

A futuristic, curved hallway with blue lighting and people walking. The hallway has a curved ceiling and walls, with a series of recessed lights. The floor is dark, and there are glowing blue lines on the wall. Several people are walking away from the camera in the distance.

Balancing Programme

Quarterly engagement session

15th June 2023

Welcome



Agenda

Time	Title
09:30 – 10:00	Arrival
10:00 – 10:05	Welcome
10:05 – 10:15	BP Strategy & Vision
10:15 – 11:00	BP Benefits and Case for Change
11:00 – 11:15	BP Roadmap
11:15 – 11:30	Break
11:30 – 12:15	Breakout session 1 (OBP Demo, Balancing Trials, Dispatching Wind, Stakeholder focus groups)
12:15 – 13:00	Breakout session 2 (OBP Demo, Balancing Trials, Dispatching Wind, Stakeholder focus groups)
13:00 – 13:45	Lunch
13:45 – 14:30	Breakout session 3 (OBP Demo, Balancing Trials, Dispatching Wind, Stakeholder focus groups)
14:35 - 15.05	Designing and delivering the future power system
15:05 – 15:15	Break
15:15 – 15:30	Dispatch Transparency
15.30 – 16:00	Q and A panel
16:00 – 16.15	Close



Introductions & Aims of the day

Introduction to the Balancing Programme

The aim of the Balancing Programme is to maintain and bring change into our **current balancing capabilities** to support Control Room operations, whilst we **transform to new balancing capabilities** that the ESO needs to deliver reliable and secure system operation, facilitate competition everywhere and meet our ambition for net-zero carbon operability.

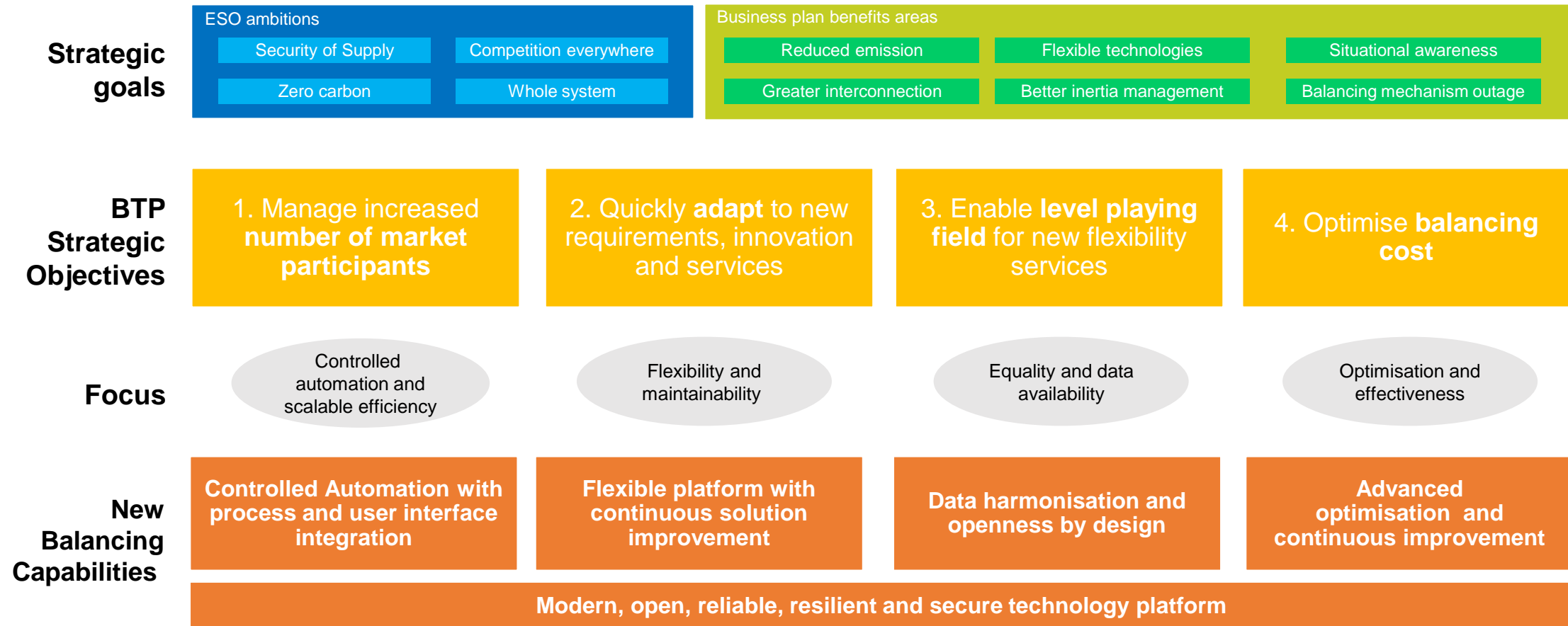


A landscape photograph of a field at sunset. The sun is low on the horizon, casting a warm glow. The field is green and yellow, with a line of trees in the background. Overlaid on the image are several bright green, glowing light trails that curve across the field. The text 'Balancing Programme Strategy and Vision' is written in white on the left side of the image.

Balancing Programme Strategy and Vision

Balancing Transformation vision

The programme strategic objectives and the new enabling business capabilities were set to address the scalability challenges and modernise the core platforms to provide increased reliability and flexibility in line with RIIO-2 business plan



Aims of today



- Our achieved progress so far and the benefits delivered
- How we are transforming our balancing capability
- A cohesive view of how we are working together to meet our ESO ambitions



- Understanding of how our transformation may impact you
- Your insight to help us tackle key challenges of transforming our balancing capabilities
- Future interests and how we continue to engage



- To validate our roadmap aligns to industry priorities
- Plan how we overcome the challenges on the road to net-zero operability



Balancing Programme Benefits and Case for Change

Current Balancing System Benefits

- Used to balance supply and demand in real time.
- In BP1 we've delivered significant changes, in a highly complex environment.

What we've delivered (BP1)

- ✓ Enabling several initiatives across ESO including DM/DR, DFS, RDP and Pathfinders.
- ✓ Improved system performance and resilience
- ✓ Improved dispatch efficiency & large reduction in control room workarounds

BP1 Benefits

£48m

Future Improvements (BP2)

- ✓ Further dispatch improvements & control room efficiencies
- ✓ Additional enablers for wider ESO initiatives.
- ✓ Begin the transition and strategic migration to OBP
- ✓ Decommissioning of EBS

Realised through reduction in balancing costs.

Key Focus Areas



Enabling Change



Resilience



Process &
Dispatch
Efficiencies

BP1 End of Scheme Report

BP1 (April 21 – March 23)

BP2 (April 2023 – March 2025)

Forecasting Benefits

- Accuracy of forecasting is pivotal in the efficiency and reliability of balancing the system.
- The key customers of the forecasts are the market participants and the Electricity National Control Centre (ENCC)

What we've delivered (BP1)

- ✓ Increased accuracy of National, Solar & Grid Supply Point (GSP) forecasts
- ✓ Transformation of processing & delivery time both internally and externally
- ✓ Improvement in visualisation and dashboards for control room users

BP1 Benefits

£368m

Future Improvements (BP2)

- ✓ Continuous forecasting product improvements- Including new wind power generation forecasting product
- ✓ Strategic cloud platform for energy forecast (PEF) with integration to Open Balancing platform (OBP)

Realised as savings in balancing and reserve costs due to improved forecasting products

Key Focus Areas



Accuracy



Transparency



Performance

[BP1 End of Scheme Report](#)

BP1 (April 21 – March 23)

BP2 (April 2023 – March 2025)

Benefits and the case for change

Direct benefits delivered by Balancing Transformation

Submission	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	Total
Dec 2019 ¹	£9.4m	£12.1m	£30.7m	£44.5m	£55.7m	£152m
June 2022 ²	£0m	£0.5m	£11.6m	£55.0m	£123.8m	£191m

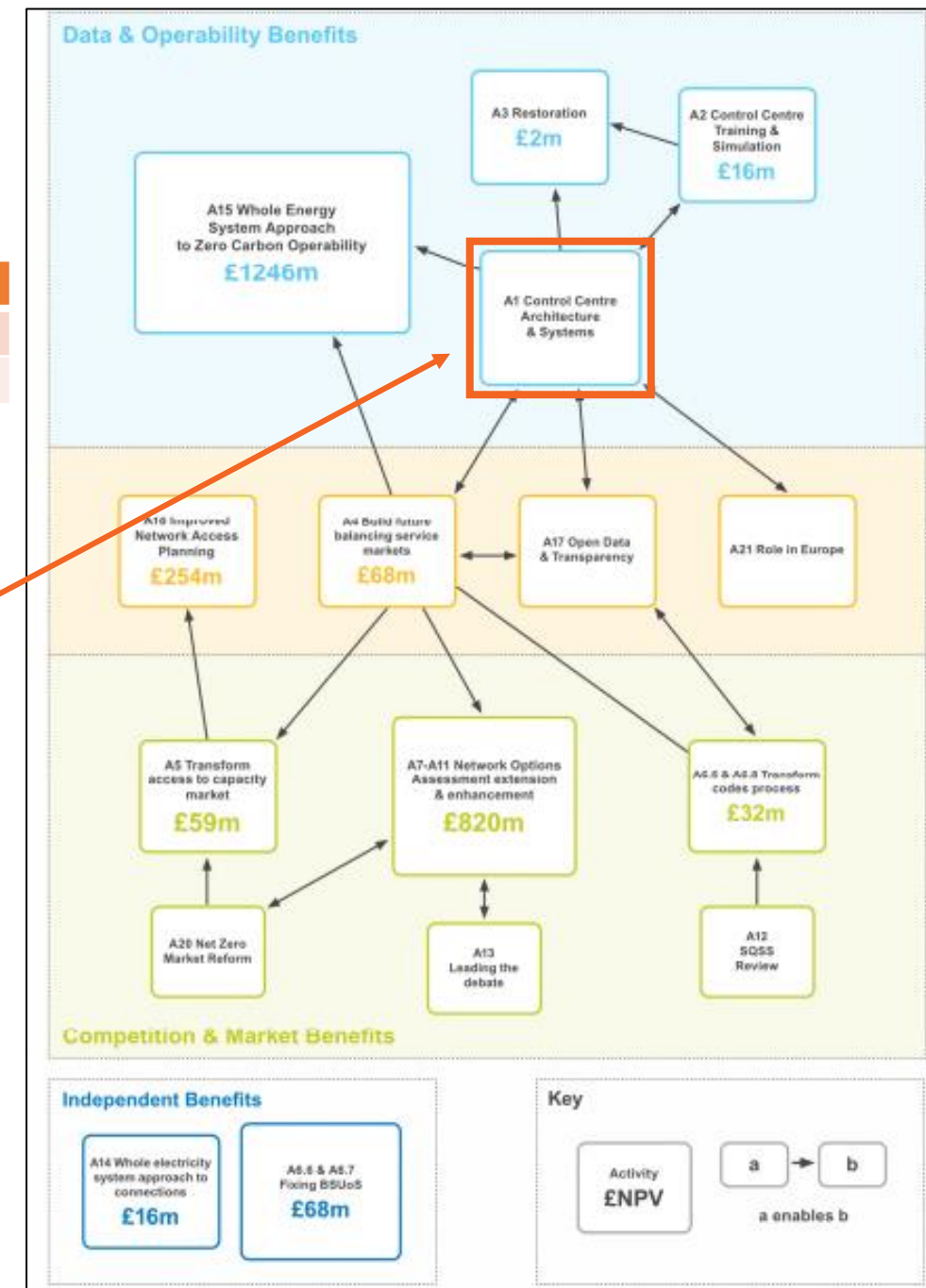
Net present value (NPV) delivered by RIIO-2 plan (enabled by Balancing and Network Control)

Submission	5 year NPV
December 2019	£1,754m
May 2022 ⁴	£2,581m

1 – half of the A1 CBA as submitted in the December 2019 RIIO-2 plan

2 – provisional figure for engagement only. Subject to change in final BP-2 submission

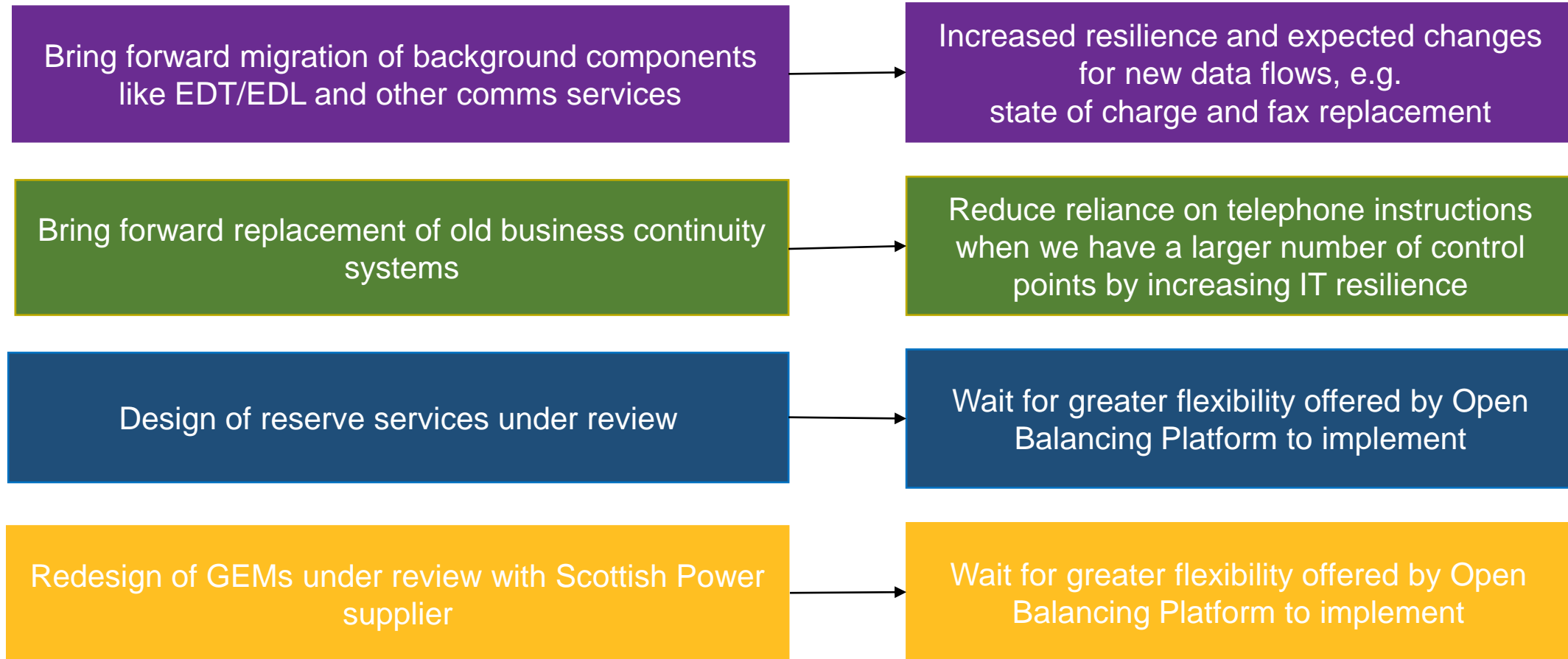
4 – figures subject to change in final BP-2 submission



An aerial photograph of a river with white water rapids. The water is a mix of dark green and white foam. On the right side, there are several bright blue, wavy, energy-like streaks that appear to be superimposed on the image. The overall scene is dynamic and energetic.

Balancing Programme roadmap

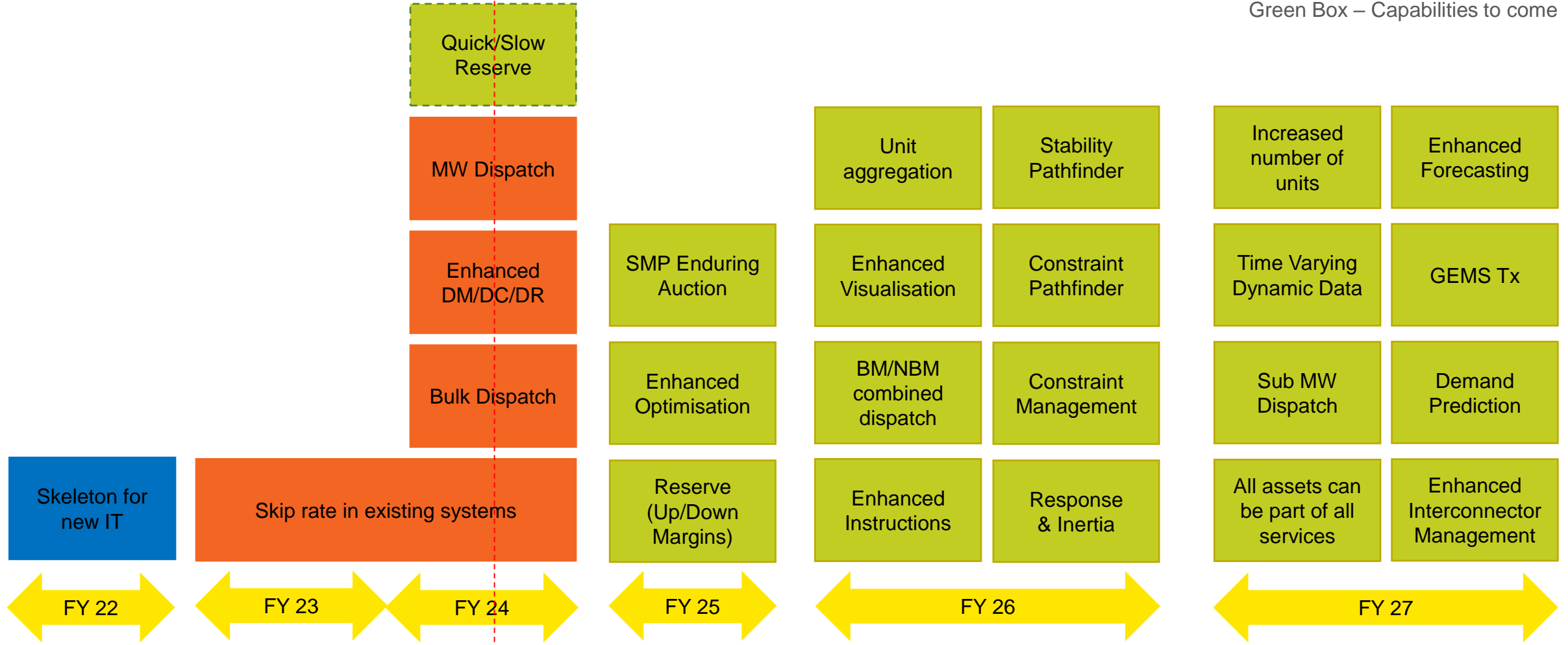
Industry Co-created Roadmap – Version 2 – drivers for change



Industry Co-created Roadmap – Version 2

Years changed to Financial Year End
FY23 means before Apr 2023

Key:
 Blue Box – Complete
 Orange Box – In progress
 Green Box – Capabilities to come



Movement – Priority in version 1 roadmap / priority in version 2

Version 2 priority	Capability	Version 1 priority
Core	Skeleton for IT	Core
1	Enhanced DM/DC/DR	1
1	MW Dispatch	1
1	Bulk Dispatch	1
1	Skip rate in existing IT	1
1	Enhanced Visualisation	2
2	SMP Enduring Auction	3
3	Enhanced optimisation	3
3	Reserve (Up/Down Margin)	5
4	BM/NBM combined dispatch	4
4	Constraint Management	3
5	Constraint Pathfinder	3
5	Response & Inertia	4

Version 2 priority	Capability	Version 1 priority
5	Stability	6
5	Sub MW Dispatch	5
5	Enhanced instructions	5
5	Aggregation	5
6	Increased no. instructions	6
6	GEMs Tx	2
6	All assets can take part	6
6	Time varying data	6
7	Enhanced IC management	6
8	Enhanced Forecasting	8
8	Demand Prediction	8
	NBM Optional Reserve	2
	GEMS Dx	5



Dispatching Wind

B. RICH HEDGEYE



WHAT DO YOU MEAN THE WIND CHANGED?!



MARKETS



The Wind challenges

Wind accounts for a significant volume on the system, with increasing number of providers

Wind is increasingly used to solve constraints

There are significant manual processes to manage Wind

Wind is volatile – PN, metered output and power available is generally unreliable

Forecasting process is challenging

Complex cost calculations from PN vs Volume from actual wind output

Handling wind – an interim solution



Interim solution in OBP will seek to level the playing field



Allows for optimisation of all wind providers



Manages bringing Wind back on with unreliable Wind data/forecasts/PNs



Improved forecasting and automated selection

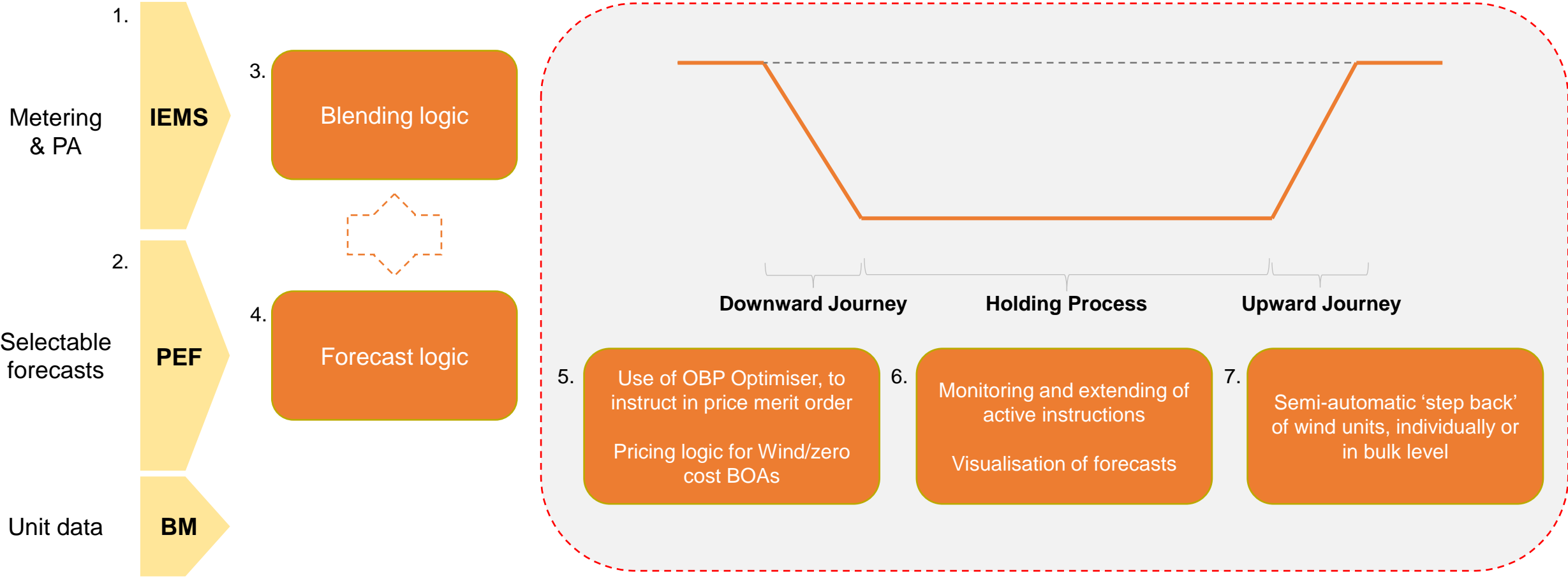


Handling “Zero Cost BOAs”



OBP interim solution for wind

To enable OBP to Bulk Dispatch Wind units there will be several parts of new functionality (1-7)



Downward journey

Improved Forecasting and Forecast selection (based on matching recent history with Forecast). This will allow us to use the Optimiser to reduce the wind output for managing active constraints

Interim solution will use the OBP Release 1.0 optimisation capability already developed, with additional support Wind

Requirements will be either set for a Target Zone, or a Constraint limit

We will be able to take a Wind unit to SEL, or 0 – depending on their M(N)ZT values, and instruction length required

Optimiser will take into account “true cost” vs volume received, allowing for issues with Wind data, i.e. Zero Cost BOAs



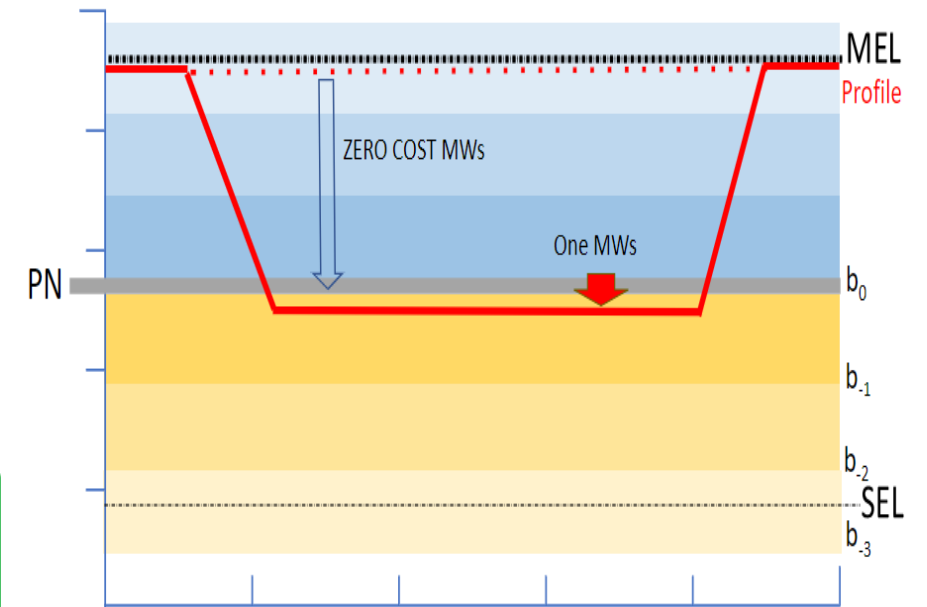
Managing zero cost BOAs for constraints management

For Wind (or any) units that are generating above their PNs, then any instruction to bring the unit to the PN would be at zero cost – i.e. a zero cost BOAs

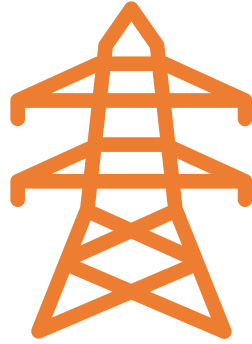
Therefore, the cheapest set of actions, in an active Constraint scenario, is to take all the zero-cost volume for any units that are generating above PN

Proposal is to create instructions to take over generating Wind units to at **least 1MW below their PN**

If more MWs are required, then the optimiser would consider costed MWs below PN in an economical manner (i.e. price merit order, taking into account the overall requirement shape and dynamic parameters)



Holding process

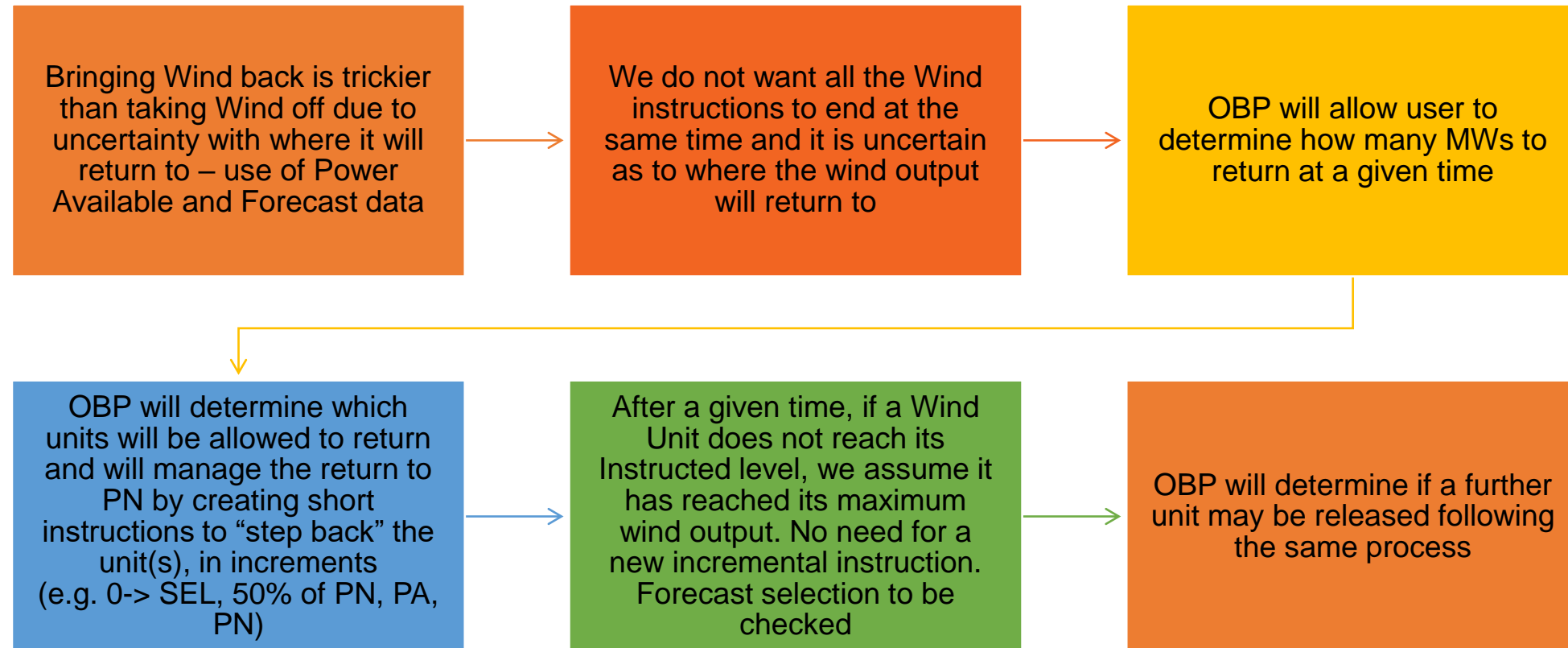


The system will continue to monitor instructed wind units and in an ongoing constrained environment, the instructions will be automatically extended subject to dynamic parameters, PN, forecasts (etc.) and being in merit order

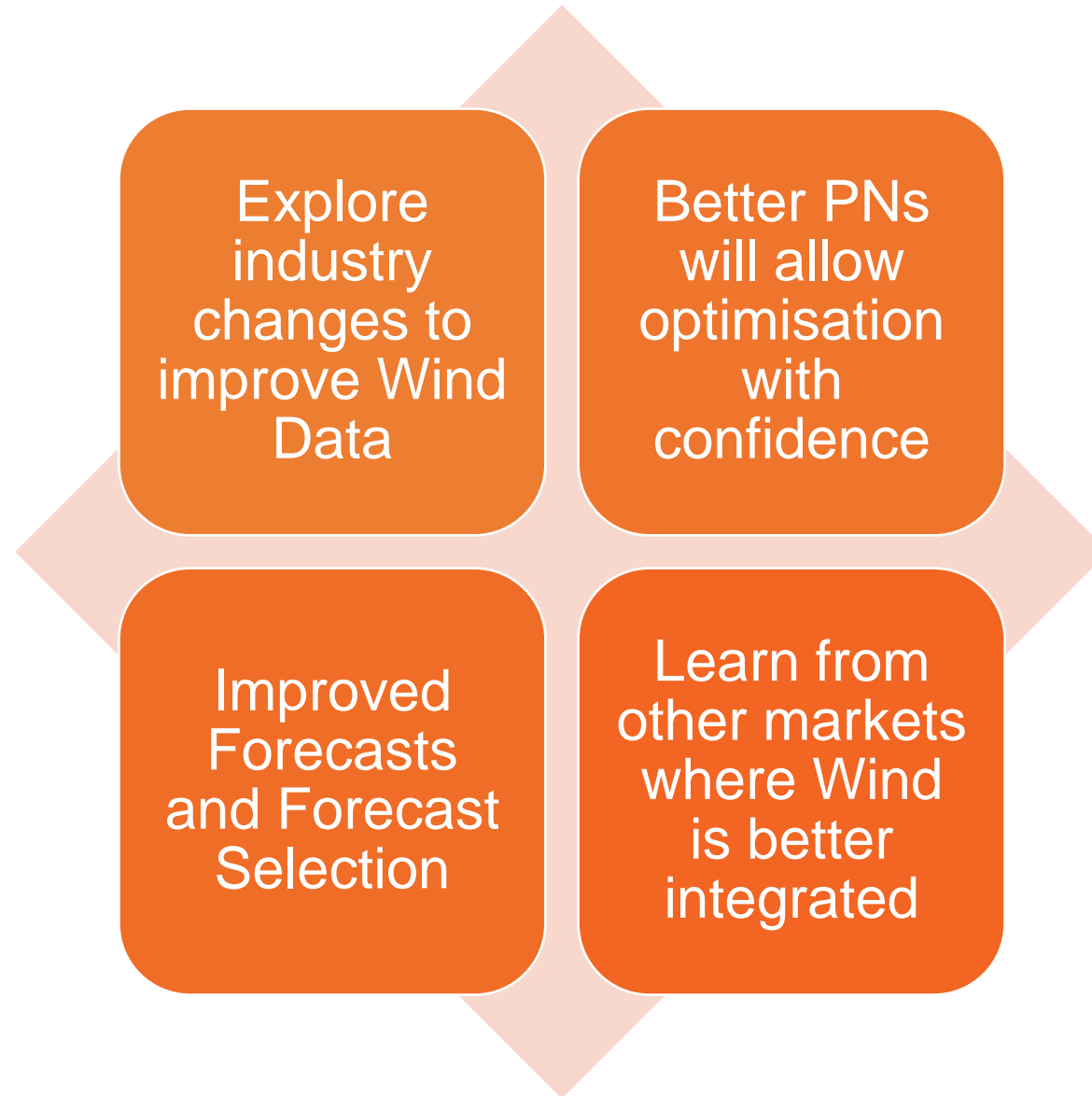


Where dynamic parameters, PN, forecasts or changing prices impact the merit order, users will be made aware to investigate/take action

Upward Journey



Strategic Wind approach - next steps





OBP Demo

The problem of scale: National Balancing

The Control Room has a manual based process for the interpretation of optimisation and subsequent dispatch



With increasing number of smaller units, the Control Room has an urgent need to scale and automate its processes for optimisation, dispatch and monitoring



Today's challenges in the Control Room

Heavily dependent on manual activity

Control Room have to search and find units to dispatch individually

Unit data is not always valid

Users have to manually enforce rules such as the "15 minute rule for batteries"

Dispatch in cost order may not be cost optimised overall

Time taken (40s) for individual instruction leads to drive to send fewer but larger and longer instructions

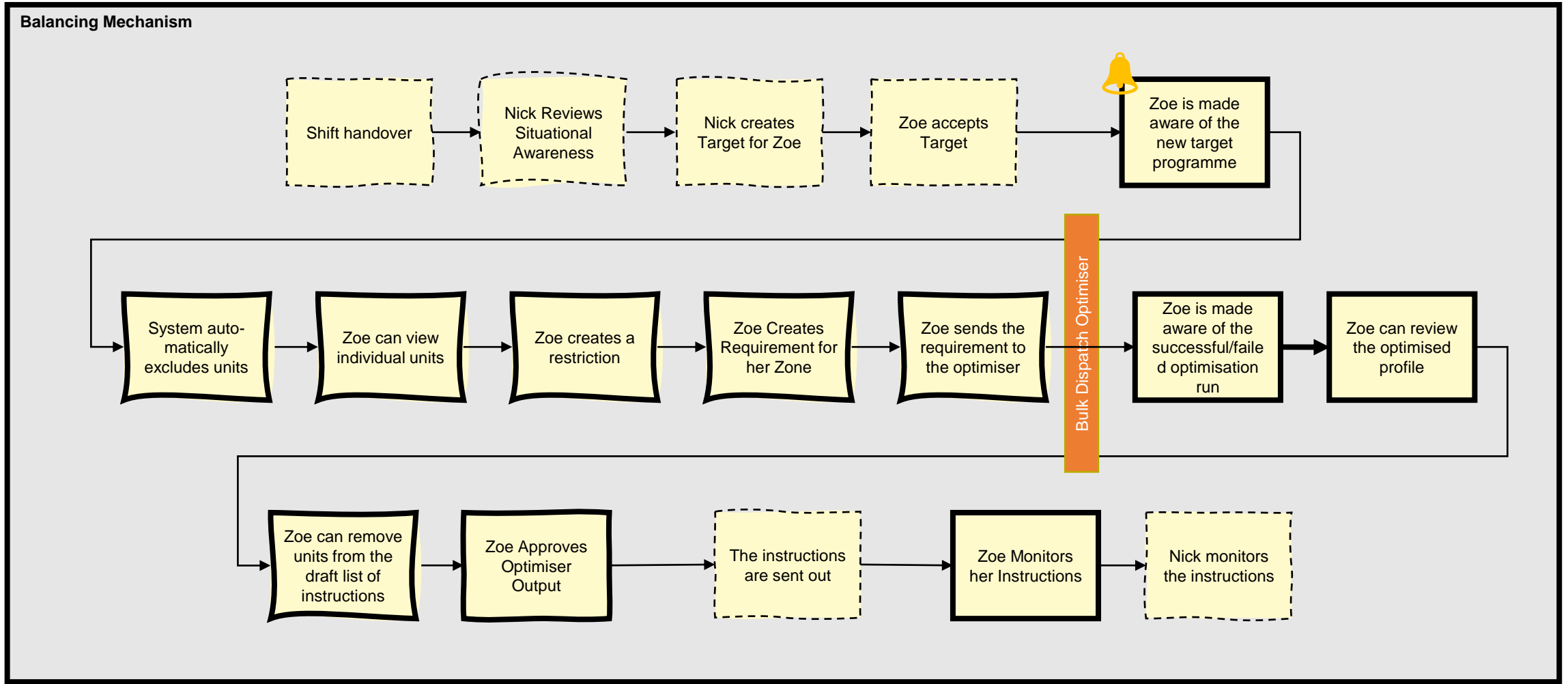
Pressure and stress impacts during critical periods

Time spent "doing" rather than "managing"

OBP Release 1.0 Storyboard

OBP Existing

 Notifications only shown for the relevant ZBE



Instruction Volumes – Release 1.0

What will happen to dispatch efficiency and hence to the dispatch rate of smaller units when **competitively priced**?

Should we expect a dramatic increase in dispatch or a gradual rise over a long period?

4-8 Optimisations per hour

Up to 300 Instructions per Optimisation Run

Each Unit can receive, at most, 1 instruction per minute “LOG_TIME”

Providers with multiple units may receive multiple instructions in a minute

Optimisation, Instruction Creation & Sending

Are there any concerns on the likely increased number of shorter/smaller instructions received

What are your thoughts on how we plan to Optimise and create/send "linked" instructions?

How quickly would you respond and be ready for a second instruction? Do you need a minimum length of instruction?

How many instructions (for multiple units) can you process at a time?

Optimisation – Feedback from Feb 2023 Event

Scenario 1 Flat Top Time

There would need to be a maximum flat top duration
Wasn't aware this was standard practice now t.b.h
JD

Makes sense technically – only Q is whether 5 minutes is enough for all technologies (e.g. CCGTs)

What is the objective function and will this favour flat tops?
TF

Scenario 2 Min delta MW

Surely this is an issue for conventional generation not batteries

Is this available for storage?

Part of the reserve/balancing product parameters?
TF

What about sending delta to the units rather than volume?
SIMA

Scenario 3 Near MEL, MIL, SEL, SIL action

Makes sense technically - but closer to net zero will "rounding up" (e.g. 95MW to 100MW OCGT gas plant unabated) increase emissions vs bringing up low carbon generation?

Unclear on the benefits to balancing costs
TF

For thermal units this will be heavily ambience driven
Not sure this is required

Not required if you do scenario 1 + 2

Would this be gameable?

Is this done in post-processing or included in the optimisation model?
JB

Scenario 4 Splitting large MW instructions

Given the make up of future system this is not a big issue

Seems sensible from a risk perspective

Optimising across multiple assets for the sake of ramp rates is a bandage for being stuck with minute resolution

How would this work for BESS?
HM

How does this interact with new reserve products?
TF

Optimisation – Feedback from Feb 2023 Event

Scenario 5 State of Energy

Using MEL/MIL is inefficient as start to lose power availability within 15 minutes State of Charge rather than Energy is good WH

Isn't this for providers not ESO to determine?

Does this need a grid code change initially or could storage provider provide ta duration parameter voluntarily via an API?

What are the alternatives if you don't use SOE? Struggle to see you'd manage otherwise JB

MIL, MEL and max import & export duration should feed into the optimiser

SOE of the unit is not necessarily all commercially available

1MWh may cost less to get back than the next MWh for a battery. It would be useful to be able to give different prices to different MWhs in the same way gas units can have different prices for different units

Most useful would be to give MWh high and MWh low available, so optimisers can manage their SOC with respect to ancillary contracts and planned trades (would this be rounded?)

Scenario 6 Max number of instructions

Where does Active Network Management fit in this? Sam Bolterill

Can we set a default value? It depends also on unit recovery time SIMA

Need to formally ask generators what they can do. This must be a known factor

Bring it on

Can this be a user parameter? TF



Balancing Trials

We are developing new ways to balance electricity supply and demand and manage a low carbon electricity system

We use trials where there is **uncertainty** or a **knowledge gap**, allowing us to **'learn by doing'**

Running trials can help:



Test innovative ideas in a safe environment



Increase collaboration across the industry



Encourage a 'fail fast' mindset, where ideas are tested before large resource is put behind it



De-risk and/or streamline the launch of new services

Trials can support ESO and the industry:



Move towards a zero-carbon GB electricity system by 2025 and continue towards fully decarbonised by 2035



Reform ESO's ancillary services and balancing markets to make markets more efficient, accessible and liquid



Identify potential capabilities that reduce or shift peak demand energy consumption or generation



Ensure reliability, affordability and fairness for all

The ability to trial new capabilities will benefit the entire industry and unlock value

What have trials delivered so far

Domestic Reserve Scarcity trial

Creating the pathway to the world leading Demand Flexibility Service

> 100,000

Households participating in demand turn down events

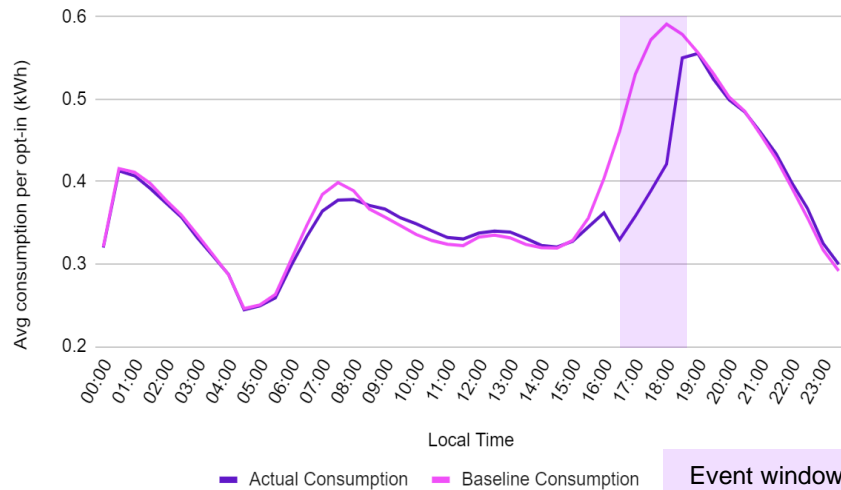
8

Events between Feb – Mar '22

197 MWH

Demand turn-down volume

Demand Profile for Event 1: 16:30-18:30



Powerloop

Identifying the barriers and capabilities of domestic EV chargers operating in balancing activities



Demonstrated the ability to alter **charging behaviour in response to instructions** from the ENCC to meet energy imbalances



- **Reduce balanced costs** - potential of cheaper energy balancing option than currently available
- **Value for participating consumers** – Improved tariffs due to BM participation leading to reduced running costs



Highlighted barriers in current market framework and a pathway for smaller-scale aggregated assets entering the BM

REVEAL is an innovation project looking to provide tools to make the trialling of new capabilities easier and faster for the ESO and external stakeholders

Our aim for REVEAL is to:



Enhance robustness for future trials



Increase industry collaboration



Make it easier and faster to run trials



Increase capacity for running more trials



Encourage and test innovations

What is your understanding of REVEAL?

REVEAL Quiz

1. The scope of REVEAL is...

- A A tool where live trials can be facilitated
- B A tool to help organise trials and facilitate collaboration
- C Clear processes to support the function of trials
- D Supporting developing an enabling regulatory environment for trials

2. The number of stakeholder groups engaged in Phase 3 of REVEAL...

- A 27
- B 89
- C 110
- D 68

3. Phase 3 has delivered...

- A Roadmap for implementation
- B High-level technical designs
- C Business case
- D Stakeholder engagement with ESO and wider industry

REVEAL Quiz

How feedback was incorporated into REVEAL design (you said, we did)

4a. You said: Open communication and ideation with ESO is critical

- A We did: Defined processes that allow only ESO to suggest trial ideas
- B We did: Added the option to receive trial notifications to future phases
- C We did: Added a form to suggest trial ideas to future phases

4b. You said: Transparency in the trial process is important

- A We did: Added a feedback mechanism for participants to future phases
- B We did: Added a dashboard showing an overview of all trials to future phases
- C We did: Created a generator to select trials and participants at random

4c. You said: Clear and accurate information is essential for trial planning

- A We did: Developed a clear comms plan to support trials from start to finish
- B We did: Defined new processes to ensure sufficient information is shared from the start
- C We did: Created a generic information pack that is handed out at the start of every trial

5. REVEAL Phase 4 involves...

- A Further discussions to define REVEAL
- B Building a Proof of Concept (POC)
- C No next steps at this stage

REVEAL's solutions

We have defined and designed two technical solutions and supporting business change processes – which will help facilitate the trialling of new capabilities and industry collaboration – underpinned by an enabling regulatory environment.

Business Change

Developing clear processes, organisational design, governance structure and a realistic implementation roadmap

Live Trial Environment

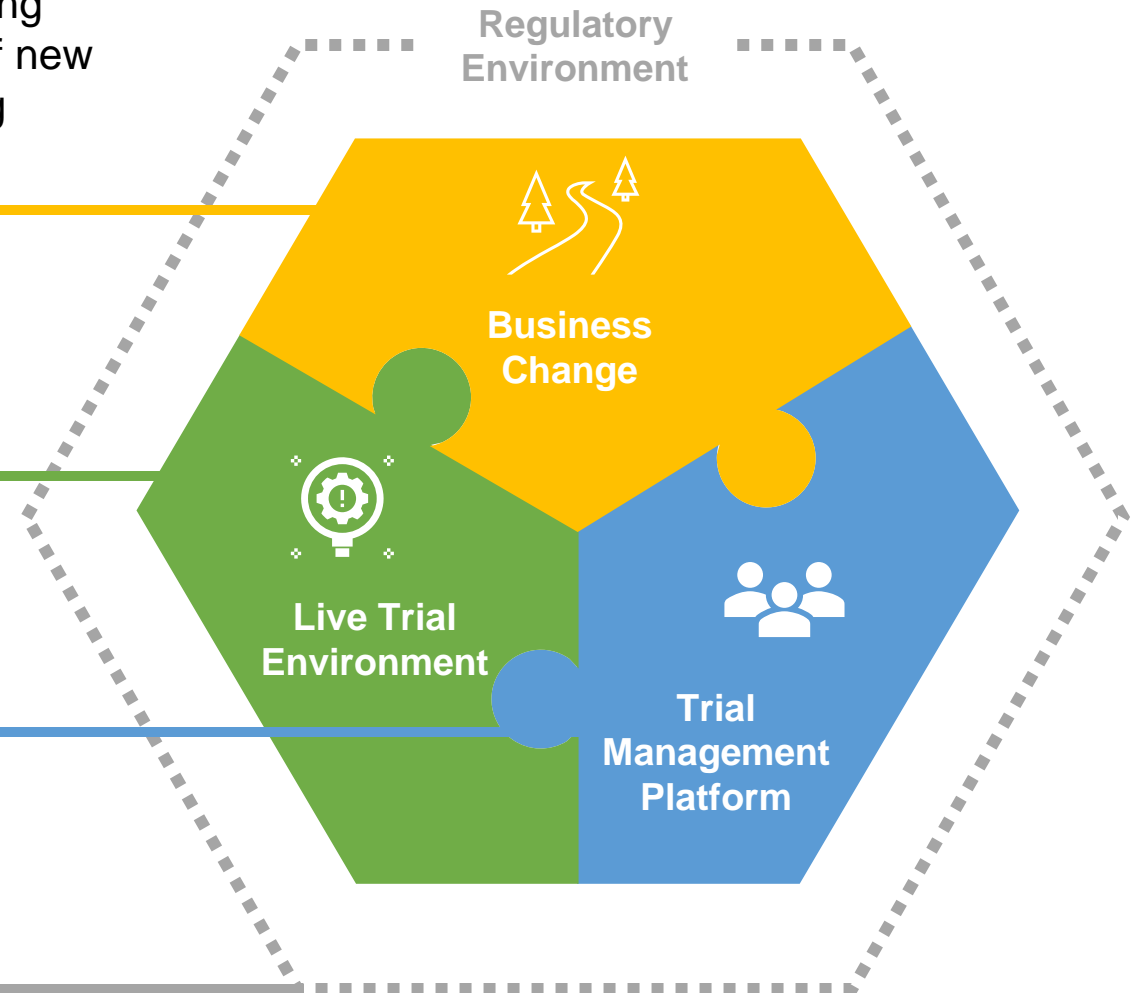
A dedicated, configurable environment for the execution of live trials

Trial Management Platform

A web-based set of tools for communication, trial planning and information sharing (ESO and industry)

Regulatory Environment

Focus on supporting development of policy-led sandbox and identifying ways to potentially streamline the derogation process

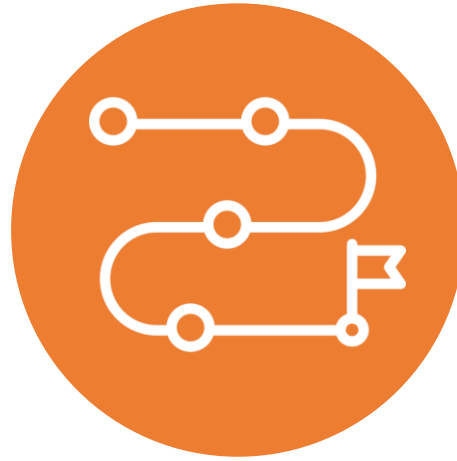


Next steps



Reflection

REVEAL team to review outputs from today's discussions and feed into our plans



Phase 4

First stage is building a POC



Involvement of industry

Further updates shared through usual channels

Further engagement with REVEAL team

Sharing trial ideas

A landscape photograph of a field at sunset. The sun is low on the horizon, casting a warm glow. The field is a mix of green and golden-brown grass. Overlaid on the image are several bright green, glowing light trails that curve across the middle of the frame. The bottom of the image has a yellow gradient bar.

Stakeholder focus groups

Groups

Forecasting

- Sumit Gumber
- One meeting to date
- Feedback on Terms of Reference and Forecasting Problem & Improvements

Optimisation

- Emmanouil Loukarakis
- One meeting to date
- Feedback on Terms of Reference and Ways of Working

Storage

- Natasha Bayler
- Five meetings to date
- Now moving to Grid Code changes

Optimisation Stakeholder Group Terms of Reference

Remit

- Align internal balancing enhancements with industry expectations
- Active involvement in sessions to identify and work through problems and opportunities
- Provide details on how new optimisation algorithms are intended to work
- Receive feedback from market participants
- Share test results and examples with market participants
- Allow market participants to suggest their own test cases
- Provide greater understanding of when decisions may be taken “out of merit” due to transmission system constraints
- Work together to understand the current pain points of market participants
- Identify changes that may be need to industry codes to reflect evolving practice

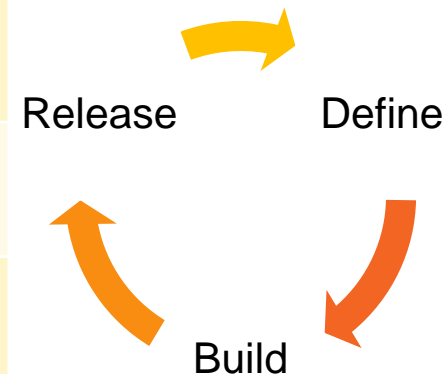
Engagement

Engage with stakeholders monthly on an ongoing basis. Will have a mix of remote and in person events. We will also be available to have a 1:1 meeting if any stakeholder would like this.

We welcome your input to ensure we develop plans that are ambitious and achievable and have considered the priorities of our stakeholders.

We propose to have dedicated collaborative forum events to gather your views as set-out below:

Phase 1 - Define	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outline current ESO and industry capabilities • Understand and feedback on market participant challenges and pain points 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capture future requirements • Review transformation and new capabilities to be developed • Challenge and clarify assumptions
Phase 2 - Build	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prioritise capabilities that will give the greatest benefits • Consider costs of development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand how to transition from existing to new capabilities
Phase 3 - Release	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New capabilities that support the roadmap for the balancing programme • Maintain clarity on current and future developments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan for future industry engagement to progress together • Keep stakeholders involved and informed on a regular basis



Logistics

- The stakeholder group will be an open forum for new attendees to join at any point.
- Sign up details will be through MS forms and will be shared on the website and via email.
- We will send meeting details by email and on the website.
- We will share the outcome of each event following the 1st phase, as well as questions and answers on the ESO website.

Comments on Optimisation Terms of Reference

What do you like?

Regular opportunity to meet, collaborate, share

Regular feedback opportunities

Quality of data released by ESO – far greater than other markets

Allowing the industry to help shape development

ESO openness to collaborate and take input

These collaboration sessions are very welcome

Ways to get people to interact like this board

How optimisation

The open communication that is happening

What could be better?

Data reliability – frequent outages of balancing data

Data quality and handling – data format can be inconsistent and hard to retrieve

Greater transparency on how the ESO solves the optimisation problem

More information of what the ESO is looking to achieve or solve via new products or services

Roadmaps need to be updated monthly

Whistle stop introductions don't give enough information on people experiences and expectations. Is there somewhere we can write this and store

Fair & applicable treatment enforcement of industry rules across tech types

Define, build, release timeframes – setting expectations

More opportunity to feedback (or consideration) on technical aspects of BESS (or other assets) in relation to how they operate within markets

Optimisation – What do you want from this Group ?

What do you want from this Group?

<p>A broad perspective of the challenges within optimisation in the electricity industry</p>	<p>Market design and algorithm design explainers</p>	<p>Seems like a key piece of missing info for any algorithm is available headroom/ footroom (ie State of Charge) will this be done using MEL/MIL</p>	<p>Documentation with worked examples to detail technical knowledge (market design, rules and algos), followed up with demonstration to workings in practice</p>	<p>Detailed documentation on how the optimisation takes place would be perfect. The maths, algorithms, rules, etc Prevents misunderstandings with why dispatch instructions happened and allows recreation</p>	<p>Gain an understanding of the data feeds and integrations with existing related systems, required going forward for the OBP to function efficiently</p>	<p>Get insight into ESO AND provider requirements for the “rules” around optimisation – e.g. ramp up and ramp down times of selected resources and how that plays across multiple requests.</p>	<p>Demos/examples are super useful (with some maths). We can then try the problem ourselves, spot any clear errors and question “what would happen if X changed in this example</p>	<p>Good to manage what benefits will be delivered and when</p>
<p>Understand the as-is and what is proposed for December. What time do we have to influence?</p>	<p>Understand which pieces of information will be used to inform dispatch decisions (price, PN, MEL, MIL, power, durations, DFR contracts)</p>	<p>Insights form other TSOs also experiencing a rapid transition e.g. ERCOT, Australia, CAISO, EirGrid and how they are approaching the optimisation challenge</p>	<p>More understanding of the role / use of flexible assets in balancing(how do you want to use us / how are we valuable to you?)</p>	<p>Gain an understanding of how DER and smaller assets will be used by the ESO across products and services</p>	<p>Understand the roadmap for promoting control room visibility of flexibility actions by time and place</p>	<p>A demo will likely bring it to life more. Generally I think a combination of worked exam[les and a demo. Maybe even a tool to play with to see how it works</p>	<p>Demos would be great – much easier to understand Control Room decisions when we understand what they can see or do</p>	<p>Understand how the mathematical solver Gurobi optimiser is being utilised and offer support to resolve challenges with the product, if any.</p>
<p>Have you looked at other best practices globally?</p>	<p>Understand which pieces of information will be used to inform in-merit skips of flexible assets</p>	<p>If you expect to revise these algorithms after December then changelogs will be really important</p>	<p>Get clarity on information visibility / reporting requirements for providers – what information promotes participation and market liquidity</p>	<p>Documents to explain algorithms, objective, inputs and outputs. Send documents before workshops. Some demos to test typical scenarios</p>	<p>Collect requirements for the solver roadmap and for the user community that may emerge from the discussions</p>	<p>What challenges research organisations should be addressing looking to the next generation of developments required in control room algorithms</p>	<p>Collect requirements for the solver roadmap and for the user community that may emerge from the discussions</p>	<p>This could also be linked to demos – for instance linking model specs to how lowest marginal cost units are not always the best ones to schedule</p>

Storage Stakeholder Group Terms of Reference

Remit

- Align internal balancing enhancements with industry expectations
- Active involvement in sessions to identify and work through problems and opportunities
- Work together on potential grid code changes to allow for smooth transitions
- Provide an empathic voice for storage market participants within the balancing programme
- Work together to understand the current pain points of market participants
- Work with the group to put forward changes to current processes such as the “15min battery workaround”
- Align our internally generated personas with market participants
- Agree future ways of working and operational parameters for limited storage units

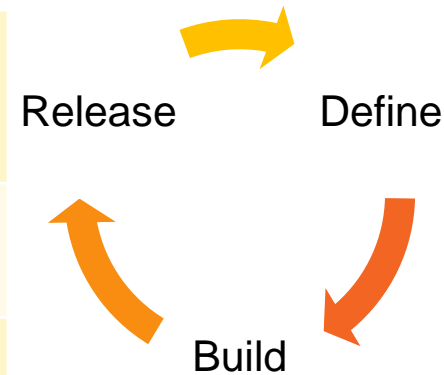
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We propose to have dedicated collaborative forum events to gather your views as set-out below:

Phase 1 - Define	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outline current ESO and industry capabilities • Understand and feedback on market participant challenges and pain points 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capture future requirements • Review transformation and new capabilities to be developed • Challenge and clarify assumptions
Phase 2 - Build	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prioritise capabilities that will give the greatest benefits • Consider costs of development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand how to transition from existing to new capabilities
Phase 3 - Release	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New capabilities that support the roadmap for the balancing programme • Maintain clarity on current and future developments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan for future industry engagement to progress together • Keep stakeholders involved and informed on a regular basis



Logistics

- The stakeholder group will be an open forum for new attendees to join at any point.
- Sign up details will be through MS forms and will be shared on the website and via email.
- We will send meeting details by email and on the website.
- We will share the outcome of each event following the 1st phase, as well as questions and answers on the ESO website.

New Parameters for limited duration assets - Approach to Grid Code change

Questions we asked at last Storage Stakeholder Group

- Would simple parameters like Maximum Delivery Volume (Export/Import) – MDVE and MDVI be worth pursuing?
- Do we need a maximum period as well? (current rules have this but do we need export/import?)
- Should these be time-varying?
- How do we use batteries longer term?

Replies so far

- Immediate replies from the day are available on mural board
- Two parties have sent detailed analysis and their own suggestions (which is very appreciated)

What do you think?

- Please use post-its to give feedback

New Parameters for limited duration assets - Approach to Grid Code change

What do you think the change should look like?

Feedback 1

- Go for MDVE/MDVI now
- Longer term too complicated for ESO to optimise all assets – providers to send this to ESO

Feedback 2

- Should give ESO all details to optimise
- Some details would have to be confidential (efficiency etc)

Forecasting Stakeholder Group Terms of Reference

The purpose of this forum is to establish a working group focused on improving the transparency and accessibility of energy forecasting data, increasing the accuracy of energy forecasts, and exploring innovative methods of forecasting through the use of new data and modelling techniques.

The group will collaborate with industry stakeholders to align ESO's forecasting enhancements with their expectations, and continuously engage with them to develop plans that are ambitious and feasible.

Objectives

- Improve the transparency and accessibility of energy forecasting data
- Improve the accuracy of Energy forecasts (Demand & Generation)
- Explore innovative methods of forecasting using new data and modelling techniques.
- Collaborate with stakeholders to align forecasting enhancements with their expectations

Stakeholder Collaboration & Engagement Process

- Learn from stakeholders' experiences and understand their current pain points in forecasting
- Plan and implement improvements for the future of forecasting in line with the balancing programmes forecasting roadmap and the evolve initiative
- Engage with stakeholders bi-monthly* on an ongoing basis, both remotely and in person.
- Encourage stakeholder input to ensure plans are ambitious, achievable, and in alignment with industry priorities

Logistics

The working group will operate as an open forum, allowing for new attendees to join at any point during the process.

Sign-up details will be available through MS Forms, with the information shared on the website and via email.

Meeting details, as well as any changes, will be communicated through email and posted on the website.

The outcome of each working group meeting, from the first meeting onwards, will be shared, along with related questions and answers, on the ESO website

Forecasting Working Group – May meeting summary

What We Discussed

Reviewed Terms of reference

Provided update on Forecasting Roadmap

Forecasting Problem – Re-Cap

- How do we forecast
- Virtual demand
- Visibility of embedded generation

Forecasting Improvements

- Wind Power forecasting improvements
- Step towards modelling non-renewables embedded generation

What could be better?

Information on when New Forecasting product / model is implemented

Understanding of Virtual Demand

Information on when existing model is updated / changed

Publication of virtual demand

Historical Information on forecasting models

Understand all inputs to our forecasting models (List of Model inputs)

Real time system demand



Designing the future power system

The current challenges and how we are meeting them

Increased amounts of decarbonisation of the electricity system has resulted in changes in four key areas:



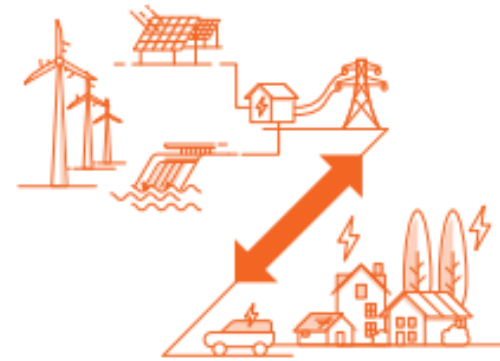
Less dispatchable generation



More asynchronous generation



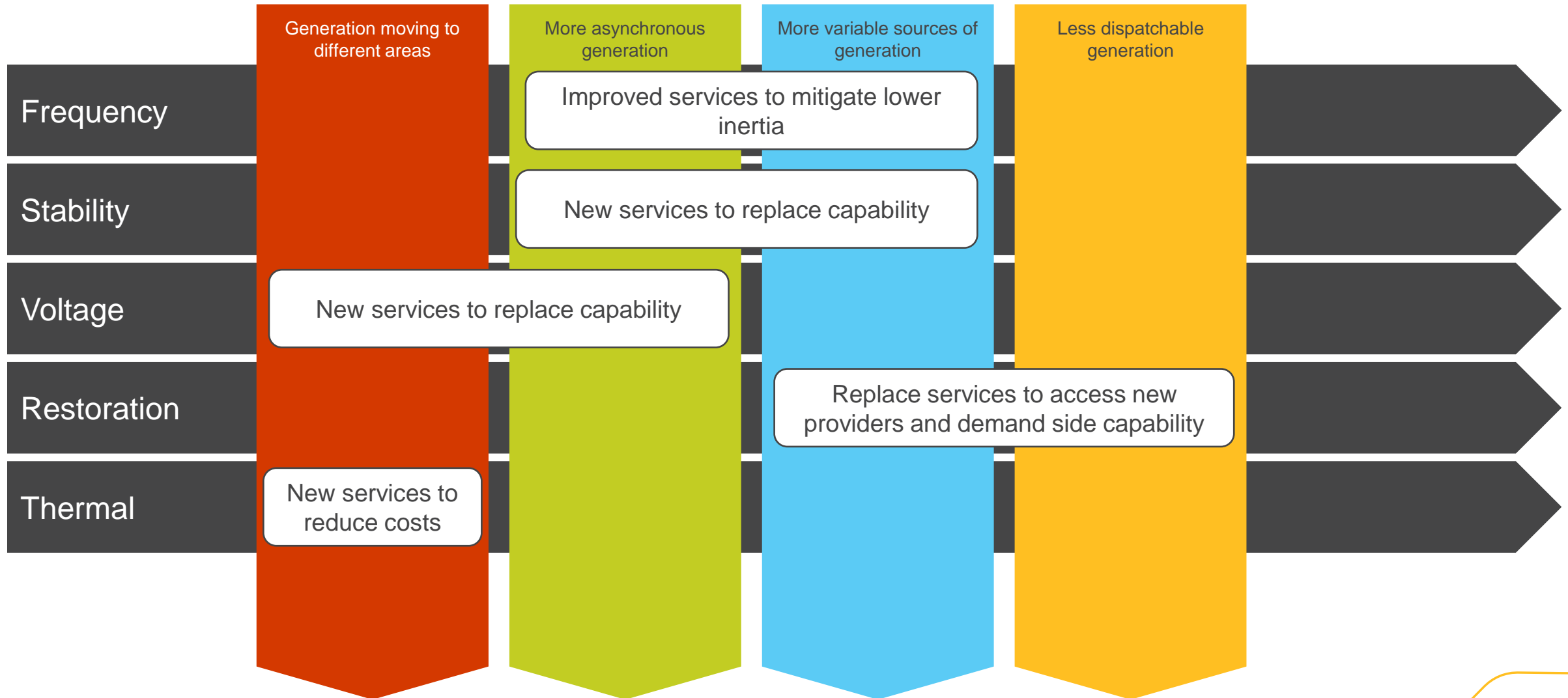
More variable sources of generation



Generation moving to different areas

The current challenges and how we are meeting them

Each of these changes brings about five **engineering challenges** which have to be resolved using new and existing technology to operate a zero carbon network.



The gap to 2035

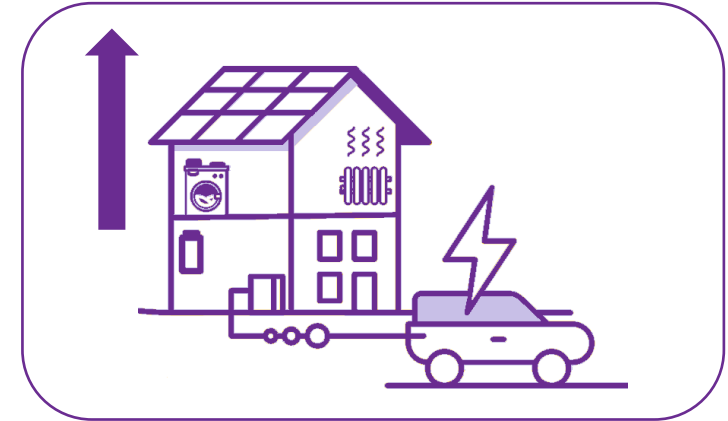
Year round zero carbon operation in 2035 introduces a further change and two further **challenges** to system operation.



Less dispatchable generation



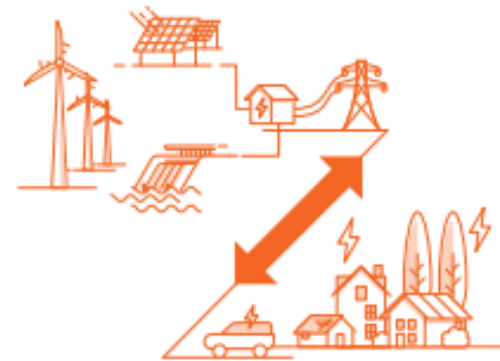
More asynchronous generation



More variable and unpredictable demand



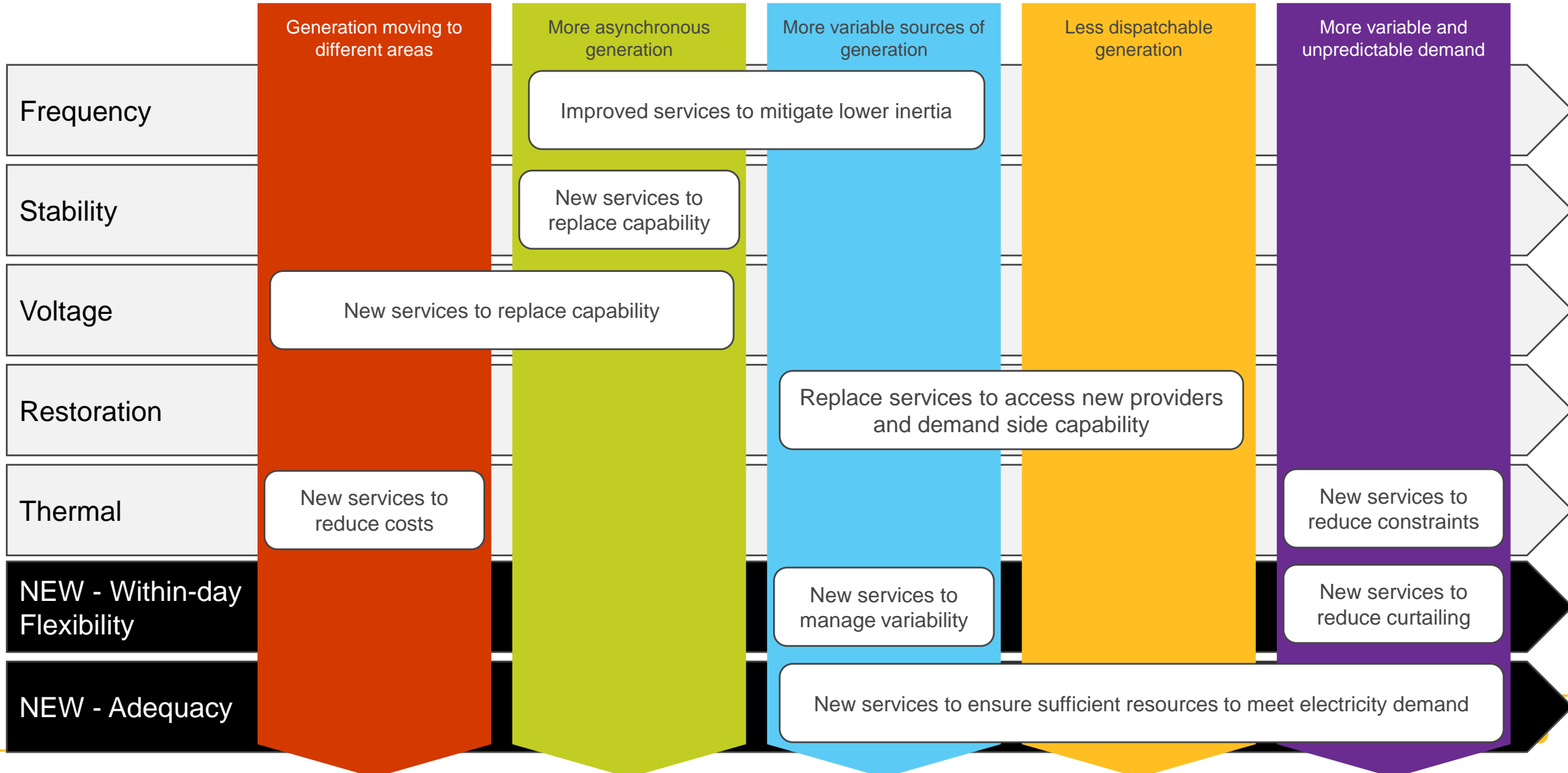
More variable sources of generation



Generation moving to different areas

The gap to 2035

Getting to zero carbon operation in 2035 introduces a further change and two further **challenges** to system operation which have to be resolved using new and existing technology to operate a zero carbon network.



The gap to 2035

Energy over and under supply

By 2035 there could be excess demand in nearly 50% of hours in the year.

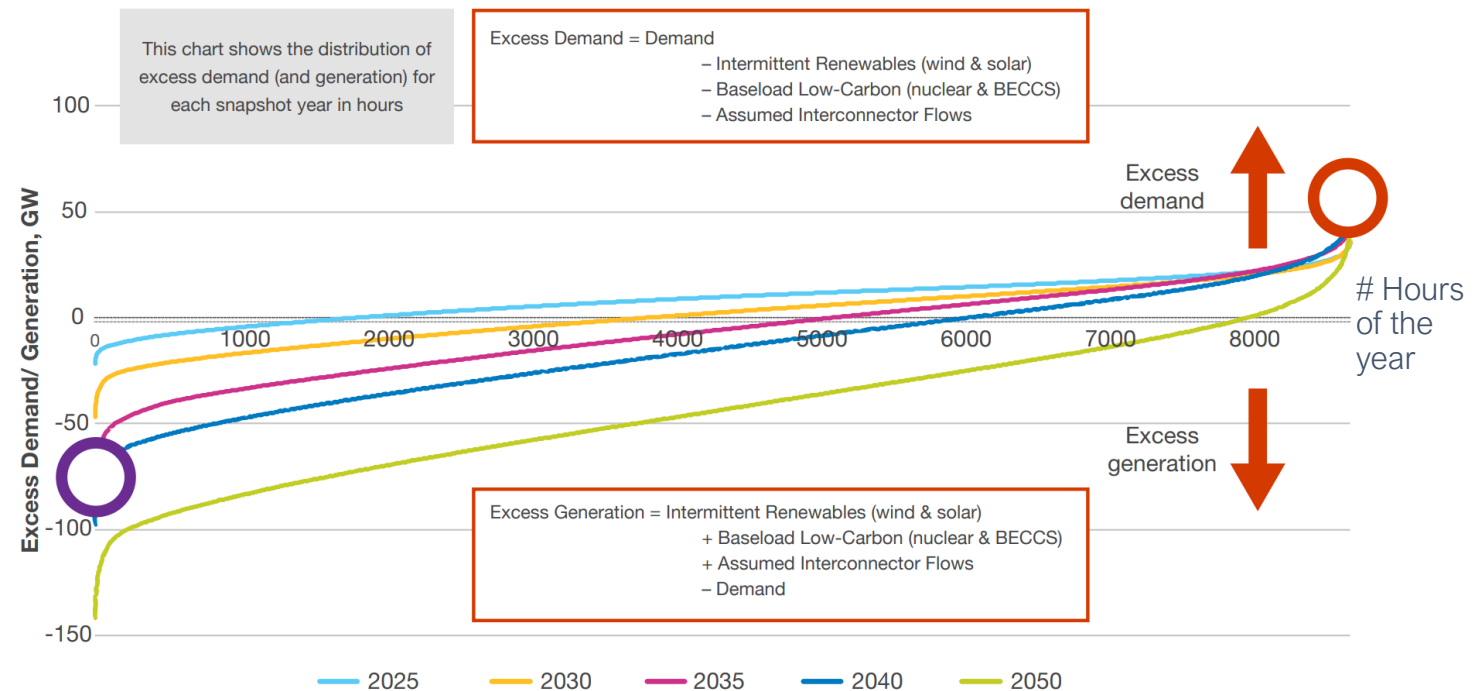
Excess demand solutions

- Carbon capture generation
- BECC generation
- Nuclear

Excess demand and generation solutions

- Very long duration storage
- Hydrogen production and generation
- Increased variable demand
- Interconnection

Excess Demand/Generation Distribution (GW): Leading the Way

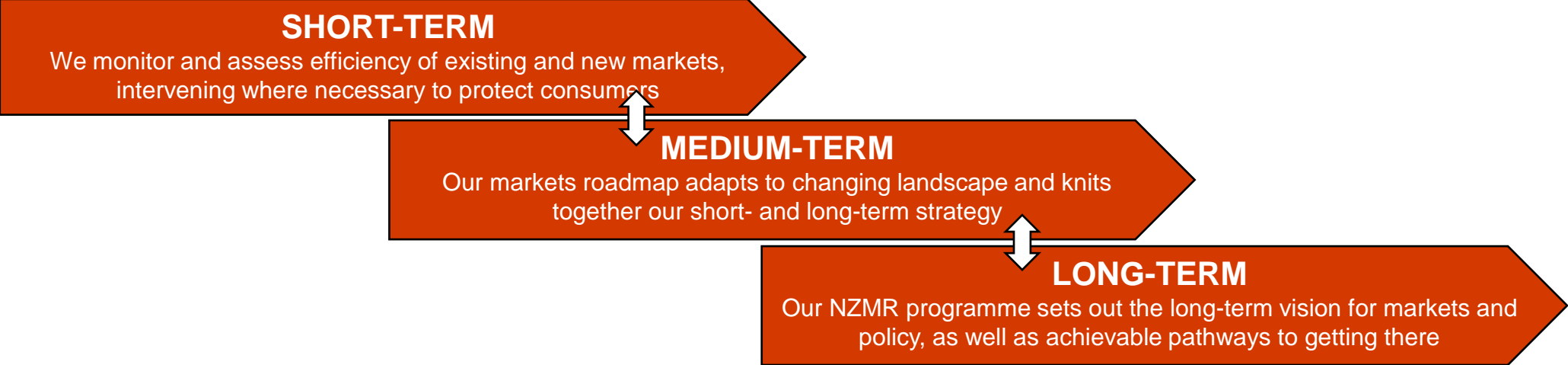


Our Market Reform Strategy

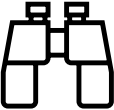
Vision

Transforming markets that enable zero carbon operability from 2025 and will set us on the trajectory for full decarbonisation by 2035

Strategic Framework



Strategic Enablers



Horizon scanning

Scanning for longer-term trends; medium-term forecasting and analysis to understand impacts of new markets and reforms on broader markets.



Market Design Framework

A new Market Design Framework has been developed to ensure we are designing markets in a robust, comprehensive and transparent way



Collaboration

Engage stakeholders and MAC via a series of formal channels where we listen to feedback on market efficacy and also present and collaborate on our market developments.



Efficiency analysis

Monitor and assess the efficiency of existing and new markets, intervening where necessary

Our Market Design Framework

Market Design Objectives



Efficient Dispatch

Meets balancing service needs in real time using the optimal combination of supply and/or demand-side resources.



Efficient Investment

Gives investors sufficient certainty over revenues to obtain financing, ensuring future system requirements are met by the right technology mix in the right locations, at lowest cost to society.



Value for Money

Selects outcomes that are in the best interest of current and future consumers.

Market Design Principles

Competition (Short-Run)

Locational Signals in Dispatch

Competition (Long-Run)

Locational Signals in Investment

Coherency

Transparency

Investability

Net Consumer Benefits

Practicality

Adaptability

Short-Term Market Reform

Transparency of requirements

Transparency of auction outcomes and methodologies

Improvements to buy orders used in response and reserve auctions

Acting swiftly to implement solutions to mitigate security of supply risks and maximise balancing cost saving opportunities

Winter contingency contracts – access to over 2GW of capacity

Demand flexibility service – over 1 million homes & businesses

Balancing Reserve – up to £900m of consumer value in next 3 years

Medium-Term Market Reform

RIIO-2 BP1 workplan included an ambitious suite of reforms to our services and digital infrastructure



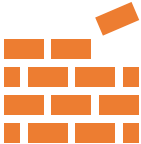
Roadmap Regularly Published



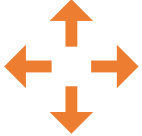
Annual Cycle Process being implemented



Show and Listens Used



Co-creation with industry



Agile methodology applied



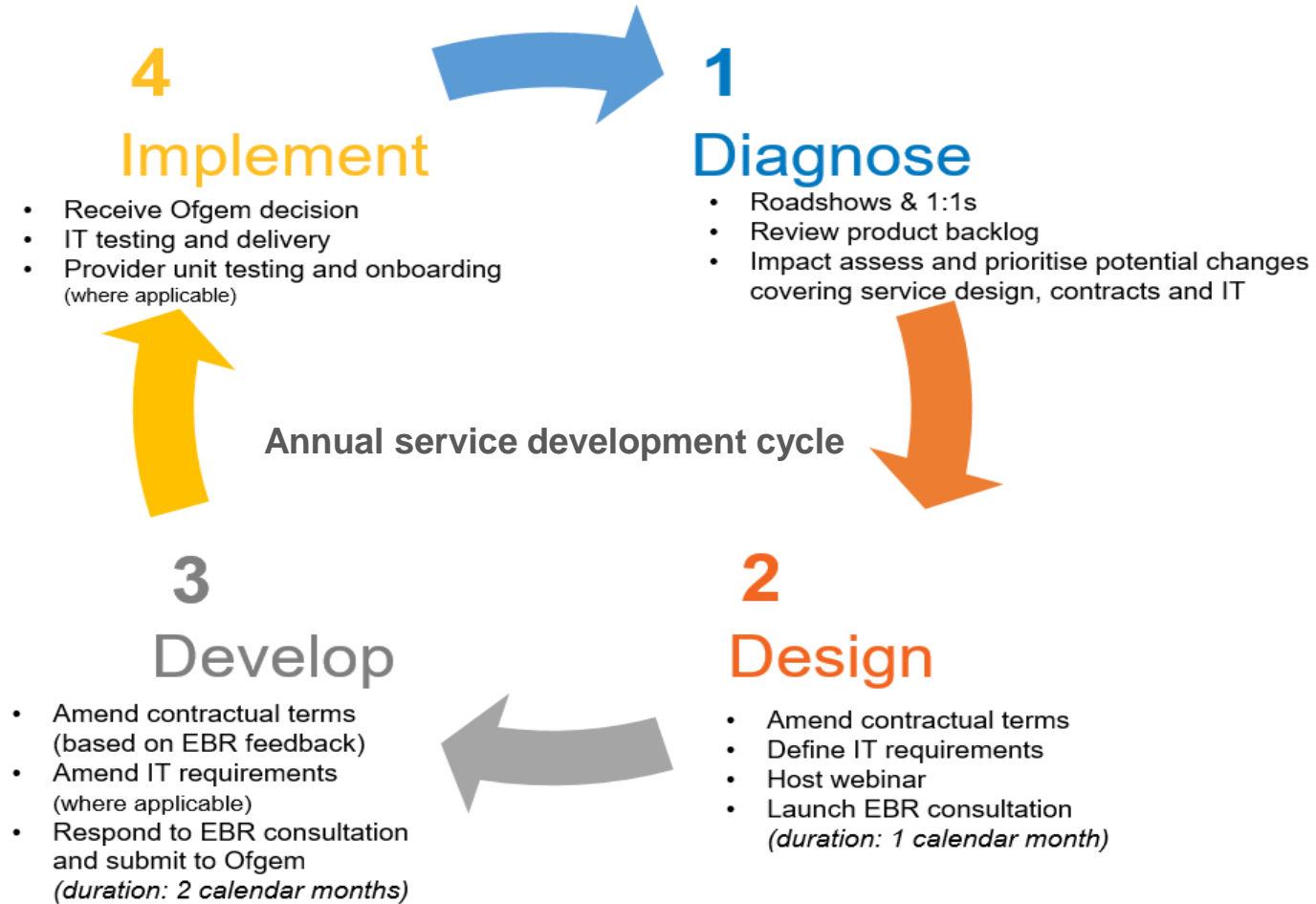
Analysis to support decisions

Delivery of high quality services/platforms that meet customer needs and deliver value to the end consumer



Medium-Term Market Reform

Frequency Response Annual process



Medium-Term Market Reform

Reserve Reform

‘This decision to delay reserve has been taken in light of the significant changes that would have been required in our existing, legacy balancing systems and processes, given the complexity of the new service designs. In the midst of a complex and rapidly evolving systems change environment, we believe it is more prudent to re-evaluate these changes to consider if implementation into our legacy systems is still appropriate, as opposed to direct implementation into our Open Balancing Platform (OBP).

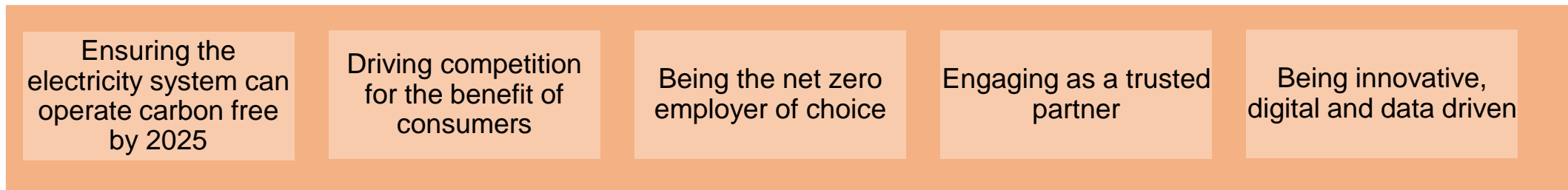
Postponing the rollout of our new Reserve services grants us the opportunity to re-examine our proposed service designs, evaluate our IT options, and collaborate with you more effectively. This will ensure that the best solutions are delivered and that the necessary updates to our balancing systems are apt for enhancing our operational toolkit and are better aligned with the implementation of our future systems.’

Key strategic objectives and case for change

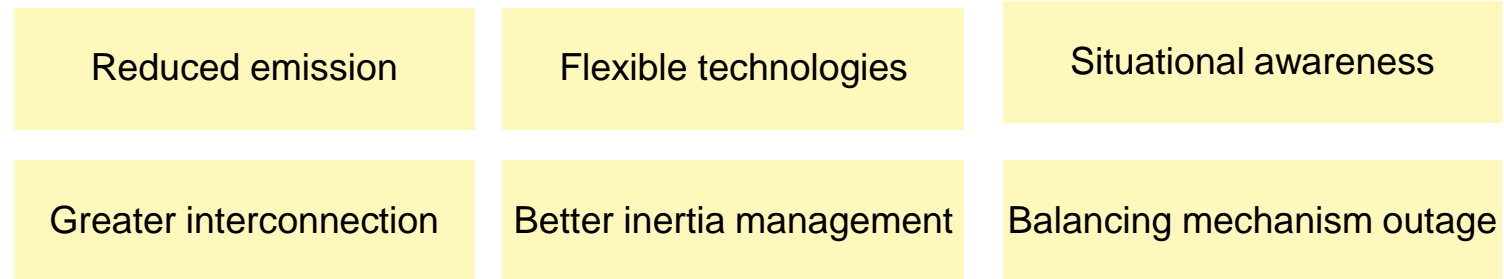
ESO Mission

To drive the transformation to a fully decarbonised electricity system by 2035 which is reliable, affordable and fair for all

ESO ambitions



RIIO2 BP benefits areas



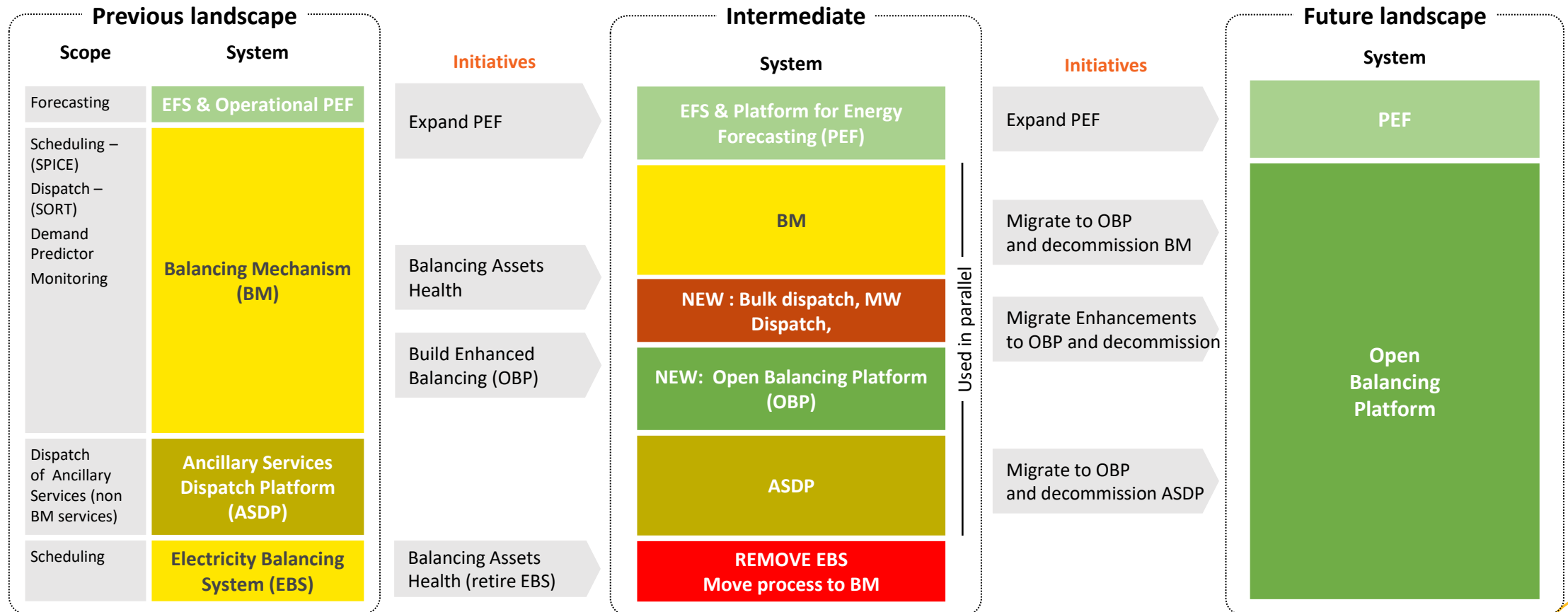
New Balancing Capabilities



What is in scope of the Balancing Transformation Programme?

This investment delivers the Open Balancing Platform (OBP), a new real-time balancing capability to replace legacy ESO balancing systems (EBS, BM and ASDP) and processes and support zero carbon grid operations.

The programme will deliver value incrementally, with an intermediate mode of operation in which enhancements will be first implemented in the current systems, and then integrated in OBP.



Open... to change

Standard technology

Well specified APIs

*Transparent programme
governance*

Configurable services

Observable system

*Faster deployment of new
market products*

Balancing... for net zero

Harmonisation

Optimisation

Visualisation

*Benefit and risk
focused roadmap*

User led journeys

All data in one place

Enhanced support tools

Platform... to enable

*Set of technologies and practices
enabling development and
operations to deliver faster
business value in CNI with
security and resilience*



Dispatch Transparency

What is a “skip rate”?

- A skip is a BOA (Bid Offer Acceptance) instruction sent by the ESO Control Room to increase or decrease the output of a generator but **at a price that was higher than an alternative option**. The ESO “skipped” an option that appears to be more economic.
- Skip Rate generally refers to **the number of times a skip occurs** in a given period such as a day.

Why worry about skips?

- The ESO has a licence condition to operate efficiently and economically and a target to reduce the balancing cost as much as possible.
- There are genuine skips where alternative instructions could have been sent for a lower cost. However, most actions that appear to be skips in data analysis are taken for operational reasons and are not preventable.
- The ESO strives for zero preventable skips.

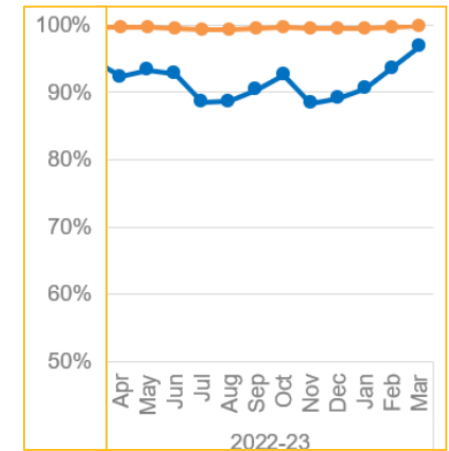
Dispatch Transparency



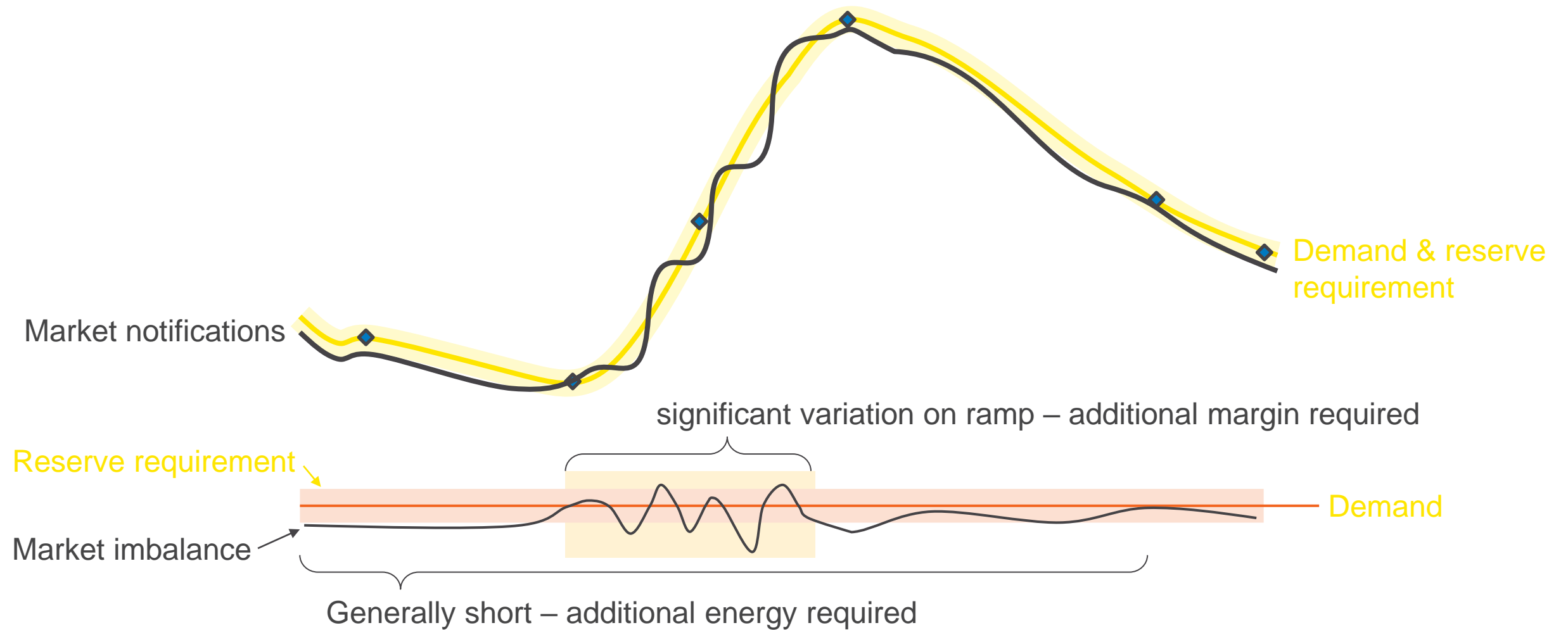
■ Actions taken in merit order, or out of merit order due to electrical parameter (category applied)

■ Actions that have reason groups allocated (category applied, or reason group applied)

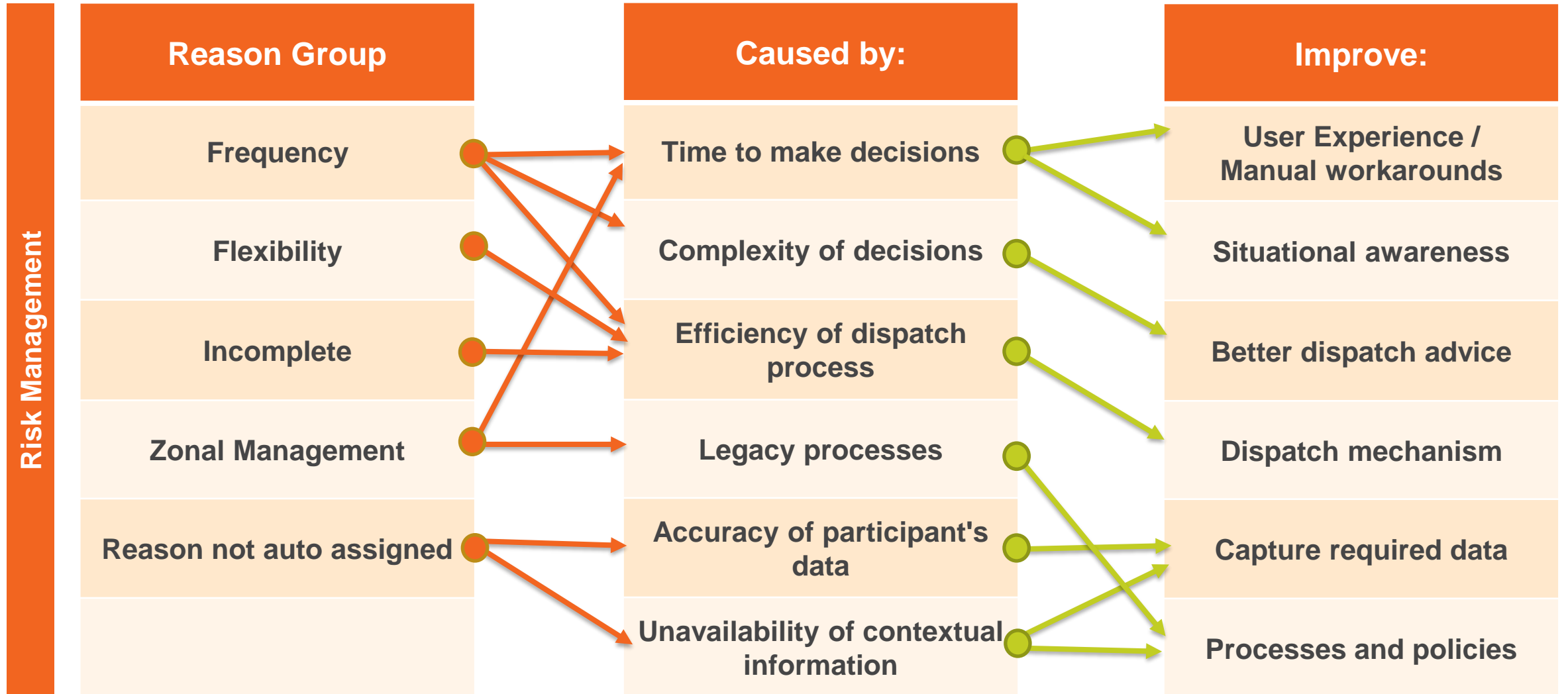
■ Actions with no category applied or reason group identified



Scheduling – Energy and margin



Dispatch Transparency - Root Cause



Approach to System Changes



Automating & simplifying time consuming, manual processes



Improving Situational Awareness



Improving dispatch advice

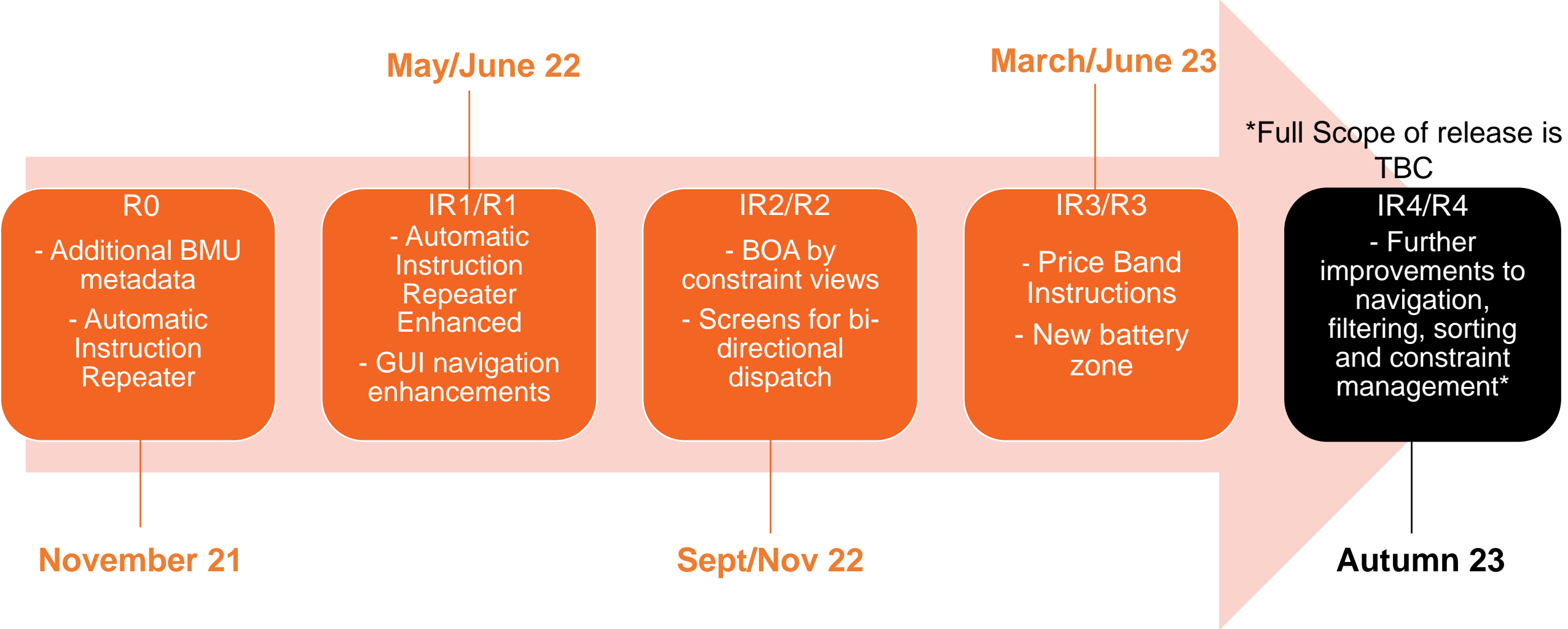


Process Improvements



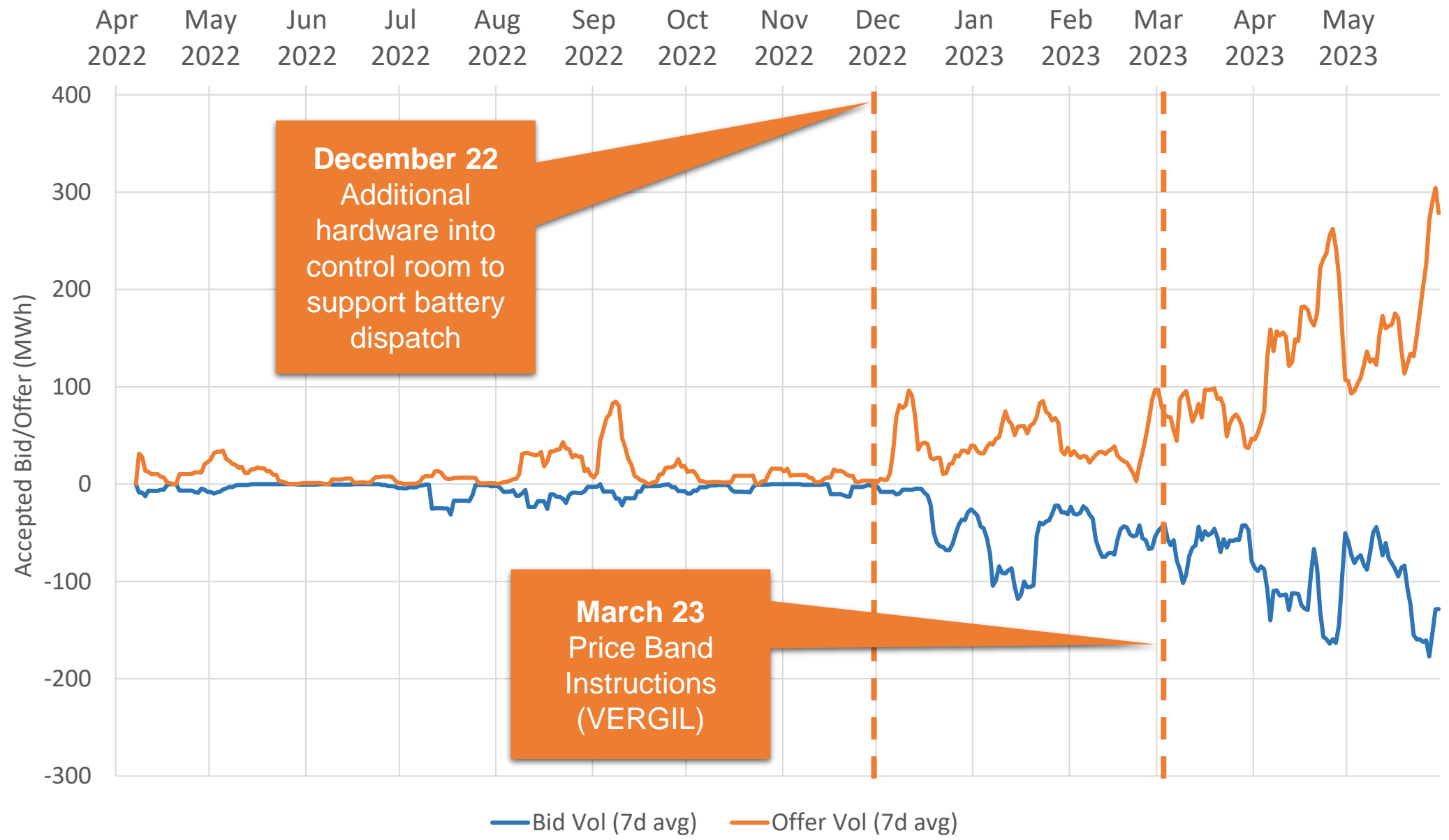
These changes give users additional time and improved information to facilitate merit order dispatch

Current system developments (related to improved dispatch)



- - Delivered
- - Future Release

Recent Success: Increased Battery Dispatch





Panel discussion/Q&A

A futuristic, curved hallway with a blue color scheme. The ceiling and walls feature a series of dark, curved panels with recessed lights. The floor is dark with glowing blue lines. Several people are walking away from the camera in the distance. The overall atmosphere is modern and high-tech.

Recap

Aims of today



- Our progress on what we have achieved so far and the benefit it delivers
- How we are transforming the balancing capability of our control room
- A cohesive view of how we are working together to meet our ESO ambitions



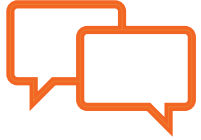
- How our transformation will impact you
- Your insight into how we tackle some of the key challenges of transforming our balancing capabilities
- What you would like to see in the future and how we continue to engage



- To understand if our roadmap delivers against your priorities
- Plan how we overcome the challenges on the road to net-zero operability

Thank you

Next Steps



We welcome your feedback



Website updates



You will be added to our mailing list for future updates

- Reach out via email –

box.balancingprogramme@nationalgrideso.com



Next event in October (location TBC)