 6 was published to incorporate all the non-material amendments as a result of modification GC0136.
- R.4 This Revisions section provides a summary of the sections of the Grid Code changed by each revision to Issue 6.
- R.5 All enquiries in relation to revisions to the Grid Code, including revisions to Issues 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 should be addressed to the Grid Code development team at the following email address:
Grid.Code@nationalgrideso.com

Revision	Section	Related Modification	Effective Date
0	Glossary Definitions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Planning Code	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Connection Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	European Connection Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Demand Response Services	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Compliance Processes	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Europeans Compliance Processes	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 1	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 2	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 5	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 6	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 7	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8A	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 8B	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 9	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 11	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Operating Code 12	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 2	GC0136	05 March 2021

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0	Balancing Code 3	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 4	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Balancing Code 5	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Data Registration Code	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	General Conditions	GC0136	05 March 2021
0	Governance Rules	GC0136	05 March 2021
1	Glossary Definitions	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	Operating Code 2	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	Data Registration Code	GC0130	18 March 2021
1	General Conditions	GC0130	18 March 2021
2	Glossary Definitions	GC0147	17 May 2021
2	Operating Code 6B	GC0147	17 May 2021
2	Operating Code 7	GC0147	17 May 2021
2	Balancing Code 1	GC0147	17 May 2021
2	Balancing Code 2	GC0147	17 May 2021
3	Balancing Code 2	GC0144	26 May 2021
3	Balancing Code 4	GC0144	26 May 2021
4	Preface	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Glossary Definitions	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Planning Code	GC0149	03 August 2021

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4	European Connection Conditions	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	European Compliance Processes	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Demand Response Services Code	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Operating Code 2	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Balancing Code 4	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Data Registration Code	GC0149	03 August 2021
4	Governance Rules	GC0149	03 August 2021
5	Operating Code 7	GC0109	23 August 2021
6	Connection Conditions	GC0134	01 September 2021
6	European Connection Conditions	GC0134	01 September 2021
6	Balancing Code 2	GC0134	01 September 2021
7	Operating Code 6B	GC0150	04 October 2021
8	Operating Code 2	GC0151	08 November 2021
8	Operating Code 3	GC0151	08 November 2021
8	Operating Code 5	GC0151	08 November 2021
9	Governance Rules	GC0152	29 December 2021
10	General Conditions	Electrical Standards - EDL Instruction Interface Valid Reason Codes	20 January 2022
11	Glossary Definitions	GC0137	14 February 2022
11	Planning Code	GC0137	14 February 2022

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11	Connection Conditions	GC0137	14 February 2022
11	European Connection Conditions	GC0137	14 February 2022
11	European Compliance Processes	GC0137	14 February 2022
11	Data Registration Code	GC0137	14 February 2022
12	Glossary Definitions	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Connection Conditions	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	European Connection Conditions	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Operating Code 6	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Operating Code 8A	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Operating Code 8B	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Operating Code 12	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Balancing Code 2	GC0153	09 March 2022
12	Governance Rules	GC0153	09 March 2022
13	Compliance Processes	GC0138	24 June 2022
13	European Compliance Processes	GC0138	24 June 2022
13	Operating Code 5	GC0138	24 June 2022
14	Glossary & Definitions	GC0157	06 October 2022
14	European Connection Conditions	GC0157	06 October 2022
14	Operating Code 2	GC0157	06 October 2022
14	Operating Code 5	GC0157	06 October 2022

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14	Data Registration Code	GC0157	06 October 2022
14	No changes to published Grid Code	GC0158	06 December 2022
15	Glossary & Definitions	GC0160	07 December 2022
15	Balancing Code 1	GC0160	07 December 2022
15	Balancing Code 2	GC0160	07 December 2022
16	Planning Code	GC0141	05 January 2023
16	Connection Conditions	GC0141	05 January 2023
16	European Connection Conditions	GC0141	05 January 2023
16	Compliance Processes	GC0141	05 January 2023
16	European Compliance Processes	GC0141	05 January 2023
17	Connection Conditions	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	European Compliance Processes	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	European Connection Conditions	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	General Conditions	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	Glossary & Definitions	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	Operating Code 5	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	Operating Code 6	GC0148	4 September 2023
17	Planning Code	GC0148	4 September 2023
18	Operating Code 6	GC0161	2 October 2023
19	European Connection Conditions	GC0165	4 December 2023

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19	Operating Code 12	GC0165	4 December 2023
19	Data Registration Code	GC0165	4 December 2023
19	Governance Rules	GC0165	4 December 2023

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